"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, probably turning to snow, much colder today; Friday fair.
For weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,321. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GOVERNMENT WILL KEEP THE RAILROADS AND TRY TO SOLVE THEIR MONEY TROUBLES; GOVERNORS EMBROILED OVER EXTRA SESSION

TO EKE OUT ROADS' NEEDS

Count on Banks to Help Bridge Gap to Extra Session.

IMPROVEMENTS TO GO ON

Task Is Difficult, Hines Tells Governors, but Means Will Be Found to Do It.

RATES NOT TO BE RAISED

Rather, He Hopes to Lower Some.—Officials Pessimistic Before Senate Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The defeat by the Republican filibuster in the Senate of the General Deficiency bill, with the appropriation of $750,000,000 for the revolving fund of the Railroad Administration, will not result in immediate return of the roads to their owners. Nor will it prevent the Railroad Administration from carrying out its program for improvement to carriers and increased efficiency in service, Director General Walker D. Hines stated today in an address to the conference of Governors at its closing session.

Mr. Hines did not base this prediction on any belief that President Wilson would summon an extra session of Congress soon, when remedial legislation would be adopted, but asserted that he would endeavor, with the co-operation of Secretary Glass of the Treasury, to enable the railroad corporations to borrow money to pay back advances from the Government and carry on improvements. He realized, he said, that the task was not easy, but he felt that it could be accomplished.

The Director General intimated that to follow any other course would, in his mind, threaten the shutting down of industries and further complicate efforts which are being made to solve the unemployment problem. He also intimated that railroad rates on road building materials might soon be lowered. He promised to exert every effort to improve the passenger and railroad freight services, which he said had been made less efficient, not by reason of Government operation of railroads, as some had charged, but by conditions unavoidable during the war.

Plans Suddenly Upset.

"We contemplated," said Mr. Hines, "that we could keep up maintenance of the railroads and their equipment to the standard which the railroad companies themselves had established during the three years ending June 30, 1917, generally spoken of now as the three-year test period, go ahead on a substantial, thorough, conservative scheme of improvements and, through ability, which we anticipated we would have, to pay the amounts due the railroad companies, equipment companies and other creditors, establish a general credit situation which would enable the railroad companies to borrow substantial amounts of money for the purpose of engaging upon a larger improvement program than the conservative program we had fixed upon.

"Our program rested upon anticipation of an appropriation of $750,000,000 from Congress. But the debate was not concluded before the Senate adjourned, so the appropriation failed. Therefore yesterday at noon we were confronted with the problem of remaking our program in the face of radically different conditions.

"I approach the matter in the spirit that it is my clear duty from every standpoint to try, notwithstanding the failure of this appropriation, to find a way to accomplish the things it is desired to accomplish. It might be exceedingly easy to approach it in the spirit of trying not to find a way, but it is in exactly the opposite spirit that I come before you, and my belief is that, in view of the very difficulties of the situation which has so suddenly confronted us and the business interests of the country, there will be an impulse toward a patriotic co-operation to contrive ways and means to carry forward the reasonable program of the Railroad Administration, despite the failure of the appropriation.

For the Constructive Way.

There are two general ways in which we might attempt to adapt ourselves to this new situation. One way would be to cut down expenditures as rapidly as possible in every direction, even though these expenditures were highly desirable. The other way would be to resort to every possible expedient to prevail on the railroad companies and the other business interests affected to borrow the necessary money to enable us to go forward with these expenditures.

"I am emphatically in favor of the plan which contemplates financing these matters so we can go forward with the expenditures, rather than of the plan of cutting off the expenditures so we can avoid the financing. From every standpoint it seems to me this is the proper and expedient course to pursue.

"In addition to other reasons which actuate me in approaching the matter in this spirit is the reason, which is a controlling consideration with me, that I am absolutely out of sympathy with any policy which contemplates the slowing down of industries for the purpose of throwing men out of the employment on the idea that thereby the rate of wages may be cut down for the future.

"It is going to be my policy, with

Continued on Page Eighteen.

Republicans Think Extra Session Must Be Called; Democrats Doubt If Wilson Will Change His Plan

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Speculation as to whether President Wilson would weaken in his determination not to call an extra session until some time in June was heard on every side at the Capitol today.

Some of the Republican Senators asserted that if conditions were such as had been expressed by Secretary of the Treasury Glass and Director General of Railroads Hines an extra session would be unavoidable, within a very short time, unless the President wished to assume responsibility for unsettled conditions during the reconstruction period.

There was little inclination among the Democrats, after reading the President's New York speech, to admit that there was any basis for the Republican hope that the extra session for which they have been fighting in order to continue debate on the League of Nations, as well as to give consideration to legislation that lapsed at the close of the session yesterday, would be met by the Chief Executive.

REFUSES TO ASK CONGRESS RECALL

Conference of Governors Ends After Bitter Controversy Over Its Work.

HOUSTON QUITS MEETING

Many Recommendations on Public Questions Are Put in Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Bitter controversy raged in the conference of Governors and Mayors today before the report of the Committee on Resolutions, making a great variety of recommendations on public questions, was finally adopted. Even after the viva voce vote delegates from the West, led by Mayor Rolph of San Francisco, attempted to force a record vote to show that they dissented from the majority, but were overruled by Secretary Wilson, who presided.

Adjournment was taken after Mayor Rolph and Governor Cox of Ohio, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, had risen on questions of personal privilege concerning their championship of opposing sides in the debate.

The controversy between Governor Cox and Mayor Rolph arose out of a resolution which the Mayor introduced early in the day, demanding that President Wilson reconvene Congress to pass upon measures, condemning the building of American ships in Chinese and Japanese yards while contracts in this country were being canceled, and favoring the principle of collective bargaining.

"With all due respect to the gentlemen who have addressed us," Mayor Rolph said, "they have not told us a word that we did not already know. We have traveled 3,000 miles not to hear that every American ought to own a home, or that good roads ought to be built, but to find out how the poor American hero, begging on the streets of New York, is going to get a job. Most of the trouble with the labor situation is right here in Washington and we want to know what's going to be done."

In reporting the committee's decision not to accept the resolution, Governor Cox said he would be glad to give reasons if desired.

Mayor Rolph failed to obtain postponement of consideration of the report until a night session and then promptly demanded that the Governor give the reasons for eliminating the Mayor's resolution. Governor Cox did not reply and a fight over the adoption of the report began. Later Governor Cox rose to a question of personal privilege.

"Nothing in word or spirit was intended to convey asperity to the Mayor of San Francisco," he said. "The committee desired to avoid subjects which are matters of political controversy."

Mayor Rolph heatedly replied that there was no intention to bring politics into the gathering, that he had criticised the Republican filibuster which defeated the appropriation measures, but that the only way to get Congress "back on the job" was to have the President call an extra session.

An attempt to have the conference indorse Government ownership of railroads was defeater by acclamation.

The resolutions finally adopted by the Governors, which Governor Cox announced were submitted unanimously after elimination of all partisan subjects, condemned doctrines which inveigh against God and government; they also recommended that the Government should "not only prepare for the transportation necessities of prosperity but use the railroads as the means of helping private industry" by carrying out the program of improvements.

Expressly disclaiming approval of fixing of costs, the resolutions sanctioned Government approval of price schedules as a step toward establishing a new basis of values. Reduction of freight rates on all building material, especially road material, was suggested. It was declared that reduction of wages should come only as a result of reduced living costs.

Recommendation was made that the Federal Government continue its "helpful offices" with the view to averting

Continued on Page Three.

READY TO GREET 27TH MEN TODAY

Leviathan and Mauretania, with 13,700 Aboard, Expected to Dock About Noon.

WELCOMERS ON SIX BOATS

Marine Strikers Call Truce for Day Out of Patriotism, to Operate the Fleet.

The city and State will extend the first official greeting to the New York National Guardsmen of the 27th Division today when the transports Leviathan and Mauretania arrive with about 13,700 New York soldiers aboard. This number is about half the strength of the old New York National Guard division that fought so valiantly with the British in France and Belgium, and all the other units will arrive within a few days, so that the triumphal parade will be held about March 20.

A fleet of six boats bearing friends and relatives of the soldiers, members of the city and State official Reception Committees and delegations from up-State towns was scheduled to leave the Battery at 8 o'clock this morning to welcome Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan and the regiments on the Leviathan as she steamed up the bay to Pier 4, Hoboken. Early last night a special boat was sent to the pilot boat off Ambrose Channel Lightship with mail, newspapers, and an official letter of greeting from Mayor Hylan to the returning soldiers of the New York regiments.

Mayor's Message of Greeting.

The Mayor's message said:

On behalf of the people of the City of New York I wish to express to Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan and the officers and men of the famous 27th Division a most hearty, cordial, and sincere welcome. New York is proud of the 27th Division and proud of the record it has made on the field of battle. We are proud to boast that it was our division that broke what was thought to be the impregnable battle-front of Germany, the Hindenburg line.

The people of New York have been thrilled, with a feeling of pride and appreciation for the heroic deeds of the men of this division. The welcome which General O'Ryan and his men will receive at the hands of the people of the city will express only in a poor measure our feeling toward our returning heroes.

Radio messages from the two ships yesterday indicated that both speedy liners were racing for the honor of landing the first returning contingent of the division. The Leviathan is two days behind her schedule because she took a southerly course to avoid heavy weather.

The Mauretania left Brest on Feb. 28, two days after the Leviathan, and by taking a straight course was so close to the former German liner yesterday that there was only a few hours' difference in their sailing schedules. Both ships were about 700 miles out at the last message, and the Mauretania was coming in under forced draft.

The latest report of the cruiser and transport force at Hoboken last night was that the Leviathan would be off the Ambrose Light about 7 o'clock this morning and that she would dock shortly before noon. It was expected that the Mauretania would dock about 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Boats in Welcome Fleet.

It was announced that the flagship and official boat of the welcome fleet, the Patrol, would sail from Pier A promptly at 8 o'clock this morning, with the Highlander, Queens, Correction, Gowanus, and Fidelity following her. A boat carrying cigarettes and candy from the Knights of Columbus for the men on the Leviathan was scheduled to leave the Battery at 7 A. M. so that the Leviathan could be welcomed as she came up the channel. Several other boats, chartered by regiments for friends and relatives, will sail from their piers about the same time.

"Mayor Hylan and the representa-

Continued on Page Five.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

Democrats Win Congress District On League of Nations Platform

Special to The New York Times.

GREENSBURG, Penn., March 5.—By the election of Attorney John H. Wilson, Democrat, of Butler, in the Twenty-Second Congressional District, comprising Butler and Westmoreland counties, over John M. Jamison, Republican and wealthy coal operator of this city, Democratic leaders tonight claimed that the sentiment of the people on the President's League of Nations plan had been shown for the first time.

The Democratic victory, coming in a district which only once since the birth of the Republican Party has been represented by a Democrat, is considered by the party leaders as a whole-hearted indorsement by the people of the President and his policies, and at the same time a slap at the Republican filibuster which strangled the Senate in its closing hours yesterday.

Mr. Wilson was returned the winner by 473 votes. Last November Representative E. E. Robbins, Republican, was returned to his seat by a majority of 7,231 over George H. McWherter, his Democratic opponent. Yesterday's election was to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Robbins's death a short time after he was elected.

Running on a platform indorsing the League of Nations and asking the electorate to uphold the President by voting for him, Mr. Wilson gained the distinction of being the first Democrat elected to Congress from Butler County since the party was born, half a century ago. In 1912, at the time of the Roosevelt-Taft split, a Westmoreland Democrat represented the district, but Butler County has, until the present time, never been represented by a member of that party.

Representative-elect Wilson plastered the district with placards asking votes for him as votes of confidence in his namesake, the President, and declaring himself unreservedly for the League of Nations plan as drafted or as it may be finally perfected. The Republican candidate, Mr. Jamison, took no stand on the League of Nations question, but in answering queries of voters, said his action would be governed by the course the Republican leaders decided to follow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The votes in the last three elections in the Twenty-second Pennsylvania Congressional District were.

1914—Abraham L. Keister, Republican, and Personal Liberty ticket, 15,214; Hammond, candidate on the Democratic and Washington tickets, 14,802.

1916—Edward E. Robbins, Republican, 19,978; Silas W. Kline, Democrat, 16,165.

1918—Robbins, Republican, 17,127; George H. McWherter, Democrat, 9,896.

ACT TO END STRIKE ON RAILROAD BOATS

Federal Agents Meet Union Leaders and Promise Definite Terms Today.

PRIVATE OWNERS INDIGNANT

Separate Settlement Would Free 40 Per Cent. of Traffic and Repudiate Macy Award.

While large consignments of freight began to accumulate on piers, in railroad yards, and warehouses on the second day of the harbor strike yesterday, negotiations were commenced between the Railroad Administration, which controls 40 per cent. of the harbor boats, and the strikers, which might result in a partial settlement of the strike today.

After a conference at the office at 30 Church Street of A. J. Stone, Federal Manager of the Erie Railroad, a promise was made to the Strike Committee to submit a concrete proposal regarding hours of work and rates of pay at 10 o'clock this morning. The Strike Committee, representing the seven harbor organizations who are on strike, promised to return a favorable or unfavorable answer by 2 o'clock, allowing themselves four hours to come to a decision.

If the proposals are accepted the strike will be at an end, as far as the boats in the railroad service is concerned, but the strike against the private boat owners, who control 60 per cent. of the shipping, would still be on. The leaders of the Marine Workers' Affiliation declared themselves emphatically when the strike started against any settlement which did not apply to all boats, and the union leaders admitted last night that they might have difficulty in getting the rank and file of the men to make an agreement under which one group of their men would be employed at increased rates of pay while another group remain on strike.

The boat owners were indignant yesterday when they heard that the Railroad Administration was negotiating for a separate agreement with the men, which, they said, would be in effect a repudiation of the Macy award and an abandonment by one branch of the Government and a settlement by another branch of the Government.

The strikers are eager to receive the Railroad Administration's proposition whether it tends to end the strike or not, as they believe the proposal of a new set of terms will be in the nature of an admission by the Government that the Macy award was not adequate.

Stand by Macy Award.

Joseph H. Moran, Chairman of the New York Tow Boat Exchange, issued the following statement yesterday on behalf of the private boat owners:

"I see that Captain Maher, the leader of the Association of Masters, Mates and Pilots, has issued a challenge to the private boat owners to accept some form of arbitration to be proposed by President Wilson. Apparently the valiant Captain has lost none of his appetite for sending cablegrams to the President. Unfortunately, his thoughts seem to turn to President Wilson only after a strike is under way and not before it is declared.

"If I am not very much mistaken, this is the same Captain Maher who joined with his seven associates in sending a cablegram to President Wilson early in January, in which they said:

"'Complying with your cabled request transmitted by Chairmen Taft and Manley, the striking marine workers of New York Harbor have returned to work and submitted their cause absolutely to the War Labor Board, which you have declared to be the instrumentality set up by our Government to settle such controversies.'

"At the same time President Wilson cabled to the National War Labor Board as follows:

"'I am sure that the War and Navy Departments, the Shipping Board, and the Railroad Administration, and any other Government agencies interested in

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—advt.

AUSTRIA WILL JOIN GERMANY SPEEDILY

Teutonic Union Will Be Proclaimed as Soon as Details Are Completed.

TROOPS CURB BERLIN STRIKE

Noske Masses 28,000 Men in Capital—Sharp Clashes Elsewhere.

BERNE, March 5.—German newspapers received here contain a semi-official communication concerning negotiations between Dr. Otto Bauer, Foreign Minister of German-Austria, and the German Government for a union between German-Austria and Germany.

The union, says the communication, will be promulgated as soon as questions of detail now being discussed by various commissions set up for that purpose are settled and a treaty is drafted which will be submitted to the two National Assemblies.

After ratification by the Assemblies, imperial laws will be arranged for the union of Austria to the empire. In the preparation of these the Austrian representatives will be asked to collaborate.

Special attention has been given to temporary measures for the entry of Austria into the German Zoluverein, account being taken of the different conditions of production in the two countries. Railroad questions, and an eventual junction of the Rhine and the Danube, as well as the introduction of the mark as the monetary unit of Austria, have been the subjects of exhaustive discussion. From the financial point of view it has been agreed that each country should be left to bear separately the indemnities to be paid to the Entente.

Consideration has also been given to the best method for realizing uniformity in labor and social legislation. As to Vienna's situation, it has been virtually decided that it shall be the second city in the empire.

The statement says that the conversations generally have resulted in an agreement on all questions of principle and it has been decided to leave secondary points to be settled by commissions on which Austrians and Germans should be equal in numbers.

VIENNA, March 5, (via Basle.)—The National Constituent Assembly opened yesterday. All the Deputies expressed general approval of the projected union with Germany.

The President, addressing the Assembly in favor of such a union, said:

"The Entente cannot limit the right of free disposition which undoubtedly is ours."

TROOPS KEEP ORDER IN BERLIN STRIKE

Minister Noske Masses 28,000 in Capital—Disorder Spreads in Other German Cities.

BERLIN, March 5, (Associated Press.)—Vorwärts, the Majority Socialist organ, reports that the result of the secret ballot taken on the strike issue in eighty Berlin plants showed that more than 20,000 workers were opposed to and that 7,900 were in favor of a strike.

The workmen in numerous factories, the newspaper adds, were stampeded into a strike by the radicals on Monday before the Soviet took official action.

Vorwärts states that it believes an understanding will be reached within twenty-four hours, and that the only malcontents then will be "street terrorists whose opportunities to plunder, rob, and murder have been spoiled."

Other newspapers here appear of the opinion that the strike movement has reached a climax and that there are indications that the political issues involved will find early adjustment through negotiations at Weimar.

The Independent Socialists seem to be backing away from the movement and endeavoring to unload the responsibility

Continued on Page Three.

"WARD OFF INFLUENZA." McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

WILSON SAILS WITH DEFIANCE TO CRITICS; TALK IN WASHINGTON OF LEAGUE CHANGES; PEACE TREATY COMES UP IN PARIS TODAY

Some Paris Delegates Favor Material Revision of League Covenant Before Final Adoption

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 5.—The belief among the American representatives that the League of Nations covenant will not be changed in any important particulars is not shared by everybody connected with the other peace missions.

For example, some British delegates are understood to be of the opinion that the covenant has been so loosely drawn as to require material revision. Lord Robert Cecil, who is the principal British representative in the commission which drafted the covenant, is said not to be one of these.

In certain British circles, however, there is a disposition to believe that Great Britain would not seriously object to inserting new clauses to meet the objections of particular nations. Some who profess to know the British official mind go so far as to say that Great Britain might even be willing to accept a provision giving tacit recognition to the principle of the Monroe Doctrine.

This is not only contrary to the American sizing up of the situation, but marks a radical departure from the settled policy of European nations not to put themselves down in black and white as recognizing the Monroe Doctrine as sound. Great Britain by her acts has indicated her respect for this cardinal principle of American policy, but it is said that it would be a long step for any European Government to attach its signature to a document that embodied President Monroe's defiance to the Holy Alliance.

Basing their belief on reports from the President and others, the American delegates contend that the American people are overwhelmingly in favor of the League covenant in its present shape. Their information is that the press very generally supports the President and that the Senate Republicans are only playing politics.

An effort to obtain a statement from the American delegation this evening after the text of the President's New York speech had been received by them was unavailing. The position was taken that the President spoke for the peace mission and knew the situation at home best; but the members of the commission continued to emphasize their belief that the terms of the covenant would not be amended to meet the Republican demands except possibly in merely verbal changes to clarify the document.

COUNCIL TO DISCUSS THE TREATY TODAY

Disarmament Features Come First, Then Reparation and Frontier Questions.

"STERILIZING" SEEMS SURE

Rhine Buffer State Practically Decided Upon—Lloyd George Back, Meets House Today.

PARIS, March 5, (Associated Press.)—The arrival of the British Prime Minister, David Lloyd George, in Paris tonight is the prelude to the discussion of the main questions of the peace treaty by the council of the great powers, which will begin tomorrow and continue during President Wilson's stay.

The question to be determined tomorrow relates to the military and naval terms of the enemy disarmament as framed by Marshal Foch and the joint military and naval advisers. These were originally framed as terms of the armistice, but are now changed so as to be part of the permanent peace treaty.

Premier Lloyd George and Colonel House will have luncheon together before tomorrow's meeting, at which the British and American positions will doubtless be co-ordinated, as President Wilson's views on the subject are understood to have been made known by cable and wireless.

The discussion of reparation for war damages and the delimitation of the western German frontier will follow that of the military and naval terms. It is understood that an agreement has virtually been reached on the amount of payment in reparation to be inserted in the peace treaty. This is far less than either the French or British estimate as originally submitted, but is still a vast sum, running high into billions of dollars.

The western German frontier is also practically settled, one of the main features being a neutralized or "sterilized" strip along the west bank of the Rhine, which will insure an adequate buffer between France and any renewed German aggression.

The council of the great powers today heard the case of King Nicholas of Montenegro, which was presented by General Gvosdenovich, the Montenegrin Minister at Washington. It was a protest by the venerable monarch against losing his throne and having his country absorbed by the new Jugoslav State.

Incidentally the protest involves the issue between Italy and Jugoslavia. King Nicholas is the father of the Queen of Italy, so that Montenegro's position has not been clearly defined on the issue between Italy and the proposed new State, which seeks to embrace Montenegro.

The council also considered food relief for Bohemia and other sections of southeastern Europe, to which the warring factions still make it difficult to forward supplies. It developed during the session today that the Jugoslav frontier, the closing of which against

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

REPORT SENATORS CONFER ON LEAGUE

Hitchcock Said to Have Called on Knox to Discuss Draft Amendments.

FAILED TO MAKE PROGRESS

Republicans Reject Wilson's Assertion That the People Are With Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—While reports were circulated about the Capitol that developments in connection with the League of Nations project might lead to a situation in which amendments would be made to the present draft after President Wilson reached Paris, Republican leaders who were willing to comment tonight upon the address which the President delivered in New York on the eve of sailing were inclined to believe that there was little in his utterances upon which to base the belief that he was willing to meet their conditions as expressed in the Lodge resolution.

At any rate, the Republicans continued with their plans for a bitter combat with the Chief Executive. They repeated their assertions that the position taken in the resolution was final. Interviews with Republican Senators showed open resentment against the President.

Reports that the President was in a frame of mind to consider a compromise which would deal specifically with the Monroe Doctrine, American sovereignty and other problems were, in part, the outcome of a story going about that Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Congress which expired yesterday, had called upon Senator Knox to discuss the question of amendments acceptable to the Republicans.

Report Knox Proposed Redraft.

According to this story, Senator Hitchcock asked Senator Knox if he was willing to prepare the amendments in the form in which they would be acceptable to the President. To this, it is stated, Mr. Knox replied:

"May I strike out everything after the enactment clause and write a constitution which I believe would be acceptable?"

To this suggestion Mr. Hitchcock, the story goes, objected, stating he felt there was much in the League of Nations draft proposed by President Wilson that should be retained.

The conversation is said to have turned then to the subject of the Monroe Doctrine, American sovereignty, and the relations of the Executive Council of the proposed League of Nations to immigration, disarmament and other points at issue.

Mr. Knox, it is reported, asked Mr. Hitchcock if he spoke with authority, and obtained no satisfaction on that point. The meeting is said to have ended by Mr. Knox stating that he would be very glad to write proposed amendments, if it were shown that it was worth his while to do so, and that there was reason to believe that Mr. Wilson would give them consideration.

Continued on Page Two.

WILSON SURE OF HIS GROUND

Says the People Will Understand All He Has Said.

THOUGH POLITICIANS DO NOT

Thinks Peace Treaty Will Be Ready Sooner Than Was Expected.

FINDS WORLD OUTLOOK GOOD

George Washington Puts to Sea Amid Salutes, with President and Mrs. Wilson on Bridge.

Wilson Takes Quick Route; May Reach Brest March 12

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, March 5 (Associated Press.)—The George Washington, with President Wilson on board, is heading along the quickest route to France and is expected to reach her destination on the eighth day of the voyage. [This would bring him to Brest on March 12.]

Before most of the members of the party on the steamer were astir, President Wilson was up this morning at an early hour, taking his breakfast at 7:30 o'clock. He then began the work he had mapped out for the voyage, which he is anxious to have as brief as possible, so that his return to Paris may be hastened.

This afternoon he laid aside his work after several hours at his desk and spent the rest of the day in diversion. He expects to do as little as possible for the next two or three days.

The President has received hundreds of telegrams from all parts of the United States regarding his position on the League of Nations plan.

The George Washington has been newly equipped with a long-range wireless outfit, which will enable the President to keep in constant communication throughout the voyage.

The Presidential steamer was escorted to sea by many seaplanes and a dirigible, from which pictures were taken.

The armored cruiser Montana will escort her across the Atlantic, with the destroyers which accompanied the steamer from New York going only a part of the way.

Without pomp or display, in marked contrast with his previous departure, President Wilson sailed yesterday on the United States naval transport George Washington to resume his duties at the Peace Conference. The George Washington departed from Pier 4, Hoboken, at 8:15 o'clock in the morning. At a cruising speed of eighteen knots, she is expected to cover the 3,100 miles to Brest in seven days.

Shortly before his departure the President told the newspaper correspondents sailing with him that he was well pleased with the situation both here and abroad, and was confident that the American people would back up the endeavors of the delegates at the Peace Conference.

The President declared that every statement made in his Metropolitan Opera House speech and every utterance since his return to the United States would be understood by the people at large, if not by certain politicians.

Responsibility for the blocking of needful legislation in Washington was perfectly well known to the people and did not have to be shared, the President thought. He believed the work of the conference would be completed sooner than had been expected because of the rapid progress that had been made since his departure from Paris. The preliminary peace treaty will be the first thing he will endeavor to have the Peace Conference take up.

Ten minutes before the President's vessel sailed it was discovered that the late editions of the morning newspapers were not on board. The President expressed a desire for the papers, and his naval orderly, a lithe young sailor, ran ashore and returned two minutes before the gangplank was drawn up with the papers for the President.

The President and Mrs. Wilson went on board at 1:15 yesterday morning, directly after the conference with the committee of Irishmen at the Metropolitan Opera House. "Home again," the President remarked, it was said, as he shook the hand of Captain Edward McCauley, Jr., who, with the other officers of the ship, welcomed him and Mrs. Wilson.

Before the President arrived the ship and the pier had been carefully gone over by men of the Port of Embarkation Guard, and the Fire Company, commanded by Major H. C. Craig, looked after the land approaches.

Moving Funnels Signal for Cheers.

The upper deck of the pier was decorated with American flags as at the time of the President's previous departure, but there was no large crowd to see him off. About 2,000 men and women waited in the street near the pier until they saw the funnels of the vessel moving

and then broke into cheers. The only persons who actually witnessed the departure were the army and navy men, representatives of the various war work organizations, and the newspaper reporters, and camera and moving picture men, who watched the George Washington swing out from the end of the pier.

No additions were made to the Presidential party, as previously announced, nor did Hugh Wallace, the newly appointed Ambassador to France, go aboard the ship, as it had been rumored he would. In addition to the President and Mrs. Wilson, the members of the party were Miss Benham, secretary to Mrs. Wilson; Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the President's personal physician; former Attorney General Thomas W. Gregory, Prentisson Grey of the Food Administration; Irwin H. Hoover, chief usher at the White House; Gilbert F. Close, and Charles M. Swem.

Three representatives of the principal news associations were on board. George Long of the War Department was in charge of the baggage. Charles G. Wagner, confidential secretary to the President, was with the party. There was also on board a personal guard to Mr. Wilson, made up of William H. Moran, Joseph E. Murphy, Richard L. Jarvis, Edmond Starting, Harry Barker, Miles T. McCahill, Walter T. Ferguson, John C. Fitzgerald, and Arnold Landvoight.

Sentry at Only Entrance.

When the Presidential party boarded the George Washington in the early morning the gangplank to the main deck was drawn in, leaving only the one to the lower deck, ad a sentry paced back and forth guarding this single entrance to the vessel. Nobody was admitted to the pier until 7 o'clock, when newspaper men and photographers got permission from Major Gen. D. C. Shanks to go near the ship. A strong guard of Secret Service men, detectives, and other officers guarded every foot of the pier.

The suite of President and Mrs. Wilson was filled with roses. Mr. Wilson arose early and had breakfast in the regular dining room. At 8 o'clock the President's flag, the coat of arms of the United States on a dark blue background, was broken out at the masthead and the Stars and Stripes were raised at the same time. Military and naval officers stood by ready to come to attention when the national anthem should be played but the band was silent, the reason assigned being that it was desired not to disturb Mrs. Wilson.

As the crew busied themselves about the vessel prior to casting off Mrs. Wilson appeared on the flying bridge with the President. The gangplank was drawn in and the vessel slipped into the stream with no further ceremony except three short blasts from the siren.

At 8:30 o'clock the George Washington straightened out in the river, the Presidential salute of twenty-one guns was fired from a quick-firer on the forward deck, and, shining in the morning sun, "the pride of the naval transport service" glided down the stream.

Salutes were fired from Forts Hancock and Wadsworth, and in the lower bay the waiting escort, the battleship Montana, fired twenty-one guns in honor of the President. No crowds gathered at the Battery sea wall to view the George Washington, and the cheering commuters on the ferryboats who made a great demonstration in the President's honor three months ago, were noticeably absent. The change was caused by the harbor boatmen's strike, which crippled the ferry service.

On the bridge of the President's ship were Pilot W. J. McLoughlin and Commander F. M. Perkins, executive officer of the vessel. For the entertainment of those on board a number of moving-picture films were placed on the vessel by the War Camp Community Service. Just before leaving Mr. Wilson caused a telegram of condolence to be sent to former Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo on the death of Ferdinand de Mohrenschildt, husband of Mr. McAdoo's daughter Nona.

The police boat Patrol, with the Mayor's Committee on board, passed the George Washington off Cortlandt Street. The police boat was returning from a trip down the bay to welcome the transport Sierra, with 1,469 troops.

The Patrol signaled the Sierra that the President vessel was passing, and the soldiers and members of the crew on the incoming transport rushed to the side and cheered the President. The civilian relief workers on the Patrol waved flags and cheered, while the Patrol's band played "The Stars and Stripes." President Wilson stood on the upper deck by the pilot house, smiling and bowing.

Policeman Beba on the Patrol wigwagged to the signal man who stood near the President, saying: "The Mayor's Committee of Welcome of the City of New York, of which Rodman Wanamaker is the Chairman, wishes the President a pleasant trip."

Later Mayor Hylan made public an exchange of messages between him and the President. The Mayor's message said: "Mayor Hylan bids you godspeed and success to your mission." It was signed "The Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops."

The President's deply, received in the afternoon, said:

"The President sends to the Mayor's Committee his cordial greetings and good-bye and thanks them for their message."

The George Washington has been outfitted with a new and powerful wireless that can carry 1,100 miles, and she will be in communication with the station at New Brunswick, N. J., until she gets into touch with the Poldhu station in England or the Eiffel Tower in Paris.

Although the gala arrangements which attended the first trip were absent yesterday, even Secretary Tumulty being away, many friends of the President and Mrs. Wilson had sent baskets and bouquets of flowers, which filled the suite de luxe on Deck C.

Another absentee was Mrs. Wilson's negro maid Susie, who had spent all her time the last week in regaling her friends with the stories of her trip to Paris.

Half an hour before the President arose yesterday morning the transport Powhatan warped into Pier 2 several hundred feet from the George Washington. The transport dipped its flag to salute the President's ship but the band did not play, as orders had been issued that the President and Mrs. Wilson were not to be disturbed.

A recess appointment for A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, former Alien Property Custodian, and now Attorney General, was signed by the President shortly after he reached his ship, and was taken to Washington by United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy.

A hydroplane, A-1365, reported to have been assigned to escort the George Washington to sea, met with a mishap and was forced to make fast to a spar buoy in Black Tom Channel. Sergeant George Ellis of the Police Boat Patrol, with the Mayor's Committee of Welcome on board, returning from Quarantine, saw the hydroplane floating on the water. The Patrol steamed to the plane, whose pilot said that the water jacket of the machine was broken. Sergeant Ellis called the Rockaway Beach station and aid was sent to the stranded pilot.

The George Washington carries a considerable cargo of supplies for the American Army in France and Germany. The officials took every precaution possible against bombs, and the cargo and baggage were subjected to close scrutiny, detectives working with the stevedores who loaded the ship.

COHALAN DECLINES TO SPEAK.

Supreme Court Justice Makes No Comment on President's Ban.

Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, who was informed by Secret Service men in the Metropolitan Opera House on Tuesday night that the President would not receive the Irish delegation as long as he was a member of it, declined again yesterday to comment on the incident. Justice Cohalan was sitting yesterday in Part I., Special Term, where Roderick J. Kennedy, his confidential attendant, was instructed to inform callers that the Justice had no statement to make upon the reasons for his exclusion by the President.

Members of the delegation that met the President after Justice Cohalan had left remained in discussion in their room at the Hotel McAlpin until about 5 o'clock yesterday morning. Those present said yesterday that no statement would be made in addition to the long report made by the committee after the members had presented their arguments on the Irish cause to President Wilson. Neither was any additional comment made upon the Cohalan incident.

LONDON IS ANXIOUS ABOUT OUR DECISION

The Press Looks to America to Rear a 'Fabric of Peace' in the League.

SOME CRITICISM OF WILSON

One British Observer Thinks His Prestige Impaired by Republican Senators' Action.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, March 6.—Premier Lloyd George went to Paris yesterday, leaving behind him a somewhat uneasy feeling regarding progress at the Peace Conference. Barring unexpected developments requiring his presence at home, the Premier will remain in Paris till, in Wilson's words, "it's over over there."

Most of the morning papers have editorials on President Wilson's New York speech. The Daily Chronicle says his words are "those of a statesman confident that the hearts of the world are with him. They are not watching without anxiety, for they know that American co-operation is indispensable if the League fabric is to stand." After paying tribute to ex-President Taft, "who has said throughout that the League idea was much too big a thing to treat as a bone of party contention, and has lent not only the weight of his personal authority, but that of his wide and varied political experience, to the support of a cause which is mankind's," the editorial concludes:

"America is henceforth part of a single world community in which if one of the continents suffers all will suffer. We believe the mass of American opinion realizes this, and the proof of its faith lies in him. The European democracies are watching to see whether the impulse which brought America to their side for the purpose of finishing the war will keep her at their side for the purpose of rearing the fabric of peace. We appreciate the splendid contribution of the United States to the common victory; but victory in itself is a passing phase. This war was to end war. That means that it was a war for a League of Nations."

"Collar Work" Expected from Us.

The President's speech at the Metropolitan Opera House had all the honors of display in last evening's papers, though there was little editorial comment.

The Pall Mall Gazette said:

"The President expressed the conviction last night that an overwhelming majority of the American people is in favor of the League of Nations. That is undoubtedly the case. But the crucial question is whether they are prepared to pledge the practical resources and action of their country to the vindication of the League when it is formed, to keep ready a force which must share in executing its decrees and to carry a due portion of the White Man's burden in the interests of peace and good government throughout the world. Unless America is ready to share the collar work of the League she can have no voice in its policy."

The Globe reverted to the Republican Senators' opposition to the League draft and taxed the "Wilsonian press in London" with not giving the public a fair chance to appreciate the significance of what is taking place in America. After saying that Wilson committed a tactical blunder in returning to Washington with the hope of getting a national mandate for his scheme, and that the determination shown by Lodge and his thirty-six Republican colleagues to oppose the League as constituted under the proposals laid down by the combined wisdom of its thick-and-thin advocates at the Peace Conference bodes ill for its ultimate acceptance, The Globe added:

"While we in this country desire to suggest no course of action on the subject to the Senate of a sovereign State, it is important that there should be no misconception here as to the situation. The truth can no longer be camouflaged, even by our Wilsonian press. Wilson returns to Europe with greatly diminished prestige as the result of action by an important and representative section of his own countrymen, with his boasted League of Nations treated precisely as the scrap of paper we always held it to be."

The Westminster Gazette, after pointing out that the opposition of thirty-seven Senators would constitute an effective holdup of the League draft, said:

"We do not pretend to be versed in the intricacies of American politics, or to understand fully what is behind this opposition, but we imagine the resources of the President will be equal to the emergency. That his opponents mean business is shown by their successful effort to prevent the passing by Congress of a block of important measures. These include all the reconstruction legislation, which will pass over to the next term. Before then the mind of the people may have declared itself emphatically on one side or the other."

Sees Encouragement to Skeptics.

It is recognized that with Wilson's return the Paris Conference will take on a new aspect. A well-qualified observer with no pronounced predilections today summarized the outlook from the European point of view as follows:

"A new situation has been created by Wilson's visit to the United States. His message to Paris will, of course, carry great weight, but a question whether it will carry conviction. On the contrary, skeptics will have their doubts as to America's practical participation in the League of Nations confirmed. Wilson's check is doubtless quite good, but it is not certified.

"France unquestionably will insist on securities, which will have to be found in the terms of peace imposed on Germany if they are not provided by America fully backing the League of Nations, not only in its present draft, but with extensions in the way of military sanctions.

"It is an interesting commentary that the March issue of the Round Table prints two communications from Americans on the point which, as an introductory note puts it, 'having made war to achieve a higher state of peace, the United States would assume the further obligations necessary to maintain that peace.' One contributor is forced to the conclusion that 'we are not at all prepared to assume such responsibilities,' while the other believes 'there will be an emotional response to the moral appeal, due to the fact that the American people have a fund of moral earnestness which the politician is seldom sufficiently curious of—a fund which shows itself to the surprise of all professional politicians in such movements as that for the prohibition amendment.' Most Europeans would be influenced rather by the arguments adduced by the first contributor than by those of the second.

"Wilson's speech in New York is marked by just the qualities which he displayed at the Paris Conference, and the defects of those qualities.

"The task before the conference is a difficult one, but the men there have both brains and good will, and it will doubtless be found possible to reconcile such extremes as Wilson's enthusiasm for the League and the sympathetic cynicism of at least one other plenipotentiary."

URGES PUNISHING GERMANS.

French Committee on Devastated Regions Makes Its Report.

PARIS, March 5, (French Wireless Service.)—The French Government is asked to make every effort to secure the punishment of all German officers and soldiers found guilty of plundering or causing devastation in the occupied regions of France, in the report made by Senator Reynald on behalf of the Senate committee which recently visited the devastated districts.

The report also asks the Government to call the attention of the allied powers to the German methods of destruction and urges the Government to obtain restitution of stolen property, hasten material reconstruction, and aid the economic life of the people affected.

REPORT SENATORS CONFER ON LEAGUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

There was said to have been no definite understanding reached.

It was said, too, that some of the Democrats were expressing the opinion that at the now famous White House dinner Mr. Wilson did not mean that he would not agree to any fundamental amendments; that instead, he meant that if such amendments were made they would have to be made after his return to Paris, and that the situation there, with fourteen nations already having passed favorably upon the present form of the League plan, would be very difficult and involve grave danger of destroying the entire project.

Certain Republican Senators seemed to think that these reports, which remained undenied on the part of Democratic Senators, indicated rather a tendency upon the part of the Democrats themselves to favor amendments than substantial proof that President Wilson was in such a frame of mind. It is admitted, however, that there may soon be developments which will tend toward compromise.

Deny Country Is with Wilson.

There was a good deal of bitterness among some Republicans over the President's assertion in New York that he would carry back to the peoples of Europe the message that the great mass of the American people were in favor of his League of Nations plan. Several of them asserted that if Mr. Wilson gave that message he would be "deceiving Europe."

Plans for tours of various States by Republican Senators in opposition to the present League draft were being extended today. Senator Wadsworth will tour New York, Senator New, Indiana, and ex-Senator Beveridge will aid in campaigning in Massachusetts. Senators Reed of Missouri and Thomas of Colorado are among the Democrats who will aid the Republicans in their talking program.

Other Democrats who, the Republicans say, are at heart with them in opposing the present draft are Underwood of Alabama, Chamberlain of Oregon, Myers of Montana, King of Utah, Shields of Tennessee, and Gore of Oklahoma.

Gore Fears Embroilment.

Senator Gore made this statement today concerning his attitude:

"I have no way of knowing whether the President is right or wrong in his assumption that the people of the country are overwhelmingly in favor of the League of Nations constitution as proposed. My mail so far indicates that the farmers of my State seem to be lining up against the League, whereas the people in the towns seem to be for it. What appeals to the farmers is that perhaps it would not be to the interest of the United States to have this League.

"You see there have been eighty wars in the last hundred years. The President says the League would not abolish war but would reduce it. Now, if the number were cut to forty the gain of the whole world would be very great.

"From the viewpoint of the United States alone, however, a different situation presents itself. We have been involved in only two of the European wars, but under the League plan, assuming the reduction in the number of wars I have indicated, the United States would be involved in forty.

"It would be a calamity if we gained nothing as a result of this war, but I should hate to see us lose the gem at our feet in reaching for the stars. I think the solution of the war problem will be a gradual evolution which cannot be obtained by one leap, landing us in the middle of the millennium."

Poindexter Replies to Wilson.

Discussing the President's New York address from a Republican point of view, Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington said:

"If the President carries out his announcement and tells the people on the other side of the water that an overwhelming majority of the American people is in favor of the League of Nations he will mislead Europe. So far as the constitution already published is concerned, it can never be ratified in this country.

"No information is contained in the President's address in New York as to his proposed constitution. As usual, he makes no specific reference to it. The epithets of 'comprehensive ignorance' and other more abusive words, which the President seems to satisfy himself with do not convey to the American people the specific information which they desire on this subject.

In his address to the Governors, the President declared that the people must control their own affairs. In the matter of this world government, however, to which he proposes to transfer the sovereignty of the United States, he apparently declines to give the American people an opportunity to express their judgment on the subject. The first opportunity they will have to do this will be in the election of 1920, and the entire matter should be postponed until after that date, in order that the President's policy of referring matters to the people may be carried out.

"The President says that if we do not adopt this proposed League 'we will sink back into a period of struggle in which there will be no hope and therefore no mercy.' The fact of the case is that if the making of peace and the establishment of permanent conditions in Europe is much longer delayed and side-tracked, while we consider the futile proposal of a world government, 'we will sink back into a period of struggle.'

"In fact that struggle is still going on and it is the duty of the Peace Congress to bring it to an end at once and not delay it for a discussion of the world's League for future perpetual peace. The world can agree, in fact the great nations of the world have already agreed among themselves, to maintain peace and upon this agreement, good-will, and common sense peace can be preserved in the future, if we will but join it."

Sherman Ridicules Wilson Stand.

Senator Sherman of Illinois characterized President Wilson's New York speech as "an impassive invocation mingled with invective."

"How he figures out that he can get this League ratified with fifty Senators pledged against it," Senator Sherman continued, "is more than I understand. But it must be remembered that he was not a professor of mathematics. The only thing President Wilson accomplished in New York was to crowd William H. Taft off the front page of the newspapers. These twin Dromios will be getting jealous of each other."

Senator Gronna, Republican, of North Dakota said:

"I for one will die before I will vote for the League of Nations in its present form. The only letters I have received in favor of it are from German Lutheran preachers. I have written to one of these men stating that his denomination no longer preached the doctrine of God. If it had preached it, the German nation would not have gone to war.

"If the President thinks there is an overwhelming sentiment for the League of Nations he ought to take a look over my mail."

GARDINER ASSAILS INDEMNITY PLANS

British Editor Says Extreme Claims Make League "an Indecent Sham."

HE APPEALS TO AMERICA

Says English-Speaking Nations Must Not Re-establish Tyranny in Any One's Interest.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 5.—The Daily News, whose editor, A. G. Gardiner, was one of the few persons with whom President Wilson had an unofficial personal talk in Paris, has a startling editorial headed: "Plain Speech for Our Friends," in which, after referring to Lloyd George's appeal to the Industrial Commission respecting the perilous position of civilization, it says:

"The warning addressed to the Industrial Parliament of this country must be carried further. It must be heard in America. Above all it must be heard in Paris.

"We have before us in the approving columns of The Morning Post a forecast of the new Foch terms. There are to be no German guns made of over 8-inch calibre, no airships or aeroplanes, no German garrison within thirty miles of the Rhine, and an indemnity of £30,000,000,000, payable at the rate of £600,000,000 a year over fifty years.

"We do not care how severe the disarmament terms are, if it means the disarmament of all the world, but what does France propose? We know what we propose. We have set the pace with army estimates of £440,000,000 for the first year. Against whom are the Allies proposing to arm? Is this the sort of means by which they are going to save civilization, and honor the scrap of paper on which the Fourteen Points were written, and set their seal upon the League of Nations? Is President Wilson, returning from his struggle with the enemies of the League at Washington, to be confronted with a fait accompli in Europe that makes the covenant a jest?

"It is not enough for the Industrial Commission to work to save civilization at home. It has to be saved by our representatives in Paris. The claims of France are passing the limits of tolerance. We know what France suffered, and we mean to secure her against a repetition of that suffering; but her claims are getting out of all whooping. From Syria they pass to Morocco, and from Morocco to the Saar Valley. Their Chauvinists claim German ships; Viviani announces that since Paris cannot be removed, the frontier must be shifted regardless of trumpery things like the wishes of the population; and now, if The Morning Post is right, the Allies are to occupy Germany with conscript armies for fifty years while they collect the whole possible earnings of the nation at the point of the sword.

Fuel for Future Wars.

"What is the use of asking the Industrial Commission to save civilization? Why pursue the indecent sham of the League of Nations covenant? Is there any one in his senses who does not know that this grotesque talk, if carried into effect, would plunge the world into universal Bolshevism within two years? Can any one conceive the Allies, armed to the teeth, sitting on the head of Germany, Austria, and the rest for fifty years without blowing out each other's brains in the first five? Why should the world, while three-quarters of Europe are being starved by our blockade, be expected to discuss this gibberish of mingled revenge and lust?

"Let us come to plain speech with our friends. This country and America have saved our Continental Allies at an enormous cost of blood and treasure; but we have saved something more. We have saved the freedom of the world from the tyranny of force. We do not propose to re-establish that tyranny, to re-endow the doctrine of Prussianism and Chauvinism in the interest of ourselves, or of France, or of anybody else.

"We stand by the Fourteen Points, and we mean to have them. If the Peace Conference refuses to secure them, then we shall have to begin the fight afresh against whatever forces are in the field. We hope it will not be necessary. We hope that the lesson of the enormous tragedy that has befallen the world—7,500,000 dead on the plains of Europe—is not to be thrown utterly away.

"There is yet time for sanity to prevail, time to realize that nothing matters except the restoration of good will in the world; that the only way to save civilization is to destroy militarism and organize the world for peace. But there must be no temporizing now; there must be plain speech with our friends as well as stern justice for our enemies."

Socialist Backs French Claims.

The attitude assumed by the Daily News in regard to the French demands for security and reparation is peculiar to itself. Even George Lansbury, Socialist editor of The Labor Herald, admits that after visiting Paris and learning what France has suffered, he feels that her claims deserve the fullest consideration.

The Daily Chronicle, which has editorial comment on the same topic as the Daily News, refrains from the latter's recrimination. It says:

"The fault of the Associated Governments throughout is that they have acted and refrained from action as if they were blind to the fact that there has been a real, common interest between the Associated Powers and the forces working for German democracy. It may not have been blindness; it may have merely been incapacity to act; but in either case its consequences are disastrous.

"Our Governments ought to consider at once, even now, if they cannot do something to strengthen the hands of the German Constitutionalists. The moment is very critical. Herr Noske, their most resolute leader, has gone to Berlin for a last effort, and Weimar has dissolved itself, possibly never to meet again. If it makes ultimate shipwreck, the task of building the League of Nations and of rebuilding Europe in civilization will be rendered incalculably more difficult and less hopeful."

CALLS TAUSSIG TO PARIS.

President Wants Him to Help Readjust Commercial Treaties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Wilson has directed Dr. F. W. Taussig, Chairman of the United States Tariff Commission, to proceed to Paris at once to take part in the readjustment of commercial treaties and similar problems now under consideration at Paris. Bernard M. Baruch, who was Chairman of the War Industries Board, and is now in Paris with Chairman McCormick of the War Trade Board, asked that Dr. Taussig be sent to Paris, and President Wilson has directed that he go. Dr. Taussig will sail from New York on the transport Great Northern on Saturday and will reach Paris simultaneously with the President.

The Tariff Commission was authorized by Congress to investigate the tariff relations between the United States and foreign countries, commercial treaties, preferential provisions, economic alliances, and the effect of export bounties and preferential transportation rates. For two years it has been making a study of commercial treaties, reciprocity, preferential arrangements, bargaining tariffs, and colonial tariff systems in detail, and has already sent a very large mass of material to Paris for use by the American Peace Commission.

ARMENIANS DESIROUS OF A UNITED COUNTRY

Religious Leader Would Welcome Either an Italian or American Protectorate.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, March 4.—The island of San Lazzaro, near Venice, has been for over two centuries an Armenian oasis transplanted in the Venetian lagoons. It is the seat of the religious head of Catholic Armenia, the successor to Mekhitar, who founded in Constantinople the learned congregation of Mekhitarists, which has today branches throughout the world. The monastery on the island is a centre of Armenian publishing.

All the Armenians of San Lazzaro turn their eyes today toward the Paris Peace Conference, which must decide the fate of their country. Speaking on this subject the head of the Mekhitarists said:

"Armenia is not yet ready to pass automatically from the barbarous oppression which bled her almost to death to complete liberty. Her aspiration to become an entirely independent nation is just and holy, but she needs a period of protection by a strong, capable, active nation which can guide her. Naturally, owing to our association with Italy, which we consider our second country, we should be delighted if she might be chosen to be our guardian and to help us in our gradual evolution; but we realize that the numerous Armenian colonies established in America might with equal reason advocate the protection of the United States. Whichever country is chosen, all Armenians will accept the mandatory with gratitude.

"But all Armenians oppose a division of Armenia into different spheres of influence, as in that case our future complete independence would become a problem very difficult, if not impossible, of solution. Armenia needs to be united from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean, having Trebizond on the former sea and Alexandretta on the latter.

"Armenia has today only 3,000,000 inhabitants, as three times as many have been massacred, but there are four or five million more spread throughout the world who would certainly return home the moment their country was freed from the Ottoman yoke. Many participated in the war on the side of the Allies, either fighting with the Russian Army or forming volunteer legions which struggled heroically, shedding their blood for the ideals of liberty and democracy."

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Miran Sevasly, Chairman of the Armenian National Council of America, was in Washington today conferring with officials regarding the question of the United States becoming the mandatory for Armenia under the proposed League of Nations. Mr. Sevasly said the people of Armenia, as well as Armenians in America and Europe, desired that the United States act as mandatory for their country, and that, while they would have to accept the will of the majority nations, they did not wish to have a European nation as mentor.

DEFINE DENMARK'S CLAIMS.

Delegates to Paris Say She Wants All of Danish Schleswig.

PARIS, March 5.—The delegation of Danes which arrived in Paris Tuesday to lay before the Peace Conference the claim of Denmark concerning Schleswig informs the Temps that the present Ministerial crisis in Denmark has nothing to do with the Schleswig question. The delegates said that the crisis concerned only the internal policy of Denmark.

The Danish delegates are Dr. P. Munch, former Premier Neergaard, Senator Alex Fess, and Senator Bramsen. They are accompanied by four prominent residents of Schleswig.

The delegates, according to the Temps' interview, said that they represented the four largest parties in the Danish Parliament, two of the members belonging to the majority bloc and two to the Opposition. They said that all the people of Denmark were desirous that the part of Schleswig inhabited by Danes be returned to Denmark and they looked with confidence to the decision of the Peace Conference on this question.

COUNCIL TO DISCUSS THE TREATY TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Italy threatened to precipitate a crisis with that country, had been reopened.

The question of relief for Austria and Hungary was discussed at the meeting of the Supreme Council today.

The official statement issued after the meeting reads:

The Allied Supreme Council met on Wednesday, March 5, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The Chairman brought to the notice of the council various questions relative to plans for future sessions.

The question of the relief of Austria and Hungary was then discussed.

M. Gvosdenovitch, the Montenegrin Minister at Washington, then set forth in the name of King Nicholas the point of view of the royal Government on the situation in and the future of Montenegro.

The next meeting will take place tomorrow (Thursday) at 3 P. M.

The Central Commission on Territorial Questions at its first meeting tonight elected Captain Andrr Tardieu of the French peace delegation President. The task of the commission is to co-ordinate all decisions of the special territorial commissions.

In particular it will have to fix the lines between th different frontiers traced by the various commissions. It also will discuss questions not reserved for special consideration by the Council of Ten.

The Peace Conference Commission which is dealing with the Belgian-Dutch boundary issue has decided to bring the principals to the dispute directly together to adjust by mutual agreement the questions that have arisen.

The commission holds that the Peace Conference has no jurisdiction in this issue and no authority to dispose of the territory of neutral States.

The Inter-Allied Commission on Ports, Waterways, and Railways last night, according to an official statement issued today, considered the draft of the convention for the international control of rivers as submitted by a sub-committee.

After discussion the articles dealing with the method of applying the principles were agreed upon and referred to the Editing Committee.

M'CORMICK ATTACKS LEAGUE COVENANT

Asserts Constitution Creates a Super-State That Curbs American Liberties.

CALLS IT A BRITISH PLAN

Senator-Elect, In Reply to Critic, Defends His Action in Indorsing Lodge Resolution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Senator-elect Medill McCormick of Illinois, one of the thirty-nine Senators who signed the Lodge resolution on the League of Nations, made public tonight a letter sent by him today to George H. Meade, President of the City Club of Chicago, defending his course. The President of the City Club telegraphed to McCormick, criticising him for opposing the constitution of the League of Nations. His telegram read:

"Regard the action taken by Republican Senators on the constitution of the League of Nations as a fatal disaster to the party, and if it should prevail in our neighborhood it would lose the party one-half to three-fourths of its vote."

In his reply Senator McCormick says:

"You are for the constitution of the League of Nations as represented to the Paris Conference; I am not. Since you are for the proposed constitution, you approve of giving the British Empire six votes in the League to one vote for the United States, and in your capacity as President, you commit the City Club to that project, to which I am opposed. Upon what ground do you justify giving the British Empire, in proportion to its self-governing population, twelve times the voting strength of the people of the United States? Is one Englishman twelve times as important as one American?

Opposed to Arbitration.

"The projected constitution provides that all diferences upon all subjects are subject to arbitration. This includes the question of immigration to the United States.

"Upon that point Count Okuma, speaking in the Japanese House of Peers on Feb. 22, voiced the determination of Japan in no unmistakable terms. You are prepared to submit the matter of immigration to arbitration and to accept the probability—nay, the almost certainty—that Oriental labor would be permitted to enter the United States; you are willing to see efficient and economical Japanese operating our street railways, to find Hindoo janitors in our offices and apartments, to hear the hands of busy Chinese craftsmen driving rivets, joining timbers, laying brick, and carrying tires in the construction of our buildings, and you are willing to commit the City Club to this proposition. But I am utterly opposed to a plan which may introduce Asiatic labor into America, to open our farms or our factories to Oriental hands.

"Under the projected constitution of the League, the cession of territory in the American Hemisphere to Asiatic or European nations is determinable by the Executive Council or arbitrable. The Council, composed of eight Asiatic and European nations and one American nation, could award Japan the right to buy Magdalena Bay or the Galapagos Islands, lying off the Panama Canal. You are for that but I am not.

"An American garrison today is keeping the peace on the shores of the Adriatic between former allies, now prepared to spring at one another's throats. Under the League, the Council could require Americans to keep garrisons on the marshes of Poland, Hungary, Rumania, the new Serbia, Bulgaria, and the greater Bohemia—to guard disputed frontiers. If Russian armies were to break through the Khyber Pass into the northern plains of India, even though the Indians welcomed the Russians, the Executive Council could call upon America for 100,000, for 500,000, for 1,000,000 men.

"Regiments from the mines of Illinois, from the north woods of Michigan and Wisconsin, from the prairies of Iowa and Indiana, by decree of a non-American council, and not by act of the American Congress, could be summoned to march out to the strains of 'Yankee Doodle' in order to uphold at the foot of the Himilaya the scepter of George V., Kaiser I-Hind, King of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperor of India. You would keep our men in Russia, send them to garrison the Balkans, order them to battle on the parched Sahara, if the powers of Asia and Europe commanded. I would not.

Says Wilson Threatens.

"I have seen war as perhaps you have not, and I have a horror of it which only those can share who have seen it. Under the projected constitution we may be forced to go to war against the wishes of our people and the judgment of our Congress. The proposed League will not prevent war, as Mr. Wilson himself said at the White House conference, and in seven different ways its proposed constitution positively provides for war, as Senator Knox, (who was Mr. Taft's Secretary of War,) proved in his great speech, which I gather you have not troubled to read.

"I am not ready to abandon the Monroe Doctrine or to agree that the voices and votes of Europe and Asia shall declare war for us, decide where our armies shall go, and choose their commanders for them.

"During his week's visit to the United States Mr. Wilson gave vent to a couple of rhetorical rhapsodies, but he adduced no argument in support of any one of the disputed articles of the proposed Constitution. He made no specific answer to any specific objection. He explained nothing and he converted nobody. When he arrived in Boston he threatened, and he threatened again as he sailed from New York. Threats avail nothing among free men. Reason and not hysteria, patriotism and wisdom and not partisanship will prevail.

"This is not a partisan question. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Taft, whose leadership was definitely rejected by the American people in 1912 and 1918, are for the League as planned by General Smuts of the British War Cabinet and reported by Mr. Wilson. Tomorrow, in New York, two Democratic Senators and one Republican Senator will speak against the constitution of the League as now proposed. Mr. Wilson is not the sum of human wisdom, but he will consider no amendment to the British plan. If our common hope to create some League of Nations fails, the fault will be his.

"Like a large proportion of the small number of persons who have telegraphed to me in opposition to the resolution of which I was one of the signers, you, for yourself and for the City Club of Chicago, threaten me and the Republican Party with political punishment, as Mr. Wilson threatens. If you will reflect, I think you will agree that that was a poor and mean thing to do, unworthy of the City Club, of its President, and of yourself as a citizen. Never until now has an American treaty of peace been drawn without in some sense consulting those who must share in its confirmation. Ours is not a plebiscitary dictatorship, but a representative Government.

"I am here in a representative capacity, but I must act upon my conscience and upon my judgment to serve my country, to protect it not only from the aggressions of ambitious autocrats, but from the vagaries of autocratic internationalists. There is no way in which I can divest myself of my responsibility, the heaviest which I have ever borne and I suppose the heaviest which I shall ever be called upon to bear. Men have died the death in this war to defend representative institutions. We in the Senate should be unworthy of them if we were to blanch before the threats of those who have been carried away in an effort not to create a League of Nations which we may safely join, but to impose on us the constitution of a superstate, an international confederation which would extinguish our national importance and our American liberties.

"It is a bad sign when the Chicago City Club, which was organized as a forum for civic discussion, has become under your presidency, an engine of political coercion."

GOODNOW TO AID POLAND.

Johns Hopkins President Will Help Frame Constitution.

PARIS, March 4.—Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, President of Johns Hopkins University, has been selected to assist in framing a Constitution for the Polish Government.

BALTIMORE, March 5.—When asked today about his appointment as a member of a commission to frame a Constitution for Poland, Dr. Frank J. Goodnow said that he had not received an official notification. He expressed no surprise, however, saying that "the matter had been talked over" with him.

THE TIGER WANTS TO RETIRE

Hopes to Do So When French Political Situation Is Adjusted.

PARIS, March 5.—Premier Clemenceau told delegations from the Paris City Council and the General Council of the Department of the Seine who called on him today to congratulate him on his recovery that he would like to see the present political situation in France adjusted and "then retire, as I feel I have a right to do after fifty years of parliamentary life."

The Premier said that, although there were many difficulties to be overcome, he was optimistic.

Gone at Last

We Hope Never to Return

The war time loaf, dry, tasteless, crumbly, disappointing and provoking. In its place the new and better kind.

WARD'S PEACE-TIME BREAD

The loaf with the flavor that will revive your bread appetite and renew your faith in "Ward quality."

There's satisfaction and conservation in slicing Peace-Time Bread because its texture is firm and smooth. Note its new shape. 12 inches long. More slices to the loaf and greater economy. Goes far. Wrapped by machine at the ovens, which guarantees it reaching your hands *clean!*

Patronize Your Neighborhood Dealer

Give Him, if Possible, Your Regular Bread Order, Thus Avoiding Waste and Disappointment.

WARD'S FAR-FAMED BREADS
TIP-TOP
MOTHER HUBBARD
DAINTY MAID
WHEATHEART
ROMANY RYE
YANKEE RYE
LONG REAL SOCIETY
FAMILY LOAF

Make sure the name WARD is back of ANY variety of Bread or Cake you buy and you are certain of getting the highest grade bakery products.

WARD'S FAR-FAMED CAKES
SILVER QUEEN
SUNKIST GOLD
FAIRY SPONGE
DEVILS DREAM
KUKUNO
GOLDEN NUGGET
CREAMY SPICE
SOUTHERN BRIDE

We put the name WARD in all our products.
Forward — Onward — Upward — Toward

Keeping the Quality UP

WARD

HIGH-LINE

IN THE NEW DOUBLE-BREASTED JACKET FINCHLEY HAS NOT BEEN OVER-LAVISH IN THE USE OF STYLE FEATURES, BUT THE ENGLISH HIGH-LINE SHOULDERS HAVE CHARACTER ENOUGH TO INFLUENCE FAVOR.

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Neckwear of character presented in patterns restricted to this shop.

CUSTOM SERVICE WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

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THE DICTAPHONE
for Letter-Writing

One of the great conveniences of The Dictaphone is that it takes care of all your dictation when you're most ready to dictate and without interrupting the work of anyone else in the office.

Phone or write for 15-Minute Demonstration on *your* work.

Phone Worth 7250—
Call at 280 Broadway

There is but one Dictaphone, trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Company

THE DICTAPHONE

Wait for the Boys of the 27th to Telephone You!

The first thought of the boys of the Twenty-seventh Division will be to rush to the camp telephones to get in touch with those they left behind, *but they will be unable to do this if the telephone lines designed primarily for the normal needs of the camps are congested by thousands of incoming calls.*

And, in addition, you will probably be unable to reach them because of the difficulty in locating an individual due to the immense areas of the camps, and the distances, in most cases, between telephone stations and quarters.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

CHAMBERLAIN RAPS CROWDER AND BAKER

Declares Former's Letter on Courts-Martial Contains False Statements.

HIS CRITICISM OF BAKER

Says Secretary "Permitted Himself to be Guided by Reactionary Elements of Army."

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Another chapter in the controversy between Congress and the War Department over the general question of military justice was added tonight by Senator Chamberlain, Chairman of the Military Committee in the last Senate, who issued a statement declaring that "erroneous and false" statements were contained in the reply of Major Gen. Crowder, Judge Advocate General, to the Senator's address in the Senate last December.

Senator Chamberlain also sharply criticised Secretary Baker, declaring that he had "permitted himself to be guided by the reactionary elements of the army."

Referring to the correspondence between Mr. Baker and Representative Gould of New York regarding Brig. Gen. Ansell, former Acting Judge Advocate General, who recently testified before Congressional committees concerning court-martial cases, the Senator said the Secretary's next step would "be to reduce the rank of General Ansell," and added:

"No man who is wholly impervious to the inhumanity in the court-martial system and to the opinion of the country could not only refuse to change the conditions, but also punish the man who is responsible more than any one else for the conditions being made known and for such steps as have been taken by the military authorities to change and correct them."

General Crowder's letter replying to Senator Chamberlain's address was placed in the Congressional Record last Monday by Representative Lunn of New York. Accompanying it was a letter from Mr. Baker saying that the General's reply was sent to Senator Chamberlain several weeks ago.

Admitting that he received the letter, the Oregon Senator said it "contained so many misstatements of fact that I hesitated to make it public, because I did not care to embarrass the Secretary by having him stand sponsor and be responsible for such erroneous and false statements in an official communication to the Senate of the United States."

Senator Chamberlain discussed at length the case of a soldier on military duty found in a shop at night and sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. The soldier asserted at the trial that he had heard a noise in the shop and entered, thinking a robber was in the place. This was one of many cases referred to by the Senator in his original speech, and it was treated in General Crowder's reply.

"General Crowder in his endeavor to furnish me with 'authentic data' in this case," said the Senator, "says nothing about the court-martial first acquitting this soldier and then subsequently, at the direction of the commanding officer, who appointed the court, reversing itself and finding the soldier guilty and imposing a long prison sentence. He simply states 'that the accused soldier's story was disbelieved and he was found guilty.' This statement is wholly incorrect—I have read the record and he apparently has not."

Declaring that on the very day General Crowder signed the memorandum reply submitted to Congress he also signed a memorandum recommending that this soldier be released and restored to his pevious status in the army, Senator Chamberlain said:

"I have gone at length into the misstatements of General Crowder concerning this case, so as to show conclusively how unworthy of acceptance his reply to me is. In regard to other cases cited by me, it is sufficient to state that the same false answers are made."

AUSTRO-GERMAN PLOT FRUSTRATED BY CZECHS

Invasion of Bohemia by German Troops Was to Follow Riots Fomented in Cities.

BERNE, March 5.—The Czechoslovak Government, in its investigation of the activities of the German Vice Consul Schwartz, who was arrested several days ago, has learned that Schwartz was the active worker in Bohemia in a plan to provoke disorders in German Bohemia and Moravia.

The German plan, according to advices received from Prague, was to throw troops across the frontier into Bohemia as soon as insurrections planned for Prague, Brunn, Budweiss, and Pressburg had gained a good start.

German and Austrian spies, it is added, have been discovered in a great many towns in Bohemia. The Czechoslovak Government announces that it will soon make public the names of these spies, including Austrian officers who were arrested in Bohemia and Moravia.

The military authorities of the Government of German Austria were particularly active in the towns of Reichenberg and Leitmeritz. The Bohemian Government discovered a considerable quantity of arms in the town of Trautenau, near the German border.

The United States Peace Mission sent to Austria some time ago has directed Lieutenant Philip Goodwin to go to Maramaros - Sziget (in Northeastern Hungary) to establish relations with the Hungarians and Ukrainians and study the situation there. He will forward his report to the Peace Conference.

WILL FREE ALL IRISH POLITICAL PRISONERS

Government Will Release Them in Small Batches to Prevent Big Demonstration.

LONDON, March 6.—The British Government has decided to release all Irish political prisoners, says The Daily Mail today.

In order to prevent a great public demonstration, the newspaper adds, the prisoners will return to Ireland in small batches.

The Irish political prisoners, believed to number several score, include many members of the "Irish Parliament."

REFUSES TO ASK CONGRESS RECALL

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

"serious consequences" in the financial affairs of public utilities. Settlement of Government contracts, lifting of governmental restrictions on industry and materials as soon as possible, and continuation of the Federal survey of natural resources started during the war were asked. The conference also deplored discontinuance of Federal employment agencies, and urged demobilization of the army by local draft boards.

The section relating to public utilities was attacked vigorously by Mayor Hoan of Milwaukee, who moved that it be stricken out, the motion being supported by Mayor Meyers of Minneapolis, E. M. Harber of Kansas City, and others. Mayor Hoan wanted to know who sent the "stacks of telegrams" which Governor Cox reported had reached the committee favoring the declaration. He and Mayor Meyers declared the clause interfered with local sovereignty and Mr. Harber said aid like that given by the War Labor Board in the Kansas City strike did more harm than good.

Mayor Baker of Portland, Ore., answering for his colleagues of the committee, Governor Cox, Governor Bilbo of Mississippi, Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, Mayor Peters of Boston, and George Foster Peabody, representing the Governor of New York, said the telegrams had been addressed to President Wilson, who sent them to the committee.

"They came from the traction interests," shouted Mayor Hoan.

"Don't get excited," the Portland Executive replied. "I've pulled that corporation stuff just as you are doing and it goes well with your constituents, but I advocate this section because we ought to have some Government agency to help us in difficulties which cannot be settled locally."

Motion to strike out the clause was defeated 34 to 21.

Secretary Houston Quits Conference.

At the morning session dissatisfaction of Western delegates at what they regarded as the failure of the conference to achieve concrete results broke forth in a storm of debate, whereupon Secretary Houston, who was to have spoken, left the room in the Department of Interior, where today's sessions were held.

"This panic about Bolshevism in the United States is all a bogey," said William Piggott, spokesman for Seattle, in telling the conference of Governors and Mayors how Seattle dealt with labor unrest. "Out in the West we deplore the position taken by some public men on this question. The man is unfair who compares conditions in this country with Europe. There is no reason for anarchy or revolt in the United States, where the working people have the best homes and the best working conditions in the world, and can change their Government by the ballot instead of by force."

Mr. Piggott emphasized, however, that Mayors and Governors should act more courageously in dealing with unrest, particularly as it appeared there would be many thousands of unemployed in the country in the next few months.

"You can't help conditions by sitting around playing politics," he declared, in continuing the attack on Congress for not passing appropriation bills, which was begun yesterday by other speakers. He said that important legislation for reclamation projects in the West and to continue construction of the Alaska Railroad, which would have been of great benefit and given employment to thousands, had been held up because the Senate "fiddled while Rome burned."

Mr. Piggott said that his experience as a manufacturer caused him to believe that the cost of living could be reduced from 10 to 50 per cent. without reducing wages. He quoted a Washington hotel bill of fare listing grapefruit at 70 cents, "about what it would take to buy an acre of grapefruit land out West."

Plans for the organization of an "American Mayors' League" were discussed tonight at a final meeting of many of the Mayors. A committee of five was appointed to confer with the Department of Labor as to the feasibility of forming such an organization.

To deal with the present industrial and labor situation, the organization would be subject to the call of the Secretary of Labor at any time for conference. Feb. 4 was fixed as the definite date for an annual conference, to be called by the Secretary, it being the purpose of the Mayors to convene in Washington a month before the end of the regular session of Congress, so that the views of the conference can be placed before the legislative body.

ALLIES' HUGE TASK TO FEED GERMANY

3,500,000 Tons of Grain, 1,000,000 of Fats, and 1,000,000 of Meat Needed.

POTATO SUPPLY NEARLY OUT

Only Large Enough to Last Till May 15, Says a Semi-Official Report from Germany.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, March 5.—Three and a half million tons of grain, 1,000,000 tons of meat, 1,000,000 tons of fats—that is the amount of food which Germany must have from abroad this year, and which she hopes to get from America most largely, according to estimates which have come to the notice of the American Army of Occupation. Experts making estimates figure that this supply will cost 5,000,000,000 marks. At the present value of the mark, about 11½ cents, this would be something less than $800,000,000; but the mark is depreciating all the time.

A semi-official German review of the food situation says:

"The deficit in grain for 1919 is 2,000,000 tons. The crop for 1919 could never have been sufficient, but since Posen, which supplies one-tenth of the grain produced in Germany, is added to Poland, the deficit becomes serious. At the present moment there are considerable supplies in Government control centres, but all will be exhausted by the end of May.

"The general production of foodstuffs is considerable, but these products must compensate for the lack of potatoes in the next few months. Ten thousand tons of nuts have been distributed since the last harvest, and an additional 10,000 tons are to be distributed. Cattle delivery has been good, but the remaining numbers must be used for agricultural purposes. Imported meat, if permission to import can be obtained, can be used only as a supplement for other rations. The fat problem is very serious. The supply has gone back 33 per cent. from the supply of 1917. Milk is dangerously scarce, the situation being worst in the Rhineland and Westphalia. For the supply of potatoes, the loss of Posen is serious. Eleven billion seven hundred million pounds of potatoes are needed for the cities. Seven billion pounds are assigned and 2,200,000,000 pounds are still to be added, leaving a deficit of 2,500,000,000 pounds in the supply for ten weeks. Our potatoes will be completely used up by the middle of May.

"The planted vegetable area has been increased 113 per cent., but because of unsatisfactory transportation conditions much is spoiled. Dried and salt vegetables must replace a large part of the rations. The sugar supply is very inadequate, likewise the fish supply. Fertilizer cannot be obtained, as the factories lack coal and lime."

While no settlement has been made of the financial arrangements by which Germany is to pay for food from America, negotiations being still in progress, there seems to be a growing idea that payments is to be made by the sale of foreign securities held by Germany.

SALE OF IRON CROSSES STOPPED IN COBLENZ

Nearly Every American Soldier Who Wanted One Has Been Supplied, However.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, March 5.—After a two months' fight against the sale of Iron Crosses to Americans as souvenirs, leading Germans of Coblenz appear to have won a victory, but not before almost every one who wanted one of the trinkets had obtained it. Many efforts were made to halt this traffic, until about two weeks ago a committee appealed to the headquarters of the Third American Army for aid in prohibiting purchases of Iron Crosses. The reply was given that the proper step was to stop the sale, rather than to stop the purchase, and that the American soldiers would be allowed to buy anything offered for sale in Coblenz.

Thereupon the German committee conducted a campaign among shopkeepers with apparent success. The Coblenz Volkszeitung today publishes an editorial in which the writer says:

"Open trafficking in Iron Crosses has finally been stopped by the authorities, and the Iron Cross order has disappeared from windows excepting in those stores dealing in military equipment. These stores should also be prevented from dealing in Iron Crosses, except under certain conditions. Perhaps the best rule would be to prohibit sales except in cases where a certificate showing that the buyer is entitled to the order can be produced. Those who are loyal Germans and imbued with the German national spirit should not sell the ribbon which is attached to the Iron Crosses for use as watch chains or souvenirs. Let us do what we can to preserve the pride which our brothers should have in wearing this ribbon and to prevent its significance from being destroyed by disposing of it to persons who are not entitled to wear it."

Before the success of this campaign thousands of Iron Crosses, many of them of inferior make, were sold to Americans at fancy prices.

GERMANY MAY OPPOSE COERCION BY ALLIES

Cabinet and Shipowners Said to Have Agreed on Strong Stand on Peace.

PARIS, March 5.—At a meeting of the German Cabinet on Monday morning, attended by party leaders and delegates of shipowners, it was agreed unanimously, it is understood, that Germany could not submit to coercion from the Entente Powers, in either armistice negotiations or the peace pourparlers proper, according to a Zurich dispatch to Le Journal.

The German Government declared that it would decline all responsibility for possible consequences if "the Entente tries to speculate on German patience." Demands regarding the requisition of shipping were held to be absolutely inacceptable because, it was said, it would definitely "paralyze the country's economic future."

Germany will also oppose the dismissal of German crews from ships requisitioned, it being pointed out that this would throw 42,000 seamen out of employment.

A press campaign has already been started against the armistice and the preliminary peace conditions.

WANT REFUGE FOR EX-KAISER.

Pan Germans Also Denounce the "Suicidal Armistice."

BERLIN, March 4, (Associated Press.)—The German National Assembly or the Ebert Government is in honor bound to furnish a safe retreat on German soil for former Emperor William and his wife, according to a proclamation adopted by the Pan German League at a meeting held at Bamberg, Bavaria. The proclamation demands that political responsibility for the "suicidal armistice" of Nov. 11 be definitely fixed, and that the guilty persons be expelled from the public service.

The proclamation of the Pan Germans, who apparently learn nothing and forget nothing, begins with the accusation that the collapse of Germany was due solely to traitors "among our own people, who are openly boasting of their achievements," and also to lack of courage and determination on the part of the men at the head of the National Government and the Governments of the federated States, who failed to stem the tide of revolution.

The league gave General Ludendorff a vote of gratitude, and absolved him from blame for the "momentous measure he was forced to adopt at the end of his military career." The proclamation is signed by well-known Pan German political, industrial, and military leaders.

BELGIAN REBUKES SENATOR CALDER

Statement That Spoiled Food Was Sent for Relief a Detestable Slander, Says Franqui.

PARIS, March 5.—Emil Franqui, a member of the Belgian Cabinet and at one time Chairman of the Belgian National Relief Committee, announced today that he had sent the following message to United States Senator William M. Calder at Washington under date of March 4:

"I am shocked by reports that you have moved an investigation of the statement that some American food was sent to Belgium and Northern France in such bad condition that it poisoned my countrymen. How could such lies be received seriously?

"During four years of the German occupation I myself was head of the organization which co-operated within Belgium with the American Relief Commission. I have had daily knowledge of the quality, use, and effect of the precious food which saved my nation and the lives of the people in the occupied parts of France. I bitterly resent and my countrymen are filled with sorrow that responsible men should lend their ears to detestable slander against Americans who gave us four years of their life, strength, and talent. I feel that it would belittle their services to deny the gossip, yet it is impossible to let it pass.

"Therefore, for myself and for my country, I emphatically protest against this tissue of falsehood. Seven millions of my countrymen and 2,500,000 inhabitants of Northern France are alive, which is proof that none starved and that none was poisoned. If I should say more, it would be to cry shame against those few Americans who would besmirch the noblest thing which came out of the war and the noble character brought out by the work of the Commission for Relief in Belgium through its tens of thousands of unselfish workers in America, as well as actually in the war zone."

CHRISTY ASKS DIVORCE.

Artist Again Seeks Freedom from Wife and Former Model.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, March 5.—Howard Chandler Christy, the illustrator, has filed a petition for divorce from Mrs. Maybelle Thompson Christy, his wife and former model. The artist charges gross neglect of duty, willful absence, and embarrassing him by her mode of living. Christy filed suit for divorce three years ago, but the action was dismissed. The Christys were married in 1898. They have one daughter, Natalie, aged 19, who is a student at Wellesley College.

The above message, received from the town in which Mr. Christy once lived, is another chapter in the long drawn out marital troubles of the well-known artist. Mr. Christy has filed many actions for divorce against his wife, Mrs. Maybelle Thompson Christy, on the charge of gross neglect of duty, in the last few years. For the last nine years there have been several separations and reconciliations, but friends of Mr. Christy in this city said last night that he was determined this time to settle the issue between himself and his wife.

Mrs. Christy has sought on several occasions to get the custody of their daughter Natalie. Ten years ago the daughter was placed in the custody of her father's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Christy of Duncan Falls. Later the girl chose to live with her father, and the court granted permission.

TROOPS KEEP ORDER IN BERLIN STRIKE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

for the outbreak on the Spartacides, who are accused of having precipitated the strike before organization plans had been perfected. The slogan, "Down with Ebert and Scheidemann" no longer receives prominence in the agitation.

At a plenary session the greater Berlin Soviets have rejected a Spartacide resolution aimed at the majority Socialists and the Government, and have declared, instead, that the strike has been aimed at the Government only because the demands made by workingmen have not been met satisfactorily.

Minister Noske in Control.

March 4.—Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, has ordered the troops to arrest all strikers or leaders of the strikers who are guilty of rioting or intimidating workmen. He apparently has the situation well in hand.

Troops of the army corps of General von Lüttwitz were brought to Berlin late last night to assist in maintaining order and are bivouacked in the open spaces of the city. The central telegraph and telephone offices, the Reichsbank, food depots, slaughter houses, and railway stations are garrisoned strongly.

The marine division has announced that it would co-operate with the Government troops in maintaining order and repressing looting.

Troops Fire on Rioters.

Government troops at police headquarters fired on rioters in the neighborhood late today and several casualties are reported to have resulted. The troops had been called to disperse the crowds which were gathering in increased numbers around the headquarters. Reports were current earlier that a Spartacide marine division had seized the headquarters, but this turned out to be incorrect.

The proclamation of martial law by the Prussian Ministry had a salutary effect, the quick recovery of strategic points in the city by the Reinhardt Brigade also serving to dampen the ardor of the Spartacides.

Government soldiers are concentrating attention on the Moabit Prison, the Police Headquarters, the Chancellory, and the Imperial Bank.

An unofficial deputation of Majority Socialists went to Weimar today to confer with the Cabinet on the strike situation. An official delegation, representing the Soldiers' Executive Board, which is directing the strike, will go to Weimar on Wednesday.

It is believed here that the joint deliberations at Weimar will result in the Government making declarations which will definitely end the strike.

The Government has published the draft of a general socialization law, and has announced that the law and a bill socializing coal mines would be submitted to the Federal Council. By this step the Government apparently hopes to take the wind out of the sails of the radicals, as one of the most effective appeals to the working class has been based on the delay in the socialization program.

The Government bill is drawn in brief and general terms, and reserves for the national Government the field of legislation covering the socialization of industry, particularly coal mines and water, electric, and other power plants. It adopts the principle that the control of industries by bodies of a self-administrative character under national supervision is of common importance. The draft does not indicate that socialization will be applied for the present to any branches of industry except mines and power development.

28,000 Troops Now in Berlin.

LONDON, March 5. — Government troops have been gathered in Berlin to the number of 28,000, according to advices from the German capital received in Basle.

Troops on Tuesday occupied the printing plant of The Red Flag, the Spartacide organ, without fighting. Dr. Hans Meyer, the editor of the paper, was arrested.

Robberies amounting to many millions worth of property in Berlin have been carried out in the last two days, according to a Reuter dispatch from that city. Jewelers' stores have been looted, and also drapers' establishments, where goods have been taken valued at hundreds of thousands of marks. In the northeastern part of the city dairy, produce, and meat shops have been plundered.

FIGHTING AND LOOTING SPREAD IN GERMANY

Move to Open Way for Russian Invasion Is Checked—Machine Guns Subdue Halle Reds.

BERLIN, March 5, (Associated Press.)—The Spartacides have inaugurated a movement to seize Königsberg, East Prussia, and thereby open a route of communication to Moscow, so that Bolshevist armies from Russia may move to the assistance of the Spartacide forces, according to an official Government bulletin today. The Government, the bulletin states, set troops into Königsberg, who disarmed the Spartacide home guard after considerable fighting.

The Radicals are endeavoring to extend the general strike movement to Southeastern Saxony.

March 4.—Government troops occupied Halle, between Berlin and Weimar, late Monday after sanguinary street fighting in which thirty civilians were killed, according to an aviator who has arrived here from that city. The troops also suffered casualties.

During the fighting, the aviator reports the rioters seized officers of the Government forces and threw them into the River Saale, where they permitted them to drown. There was much looting prior to and during the fighting, and the property loss is said to be heavy.

The Spartacide leaders fled from the city and are reported to have taken a large amount of city funds with them. The Government troops have proclaimed a state of siege in Halle.

Plundering continues at Halle, despite the entry of Government troops, and the business centre has been completely looted. The mob is also resorting to incendiarism. Extensive destruction has been caused by the artillery and mine-throwers which the troops used in their combats with the Spartacides.

Advices from Bremen state that the political prisoners there have been released by insurgents. The electric and gas works are in insurgent hands.

The attempt to call a general strike in Dresden was a complete fiasco.

Agitation is in progress for a general strike at Hanover.

LONDON, March 5.—Berlin telegrams received in Berne give alarming reports of the situation in Halle. They say that the troops have used machine guns and that a number of officers and strikers have been killed.

Absolute anarchy reigns at Zeitz, southwest of Leipsic. Both the workmen and the bourgeoisie are on strike there and a number of persons have been killed or wounded in street fighting. The town has been in darkness for several nights. Part of the troops there are said to remain loyal to the Government.

The proposal for a general strike at Jena, twelve miles southeast of Weimar, put forward by the leaders of the workingmen, has been carried.

A general strike has begun at Eisenach, forty-four miles west of Weimar, where rioting has broken out.

Virtually all the miners are out at Hamborn.

It was announced at Monday's meeting of the Berlin Workmen's Councils that the railway men in Central Germany had declared for a general strike.

The bourgeoisie committee in Leipsic has issued a manifesto declaring that the bourgeoisie strike will be maintained until order is completely restored. The doctors of the city announce that they will refuse to perform services until the lighting, heating, water, food, and street car services are guaranteed. The Workers' Councils, it is stated, promised to make every effort to restore the gas and electric services.

Grave incidents, including looting, are reported from Magdeburg and Hanover.

WORKERS' ENVOYS AT WEIMAR

Confer with Cabinet Members—Fear Danger to Assembly.

WEIMAR, March 4, (Associated Press.)—The Government decided this evening at the last moment, as the result of new information concerning the strike in Berlin and the situation generally, not to have the National Assembly take a recess, as had been intended, but to continue its sessions indefinitely and get the mass of business before it finished in the shortest possible time.

The causes for this decision, it is understood, are on the one hand the belief that quick action may be necessary in the armistice situation, and on the other hand the fear that if the convention is dismissed even for a week it might have difficulty in reassembling. It has already become difficult for the members to get to their respective homes because of the strikes.

The first reading of the Constitution was concluded today in the Assembly, and it was referred to a committee of twenty-eight. Dr. Edouard David of the Cabinet, replying to criticisms of the Constitution, made a spirited defense. He declared that its assailants forgot an important thing—that a republican form of Government was in existence, a fact which few would have thought possible a year ago, when the old régime fought so tenaciously against the people's will. He held that this Constitution would tend toward a stronger welding of the empire.

ACT TO END STRIKE ON RAILROAD BOATS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

the controversy will use all the power which they possess to make your findings effective.'

"At the President's direction the National War Labor Board has acted, and the Macy award is the result. The union leaders, in utter defiance of their solemn compact with the President, have ridiculed and repudiated this award and tied up the commerce of the port again. The challenge to a new arbitration is an affront to Presilent Wilson and a piece of impudent self-advertising.

"At this juncture there is just one question to be decided. The people of New York are entitled to know whether the Railroad Administration and the officials in Washington are going to uphold the honor and dignity of the Government and President Wilson by insistence upon strict observance of the Macy award, or whether we have now reached that state of degradation where an agreement with the President may safely be treated as a scrap of paper. Until the Government defines its attitude on this very vital issue it would be premature for the private boat owners to make any declaration of their own intentions."

Offered Tugs to Remove Garbage.

Gerard Keller, Secretary of the New York Tugboat Exchange, in a letter to Mayor Hylan said:

"It is the desire of the members of this association to mitigate, so far as is in their power, any inconvenience or suffering to the people of New York as a result of the present marine workers' strike. With the mild weather now prevailing we recognize that accumulations of garbage and filth may readily become a menace to the public health, and it is our wish to do everything to aid you in averting this danger. To this end we hereby tender to the City of New York the use of all or any part of the equipment owned by our members, consisting of more than 400 tugboats. This offer is good for the duration of the strike, and is entirely without obligation to the city, other than the payment of the actual wages of the crews. We can supply all needed licensed masters, as well as deckhands, cooks, and oilers. For the time being it will be necessary to ask the city to furnish the required engineers from its civil service employes, although we believe that even this difficulty can very speedily be overcome."

The following statement was given out at the Mayor's office yesterday:

"The request made by Grover A. Whalen, Secretary of the Mayor's Committee on Welcome to Homecoming Troops, to Messrs. Delahunty and Maher of the Marine Affiliated Workers' Association requesting exemption for the operation of the boats Correction, Highlander, Queens, and Fidelity, which are to go down the bay to welcome Major Gen. O'Ryan and the troops aboard the Leviathan, was acted upon favorably by the union. Mr. Delahunty, President of the union, requested, however, that the following signs be carried on all boats:

"'The Marine Workers of the Port of New York welcome the homecoming 27th Division. These boats are operated at no expense to the boat owners, the operators being furnished gratis by the marine workers, who are now on strike.'"

The conference between representatives of the Railroad Administration and the strikers yesterday was brought about by James L. Hughes of the War Labor Board, and was attended by the members of the Strike Committee, Mr. Hughes, Federal Manager A. J. Stone of the Erie, Federal Manager C. H. Ewing of the Philadelphia and Reading, R. L. O'Donnell, General Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and P. E. Crowley, Federal Manager of the Jersey Central.

After the meeting Mr. Hughes gave out a statement, in which he said:

"The important features of the situation were discussed and a very satisfactory progress made toward a settlement of the controversy."

No Proposal at Meeting.

Vice President William A. Maher of the Marine Workers' Affiliation said that there had been no concrete proposals at the meeting and that the three hours of the conference were consumed in discussing general phases of the strike. "The proposition tomorrow," he said, "is to be in dollars and sense. There is not going to be any proposals of a new form of arbitration, and such a thing would not be considered for a moment. Whether the men will consent to any agreement that would involve settling the strike with the railroads, but not with the private boat owners, remains to be seen."

Mr. Maher and others who attended the meeting said that there was no prospect that the boat owners would adopt the proposal to be put forward today by the Government. Mr. Maher added that the strike had increased in effectiveness during the day.

"We called the attention of army officers," he said, "to one or two instances in which men engaged in army work had been set to work on private jobs. Colonel Phipps at once ordered that such work cease. Aside from this the agreement with the army and navy has been complied with perfectly. One army officer told me that the British Government's agents here had pleaded with them for help in moving some cargo, including mules, but this was refused."

Fewer ferries were running yesterday than on the preceding day. The harbor workers quit work at 5 o'clock yesterday morning on boats running from Hamilton Avenue to the Battery, Atlantic Avenue to Whitehall Street, and Fulton Street, Brooklyn, to Fulton Street, Manhattan. The municipal ferries continued in operation yesterday. Generally the situation in the harbor was about the same as the day before, the strikers claiming that they had reduced still further the number of craft in operation, while the boat owners asserted that they had made some progress in manning boats with non-union men.

Embargo on Freight to New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—An embargo on freight between Pacific Coast points and New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, and Jersey City has been declared by the United States Railroad Administration, according to advices received here today. Congested freight conditions at the New York terminals owing to the strike of harbor workers are responsible for the order, it was said.

A box of oranges

Andrew Carnegie

one of the world's richest men, was the son of a poor Scotch weaver. He early learned the advantages of economy. At the age of ten he saved a few shillings—enough to buy a box of oranges — which he promptly peddled at a profit of 100 per cent.

At twelve he was brought to America and put to work in a mill. His earnings were 20 cents a day.

While still a young man he managed through thrift to accumulate $500, which he invested. His first dividend served as the inspiration for his remarkable achievements and financial power in later years.

But the seed of his prosperity was first sown when he invested the few shillings he had saved—in a box of oranges.

There are boxes of oranges all about us today--only they go under a different name. Wise men see them--invest, and reap the profits in success.

There are men--and women too--who sense the possibilities of small beginnings, even as Carnegie.

Get your box of oranges TODAY

BUY W. S. S.

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He is not yet thirty; neither too old to learn more, nor to young to be "dangerous." He is clean as a hound's tooth, of excellent moral fibre—the kind of a man that any corporation would be proud to have identified with its affairs.

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The March offerings of our Bond Department, sent on request, include United States Government bonds now selling to yield about 4.70%; bonds of Great Britain and of the Dominion of Canada yielding about 5½% and high grade municipal, railroad, public utility and industrial bonds yielding from 4.40% to 6.50%.

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REDS DEFENDED BEFORE SENATORS

Miss Beatty, Magazine Editor, Is for Experiment with Bolshevism in Russia Only.

SCOTCH WITNESS GRILLED

Keadle Denounced by Nelson as "Apparently the Only Black Sheep in Scotland."

ASSAILS ACTION OF ALLIES

Conscientious Objector Says There Is More Humanity in Bolshevism Than in Christianity.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Senate committee which is investigating Bolshevism abroad and at home resumed its public hearings this morning. Two witnesses were called, one of them a young woman who is a member of the family of which Admiral Sir David Beatty is the most famous member, and the other a Scotchman, who went to Russia as the industrial manager of the British Society of Friends mission to that country.

Admiral Beatty's relative, who was called at the request of Bolshevist apologists in this country, is Miss Bessie Beatty of 183 East Nineteenth Street, New York City, who gave her occupation as that of editor of McCall's Magazine. Miss Beatty did not prove the strong witness for Bolshevism that Reed and Williams had said she would be, and frankly admitted that she had no first-hand information as to conditions in Russia at the present time. She said that while she was in favor of the Russians experimenting with Bolshevism she was not anxious to see the experiment tried in the United States and in England.

Frank Keadle, the other witness, is a London tea expert, who went to Russia in 1916 and left there last October. He showed himself the most outspoken defender of the Lenine-Trotzky régime who has appeared before the committee. On cross-examination he admitted that he was not a member of the Society of Friends, but just an ordinary conscientious objector. He made it very plain that he has no objection to a social revolution in England, and said that he expected to sail for that country next week. Senator Nelson denounced him as "apparently the only black sheep in Scotland."

Miss Beatty's Experience.

Miss Beatty was the first witness. She explained that her grandfather and Admiral Beatty's father were brothers; that she had two brothers in the British service, but that she herself was an American citizen.

In answer to questions by Major Hume, Miss Beatty said that she was in Russia from June, 1917, until the latter part of January, 1918. She said that she had visited Petrograd, Moscow, Nijni-Novgorod and Dvinsk, was personally acquainted with Trotzky and Lenine, and had for about two weeks barracked with the Russian Women's Regiment that was known as the Battalion of Death.

"What," ask Major Hume, "was the situation in Russia when you first arrived there in 1917?"

"It was very bad. It certainly was very bad in a military way. The Russians even as early as that had made up their minds that they would do no more fighting. They said they would not fight their German brothers who had been driven into the trenches by the Kaiser and who were not responsible for the war."

"Before proceeding further," said Senator Overman, "I would like to know how long you were in Russia after Lenine and Trotzky gained control."

"About three months—long enough to learn something of the movement that was under way."

"Then you were not there during the period which we will refer to as the réign of terror?"

"No, that came after I left."

"Are you a Socialist?" asked Senator Nelson.

"There are forty different kinds of Socialists in Russia. In 1916 I campaigned California for President Wilson. I never affiliated with any group of Socialists except the group that supported President Wilson in that campaign."

"Are you a member of the suffragette picket squad?"

"No, I am not."

"Are you a Boleshvik?" interjected Senator Overman.

"No, not at all," was the reply. "But at the same time I think that we should try and understand what they are attempting to do."

"Well, what are they trying to do?" asked Senator Nelson.

"Their program is for the socialization of land and industry and the promotion of peace. That is their plan in a nutshell. Their idea is to take the earning power out of money. Money they consider stored capital. In other words, in Russia the rule is that a person cannot use his money to make more money. He can spend it any way he wants, but he can't put it to earn more money. For instance, he cannot loan it out at interest."

"That is, if a man has a friend who needs money to equip his farm that man cannot loan his friend the money needed for that legitimate purpose?"

"No, as I understand it, he cannot loan the money to him. The plan in Russia is to bring everybody to the same level. That is, lower the upper 10 per cent. and raise the lower 90 per cent. of the population."

"Do you favor that system?"

"One cannot answer yes or no to a question of that sort."

"I fear," remarked Senator Nelson, "that you are very much of a Russian Socialist at heart."

"I don't know whether Bolshevism will work or not, but I would like to see it tried out," answered Miss Beatty.

"So you want to see it tried out?" Senator Sterling queried.

"Yes, in Russia."

Doubts Women Are Nationalized.

In answer to other questions Miss Beatty said she did not believe that any effort had ever been made in any part of Russia to nationalize women. She cited as one of her authorities for this statement Jerome Davis, the Y. M. C. A. worker.

"I was in the Smolny Institute," Miss Beatty added, "when the marriage decree was debated. By this decree couples who wish to marry go before the Marriage Commission. It is something like going before a Justice of the Peace in this country. At the Smolny meeting they also discussed the divorce question, and there was some talk as to the number of divorces a person should be allowed. To be divorced the man and woman who desire the separation appear before the commission and announce that they no longer desire to remain married."

"In other words when a couple in Russia get tired of each other they just quit, isn't that right?" said Senator Nelson.

"Yes."

"Miss Beatty, do I understand your position to be that the majority of the Russians want the Bolsheviki and that, therefore, they should be permitted to have it?" Major Humes asked.

"Yes, that is my position."

"We have had men of the highest character before this committee. Some of those men were in Russian jails and they testified that they saw men led forth to execution without the formality of trial and without knowledge of the charge against them. Do you discredit the testimony of those witnesses?"

"No, I do not. I say that everything is logical. Nothing happens without a cause."

"Are you directly or indirectly connected with Bolshevist propaganda in this country?" asked Senator Nelson.

"No, I am not."

"Well, was it your purpose, in appearing before this committee, to defend and justify Bolshevism?"

"No. All I want is for the Allies to withdraw their troops from Russia and let the Russians work out their own problems without outside interference."

Miss Beatty said that Nuorteva, the Finn, was the only Bolshevist representative she knew of in this country. She thought there was a considerable radical movement in some of the larger cities here, but did not think it was of Russian origin.

Keadle Defends Bolshevism.

Frank Keadle followed Miss Beatty. He was in the uniform of the Friends Service and said that he had been in this country about six weeks. He said he was in Russia from 1916 until last December. He was in Petrograd and Moscow in January and February, 1918, and after that in Omsk and other parts of the empire. He said he visited some forty villages and that he considered himself qualified to express the viewpoint of the peasant farmers.

He said he considered that the agricultural policies of the Bolsheviki had proved successful. So far as the nationalization of industry was concerned, that was perhaps the weakest spot in the structure.

"Do you believe in the nationalization of land?" questioned Senator Sterling.

"Yes. I believe the necessities of life should be owned by the people."

"You believe, do you, that a poor Russian peasant should not have the right to own a few acres of land, no right to own a horse or a cow, not even the right to own an animal of any sort?" Senator Nelson asked.

"But he owns it," replied Keadle.

"You equivocate," commented Senator Nelson. "For you know he cannot, under the present system, own those things. He can't buy an acre of land like you can in Scotland, and you know it."

The witness became somewhat angry, and after a reference to the Moscow Government, which other witnesses have testified is probably the most bloody and ruthless in Russia, he denounced the Allies for sending troops to Vladivostok, Archangel, and the Murman coast.

"The Allies," he said, "are the cause of it all."

"Did not those same Allies to whom you refer break that Brest-Litovsk treaty that robbed Russia of Livonia, Courland, the Ukraine and other sections of the country and which exacted millions in indemnity, and did they not compel the return of that indemnity? Do you think that indicates that America, England and the other Allies are enemies of Russia?", Senator Nelson demanded to know.

"I regard Russia," Keadle retorted hotly, "as the one creative experiment that has developed out of this war. They are trying to create a new social order. It is an experiment and may fail, but let us get the truth. The Allies have made a steel ring around the Bolsheviki with the Czechoslovaks, the Americans, the British, the Japanese and the French. Kolchak, in Siberia, has already commandeered 100,000,000 bushels of wheat to make vodka out of and that wheat should have been sent to Petrograd and Moscow to feed the hungry people of those cities. This intervention by the Allies is turning the moderate socialists of Russia into extreme readicals."

"Are you in favor of the Bolshevist Government as it now exists and is operating?"

"I maintain that the Russian people should be permitted to settle their own affairs. America has a Monroe Doctrine and why should not Russia also have a Monroe Doctrine against the intervention of outsiders in her affairs?"

"Suppose," said Senator Overman, "that some of the best men of England, of France, and of the United States, who have been in Russia and who understand the situation, say that if the Allies quit that country a reign of terror such as the world has never seen will follow, do you think that under circumstances such as that England and America and France should desert the Russian people?"

"That is not the truth, in my opinion."

"Well, put it this way. Do you think that these troops should be withdrawn if the Governments of the nations I have mentioned believe that terror on a gigantic scale will follow?"

Insists Allies Should Withdraw.

"I think the troops should be withdrawn. That is not a fair question."

"Would you like to see a Bolshevist Government in England?" asked Senator Sterling.

"No, but I want to see a better social condition in England."

"I take it for granted," said Senator Overman, "that you did not fight for England?"

"No, I was a conscientious objector."

"Did German officers help organize the Red Guard, and are German soldiers in that organization?" Major Hume asked.

"There were German soldiers in the Red Guard and I am informed that German officers helped to organize the guard."

"Did you receive any money from the Bolsheviki?"

"No."

Keadle said that he did not think Boleshevism has much of a chance in this country.

"I don't think you need it in America. You are a young nation yet," he said.

"Well, what countries need it?" Senator Sterling asked.

"They need a new social order in Scotland, in England, and in France. There is more humanity in Bolshevism than there is in Christianity."

"You are a Socialist?"

"Yes."

"You are a pacifist?"

"Yes."

"And a conscientious objector?"

"Yes."

"And you welcome a revolution in England, your own country?"

"Yes, a better social order. I stand for a system that will create a new and better order, not Bolshevism as you understand it, but an ideal Bolshevism."

"And you would like to see that in England."

"Yes."

"When did you become a Quaker?"

"I have never joined the Quakers, or the Friends, as they are called in England."

"Well, when did you begin to sympathize with their views?"

"In London I worked for a Quaker firm."

"Then," said Major Humes, "you are not a conscientious objector on religious grounds?"

"Yes, I am," the witness almost shouted, "and don't you say that I am not."

"What church do you belong to?"

"The Church of Scotland."

"That's the Presbyterian Church, and the Scotch Presbyterians are fighters," Senator Nelson remarked dryly.

"How did you manage to keep out of the army?" Senator Overman asked.

"I presented my case to the board."

"Apparently from what you say you are the only black sheep in Scotland," commented Senator Nelson, and the questioning ended.

Raymond Robins, who was Red Cross Commissioner to Russia, and whom the Bolsheviki claim as one of their apologists, will take the stand tomorrow morning.

Embassy Denies Wheat Seizure.

Baron Gunsburg of the Russian Embassy denied tonight that the Siberian Government had commandeered 100,000,000 bushels of wheat for use in making vodka, when his attention was called to the statement of the witness Keadle, before the committee. Officials at the embassy pointed out that there was too much need of wheat for food purposes in Siberia and elsewhere in non-Bolshevik Russia for wheat to be commandeered for making vodka.

LEVY TRIBUTE ON KIEV.

Reds Demand 200,000,000 Rubles from Capital of Ukraine.

WARSAW, March 4, (via Montreal.)—Strong forces of Bolsheviki are still active in Ukraine. They still hold Kiev, on which they are reported to have levied a contribution of 200,000,000 rubles and have forced the bourgeois class to exchange houses with the population of the slums and ghetto quarter of the town.

A large detachment of Ukrainians is now holding the Bolsheviki south of the Kiev-Kovel Railway line, but the whole of this line is reported to be in the hands of the Bolshevist forces.

Petlura, the present dictator of the Ukrainian Government, is accounted a strong leader and of pro-Ally sentiments, but he does not appear to be sufficiently supported by the various elements in Ukrainia.

Odessa and a small belt of territory around that city is at present held by French troops.

BERNE, March 4.—A large consignment of food has reached Moscow from Ukraine, where it was requisitioned by the Bolshevist army, according to a telegram given out here by the Ukrainian Press Bureau today. The shipment consisted of sixty carloads of flour, two of manufactured articles, and thirty of sugar. The requisitioning of these supplies was approved by M. Rakowski, Premier of the Ukrainian Soviet Ministry, it is said.

REDS HOPE FOR LOAN HERE.

Plan to Offer Mining and Railroad Concessions for Money.

STOCKHOLM, March 5.—The Soviet Government of Russia hopes to be able to arrange a big loan in America and is preparing to offer in exchange important mining and railroad concessions, according to Petrograd advices received here.

Reports show that the internal war in Russia has cost 4,000,000,000 rubles during the last two months, and that an extra levy or 10,000,000,000 rubles has been insufficient to cover the total deficit of the Soviet Government. It is said that the Bolsheviet Treasury is hardly able to raise 450,000,000 rubles.

WASHINGTON, March 5. — Swedish press reports received by the State Department today said the Russian Soviet Government had appropriated 8,000,000 rubles monthly for carrying on its propaganda in various countries.

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PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
The Paris Shop of America

Gidding Tailormades are individual, artistic and exclusive — made especially for the smartest and best dressed women in America

Many models have just been received from our workrooms featuring the

NEW STRAIGHTLINE RUSSIAN BLOUSE AND VEST EFFECTS

LEADING JEWS HERE ASK WORLD LIBERTY

Julius Kahn Sailing to Head an American Delegation to Paris Conference.

SAY ISSUE IS CLOUDED

Will Act with British and French Jews in Larger Aims Than Proposed Zionist Nationalism.

As the result of advices received from Paris that the cause of Jewish liberty throughout the world had become clouded by the issue of nationalism raised by the Zionists, a delegation of prominent Jews in this country, headed by Representative Julius Kahn of California, will leave within a few days for the Peace Conference. The personnel of the committee which will co-operate with the joint committee of British Jews and the Alliance Israelite Universelle in presenting the cause of world freedom for the Jews will be announced shortly.

The American Hebrew, which first announced that plans had been made to send a delegation abroad, says in its issue, published today:

"After this week's issue was already on the press we received last-minute news from Washington that special cables from Major Lionel De Rothschild had reached this country, backing up the position maintain by The American Hebrew to the effect that the cause of liberty for the Jews of the world has been lost sight of in Paris, due to the Nationalist agitation, and that American Jews must send a delegation to the Paris Peace Conference. The cause has finally been heeded by those who signed the petition which the Hon. Julius Kahn presented to President Wilson on this subject Tuesday before the President left Washington.

"A delegation which will co-operate with the Joint Foreign Committee of British Jews and the Alliance Israelite Universelle, already represented in Paris, for the practical, constructive purpose of laying the case of the Jews of the world before the Peace Conference from the point of view of civil, political, religious, and economic rights the world over, instead of from the Palestinian point of view, is now being organized.

"A fight will be made by these English and French and American Jewish representatives on the basis of liberty for the Jews in every nation in whose midst Jews have formerly been denied these rights, and in every new country that will be constituted by the peace treaty."

The Rev. Isaac Landman, editor of The American Hebrew, said last night that certain Zionists had laid so much stress on the idea of making Palestine a Jewish nation that the bigger issue—namely, of obtaining political, religious, and economic freedom for the Jews throughout the world—had been entirely lost sight of. The sending of the delegation, he said, was the beginning of a movement of representative Jews of America to overcome the Zionist propaganda.

Representative Kahn came to New York from Washington yesterday, and from here went to Boston.

Maine for National Guard Draft.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 5.—Unanimous passage was given in the House today to a resolution favoring a Constitutional amendment to allow the use of a draft when necessary to fill up the quota of the National Guard.

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33rd ST.-BROADWAY-34th ST.

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1,500 pairs of smart, desirable early Spring styles in a variety of stylish lasts and patterns.

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Louis XV Heel Oxfords | Military Heel Oxfords
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To Close Out

710 Pairs Women's High Shoes

Mostly narrow widths. $3.95 *A variety of styles.*

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SOME NEWS THIS MORNING

EVERY FALL & WINTER SUIT IN OUR STOCK

Formerly Priced

$38 $35 $33 $30 $28

Reduced to

$22

There will necessarily be a small charge for alterations

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Benjamin Franklin, says:
"Make your will and take care of your soul."

Lawyers Know How To Write Wills

We have had over 30 years experience in managing estates under Wills drawn by lawyers.

If it would give you a feeling of confidence to have your own attorney act as adviser of your estate, appoint the *Franklin Trust Company* Executor and Trustee under your Will.

By arrangement the lawyer who has represented a client will be retained by us as legal adviser to the estate.

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Established 1888

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You get your building in the shortest possible time whether built on a lump-sum contract or a percentage basis when you

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ALL LEATHER SHOES

All LEATHERS SIZES
$4.95 TO $7.95

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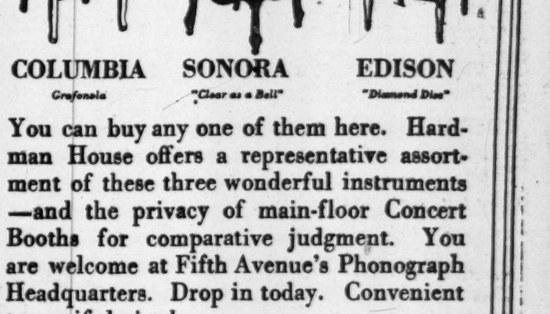

TAILORED SUITS

Harry Collins
Creator of Art in Dress.

ORIGINATED by an authoritative creator of style, Collins Tailored Suits bespeak a new trend in tailored fashion. They are the style convictions that blaze the trail for forthcoming fashions.

SUITS — FROCKS — HATS

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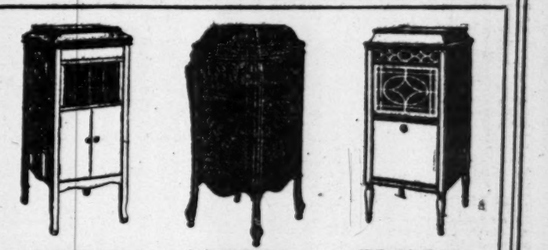


COLUMBIA *Grafonola* | SONORA *"Clear as a Bell"* | EDISON *"Diamond Disc"*

You can buy any one of them here. Hardman House offers a representative assortment of these three wonderful instruments—and the privacy of main-floor Concert Booths for comparative judgment. You are welcome at Fifth Avenue's Phonograph Headquarters. Drop in today. Convenient terms if desired.

A COMPLETE LINE OF COLUMBIA AND EDISON RECORDS

HARDMAN, PECK & CO.
Founded 1842

433 Fifth Avenue, New York (Between 38th and 39th Sts.)
47-51 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn (Pioneer Building)

YOU MUST BE SATISFIED

If you feel unwelcome, dissatisfied, you are not in a typical Liggett Drug Store.

Someone has disregarded instructions to satisfy you at any cost.

Please call the store manager.

THE REXALL DRUG STORES Liggetts

WEAGANT EXPLAINS INVENTION IN RADIO

Tells Engineers How "Static" Interference Has Been Vanquished in Wireless.

LAUDED BY PROF. PUPIN

"Continuity of Operation Equal to That of Cable" Claimed by Inventor.

The invention of Roy A. Weagant, Chief Engineer of the Marconi Telegraph Company, which was announced several months ago as a device which would completely eliminate the so-called "static" interference with the continuous sending of wireless messages, was explained in full last night to an audience of 500 engineers gathered at a joint meeting of the Institute of Radio Engineers and the New York Electrical Society, held at the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. At the time that the first announcement was made no explicit statement was given as to the means by which Mr. Weagant had attained his end, as it was then considered too valuable to be divulged to the enemy. A controversy then arose as to the value of the invention.

After giving the general theory and many of the details, the inventor last night offered to discuss with a committee to be appointed by the Radio Society the minutest features of his work during the last four years. He was especially anxious that they consider his work during the coming Summer, when interference from static is at its worse. He made the general assertion that he had made it possible to keep in communication with the European stations, such as Nauen and Lyons, at all times except during severe thunderstorms. He said that before he had installed his equipment communication had been shut off for hours at a time.

The invention was hailed by Professor Michael I. Pupin of Columbia University as "a distinct accomplishment and a great step forward in the elimination of the problem of static interference in wireless telegraphy," and G. H. Clark, a radio expert, who was designated by the Navy Department to work with Mr. Weagant during the war, said that Mr. Weagant had accomplished what he had set out to do, and that the result was a remarkable achievement, as he had made it possible for radio communication to be maintained continuously, while previous to the invention wireless equipment had been rendered useless for long periods of time by the ever present static.

The essence of the invention, according to Mr. Weagant, lay in the discovery of the fact that the static waves, which cause all the trouble, move in a vertical direction, from a source either over head or under foot, while the wireless signal waves travel in a horizontal direction above the surface of the earth. With the discovery that these two conflicting forces moved at right angles to each other, he said, there quickly followed a selective device for neutralizing the effects of the static waves, no matter how intense, and at the same time recording the signal waves.

To overcome the static interference, Weagant invented a new type of antenna or aerial wire, for the reception of the electromagnetic waves which, at one stroke, did away with the huge steel masts or towers formerly used at all wireless stations. The Weagant type may be placed only a few feet from the ground.

"It consists," he said, "of two parellel rectangular loops of wire, separated from each other by an appreciable distance. The static waves originating overhead and moving earthward reach both loops simultaneously, while the signal waves, traveling horizontally from a given direction, set into vibration first the loop nearest the direction from which the message is coming and then actuate the second loop. In other words, the static waves arrive at both aerials at the same instant, while the signal waves arrive at the two aerials at different times.

"This fact makes it possible, by a proper arrangement of electrical circuits in the receiving instruments located between the two aerial loops, to balance out or cancel the static currents, while the signal currents, which have been received at different times in the two loops and are therefore said to be 'out of phase,' combine and remain in the circuits operating the wireless receivers which record the incoming messages.

"The whole apparatus is of such small dimensions that the entire equipment, including aerials, could be readily mounted on this lecture platform and receive radio messages from across the ocean.

"Continued use has established beyond question that the performance of my system is not occasional or accidental, but is reliable and consistent. With the new system of reception transatlantic radio telegraphy can now be carried on free from interruptions caused by 'static' of any kind whatsoever, excepting only local lightning. Since the cables are also interrupted by local lightning, it follows that continuity of communication equal to that of cable operation is now possible by radio telegraphy. Wireless has the further advantages of cheapness and greater speed of operation. Moreover, the great barrier in the way of practical and successful radio telephony has also been removed, for 'static' has interfered with wireless telephony to a much greater extent than with radio telegraphy."

Dr. Alfred N. Goldsmith, who presided, called upon Dr. Pupin to discuss the paper, and in response paid high tribute to the accomplishments of Mr. Weagant.

5,820 MORE TROOPS COMING.

Four Transports Reported Due Here March 14 and 15.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Departure from France of four transports, bringing 320 officers and about 5,500 men, was announced today by the War Department. The ships are all due at New York March 14 and 15. Units on board consist mainly of Coast Artillery, Tank Corps, and engineer troops. The Espagne, due March 14, has on board casual companies of New York, Massachusetts, and Texas troops; Company No. 106 Transportation Corps, a detachment of Base Hospital No. 30, for California, and four casual officers.

The Patria, due the same day, is bringing the 304th Brigade Tank Corps complete, casual companies of Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, New York, North Dakota, and South Dakota troops, and sixty-seven casual officers.

The Panaman, due March 15, has the field and staff, headquarters and supply companies, ordnance and medical detachments, and Batteries A, B, C, D, E, and F of the 49th Regiment Coast Artillery; detachments of the 72d Regiment Coast Artillery, consisting of ten officers and 605 men, and the 5th Corps Artillery Park.

The Calamares, due March 14, has four convalescent detachments, casual companies of New York, Ohio, Illinois, and Massachusetts troops; the headquarters detachment, headquarters 1st Battalion, the 2d Battalion, and Companies A, B, C, D, E, and F of the 26th Engineers, all en route for Camp Dix; headquarters detachment 31st Brigade Coast Artillery, for Camp Hancock, and a detachment of the 348th Infantry.

The department announced today that the 310th Trench Mortar Battery had sailed on the transport Iowan, instead of the 210th, as previously reported.

The following army organizations were announced today as assigned to early convoy home from France: 157th, 370th, and 639th Aero Squadrons; 14th Engineers, Companies K and E; 18th Engineers, Base Hospital No. 83, and Signal Corps Casual Company No. 3.

BOSTON, March 5.—The transport Vedic, bringing the 54th Artillery Regiment, a former Maine National Guard unit, will arrive here tonight, according to a radio message from her commander. It is expected that she will discharge her troops tomorrow morning.

READY TO GREET 27TH MEN TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

tives of the city, State and National Governments will be aboard the Patrol," said a statement issued last night by the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops.

"The city's guests will include representatives of the War and Navy Departments, including Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commanding the Department of the East; Vice Admiral Gleaves and Rear Admiral Usher, Colonel Kincaid and his associates in the advance party of the 27th Division, Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet of the Assembly, President pro tem. J. Henry Walters of the State Senate, Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense; Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome; members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, the heads of the various city departments, the Mayors of about a dozen up-State cities, and the members of the Executive Committee of Welcome.

"For some time yesterday it seemed that the strike of harbor workmen would spoil the arrangements for the official welcome down the bay. Grover A. Whalen, Secretary of the Mayor's Committee, made a direct appeal to the strikers to allow a sufficient number of men to return to work today to man the boats of the welcoming fleet. President Delahunty of the Marine Workers' Affiliation agreed to furnish the necessary labor, with the understanding that the men were volunteering their services for reasons of patriotism, and not for pay. Through this arrangement full crews will be provided at no expense to the vessel owners."

Troops Will Go to Camps.

Although it had been announced that Mayor Hylan and others on the official boat might board the Leviathan at Quarantine, army and navy officers said last night that they did not think any person would be permitted on the ship until she had reached her pier. The vessel may slow up at Quarantine to permit the welcome fleet to form into an escort, but she will then proceed directly to her berth. All the troops will be debarked to ferries and taken to Long Island City, where they will entrain for Camp Mills. Those going to Camp Merritt also will be ferried, so that relatives will have no opportunity to catch even a glimpse of the individual soldiers. Only officials will be admitted to the piers, where some of the officers may land.

A bulletin issued from the headquarters of the advance party of the 27th at the Hotel Biltmore said that the army requirements of inspection and cleaning up were to be followed so strictly that it would be impossible for relatives or friends to see men in the first units until after Sunday. As soon as the units have been guided to their barracks at Camps Merritt and Mills they will be placed under strict quarantine until they have gone through the sanitary process.

It is estimated that, with all sanitation plants working day and night, some of the men may take leaves on Sunday, and perhaps sooner. The average time of putting the soldiers and their clothing through the cleaning process is about twelve hours to the regiment. Freedom from the operation of this ruling may be given to some officers who have certificates from the surgeons and inspectors at the Debarkation Station showing that they have passed stringent examination there. With the consent of their commanding officers and the approval of the camp surgeons, some of these officers may visit their relatives in this city.

As soon as the cleaning process is finished one-half the personnel of each command will receive passes that will entitle them to liberty, probably for forty-eight hours. Upon the return of these men the others in the regiments will be permitted to leave. After the quarantines have been lifted the men who remain in camp may receive visitors, but the advance party issued instructions that all visitors should be required to go first to the hostess houses at the camps. No person will be permitted in the camps without a pass obtained by a soldier from the military police unless accompanied by an officer.

Advice About Phone Calls.

The New York Telephone Company also issued a bulletin of instruction last night to persons who wish to get in communication with soldiers at the camps. The company suggests that all relatives wait for the soldiers to call them instead of congesting the lines to the camps with hundreds of calls that are difficult to handle, because each call for a soldier necessitates some delay while a runner is being sent for him.

Both camps are provided with ample facilities for the soldiers to telephone their relatives, the bulletin said, and will be kept open for men of the 27th Division.

No information has been received to indicate that units not designated in the original sailing order are coming on the Leviathan. The 10,243 troops aboard the vessel comprise General O'Ryan's staff, the 53d Infantry Brigade complete, and two battalions of the 107th Infantry. On the Mauretania are 80 officers and 3,255 men, comprising the 108th Infantry and the headquarters of the 102d Trains.

Other official information received by the advance party is that the 3d Battalion sailed from Brest last Friday on the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam, and probably will arrive here on Sunday. The 104th Field Artillery, composed of the units of the old 1st Field Artillery, sailed from Brest on Monday on the America. The 102d Mobile Ordnance Repair Unit, comprising about 40 officers and men, is on the Nieuw Amsterdam. The camps where the units are to be located are:

CAMP MILLS.

Division Headquarters and Headquarters Troops.
53d Infantry Brigade, (105th and 106th Regiments.)
105th Machine Gun Battalion.
53d Artillery Brigade, (104th, 105th, and 106th.)
102d Train Headquarters and Military Police.
102d Sanitary Train.

CAMP MERRITT.

54th Infantry Brigade, (107th and 108th Regiments.)
106th Machine Gun Battalion.
102d Signal Battalion.
102d Ammunition Train and Supply Company.

Lieut. Col. J. Leslie Kincaid, in command of the advance party, said yesterday he had received hundreds of telephone calls asking for information upon means of reaching the two camps where the troops are to be quartered. He gave out this information for publication:

To reach Camp Mills: Take the Long Island Railroad from the Pennsylvania station, Atlantic Avenue station, Brooklyn, or the Long Island City station via East Thirty-fourth Street ferry. Get off at Country Life Station, other side of Garden City, and directly at the camp sentry posts.

To Reach Camp Merritt—Fort Lee ferry at 130th Street, to Edgewater, N. J.; thence to Tenafly by trolley, and to camp by bus. Erie Railroad to Tenafly. Erie station may be reached via Hudson tubes to Jersey City or Twenty-third Street or Chambers Street ferries. These ferry routes may be affected temporarily by the harbor strike.

It is requested by the advance party that no one attempt to visit the camps until notice has been given that the quarantines have been lifted.

ASK CASUALS TO REGISTER.

Call Sent Out to Unemployed Men of 77th Division.

A call to all unemployed casuals of the 77th Division to register at the Divisional Headquarters Employment Agency on the sixth floor of 280 Madison Avenue was issued yesterday by Major S. Fullerton Weaver, the advance officer of the division. More than twenty-five wounded men have been placed in jobs already, and the officers are anxious to aid all others who are out of work.

A candy merchant who had served in the army notified the headquarters yesterday that he would hire two soldiers, and he stipulated that a man who had lost an arm or a leg in the war would be preferred as a salesman by him. Men who were sent home because of illness and who are out of work also are urged to use the bureau. The headquarters has a job now for a soldier who is a stenographer and office worker.

Circular letters are being sent out to all employers by Gordon L. Sawyer of the United States Employment Service, urging them to hire soldiers from the returning New York divisions. The Building Trades Employers' Association yesterday adopted a resolution calling upon all its members to give work to returned soldiers, sailors, and marines.

"The 77th Division is to be congratulated on its far-sightedness in looking out for its unemployed soldiers," said Mr. Sawyer. "It has started a movement which has aroused employers all over the city. When Major Weaver came over here from France on Feb. 19 he had complete records of the soldiers of the 77th, showing that of the 27,000 men in the division 21,400 had promises of jobs and that 5,600 would have to be placed. Besides the 5,600 we have the casuals, who cannot be overlooked, for 95 per cent. of them are men who fought and bled for their country."

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Frocks Embroidered With Silk or Wool

For Girls and the Junior Miss

SILK or wool embroidered designs make their appearance in the most delightful ways, taking their theme from flowers or Persian tapestry.

In frocks for girls and the junior miss, nothing gives quite that touch of color—that touch of individuality as the artistic embroidered design.

Embroidered frocks, especially designed for their becomingness to youth—youth that finds expression in appropriate and well chosen apparel, made of taffeta silk, Georgette, pongee, foulard, crepe de chine, plain or flowered chiffon. In sizes 6 to 17 years.

16.75 to 45.00

GIRLS' and JUNIOR MISSES' DRESS SHOP
Second Floor

Embroidered Taffeta Silk Frock (Illustrated)
18.50

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

We are offering today a limited group of very smart dresses which are marked at greatly reduced prices because they are the last of many lines and consist mostly of styles which are being discontinued.

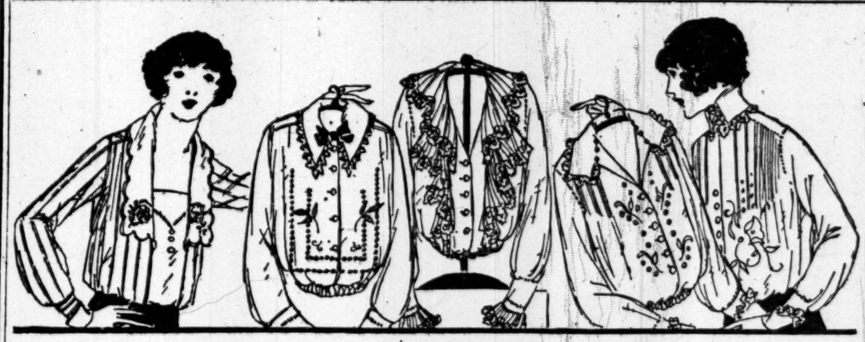
Included are

Daytime Frocks—of cloth, satin and velvet.

Dinner & Evening Gowns—of embroidered net chiffons—Georgette—taffeta and a few velvets.

Former prices were $145 to $250, and we shall dispose of them beginning today at $65 and $95

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.
"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"



We Shall Place on Sale This Morning
2,000 French Voile Blouses
Regularly $1.50 and $2.95
At 95 Cents and $1.85

These are all NEW Blouses, in the smartest spring styles, with demure round collarless necks, or in dainty frilled effects trimmed with lace or hand-embroidery. This low price is possible *only* because of an exceptional trade opportunity which comes but once in a great while. Five styles *pictured*.

500 Terry Cloth Bath Robes For Men
will go on sale, beginning today
At $3.95

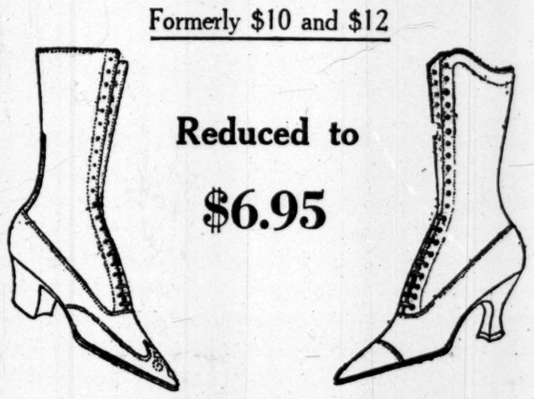
Nothing like these to be had anywhere at this low figure. Four distinct patterns, each in four good colorings.

Made in robe model, fastening at neck. Girdle is of fine mercerized material.

—All Sizes—

Mail and 'phone orders filled.

To-day, To-morrow, and Saturday
Three Day Clearance Sale of
Women's High Boots
Formerly $10 and $12



Reduced to
$6.95

Boots from our regular stock, in a variety of very graceful models, made of Patent Coltskin, Gun Metal, Black Glace Kidskin, Dark Tan Russia Calfskin, and Dark Brown, Mouse Brown, and Grey Kidskin, with Worumbo or buckskin tops in contrasting color. All styles of heels. Every size and width.

Two styles *pictured*.

Skilful Reproductions of High-Priced Models—
Women's Spring Capes and Dolman Wraps at $23

The Cape is developed in Velour—a highly favored material for present wear, and may be had in Tan, Henna, Pekin Blue or Overseas Blue.

The Dolman Wrap—a very striking model—is in Men's Wear Serge, artistically trimmed with Flat Braid. Obtainable in Navy, Black or Rookie. Sizes 34 to 48.

The New Binner Corsets for Spring

are now being shown on the Third Floor. They not only idealize the figure, but aid wonderfully in the proper draping of the new gowns. Our expert corsetieres will gladly demonstrate the new models, and give advice as to the style best suited to your individual requirements.

Prices $5 to $25

Smartly Beaded—
Women's Georgette Crepe Frocks
for Afternoon Wear
At $39.50

A stunning afternoon frock—one of the smartest shown in Paris for spring—beautifully developed in fine quality Georgette Crepe. Embellishment is of beading in new, tasteful design, carefully done. The modish wide Taffeta girdle is finished with bead-embroidered sash ends. None newer nor more chic to be had.

Obtainable in Black, Navy, Taupe, and White. Sizes 34 to 44.

Rarely Equalled!
1200 Boys' Sport Blouses
Regularly $2 to $4
To-day at $1.35 and $1.65

The splendid quality of the materials and the careful manner in which these Blouses are made, at once show them to be of a very superior make. There is a splendid assortment of patterns, in

Silk and Cotton Mixtures, Mercerized Fabrics and Fine Madras

Colors guaranteed FAST. Sizes 7 to 13 years.

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for cash only.

Saleograph Films the Fashions

Kerkimer, our hero—finds the true soul sob in a
Violin
We have them from $5.94 to $39.75

"Annie Laurie" Suits Her Pa.
It sounds sweet on the
Widdicomb Phonograph
$104 to $259

O Hawaii—
sighs our adventurer.
Ukeleles
$4.96 to $12.89

There's a fatal lure to a
Mandolin
says Slip'ry Elm, our villain.
$5.94 to $29.25

BEAT IT!
says our Comejen.
Drums
$11.89 and $13.49
Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Income Tax Returns

For the convenience of the public, the Collector of Internal Revenue for this district has assigned a representative to our offices at 176 Broadway, Manhattan, and 196 Montague Street, Brooklyn, for the purpose of furnishing information relating to the making up of income tax returns.

We shall be glad to have our friends and customers and the public in general make use of these facilities.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000

176 Broadway, N.Y., 175 Remsen St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

Mint Jell

Try Mint Jiffy-Jell with roast lamb or cold meats. It is vastly better than mint sauce. Try Jiffy-Jell desserts with their real fruit flavors in essence form, in vials. Each is so rich in condensed fruit juice that it makes a real fruit dainty. Yet they cost no more than old-style gelatine desserts.

Jiffy-Jell

10 Flavors, at Your Grocer's
2 Packages for 25 Cents

412

MAZOLA

Superior to Olive Oil for Salad Dressings

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
P. O. Box 161 New York

FINE
CIGARS
ONLY 3c EACH.
Popular advertised brand cigars:
INVINCIBLES, BREVAS & PERFECTOS
ONLY 4c & 5c EACH
All fresh, perfect order.
Closing out for cash at less than cost of manufacture—all cigars of one of the largest Cigar Corporations in America—retiring from business. Sold in any quantity—in boxes to dealers or consumers.
Opportunity to buy good smokes
Call for early selection.
WALTER M. SMITH
489 5th Ave. (42d St.) N. Y.
5th floor.
Also about 3,500 cigar molds, all shapes, at great sacrifice.

PLUTO eliminates poison from intestines, from the kidneys and through the blood—an ideal remedy for gout. Also beneficial in treatment of other kidney, liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Ind. (122)

INFLUENZA ATTACKS TROOPS ON VOYAGE

Powhatan, Arriving Here with 2,530 Soldiers, Reports Outbreak at Sea.

SHIP FORCED TO PUT BACK

Physicians on Transport Sierra Consulted by Wireless Direct Medical Treatment on a Distant Vessel.

Three overdue transports, the Powhattan, Sierra, and Santa Marta, which had been delayed by rough weather in the Atlantic, arrived yesterday with than 4,000 troops, who were sent to the various nearby camps. The Powhattan, which left Bordeaux on Feb. 17 with 2,530 troops, came into Quarantine during the night and was the first transport to reach Hoboken yesterday morning.

Just after leaving Bordeaux an epidemic of influenza broke out on the Powhattan and spread so quickly that the Captain returned at the request of the surgeons and landed twenty-five soldiers. That, however, did not stop the epidemic. In all there were 102 cases, and there were 24 soldiers in the hospital when the transport reached New York. There were no deaths during the voyage. The surgeons said that the influenza epidemic now prevalent in France was much milder than the first outbreak of a year ago, when in many instances it was followed by malignant pneumonia.

Most of the troops on the Powhattan were members of the 63th Coast Artillery and the 315th Field Artillery, who had been in France since last July and were ordered to the front lines just as the armistice was signed. They were sent to Camp Merritt. The troops were under the command of Lieut. Col. Robert C. Garrett, a regular army officer, who had been in France for eighteen months attached to the 44th Artillery, which fought with the French Army until the armistice was signed.

Another officer, Lieutenant George F. Davis of Medford, Mass., attached to the 101st infantry, 26th Division, has the Croix de Guerre, and has been recommended for the D. S. C. for bravery on the battlefield. At Chateau-Thierry Lieutenant Davis commanded twenty-three American soldiers who, in conjunction with a detail of fifty Frenchmen, made an early morning raid into the German trenches through mud and water above their knees. Four of the French soldiers were killed, but the Americans escaped without any serious wounds. They brought back two German officers and twenty-two men.

Lieutenant H. J. McGronan of Company A, 127th Engineers, who lives at 1,207 Franklin Avenue, the Bronx, one of the twenty-two casual officers on the Powhattan, was wounded in the right leg at Verdun last September while directing his men in putting a pontoon bridge across a river under fire.

The troopship Sierra, which landed at Pier 2, Hoboken, with 1,469 officers and men, left Bordeaux on Feb. 19. The troops were chiefly the 312th Ammunition train of 27 officer and 1,137 men, in command of Colonel Robert R. Love of Greenport, L. I., who left here last August and had not been in action. There were also 221 sick and wounded on board.

Gave Cigarette to the King.

Byron Stowe, a naval machinist of this city in the air seavices, who returned on the Sierra, told of meeting Albert, the King of the Belgians, and handing him a cigarette.

"You see, it happend just like this," said Stowe. "I was in an aerodrome that our boys had captured from the Germans near Knessel when a smart looking biplane landed nearby and the pilot, a tall fine looking military man, got out and came toward me. His face was familiar somehow, although I could not quite place him. As he got nearer, I knew that he was one of the picture paper features, but did not know which one.

"'Have you a cigarette,' the pilot asked.

"I handed him one.

"'A match, please,' and when I handed him one of the strong old-fashioned sulphur variety the aviator smiled and said, 'Thank you, so much,' and added inquiringly, 'American?' 'Yes,' I replied. 'I am a Belgian,' he added, and I knew who he was immediately, as I had seen the pictures of the King of Belgium in his machine recently in the French papers.

"'You are King Albert,' I said, and he smiled again and replied, 'Yes, I am Albert of Belgium.' Then he walked back to his airplane puffing the cigarette."

Among the casual officers on the Sierra was Lieutenant Marvin J. Menefee of Livray, Va., attached to the Headquarters Company, 115th Infantry. He returned with the D. S. C., which he won at Montville Farm on Oct. 12, when he led an advance party in front of an assaulting party. His detail succeeded in getting through to the enemy trench and capturing it and holding the place until reinforcements from their own regiment arrived.

Robert Earle Whitby, machinist first-class, U. S. N., who was formerly in the United States Army, and fought in the Philippines, returned in the Sierra. He was a member of the Foreign Legion early in the war and won the Croix de Guerre in the Champagne, where he was wounded five times. On July 4, 1917, Whitby detected a woman spy in Paris, for which he was awarded the Croix de Guerre.

Another wounded officer on the Sierra was Lieutenant George L. Apgard of the 114th Infantry, who lives in Plainfield, N. J. He was made a prisoner on Oct. 12 in the Argonne sector after his left arm had been shattered by machine gun bullets. He was taken to a military hospital at Trier. On Nov. 9 the garrison revolted and imprisoned all the officers, including the surgeons. The patients in the hospitals, Lieutenant Apgard said, were left for forty-eight hours without any attention until the surgeons were released on condition that they put on civilian clothing. On Nov. 28, three days before the American forces entered Trier, notices were posted on the walls that war had been started between the United States and Japan.

Consult Physicians by Wireless.

Lieut. Col. A. E. Younie of the Army Medical Corps, senior surgeon on the transport, said that wireless telegraphy had extended the scope of the work of medical men at sea. Wireless telephones, he said, were being installed on all warships and troopships, so that the officers could confer easily within a radius of twelve to forty-five miles, according to the weather conditions.

The Sierra received a wireless message in midocean from the British freighter Pollac, asking for medical advice for a member of the crew who had been taken seriously ill. The symptoms were given and instructions for treatment were sent from the medical officers on the Sierra to the merchantman, about 100 miles away. Further messages were sent from time to time during the ensuing forty-eight hours, and the Captain of the Pollac reported that the man showed considerable improvement.

The physicians on the Sierra were also consulted by the medical officers on the Powhatan regarding the epidemic of influenza on the latter ship when the vessels were fifteen miles apart, 500 miles from the Azores. The wireless telephone was used, and the physicians had no difficulty in making themselves understood.

Lieutenant Lawrence Harmon of Rochester, another casual officer who wore two wound stripes and two service stripes, said that the men of the 26th Infantry of the 2d Division were battle-worn and tired when they first crossed the German frontier.

"We had been at it continuously for six weeks," he said, "and many of the soldiers were practically shoeless. Others had stuffed some wooden sabots with straw to make them feel a little softer, and were hobbling along the roads the best way they could. Our uniforms were stained and torn, but when the supply trains caught us up a few days later we doffed all the old clothes and shoes, and then the American soldiers lined up on parade and presented an appearance as smart as the most exacting could wish."

Lieutenant Harmon was with the regiment under the command of Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

"No man could want a better commanding officer," Lieutenant Harmon said. "He was cool under fire and always thoughtful of his men."

The Santa Marta had as passengers forty-six casual medical officers and fifty-one nurses. The ship docked in South Brooklyn. The officers were sent to Camp Merritt and the nurses to the Polyclinic Hospital. Fifteen of the officers and thirty-three nurses were members of Base Hospital 3, formed from the staff of Mount Sinai Hospital.

U. S. PARIS STORES LOOTED BY GANG

Two Army Sergeants Arrested as Accomplices of Armenians, Frenchmen, and Belgians.

STOLEN GOODS RETAILED

Tobacco, Cigarettes, 6,000 Pounds of Chocolate, and Pastry Carted Away from Warehouses.

PARIS, March 5.—The Paris police have arrested Sergeants Maurice Meyers, Boston, and Andrew Gleason, New York; two Armenians, two Belgians, and two Frenchmen in connection with the theft of American army stores. The Sergeants are accused of stealing the goods and selling them to the Armenians, who sold them to the Belgians, who, in turn, employed the Frenchmen to retail them.

The stores alleged to have been stolen comprised a large stock of tobacco and cigarettes, 6,000 pounds of chocolate, and forty cases of pastry.

With the arrest of these eight the police believe they have behind the bars the men responsible for wholesale dealings in American stores and army products. The thefts played a part in the foundation of the many reports sent out from Paris last month concerning an epidemic of crime on the part of Americans in Paris.

The gang is not an American one, but an international organization. Large stores of chocolate missing from the American warehouses at St. Denis and stores of cocoa and tobacco from the warehouses at Clichy have been recovered, but a considerable amount is still missing. The robberies, which are said to have been going on since last September, were so extensive, according to the police, that a store was maintained to sell the goods.

Mme. Moisan, the caretaker of the house at 23 rue de Pontoise, observed the great number of boxes of all sorts brought into the house. The boxes were brought in automobiles and motor trucks, and their transportation was superintended by a civilian who spoke French with an American accent, and wore a "U. S." button in his buttonhole. The stolen goods were taken out through a house at 16 rue St. Victor, on the other side of the block.

Police Inspector Cazel was watching the house on Monday and arrested two Armenians as they were loading 3,000 pounds of chocolate on trucks. Inspector Legrand joined in the investigation and found that the trail led to the American Army warehouses. The police then arrested Meyers and Gleason, who denied all knowledge of the thefts.

The police charge that the Sergeants gave orders to various drivers to load the chocolate at various warehouses and to take it to the house in the Rue de Pontoise. A truck driver named Baird, according to the police, identified the Sergeants as having given him orders to transport chocolate.

Fairbanks Divorce Made Final.

Supreme Court Justice J. Addison Young of New Rochelle filed at White Plains yesterday a final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Beth S. Fairbanks from her husband, Douglas Fairbanks, the moving picture actor. Mrs. Fairbanks, who obtains the exclusive custody of their son, Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., is permitted to resume her maiden name and to remarry.

WANT FILIPINO SEPARATION.

Legislature Directs Mission to Continue Its Efforts.

MANILA, March 4.—The Independence Mission of the Philippine Islands was made a permanent body today, and was instructed by the Territorial Legislature to continue its efforts for the erection of the Philippine Islands into an independent Filipino State until success was attained.

The action was taken by both houses of the Legislature, which are in special session here, sitting jointly.

KNOX *Seasonalities* *for Women*

A SMART, practical sailor of Sennit Straw. Shown in black, navy, brown and purple.

EIGHT DOLLARS

Also showing a very smart model in a woman's individual sport coat—can be worn separately or with skirt to harmonize

COATS, SIXTY-FIVE DOLLARS TO NINETY-FIVE

SKIRTS, TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS TO FORTY

Sport suits in Homespuns and Tweeds, especially adapted to golf, and other out-of-door occasions.

SEVENTY DOLLARS TO ONE HUNDRED

Silk and Linen Blouses SIXTEEN-FIFTY TO THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated
452 FIFTH AVENUE AT 40TH STREET
196 FIFTH AVENUE AT 23RD STREET
181 BROADWAY, SINGER BUILDING

If you have a

Puzzling Tax Problem

Solve It with the Aid of the

Prentice-Hall Tax Service

This Service tells HOW to prepare tax reports and tells WHY each step is taken. It saves you time, worry and overpayment. It shows you in detail

How to classify income and expenses
How to calculate invested capital
How to avoid overpayment of taxes
How to make a tax return correct in every particular

It gives *definite advice* on what to do, *concrete suggestions* that will assure the correctness of your tax report.

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The Complete Service Consists of

1. A 1400 page book that contains a reprint of old and new laws and points out the differences between them, fully explains every detail of the law, illustrates every difficult point with concrete examples and shows the proper accounting methods to be followed.
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Prepared by Accountants and Lawyers.

In this service you obtain the knowledge and experience of four men—each a specialist in his particular field. The staff consists of:

Henry Brach, Certified Public Accountant, Co-Author of "1918 Tax Reports."
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Used by Leading Business Houses, Banks, Lawyers and Accountants.

The Prentice-Hall Tax Service Complete for one year costs $20.

Sent to you for ten days' free examination. Phone Chelsea 9499 or mail the coupon today.

PRENTICE-HALL, Inc.,
70 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Kindly enter this approval order for the Prentice-Hall Tax Service for 1919. I agree to examine the Service and either remit the price, $20, or return the Service within 10 days after receiving it.
Name .....
(Please print to insure correct shipping.)
Business Firm .....
City ..... *State* .....
P. S.—If you prefer to remit with the order, send $19.50—in full payment.

½ Price Sale Military Clothing of Interest to Civilians as well as Men in Service.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Men in Uniform Visit Re-Union Headquarters
A Handy Comfort Station.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor — GIMBELS—Eighth Floor

Final Disposal of Men's and Young Men's Clothing

The Annual March Event

Continuing Through the Week, up to and Including Monday, March 10

Men's Silk Lined Light Weight
Overcoats
That were $25
Now
$17.50
Chesterfield Style, Self Collar, Full silk lined. Also Young Men's Form Fitted Overcoats, plain colors. ¼ silk lined.

Imported Overcoats
Light and Heavy Weights
That were $37.50, $40, $42, $45 to $65
Now
$28.50
Our entire stock of Foreign Overcoats in this Sale.

Spring and Summer Goods Excepted

Men's Suits
That were $32 to $57.50
Now
$29.50
This group consists of all our High Grade Men's Suits. Many colors. Checks and stripes. All sizes.

Men's Suits
That were $25 to $30
Now
$21.50
A group of the season's newest styles and fabrics that will give good satisfaction. All sizes.

Men's Winter Overcoats
$25 Men's Winter Overcoats.....Now $18.50
$35 and $37.50 Men's Winter Overcoats.....Now $29.50
$45 and $50 Men's Winter Overcoats.....Now $37.50
$55 to $75 Men's Winter Overcoats.....Now $48.50
$85 and $125 Men's Overcoats.....Now $62.50

Men's Winter Ulsters
$100 and $115 Fancy Ulsters.....Now $62.50
$85 Fancy Ulsters...Now $48.50
$65 and $75 Fancy Ulsters.....Now $37.50
$35 to $50 Fancy Ulsters.....Now $29.50

Men's Fur Collared Overcoats
$37.50 Fur Collared Overcoats.....Now $24.50
$50 Fur Collar Overcoats.....Now $33.50
$75 Fur Collar Overcoats.....Now $37.50
$150 Fur Collar Overcoats.....Now $110.00
$100 Men's Fur Lined Overcoats.....Now $87.50
$150 Men's Fur Lined Overcoats.....Now $110.00
$200 Men's Fur Lined Overcoats.....Now $147.50
$150 Men's Raccoon Skin Auto Coats.....Now $115.00
$165 Men's Raccoon Skin Auto Coats.....Now $137.50
$200 Men's Raccoon Skin Auto Coats.....Now $150.00
$18.50 Men's Winter Mackinaws.....Now $11.75
$5 Men's Separate Trousers.....Now $3.95
$10 and $12 Men's Separate Trousers.....Now $8.50
$7.50 Men's Separate Trousers.....Now $5.75
$3.50 to $8.50 Full Dress Tuxedo and Street Vests. Odds.....Now $1.85

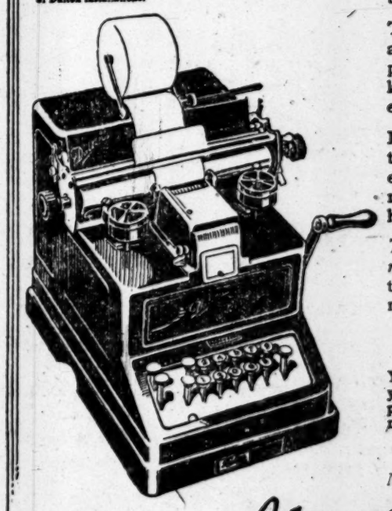
Military and Auto Clothing
$80 Leather Coats...Now $40.00
$55 Trench Coats, Separate Linings.....Now $27.50
$60 Leather Coats...Now $30.00
$30 Moleskin Leather Lined Coats.....Now $15.00
$40 Leatherette Trench Coats.....Now $20.00
$48.50 Moleskin Sheep Lined Long Coats.Now $24.25
$25 Moleskin Sheep Lined Short Coats.Now $12.50
$22.50 Men's Trench Raincoats.....Now $11.25
$40 Men's Trench Raincoats.....Now $20.00
$25 Men's Trench Raincoats.....Now $17.50
$22.50 Men's Raincoats.....Now $11.25
$35 to $45 Odd Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, coat and pants, and Cutaway coat and vest.....Now $16.50

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Among the 50,000 users

The U. S. Government has upwards of 4,000 Daltons, the U. S. Steel Corporation 300, the Pennsylvania R. R. 250. These are typical of Dalton installations.

"Any one of you can operate a Dalton immediately"



The simplicity of the Dalton Adding-Calculating Machine makes it a better investment through the saving in operative cost alone.

The Dalton relieves the operator of a large amount of detail in the handling of figures. It puts the whole world of figures in a 10-key keyboard. It eliminates column selection entirely.

In short, the Dalton mechanism does much of the work heretofore done by the operator. By eliminating countless hand and eye movements, greater speed naturally follows in the handling of figure work.

The Dalton is the simplest, fastest adding-listing, multiplying machine in the world. It saves more time in handling figure work, and time is the most precious commodity of any office.

Phone for Demontration

You can only know the Dalton thru a demonstration in your office, store or factory. No obligation on your part at all. We want you to know this better investment in an office figuring machine.

Phone Barclay 9729
GRUBBS & SHERIDAN
New York Sales Agents 642 Woolworth Building

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Newark, N. J. Sales Agents 811 Kinney Building

Dalton ADDING AND CALCULATING MACHINE

Main Office and Factory
Cincinnati, Ohio

DRUGGISTS DEMAND 'BONE DRY' CHANGE

Tell Assemblymen They Do Not Want to be Made Scapegoats.

FEAR DRUG STORE BARS

Say That Physicians in Dry Districts Carry Pocket Flasks for Their Patients.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 5.—Retail druggists are in revolt against the attempt of the Anti-Saloon League to make the druggist the scapegoat in the new plan for dispensing liquor containing alcohol. Their objections were voiced at a new hearing on the "bone dry" bill before the Assembly Judiciary Committee this afternoon.

Peter Diamond, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the New York State Pharmaceutical Association, asked that the bill be amended so as to relieve them from dispensing liquor. He said he had been instructed to make this request by an unanimous vote at a conference of retail druggists from all parts of the State held at the College of Pharmacy in New York City last Monday. He added that this was due very largely to developments following the legalizing of the sale of narcotics.

Robert G. Davey, counsel for the Anti-Saloon League and drafter of the "bone dry" bill, said after the hearing that he was most agreeably surprised at the attitude of the druggists. He seemed to interpret their action as due solely to a desire to wash their hands entirely of the liquor traffic. There are lawmakers at the capital, however, who declare that the druggists were inspired by resentment against the league for attempting to shift to their shoulders practically all responsibility for violations of the enforcement act, and that far from being an act friendly to the "dry" cause, it was prompted by a desire to get even with the "dry" advocates for surrounding the traffic in liquor by druggists with conditions that made it exceedingly burdensome.

Mr. Diamond said that all the druggists wanted was the right to procure alcohol in such quantities as would be necessary for the preparation of nonpotable remedies in which alcohol enters as an ingredient.

"Many druggists who did a legitimate business," he continued, "since the Narcotic Drug act became a law a year ago have virtually abandoned the legitimate drug business and are now trafficking exclusively in narcotic drugs for addicts. Many physicians have given up legitimate practice and become narcotic specialists. If you enact this law and we have absolute prohibition, there will be other druggists probably who may fall for the temptation and abandon legitimate business to become purveyors on an even larger scale for the addicts to liquor. Which reminds me of a little verse I read recently:

Hush, little barroom, don't you cry;
You'll become a drug store when the
State goes dry.

"We don't want that verse to come true, but even if the saloon becomes a drug store, we don't want the drug store to become a saloon. We strenuously object to shouldering that responsibility."

"Well, what would you suggest?" asked Chairman Martin. "How shall we dispose of this matter; already we have received complaints from hospitals situated in dry territory that it is impossible for them to procure champagne and other stimulants necessary in the treatment of their patients."

"Today in dry territory physicians carry flasks about with them," said Mr. Diamond. "Let them continue to take care of the necessary traffic in alcoholic stimulants. Only small quantities are required. Not only druggists but physicians and clergymen will be permitted under this bill to procure alcoholic liquor in wholesale quantities."

Fred S. Rogers, a member of the Retail Druggists' Association from Middletown, also urged the committee to excuse the druggists from trafficking in liquor if the "bone" dry bill becomes law.

"We have no desire of transforming the corner drug store into a saloon," said Mr. Davey, "but under the eighteenth amendment liquor must be dealt with as a drug pure and simple, hence the provision that it must be dispensed by druggists."

Mr. Davey said he would consult with representatives of the State Pharmaceutical Association with a view to framing suitable amendments to meet objections that had been advanced.

It was learned today that so many objections have been raised against the "bone dry" enforcement bill that the league within a few days will introduce a new measure radically different from that now pending.

Mr. Davey labored with Assemblyman George R. Fearon of Onondaga in an effort to dissuade him from becoming sponsor for the 3 per cent. beer bill that is to be introduced within a few days, but found Mr. Fearon firm.

"Of course we will fight it," said Mr. Davey. "We will insist, at least, that nothing be done by the Legislature here until Congress has defined the term intoxicating liquor."

PLEADS FOR HIS "BUDDIES."

Decorated Negro Hero Argues for Civil Service Preference.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 5.—Sergeant Henry Johnson of Albany, a negro hero of the war, decorated with the Croix de Guerre and other medals for killing three Germans, capturing forty-three and putting others to rout in a hand to hand combat, asked the Senate Judiciary Committee this afternoon to "take care of the boys who did their bit," by passing the Baumes bill, giving veterans of the war preference in Civil Service appointments and promotions.

Chaplain Chidwick of the famous battleship Maine, spoke in favor of the bill. Rosalie Loew-Whitney, speaking for the Womens Municipal League, opposed preference for those who fought overseas.

WOMEN FAIL TO AGREE ON WELFARE MEASURES

Opposing Factions Parade and Use Verbal Claws at Hearing at Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 5.—A decided conflict of female opinion with regard to measures designed to promote the welfare of women who have taken up industrial work developed at the hearing; held this afternoon before the Senate and Assembly Committees on Labor and industry, on a series of humanitarian bills sponsored by the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, of which Miss Mary E. Dreier of Brooklyn is Chairman.

The measures included an Eight-Hour Day bill, affecting women and children in industrial work; three bills affecting office workers, transportation workers, and elevator women, all of them providing for a nine-hour day and a fifty-four-hour week with one complete day of rest in seven and erecting other moral and sanitary safeguards about women in such occupations, and finally a bill providing for the creation of a commission to investigate and fix a minimum wage for women and minors in industrial employment.

About 600 women supporters of the bills, marshaled by the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, who came on a special train, marched up Capitol Hill to the strains of martial music, carrying banners with "Give the Girls a Fighting Chance" and similar mottoes, only to find the Assembly Chamber, where the hearing was held, almost filled with women equally determined who wore purple badges with the word "Opposed" on them. Their principal objection was that the measures were by design paternalistic, that while designed to protect women they did, in effect, afford more protection to men. The bills in general would prevent any night work by women, and some of the opponents declared that this would tend to drive women out of employment.

Miss Ada R. Wolf of the Women's League for Equal Opportunity said that all the bills would prove injurious to women and that to enact them would mean the perpetualization of the social evil. Miss Ella A. Sherman, President of that organization, held that they would protect men rather than women because they would keep women out of many employments they now fill satisfactorily to themselves and their employers.

"Political equality we have got, but without industrial equality it is a mockery and the ballot a mere scrap of paper," she said.

Miss Amy Wrenn of the Women's Bar Association of Brooklyn said the bills were Bolshevist in tendency, drafted by professional reformers and without consulting those who were most directly affected.

"Pretty soon," she said, "you will pass legislation forbidding women to give birth to children except between the hours of 7 A. M. and 10 P. M."

Opposition was offered by S. B. Haig, General Traffic Manager of the Western Union, and C. J. Campbell, representing the State Hotel Men's Association, by Senator Edward J. Dowling of New York and Miss Nora Stanton Blatch, daughter of the erstwhile suffrage leader, and herself a suffragist and professional woman.

Miss Dreier, in defending the bills, said they had been drafted after conference with and in co-operation with women who belonged to trade unions. James M. Lynch, State Industrial Commissioner, mentioned all the measures, except that affecting women office workers, as having been indorsed by the commission in principle.

James P. Holland, President of the State Federation of Labor, said the program had the indorsement of organized labor. "We took it to the uplifters and got their support as well," said Mr. Holland. "I tell you we are asking for an eight-hour day now; before long we will be here to ask for a six-hour day."

LESSON IN HARBOR STRIKE.

Shows Need of Jersey Vehicular Tunnel, Says Sweet.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 5.—The renewal of the harbor strike in New York emphasizes the need for immediate construction of the New York-New Jersey vehicular tunnel, Speaker Thaddeus C. Sweet of the Assembly declared today. "Completion of this tunnel will afford an opportunity for transporting the necessities of life regardless of harbor strikes," he declared.

General Goethals will be able to present bids within the $12,000,000 proposed for the project, according to Speaker Sweet. The bill will go on the second reading calendar in the upper House tomorrow.

COMMIT BURNS'S ASSAILANT

Alienists of Bellevue Believe That Brooklyn Girl Is Insane.

After a lengthy hearing in the Yorkville Court yesterday before Magistrate Frederick J. Groehl, Gertrude Wormworth of Brooklyn, who fired two shots at William J. Burns in the Grand Central Station on Monday, was committed to Bellevue Hospital for further observation, and the charges against her were dismissed.

In view of the report made by Dr. J. P. Jewett, alienist of Bellevue, at the former hearing, this will practically mean that Miss Wormworth will be committed to a State insane asylum at the end of ten days. Dr. William S. Steinert of Bellevue testified that in his opinion Miss Wormworth was suffering from a form of insanity known as paranoia.

William J. Burns testified that he did not recognize her at the time of the shooting, but later remembered her as a girl who had come to his office and asked that he investigate the death of a friend who had died under suspicious circumstances. He advised her mother at the time, he said, to have her daughter examined, and afterward he received a number of anonymous letters which he now believes were written by Miss Wormworth.

RAID PARIS OFFICERS' CLUB.

Baroness Protests at Invasion of Place Frequented by Americans.

PARIS, March 5.—Much comment has been aroused by the raid made on the Franco-American Parthenon Club by Inspector Tanguy of the Paris police.

The Inspector says that he suspected that games of chance were in operation there and says that he discovered that champagne was being sold for $15 a bottle, and that orangeade cost 1 franc a glass. The evidence, the Inspector added, was sufficient to warrant the closing of the club. Thirty men, including several American officers, and ten women were in the club when the Inspector and his men walked in on Monday night.

Baroness Brault, who presided over the destinies of the club, says that it was merely a literary and artistic organization. She is indignant over various reports in circulation, and declares that the only purpose of the club was to entertain American officers.

RUMANIAN QUEEN IN PARIS.

With Her Two Daughters, She Receives a Cordial Welcome.

PARIS, March 5.—Queen Marie of Rumania, accompanied by her daughters, the Princesses Elizabeth, Marie, and Ileana, arrived in Paris this morning. They received a warm welcome.

A dispatch from Geneva on Feb. 23 said the Queen of Rumania and her daughter the Princess Elizabeth had fled from Bucharest for England, fearing a revolution in Rumania.

Just the drink for thoughtful, economical folk—
Instant Postum
a delicious cereal beverage

Crowded Out

To make room for news, 32 columns of advertisements are omitted from The New York Times today and 115 columns published.

PREFERENCE IS GIVEN TO ADVERTISEMENTS HAVING NEWS VALUE FOR WHICH COPY IS DELIVERED BEFORE 5 P. M. ON THE DAY PREVIOUS TO PUBLICATION AND TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE SUNDAY EDITION FOR WHICH COPY IS DELIVERED BEFORE THURSDAY NIGHT.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

READY TO WEAR
RIDING HABITS
Of Imported English Whipcord
For WOMEN and MISSES

THE history of textiles does not say, but whipcord must have been intended from its very beginning for riding apparel. The name is derived from the hard-twisted fibre of the lash of a whip—the cord is added from the process of weaving.

Certainly no other fabric is better suited for riding habits than this well-wearing, shape-retaining, smart appearing material.

Whipcord in the hands of Franklin Simon tailors is fashioned into riding habits set apart by their flexible lines—with a trimness and symmetry as clearly defined as the line of demarkation between the false and the true.

(Illustrated)
English Whipcord Riding Habit
68.00

58.00 to 75.00

RIDING APPAREL SHOP
Fourth Floor

Accessories from our Shop

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

The Tailoring Department
(Third Floor)

Women's and Misses'
SMART TAILOR-MADES
of tricotine, serge, gabardine or Poiret twill

Made to order at . . . $90.00

(Fit and workmanship guaranteed)

This special price represents unusual value

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

A Sale of Skirts
All-Wool Tweeds in Smart Spring Models.
$6.50

An exceptional offering, for the styles are the very newest and the fabrics of exceptionally fine quality.

Models on straight, slender lines, as illustrated, featuring cuff hems and buttoned backs and the most novel sport pockets. Fashioned of soft, serviceable Spring tweeds in grey, blue, green, tan, black and white effects.

Practical, Modish Skirts
At an Unusually Low Price.

Skirts for Extra Size Women, $12.75 to $45.00

Third Floor

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

March Sale of Housefurnishings
Commencing Today, March 6th, and Continuing Throughout the Month
Special Offerings Will Be Featured From Day to Day
The Event for Today Consists of
Enamel Cooking Utensils
High Grade Enamel at Less Than the Price of Tin Ware
Choice of Any of the Articles Illustrated

$1.39

This very popular cooking ware is snow white inside and outside, triple coated, seamless and jointless. All pieces are guaranteed first and selected quality and against poisonous substances. The capacity of each is exactly as stated. All cooking pots except the lipped saucepan sets have enamel covers.

Covered Convex Saucepots
6 quart capacity.
Covered Convex Saucepots
8 quart capacity.
Covered Convex Saucepans
6 quart capacity.
Tea Kettles
4 quart capacity.
Oval Dish Pans
9 quart capacity.

Water Pails
10 quart capacity.
Lipped Coffee Pots
2 quart capacity.
Tea Pots
1½ quart capacity.
Double Boilers
2 quart capacity.
3-piece Lipped Saucepan Sets
2, 2½ and 3 quart capacity.

Seventh Floor

Stern Brothers
West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd Street

CONTINUING THIS WEEK THE
Great Clearance Sale of
MEN'S CLOTHING

Our entire stock of fine all-wool Suits and Overcoats from the Kirschbaum Shops

Suits up to - - $35
Overcoats up to $45
$21.50

Suits up to - - $45
Overcoats up to $60
$31.50

YOUNG Men's and Men's smart Sack Suits of Worsted, Cheviot, Flannel and Serge—many year-round weights; Dress Overcoats of Moulaise and Melton, full satin lined; Town and Automobile Ulsters in Cheshires, Friezes and rough Shetland effects.

CASUALTIES NOW 275,836

Additional Army Lists Give 77 Dead and 364 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Four army casualty lists, containing 443 names, were issued by the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 270,070, including 4,504 prisoners who have been released and returned. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm of the service was 5,766. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 275,836.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 14 killed in action, 12 died of accident, 51 died of disease, 160 wounded slightly, 184 wounded to a degree undetermined, 20 wounded severely, and 2 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported March 4.	Total.
Killed in action	31,326	14	31,340
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,212	..	13,212
Died of accident	3,048	12	3,060
Died of disease	20,275	51	20,326
Total	68,593	77	68,670
Wounded	190,189	364	190,553
Missing	6,341	2	6,346
Total	265,123	443	265,566

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DAD) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ANDERSON, E. F., 36 Curtis Place, West Brighton—Lt.....(WU)
BALDASSARI, A., 2 398 1st Av.....(WU)
BARTENBACH, JOHN, 108 Theodore St., Long Island City—Corp.....(WL)
BERECHE, H. F., 1,068 Seneca Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
BOEHM, E. E., 307 Hewes St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
CANNELLA, TONY, 253 North 5th St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
CARTER, J. R., 639 1st Av.....(WU)
CASEY, W. A., 302 Van Buren St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
CHARLOP, JOS. J., -540 52d St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
COLLINS, T. H., 336 Degraw St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
CONNERS, W. F., 159 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
DONLON, M. J., 918 3d Av.....(WL)
FERRANTE, LUIGI, 2093 224 St., Brooklyn—Mus.....(DD)
FRANK, EMMANUEL, 190 Jerome St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WL)
GAVIN, JOHN, 419 Hicks St., Bklyn..(KA)
GOLDBERG, HARRY, 77 Essex St..(WL)
ICHILCHICK, WILLIAM, 632 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
KRAUSSMAN, A. S., 110th St. and Riverside Drive—Lt.....(WL)
KWART, LOUIS, 45 E. 128th St.—Sgt.(WL)
LEARY, TIMOTHY, 437 W. 13th St..(WU)
LEDER, M.M., 114 South St. Jamaica.(WU)
LEE, T. M., 82 Madison St., Brooklyn.(WU)
LEWANDOWSKI, F., 227 East 14th St.(WL)
McKINLEY, JAMES, 1,833 Clinton Av.(WL)
McLOUGHLIN, J. J., 140 Meserole St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WU)
MARINO, GERIARDO, 340 Washington Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
MAXWELL, A. A., 440 West 25th St...(WL)
NACCA, J., 458 Hanover St., Brooklyn.(WU)
NIHILL, T., 305 Lexington Av., B'klyn.(WU)
OSTROW, O. I., 140 Fulton St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
RENFORD, A. H., 550 West 170th St.—Sgt.....(WU)
SELLER, MAX, 66 East 120th St.....(WU)
SIMONETTI, JOHN, 125 West 122d St.(WL)
SMITH, WILLIAM C., 692 10th Av....(WL)
SOLLISH, H., 402 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WU)
SPRAGUE, GEO. D., 277 Putnam Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
STRASHUN, PAUL, 19 East 98th St...(WL)
TABER, ARTHUR R., 20 Washington Square—Lt.....(DP)
THREADKELL, ALAN V., 541 East 158th St.—Sgt.....(WU)
WELCH, T., 299 Humboldt St., B'klyn.(WU)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BENT, FREDERICK, Ravena.....(DD)
BUTTERWORTH, J. P., New Rochelle—Corp.....(WL)
CAMERON, H. F., Salamanca—Sgt...(WU)
CORELLI, JOSEPH, Syracuse.....(WU)
DAWLEY, NEAL W., Lisbon.....(WU)
DIVITO, JAMES, Buffalo.....(WU)
DONAHUE, RAY B., Ilion.....(WU)
EHRHART, H. A., Modeltown—Corp..(WU)
FAMIGLIETTI, GENARO, Keslyn.....(KA)
FLETCHER, W. A., Pine City.....(DA)
HECHT, A. C. W., Rochester—Corp...(KA)
KUYKENDALL, H. G., E. Worcester.(WU)
LEWIS, PEARL, Clayton—Mch.....(WL)
LIVINGSTON, W. S., Norwich—Sgt..(WL)
MANNERING, H. W., Rockville Centre—Lt.....(WU)
MILLER, F., Buffalo—Corp.....(DD)
MOORHEAD, A. A., Fayetteville.....(WU)
MORLOCK, PETER C., Buffalo.....(WL)
NILES, CHARLES R., Corning.....(WU)
O'CONNOR, D. W., Yonkers.....(WL)
ORLOP, L. B., Schenectady.....(WL)
ORLUK, JACOB, Buffalo.....(WL)
PALMER, A. W., Mount Hope—Capt..(WU)
PALMERI, LOUIS, Rochester.....(WL)
SHRANG, R. G., Newburg.....(WU)
TUPPER, C. L., Canton—Sgt.....(WU)
VAN ORDEN, PERRY, Morton—Hrs...(DD)
WHITE, JOHN E., Dunkirk—Sgt.....(WL)

ALABAMA.

DUNCAN, GEORGE, Auburn.....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

STRICKLAND, J. H., Pottsville—Capt..(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

POWELL, CHARLES K., Claremont...(DA)

COLORADO.

HALL, FRANK, Denver.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

COHEN, EDWARD I., Hartford.....(WU)
DORMAN, IRVING, New Haven.....(WS)
EPIFANO, EGIDIO, Bridgeport.....(WU)
FLORENTINO, THOMAS, Hartford....(WU)
KELLY, PATRICK, New Haven—Mch..(WU)
KRAMER, MORRIS, Ansonia.....(WL)

GEORGIA.

ARNOLD, WILLIE, Savannah.....(DD)
BYLES, JAMES B., Valdosta—Wagn..(DD)
HAMMETT, CHARLES L., Cairo.....(DD)
THOMPSON, ARTHUR, Harrison.....(DA)

ILLINOIS.

KIRSCH, O. J. G., Red Bud—Corp....(DD)

IOWA.

BOLSEM, JACOB M., Beacon.....(DD)
BORDWELL, JOHN H., New Hampton.(DD)
GRAYSON, EDWIN H., Emerson.....(DD)
KOELLNER, DOROTHY ELIZABETH, Fort Madison—Nurse.....(DD)

KANSAS.

CHANDLER, SHERMAN F., Argonia..(DD)
McNETT, JAS. C., Hardtner—Corp....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

GRAY, WALTER T., Long Ridge—Sgt..(KA)

LOUISIANA.

BROWN, JOE, Clara.....(DD)

MARYLAND.

LEWIN, RAYMOND G., Baltimore.....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

COOLEY, RAYMOND W., Greenfield..(DD)
DESMARAIS, SAMUEL, Southbridge..(KA)

MICHIGAN

ANDERSON, LEO, Prescott.....(DD)
MELOSH, EUGENE, Detroit.....(KA)
WALKER, W. W., Plymouth.....(DA)

MINNESOTA.

CARPENTER, F. D., Staples—Corp...(DD)
COLLIN, ARTHUR, Elk River.....(DD)
MESSNER, W. C., Hibbing—Chief Mch.(DD)

MISSISSIPPI.

ALEXANDER, J. H., Myrtle—Cook....(DD)
ECHOLS, WILLIE, Byhalia.....(DD)
THOMPSON, O., Waynesboro—Corp...(DD)

MISSOURI.

BRISCOE, THOMAS M., Louistown...(KA)
BROCK, J. R., St. Louis—Sgt.....(DA)
PRIDE, R. C., St. Louis—Corp.....(DD)

MONTANA.

FREEMAN, CHARLES, Choteau.....(DA)

NEW JERSEY.

ARMITAGE, RUSSELL, Dover.....(WL)
BENNETT, FRANK V., Newark.....(WU)
BENSON, WALTER L., Irvington....(WU)
BOROWSKI, VALENTINE, Saltamber.(WU)
BOVINO, PIETRO, Princeton.....(DD)
BUTLER, PATRICK P., Hoboken.....(DD)
CLAYTON, FRANKLIN P., Cranbury..(WU)
FRITSCHE, WILLIAM, Elizabeth—Lt..(WS)
FOCHTMAN, LEO A., New Brunswick.(WU)
KALAHER, L. M., Jersey City—Lt....(DD)
KANE, CHARLES S., Englewood—Sgt.(WU)
LAIRD, HOWARD N., Plainfield—Sgt.(WU)
LANGLEY, JOHN H., Newfield.....(WL)
LEDAKE, JOSEPH, Elizabeth.....(WL)
MAHER, WILLIAM T., Kearny.....(WU)
MARAIO, ANGELO, Albion.....(WU)
MILLER, ARTHUR V., Jersey City...(WU)
READ, JOHN H., Camden—Sgt. Maj...(DD)
SCHUELLER, PAUL, Newark.....(WL)

NORTH CAROLINA.

BETHEA, WILLIAM, Reidsville.....(DD)
BOND, Armstead, Woodward.....(DD)
BROCK, WALTER S., Seagate.....(KA)
LAWHON, F. P., Clinton—Sgt.....(DD)
SUDDRETH, T. L., Lenoir—Sgt.....(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

OLSON, FREDERICK, Daglum.....(KA)

OHIO.

ALLEN, JOHN McDOWELL, Toronto..(DD)
BARNHOUSE, C., Belle Valley.....(DD)
CARPENTER, ALONZO, Newport.....(DD)
EASTERDAY, VICTOR A., Waverly...(DD)
WIGNEL, FRANK M., Chillicothe....(KA)
WILLIAMS, FRED R., Petersburg....(KA)
YODER, W. R., Geloit—Sgt.....(DA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

HAMAN, T. P., Greensburg—Corp.....(DA)
TURNER, JOHN, Lancaster—Sgt.....(KA)
WILKINSON, EDWARD, Philadelphia..(DA)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

THOMAS, JOHN M., Spartanburg—Sgt.(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

CLARK, CARL E., Custer.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

AMYX, RILEY S., Rogersville.....(DD)
CLEGHORNE, WILLIAM R., Nashville.(DD)
LANGFORD, THOMAS, Cookeville.....(DA)
SMITH, SAM B., Murfreesboro—Corp..(DD)

TEXAS.

DEAR, D. S., Austin—Corp. .....(DD)
FLUHARTY, JESSE, San Antonio—Lt.(DD)

VIRGINIA.

EAGLE, S. R., Doe Hill.....(DA)
EASTER, CHARLIE, Jr., Radium.....(DD)
DICKERSON, P. G., Floyd—Corp.....(DD)

WISCONSIN.

EBERT, R. P., Superior—Lt. .....(DD)
SPANGLER, JOE, New Franklin.....(KA)

IRELAND.

O'REILLY, J. J., Lakeview, Ballieborough, County Cavan—Cook.....(DD)

PORTO RICO.

BESOSA, JOSEPH A., Ponce.....(DD)

Red Cross Wants Knitters.

The Red Cross has issued an appeal for volunteer knitters to work on hand and machine knitted stockings for refugees in the Model Work Room, 20 East Thirty-eighth Street. Complete directions will be given and supplies furnished. The call is to meet an emergency and women are asked to volunteer, even though they can only give a few hours a day. The workrooms are located on the fifth floor of the building, where they work from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Maurice Coming Here to Lecture.

Major Gen. Sir Frederick Barton Maurice, who was Director of Military Operations of the British General Staff from 1915 to 1918, and who is a military historian and authority of note, is coming to the United States to lecture on "How the War Was Won." Word was received yesterday by Lee Keedick of 437 Fifth Avenue that Sir Frederick will sail for New York on the steamship Carmania on Saturday.

CHARGES SACRIFICE OF CANADIAN LIVES

Sir Sam Hughes Accuses Officers of Needless Waste to Exalt Themselves.

HE PROTESTS TO BORDEN

Soldiers Come to Support of Gen. Currie, to Whom Allegations Are Assumed to Refer.

TORONTO, March 5.—All Canada has been stirred by charges made in the House of Commons by Sir Sam Hughes, former Minister of Militia, that officers commanding the dominion's forces in France needlessly sacrificed the lives of their men in order to advance themselves. Although his allegations were assumed to refer to Sir Arthur Currie, Commander in Chief of the Canadian forces, there is apparent tonight a strong inclination in many quarters to disagree with him. Soldiers who served overseas already have taken up the cudgels in support of General Currie.

Sir Sam opened his attack with the announcement that he had protested several times to Premier Borden "against the waste of Canadian boys' lives in unnecessary stunts on the battlefield." He then read a letter he had sent to Sir Robert protesting against what he termed needless slaughter at Cambrai, and stating that he had drawn the attention of the Prime Minister on previous occasions to the "massacres at Lens, Passchendaele," &c., wheer the only apparent object was to glorify the General in command and make it impossible, through butchery, to have a fifth and sixth division and two army corps."

He declared that any General who would undertake the attack at Cambrai by suburban or street fighting should be court-martialled. The same was true of the officer who had ordered the storming of Mons four hours before the signing of the armistice. This he characterized as a bit of theatrical display which had cost the lives of many fine Canadian boys who could ill be spared. "Bullheadedness and incompetency," he said, "were traceable in the horrible casualties rolling up to eight and ten times the total force of a battalion or a brigade."

Some of the papers hint that Sir Sam's attack was inspired by chagrin at the failure of his son, General Garnet Hughes, to get to France as the commander of a fifth brigade of Canadians, but all are unanimous in their assertion that the charges call for an immediate and thorough investigation. General Currie was an appointee of Sir Sam's when he was Minister of Militia.

Incidentally, Sir Sam made a bitter attack on Sir Joseph Flavelle, head of the Imperial Munitions Board, and President of the William Davies Company, a big Canadian packing concern, with branches in the United States. The company's profits in the Canadian branches were investigated some time ago by a royal commission, but he declared that the operations of the company in the United States should be looked into, and asserted that Sir Joseph had made $5,000,000 a month on contracts for meat products for his company by virtue of the influence he was able to wield as head of the Imperial Munitions Board and that he had made profits of $100,000,000 during the four years of the war. Sir Joseph has issued a categorical denial to the ex-Minister's charges.

Comparative Losses at Ypres.

LONDON, March 5.—The casualties of the British, Canadian, and Australian troops in the Ypres salient from July 31 to Nov. 18, 1917, aggregated in officers and men 258,027.

This fact was made known today in the House of Commons when Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of War, in answering a question, gave the casualties as follows:

British—Officers, 10,795; men, 207,838.
Canadians—Officers, 496; men, 11,107.
Australians—Officers, 11,289; men, 26,502.

SERGT. BEATTIE CITED.

Brooklyn Boy Is Named in Special Order—Died Aiding Comrades.

Sergeant Joseph Walter Beattie, who was killed in the battle of Vierstaat Ridge, in France, received the award for meritorious service, it was learned yesterday by his mother, Mrs. Walter Beattie, who lives at 363 Henry Street, Brooklyn. Sergeant Beattie belonged to Company K, 106th Infantry, and the citation was forwarded to Mrs. Beattie from the 27th Division Headquarters by command of Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan in a special order dated Feb. 13. The citation read:

For gallantry and devotion to duty in leaving the rear, where he was sick in quarters, and joining his company in battle, being later killed by shell fire while giving first aid to another Sergeant of his company, Sept. 1.

A letter from a comrade of Beattie to the latter's sister, Lillian Agnes Beattie, told of the Sergeant's death. Beattie had been left behind because of injured feet and a swollen arm when the advance to the front line trenches was made on Aug. 29. Although suffering greatly the youth insisted on going to the aid of his comrades at the front and was killed.

Salvador's New Cabinet.

SAN SALVADOR, Salvador, March 5.—The Cabinet of the new Government was organized today as follows: Minister of Foreign Relations, Dr. Juan Francisco Paredes; Minister of the Interior, Dr. Miguel Tomas Molina; Minister of Finance, Jose E. Suay; Minister of War, Dr. Pio Romero-Bosque.

HONOR ACCORDED WILSON.

Acknowledges Liberty Service Medal Awarded by Oscar Straus.

The National Institute of Social Sciences announced last night that when the President was in Washington after his arrival from France the society's Liberty Service Medal was bestowed upon him. Oscar Straus, Chairman of the committee, made the award, which is in recognition of the work of those who have given conspicuous service to humanity.

Associated with Mr. Straus on the committee which thus honored President Wilson were George Gordon Battle, Simeon E. Baldwin, H. Holbrook Curtis, and Ripley Hitchcock. President Wilson on Monday wrote a letter to Miss Lillie Hamilton French, Secretary of the Medal Committee, expressing his appreciation.

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BROOKLYN
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★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
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★859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.

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WILSON COMMUTES ESPIONAGE TERMS

Clemency Extended to 52 Offenders Convicted Under That Act During War.

KRAFFT GETS FULL PARDON

Other Sentences Deemed Excessive to be Shortened—President Saves Three Condemned Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Unduly harsh sentences imposed on a number of persons convicted during the war emergency of violating the espionage act will be corrected from time to time through executive clemency by President Wilson, it was announced today, simultaneously with the commutation of sentence in fifty-two cases and complete pardon in one. As fast as the Department of Justice can review the 150 cases still awaiting examination, recommendations for the shortening of sentences will be sent to the President.

In many of the cases acted on today, officials of the Department of Justice said, prisoners had been victims of wartime passion or prejudice, and had received long sentences not commensurate with their offenses. Officials explained that they would take care not to recommend clemency for the scores of persons against whom there was strong evidence of disloyalty and whose sentences were not extreme.

Thousands of letters have been received at the Department of Justice asking Executive clemency for J. F. Rutherford, head of the International Bible Students' Association, and seven associates, now serving sentences in the Atlanta Federal Prison on charges of disloyalty growing out of publication of "The Finished Mystery," a Bible handbook. These cases were appealed by the convicted men from the Federal District Court in Brooklyn, and are pending in the Appellate Court. Officials indicated that no action would be taken in their case until the Appellate Court had rendered a decision.

Full Pardon for Krafft.

Frederick Krafft of Newark, N. J., Secretary of the Socialist Party in New Jersey, received the only full pardon in the group of cases today. He was convicted for utterances in a speech in the public square at Newark, but in pardoning him consideration was given to the fact that in the Socialist National Convention at St. Louis early in the war he was one of the pro-war leaders.

Those granted clemency today included a number of Socialists, I. W. W. agitators and religious pacifists.

The sentence of Amos Linden Hitchcock, former Socialist member of the School Board of Cleveland, Ohio, was commuted from ten years to two years. The fifteen-year sentence imposed on Clarence H. Waldron of Vermont, a pacifist preacher, was commuted to expire April 1 next. Other cases acted on were:

Theodore Buessel, Connecticut, a German Lutheran preacher, sentence commuted from ten years to expire April 1 next.

Flora I. Foreman, a school teacher, convicted in Northern Texas of advising soldiers in letters to shoot their officers, sentence commuted to two years.

Robert Goldstein, convicted in Southern California for promoting moving pictures purporting to show massacres by British soldiers in the American revolution and alleged to have been financed by pro-German interests, sentence commuted to three years with remission of fines.

Silas Saylor, convicted in Eastern Kentucky on a charge growing out of preaching pacifism, sentence commuted to one year and one day.

List of Cases.

The addresses of the persons receiving clemency were not available to the Department of Justice. The names, District Courts in which convictions were obtained and the sentences as committed, follow:

G. C. Carter, Northern Georgia, 1 year and 1 day.
Henry A. Kellar, Connecticut, sentence to expire April 1, next.
Charles Sahrbacher, Connecticut, sentence to expire April 1, next.
Sydney Mader, New Hampshire, April 1.
E. P. Eoch, Utah, Sept. 1.
W. H. Rockey, Western Texas, 1 year.
R. E. Doris, Western Texas, 18 months.
Harold G. Mackley, Vermont, 3 years.
W. A. Eskman, Southern Georgia, April 1.
Joseph E. Hamberg, Northern California, April 1.
Ernest Meier, Northern Iowa, commutation to $250 fine.
John Moes, Idaho, April 1.
Florencia M. Romero, Porto Rico, April 1.
Gustave Sigwalt, Northern Florida, April 1.
Fritz Bisdorf, Southern Ohio, 2 years.
Anton Bayer, Southern Ohio, April 1.
Frank Shafer, Western Washington, 1 year.
James Hanaman, Eastern Illinois, July 1.
Reinholdt Frank Lahnemann, Southern California, April 1.
Dan Hamilton, North Alabama, April 1.
Gustav H. Taubert, Northern New Hampshire, 18 months.
J. A. Miller, Colorado, 1 year.
Anthony Frederick, Northern West Virginia, 1 year.
Otto Janson, Northern California, 2 years.
L. H. Sturm, Eastern Kentucky, 1 year.
Everett G. Engelin, Minnesota, 2 years.
Emil Keifer, Northern Texas, April 1.
Carl de Schell, Southern California, 1 year and 1 day.
Daniel Mahoney, Southern Illinois, 1 year and 1 day.
J. J. Conley, Northern Texas, 1 year.
F. C. Blumlein, New Mexico, April 1.
John Leibig, Wyoming, 1 year.
Paul Bosco, Northern West Virginia, 2 years.
Arnie von Harder, Southern California, 3 years.
George H. Hogan, Southern California, 1 year and 1 day.
William Bago, Southern Ohio, 1 year.
Christian S. Schunke, Southern New York, 1 year.
L. N. Lagehdre, Southern California, April 1.
Arthur Reth, Southern New York, 1 year.
Martin Johnson, Southern Illinois, April 1.
Charles Bernal, Eastern Michigan, 2 years.
C. M. Nelson, Eastern Kentucky, 1 year and 1 day.
John O'Connell, Northern California, 2 years.
C. R. Menke, Northern Alabama, April 1.
John Myers, Western Missouri, 1 year.
Chris Ammer, Northern California, 2 years.

Clemency in all of the cases acted on was indorsed by the trial Judges. The department announced that about 200 persons were imprisoned in the United States on convictions under the Espionage act, not including about 155 I. W. W. agitators convicted under various statutes. A number of persons whose cases have been appealed are out on bail.

PRESIDENT MODIFIES DEATH SENTENCES

Three Soldiers to Serve Terms Instead—New Trials Ordered for 19 Negro Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Commutation by President Wilson of death sentences passed in three cases by military courts-martial was announced today by the War Department.

Private Frank J. Burke, a conscientious objector, at Fort Riley, Kansas, was sentenced to death after conviction of refusing to obey a command of his superior officer. General Leonard Wood, who was in command at the time, recommended commutation to twenty-five years' imprisonment. President Wilson ordered this reduced to fifteen years.

Private Arshag Ashbahain was sentenced to death at Newport News for refusing to fall in with his command, the 4th Infantry, for departure to a point of embarkation. President Wilson ordered the sentence reduced to ten years' confinement.

Private Aaron H. Smith was sentenced to death at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, for refusal to obey orders. Major Gen. Henry G. Sharp, commanding the Southeastern Department, after reviewing the case, recommended a sentence of twenty-five years' imprisonment, and President Wilson ordered this reduced to fifteen years.

In announcing today that President Wilson had set aside court-martial sentences and ordered new trials in the case of nineteen negro soldiers tried at Camp Grant, Illinois, in connection with an attack upon a woman, Secretary Baker said the Judge Advocate General had found undue haste in trying the men on the eve of their division's departure for France and had deprived the accused of fundamental rights.

Of the trials, in which eight of the men were sentenced to death, five sentenced to life imprisonment, one found insane, and five acquitted, were set aside on that account and new trials before new courts ordered with the special purpose of avoiding prejudice on the part of any member of the court, in order to safeguard the men.

The facts in these cases were not touched upon by the reviewing authority, who confined himself to the legality and sufficiency of the court proceedings.

MISTRIAL IN McCLURE SUIT.

Court Ends Divorce Proceedings When Lawyers Squabble.

Supreme Court Justice Ford, who has been hearing the divorce suit of Henry H. McClure against Mrs. Frances L. McClure, in which Neil R. White of White's restaurant was named as co-respondent, declared a mistrial in the case yesterday when Edmund L. Mooney, counsel for Mrs. McClure, characterized the acts of Harford T. Marshall, the plaintiff's attorney, as those of "a blundering fool." Justice Ford declared that Mr. Mooney had gone beyond all the bounds of propriety and said, "You have insulted a reputable member of this bar and you must apologize."

"Not if I have to go to jail for refusing," retorted Mr. Mooney.

Mr. Mooney contended that Mr. Marshall had planned the raid when the evidence was obtained and that the maid who was the chief witness had been a witness for Mr. Marshall in another divorce case, and, pointing to Mr. Marshall, he said:

"This man has dragged her from court to court—this man and his gang."

When the proceedings ended, Mr. Mooney, in justification of his attack on his adversary, insisted that Mr. Marshall was in court in the capacity of a witness, although he had not taken the stand, and that Mr. Mooney "was not required to conform to the language which is used with respect to any attorney who has not placed himself in the position of a witness."

'Le Coq d'Or' and 'Cavalleria' Sung.

"Le Coq d'Or," preceded by "Cavalleria," drew a large audience at the Metropolitan last evening, though by social custom Ash Wednesday is among opera's "off nights." The public at large has found great musical interest in Mr. Gatti's finest production since "Boris," enlisting not only the ballet, as in "Petrushka," but also the singing stars, in chorus, and commentary as exotic as the drama of Greece or ancient "No Dance" of Japan. The casts in an international double bill were familiar, including for Mascagni's opera Mmes. Easton and Perini, Messrs. Lazaro and Chalmers, and, for Rimsky-Korsakoff, Mmes. Barrientos and Galli, Sundelius, Diaz, Didur, and Bolm. The Metropolitan announces a special matinée of "Coq d'Or" on Monday, March 17, which is St. Patrick's Day.

Otis Skinner Coming to the Globe.

Otis Skinner, it is announced, will come to the Globe Theatre a week from Monday night in a revival of "The Honor of the Family," based on a story by Balzac. Mr. Skinner first appeared in the piece ten years ago. "The Canary," now at the Globe, will go on tour.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Amelia Gardner will join the cast of "Please Get Married," at the Little Theatre, next Monday night, succeeding Ida Darling.

Wilton Lackaye will make the opening address at the Rudolph Aronson testimonial performance, to be given at the Astor Sunday night.

Eileen Cotty has succeeded Emilie Lea in "Good Morning, Judge," at the Shubert. Miss Lea will be seen in the De Koven operetta, "Yesterday."

The Henderson Players will produce Stanley Houghton's play, "Fancy Free," before the Drama Comedy Club, in the Hotel Astor, on Friday afternoon, March 14.

Three hundred employes of the National Park Bank will attend tomorrow night's performance of "The Velvet Lady," at the New Amsterdam.

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The oval kneeling figure trademark reproduced below is found on every box and on the back of the PARIS GARTER shield.

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THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

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SUFFRAGISTS SAY POLICE HIT THEM

Participants in Demonstration at Opera House Complain of Rough Treatment.

WILL NOT SUE, HOWEVER

Declare They Have Grounds for Legal Action — Soldiers and Sailors Called Rowdies.

Although they said yesterday that Dudley Field Malone had assured them they had grounds for suits against the police, suffrage leaders said there would be no legal aftermath to the demonstration Tuesday night in front of the Metropolitan Opera House while President Wilson spoke on the League of Nations. They declared that their aim was to get the vote, and not to quarrel with the police. According to Miss Alice Paul, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Woman's Party, the police and the crowds destroyed $500 worth of suffrage banners; she lost a purse containing a small sum of money, and Miss Beatrice Catleton of Georgia had a wrist watch taken from her.

In describing the encounter with the police, during which six suffragists were arrested and later released, Mrs. Ella Clapp Thompson, ex-National Organizer of the party, who took part in the parade, accused the police and crowd of rough treatment.

"We believe we had a perfect right to go down to the Metropolitan and picket," she said. "There is nothing in the laws, even in New York, to prevent that. We lost $500 worth of banners, destroyed by the rowdies and the police. The very first thing they did was to wrench banners out of our hands. I don't think there was a policeman in the line at Fortieth Street who didn't strike a woman. I don't believe those rowdies, the soldiers and sailors, would have dared to do as they did, if it hadn't been started by the police.

"I was informed that the policemen had orders to shoot," she continued, "and—who told me that? A man, a bystander. There wasn't a policeman in that cordon at Fortieth Street who wasn't brutal. Miss Paul, Miss Stevens, Miss Elsie Hill, and I acted as guards, and I saw exactly what happened. When we formed here in front of headquarters a number of soldiers and sailors standing on the steps next door at the Salvation Army's service man's centre began to jeer. They followed us, still jeering, down toward Fifth Avenue, and at the corner they were joined by a number of others from the canteen, and when we got across Sixth Avenue the trouble started.

"The police there halted us, but as we believed we had a right to go down to Broadway we continued. Then this crowd back of us rushed forward and struck women, trying to snatch banners. The police beset me at once, trying to get a banner I had taken from a lady who had been knocked down. One of the policemen, attempting to take my banner, stepped on my hand. Then a policeman came up to me and said: 'You're under arrest, and I am going to take you to the station house.' I started off with him, and we had taken only a few steps when he disappeared into the crowd."

Miss Paul told how she and Miss Stevens, without banners or sashes, walked down on either side of the street as guides to the parade. She said that when the police ordered the paraders to halt she told them to go right ahead.

"Then a plainclothes man," said Miss Paul, "seized me and tossed me through the crowd and somebody began to strike me. I finally asked the man who he was and he said 'I am a police officer and here is my shield. You are arrested.' They took us down to the station house and asked us our names. We turned our backs on the questioner and did not answer. They decided to take us to Jefferson Market Court, but, after putting us in the 'Black Maria,' where we sat for twenty to thirty minutes, they had a change of mind. They put us in cells and we stayed there for about an hour.

"Finally they took us into another room and said they had changed their minds and we could go. The police did three things that were unlawful—first it was unlawful to arrest us and detain us, the fact they let us go without going to court proves that; then they confiscated our property, the banners, and finally they physically assaulted us."

The episode is going to be the subject of speeches to be made on March 10 at Carnegie Hall when the Prison Special, which has been touring the country, is scheduled to arrive. The meeting, in addition to the speeches, will consist of a Pageant of Nations Where Women Are Free" and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont will act as Chairman. The speakers will include Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, Mrs. A. R. Colvin, Miss Lucy Burns, Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., and Miss Sue White.

MORRIS GEST SAILS TODAY.

Will Produce 'The Wanderer' and 'Experience' at Drury Lane, London

Morris Gest, the theatrical producer, will sail on the Aquitania this morning. He will visit London, where he will make plans for productions of "The Wanderer" and "Experience" at Drury Lane, and also Paris, where he will arrange for the production of a spectacular French piece which will be next season's production at the Century Theatre. He will be away for about four weeks.

Mr. Gest also plans to take the Midnight Whirl, now being seen on the Century Roof, to London, and will bring back the second version of "Chu Chin Chow" for a brief engagement at the Century in the early Fall. It is likely, also, that he will visit Stockholm in an endeavor to induce Mikael Fokine, who was the moving force back of the Ballet Russe, to come to this country next season.

Concert for Vacation Association.

Geraldine Farrar has purchased the first box to be sold for a concert to be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on April 8 for the benefit of the Vacation Association, and at which she will be one of the singers. The program for the concert will be a notable one. The Philadelphia Orchestra, conducted by Leopold Stokowski, will play, and the distinguished Russian pianist-composer, Sergei Rachmannoff, is to appear. The Vacation Association, of which Anne Morgan was a founder, was organized to assist self-supporting women in saving for vacations. It has a clubhouse at 38 West Thirty-ninth Street. For the period of the war and war work following the association has given up other activities to serve the Government.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock
Beethoven's
"Moonlight" Sonata
Played by
Josef Hofmann
Reproduced by the
DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
29 West 42nd Street — Fourth Floor

A Letter from Godowsky

Who now Records his Playing for the AMPICO exclusively

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD
EXPRESS ROUTE THROUGH THE ROCKIES

February 16th 1919

Is it not amazing that I should sit in judgment at my own performance though not performing? Yet here I am listening to a number of selections which I have recorded on the Ampico! Although I have gone through this process before, I must state it at this moment, in the flush of enthusiasm, that no other recording of mine on any instrument whatsoever give me the deep, unalloyed satisfaction which these reproductions on the Ampico do. They possess, aside from the quality of flawless reproduction, the true to life heart pulsation which stamps the Ampico absolutely individual and apart from anything else. And furthermore, this applies to the records made by my fellow-artists whose renditions it has been my pleasure to hear.

Leopold Godowsky

BY his fellow artists, as well as by the musical public, Godowsky is regarded as the supreme pianistic authority of the age. Josef Hofmann, one of his greatest admirers, pays this tribute to his genius:

"Godowsky exerts a great influence upon his fellow artists. I doubt if there are many pianists who have not learned something from him. I know that I did and I am thankful for it.

"If Chopin is regarded as the spirit of piano composition, Godowsky represents the spirit of pianistic expression, although his art aims still higher, since he is not merely a reproductive artist but a creative one as well."

From an article in Vanity Fair by Josef Hofmann

You are cordially invited to hear the playing of Godowsky and other great pianists, in the Ampico Studios.

Knabe Warerooms
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.

LITTLE TENOR MAKES DEBUT

Josef Shilsky Displays Gifts That Cause Surprise.

Josef Shilsky, who looks like Heifetz through reversed glasses and whose singular beauty of tone recalled the fiddler, made his bow in tenor songs yesterday at Aeolian Hall. He is a little wonder, a young man with a natural voice of limpid purity, a liquid diction for English or Russian consonants, a melting pianissimo like a bird's wood-notes wild, and, when needed, full-throated crescendo, high, clear as a bell, and altogether manly.

Handel's "Sound an Alarm" was one of his surprises, and so was Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Song of Glorification," from "Sadko." There were unfamiliar airs by Rachmaninoff, Floridia, Bimboni, Gabrilowitsch, and well known songs of Elgar, Volpe and others. Charles A. Baker was at the piano.

Ex-President Taft at 'Dear Brutus.'

Former President Taft attended last night's performance of "Dear Brutus," at the Empire Theatre, and received an ovation from the audience.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8: Prophete. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky.
Fri. at 8:15, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, De Luca, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Mireille. Barrientos, Howard; Hackett, Whitehill, Rothier, Anantian. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Eve. Concert 50c. to $2. Magdeleine Brard, Planiol, Marsh; Grimi, Wertzmrah. Cond. Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8:15, Barber of Seville. Barrientos; Hackett, De Luca, Rothier, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Wed. at 8, (1st Time.) The Legend. Ponselle, Howard; Althouse, D'Angelo. (1st Time.) Temple Dancer, Easton; Kingston, Schlegel, Shanewis, Braslau, Sundelius, Althouse, Chalmers. Cond., Moranzoni.
Thurs. at 8, Roma Flammette. Farrar, Perini, Ellis; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat. at 8, Last Performance Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, Montesanto. Cond., Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
JOSEF STRANSKY....Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL
To-night at 8:15 A To-morrow (Fri.) Aft., 2:30.
Soloist JOSEF HOFMANN
Chopin Concerto, "New World"—Symphony.
Next Saturday Evening at 8:30.
Soloist RAOUL VIDAS VIOLIN
ALL TCHAIKOVSKY PROGRAM
"PATHETIQUE" SYMPHONY.
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

LEXINGTON THEATRE, 51st St. and Lexington Ave.
Beginning Monday, March 10 for six weeks
German Classic Operettas
Management Rudolf Christians.
Opening Night, "Der Vogelhaendler."
Seats (50c-$2.50) now at Box Office.

SEAT SALE THIS MORNING
9 A. M. at Hippodrome for Concert by JOHN
McCORMACK
Hippodrome, Sunday Night, Mar. 16
(St. Patrick's Eve.) Tickets $1, $1.50, $2.00.
SPECIAL REQUEST PROGRAM.

GALLI-CURCI
SEATS FOR THE METROPOLITAN OPERA
OPERA TICKETS Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged. JACOBS TICKET OFFICE, NORMANDIE HOTEL, B'way and 38th St. TELS. GREELEY 4188, 4189, 4190, 6442.

Aeolian Hall, March 6, 8:15 o'clock
Charles M. Courboin
Famous Belgian Organist.

HIPPODROME NEXT SUN. NIGHT, 8:15
GALLI-CURCI
TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.

CARNEGIE HALL, Saturday Afternoon, March 15.
Second Piano Recital ARTHUR
RUBINSTEIN
Mgt. R. E. Johnston, 1451 B'way. Seats now on sale at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., March 11, at 8:15
FLONZALEY
Quartet Recital. Mgt. Loudon Charlton

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Mar. 9, at 3
VIOLIN RECITAL. EFREM
ZIMBALIST
Tickets $2.00 to 75c. Now at Box Office.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
TUES. AFT., CARNEGIE HALL, at 3:00
MAR. 11 Soloists: BAUER, THIBAUD, MAQUARRE
Tickets, 50c to $2.00, at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., March 10, at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL
RICHARD KNOTTS
Mason-Hamlin Piano
Tickets 50c. to $2. Mgt. Winton-Livingston.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3.
Roderick White
AMERICAN VIOLINIST
Tickets at Box Office. Mgt. Haensel & Jones

AEOLIAN HALL, APRIL 1ST.
MANA-ZUCCA
AND ASSISTING ARTISTS.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Eve., March 8, 8:15.
"St. Erik" Society for Advancement of Swedish Music.
Compositions by Alex Raoul Wachtmeister.

OPERA TICKETS Seats for Caruso tonight Tosca, Academy of Music, B'klyn. All operas, Galli-Curci, Sun., Hippodrome. 1438 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.

Century Theatre Evenings at 8:30. Wed., Sat. & Sun. Mats., 3
Lowell Thomas
one of the N. Y. Globe's foreign representatives, just back from a two months' tour of Germany, is telling the first eyewitness story of
The German Revolution
Thrilling Motion Pictures.
SEATS $1.00 to 25 cents to holders of coupon cut from The Globe.
Tickets at Box Office or McBride, 165 B'way.

Beginning next Sunday Matinee, Seats Now
"With Allenby in Palestine"
For full particulars see The Globe tonight.

Aeronautical Exposition
10 A. M. to 10:30 P. M. Daily to March 15.
ADMISSION 75c.
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LITTLE TEACHER with MARY RYAN
Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00
Next Mon. Seats Now. A Tailor-Made Man with Grant Mitchell.

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"A diamond mine of entertainment" Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
MONTE CRISTO, JR.
Winter Garden's Mid-Winter Extravaganza
Sunday Night Concert
ALWAYS THE BEST BILL IN NEW YORK.

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MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL
at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8300

MATINEE TO-DAY
Broadhurst Thea., 44th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
RIOTOUS MUSICAL COMEDY
MELTING OF MOLL

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
MATINEE TODAY, 2:30
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
"TOBY IS PRICELESS."—Times.
TOBY'S BOW
with NORMAN TREVOR.
GEORGE MARION, DORIS RANKIN, etc.
Comedy Thea., 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30.
SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN
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Original Monologues
BEATRICE HERFORD
MONDAY MATS. AT BOOTH THEATRE
NEXT MAT. MAR. 10 AT 3:30 P. M.

SELWYN HITS.
JANE COWL in THE CROWDED HOUR
100th DRAMA
Selwyn Theatre W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
TEA for THREE
KEENEST COMEDY
Maxine Elliott's W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30

SELWYN Seats Now (Clef Club Concert, Sun., Mar. 9 Jazz Program! Handy's 'Blues.')

PRINCESS Mats. Wed. & Saturday, 2:15. Evenings at 8:20.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes
OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mt. Today&Sat. 2:15
This Week LA VEINE
and Next

PARK Columbus Phone Circle, 59th 9500 Col. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
SOCIETY OF AMERICAN SINGERS.
TONIGHT & at. Eve.
BOHEMIAN GIRL
Fri. Eve. & Sat. Mat. ROBIN HOOD

Central 47th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Musical Play—Different.
Somebody's Sweetheart

Casino B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Jolly Musical Romance Some Time with ED. WYNN

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat., 2:30.
WHITESIDE LAST 4 TIMES
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.
Beginning NEXT MONDAY. Seats Today.
PENNY WISE
A new comedy with Molly Pearson

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mats. Today, 25c & 50c. WM. HODGE in "A Cure for Curables."
Next Week Walker Whiteside, "The Little Brother"

SHUBERT-RIVIERA B'way, 97th. Mat. Today, 50c
EYES OF YOUTH, with Alma Tell.
Next Week.....LITTLE SIMPLICITY

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald. Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"Ulio" "Here's a Lily" The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
Cohan&Harris' Theatre, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Biggest Success Since the "Merry Widow"
The Royal Vagabond
A COHANIZED OPERA COMIQUE

Geo. Cohan Thea., M. B'y, 43 Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
The Cute Little Play That Turns 'em Away
"A Prince There Was"
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
Mrs. FISKE
in a new comedy, Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans

Longacre W. 48 nr. B'y Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
Three Faces East
With Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

The Play of 1,000 Thrills
Follow the Crowd to
THE INVISIBLE FOE
HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St.

STANDARD, B'way, 90th St. Mat. Today, 25-50c
FRITZI SCHEFF in "Glorianna"
Next Week: "FROCKS AND FRILLS"

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinees Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evs. at 8:15

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OLGA PETROVA
Ford Sisters, Stan Stanley, Frank Fay, Joe Jackson, oths. and Herman Timberg & Co.

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Belle Baker—Dazie
Gus Edwards, Radjah

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Take 7th Ave. Subway to Christopher St.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

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THE RAILWAY MUDDLE.

The belief that a special Providence watches over Americans is confirmed by the results of mingling railway and Treasury finance. The original theoretical argument against Government operation of railways was that railway finance was too large and intricate to be intrusted to officials whose task is the simplest known to business. The Treasury has nothing to do but spend the money it gathers from those who have no option but to pay. Government earns nothing, and has little property of its own, although it possesses an eminent right to every man's property if necessary to maintain Government solvency. For finance of that sort well kept cash books are sufficient. For a century at least, possibly even until now, Government accounts were kept by single entry. Ledger accounts and trial balances to control the capital account are unnecessary where there is no capital account, and no question of profit or loss, or even of solvency. That lies at the bottom of the delay in adopting a budget system. Government resources being inexhaustible, there is no reason why any one in authority should not order expenditures. To meet deficiencies it is only necessary to pass a law that more taxes shall be paid. This simplicity of finance worked none too well before our billion-dollar era. It collapsed under the combined stress of war and of entanglement with finance of a different sort, of proportions dwarfing pre-war operations of the Treasury.

The difference between railway finance and Government finance is that railways had to earn their living until the Treasury took them over. To do that railways had to keep their capital intact to maintain their credit. When railways want money they cannot get it by law, but must attract it from those who have it to spare. Railway finance is on a scale several times the normal Government scale. Gross earnings range around four billions. Net earnings are roughly one-third, or more than Government spent when we were simply a billion-dollar country. Now that we have come to be a multi-billion country the entanglement of railway and Treasury accounts sets up a condition of apparent insolvency of both. Of course, the snarl will be straightened out. The surface conditions are too bad to be true, or to be endured. But the regulators who have thought that regulation consisted in reduction of rates may now come to have an appreciation of the value and uses of railway credit.

The railways are earning their operating expenses even under present conditions. If the Government paid its agreed rental there would be no doubt about interest, little doubt about dividends, and hardly any railway question. But the Government does not pay its rental by hundreds of millions, and yet it lends the railways other millions. If the accounts were cleared the railways would be in better credit, but, as the matter stands, there is a cloud on capital exceeding the present total of Liberty Loans. To this must be added other billions of public utility capital under similar embarrassment without the alleviation of responsibility of public credit for its relief. There is, nevertheless, an indirect responsibility for all credit under public regulation of income which should lie more heavily on the consciences of lawmakers. The scandals in connection with public utility finance are not lessened when it is added that the scandals of regulation rival them.

If these primary considerations had been appreciated it is not possible that Congress would have adjourned without passing money bills approaching $4,000,000,000, including $750,000,000 on account of the embarrassed railways. That widens the circle of involved capital. Without that three-quarter billion the railway supply industry is crippled, with reduction in the demand for coal and iron and other basic materials. All those markets are in need of support by the railway demand, and the reflex upon the labor market is too plain to be amplified. The Victory note billions must be floated, the taxes must be collected, and to make Secretary GLASS's difficult task possible there must be no disturbance of the money market. Temporarily, and for no good reason, public credit is in worse condition than private credit, not excepting even the railways' credit. There are billions of unused credit in the banks at the same time that the Treasury is not paying its bills. Although it is generally expected that the Treasury must help the railways, it is not impossible that relief may come to the Treasury from the railways. The banks should not help the railways under present conditions, but they might help the Treasury asking for accommodation on its indorsement of railway claims against the Treasury. That would be commercial paper, not finance paper, and there is enough credit to meet the emergency. It is true that we were relying upon that credit to make honest profit by service to the embarrassed world, and it is mortifying to find that we need our credit for ourselves when other nations with greater burdens and less resources than we know how to manage their affairs without such waste and reproach. The silver lining to the cloud is that it ought to put an end to all talk of Government operation of any activity which it can devolve upon private energy.

"BIRDS OF PREY AND POWERS OF DARKNESS."

At the hearing before the Assembly Cities Committee on the Goldberg bill to legislate Chief Magistrate MCADOO out of office, representatives of many organizations, mercantile, civic, political, legal, including the Committee on Criminal Courts of the Bar Association, opposed this measure so sure to bring about the restoration of the control of the Inferior Criminal Courts of this city by favoritism, "pull," injustice. "The birds of prey and the "powers of darkness that attempt to "control the Magistrates' Courts in New York City," said Chief Magistrate MCADOO, "will never get an an-"chorage while I am Chief Magis-"trate unless the Legislature of New "York wants them to." The New York Legislature does not want those courts, nearer to the life of the common citizen than any other, to relapse into their former condition as nests of patronage, protectors of gambling and darker vices, distributers of an uncertain and uneven justice. They are now at a high point of usefulness and efficiency. In them, as Mr. MCADOO says, "poor men and women, with no political 'pull,' can get justice." There they will continue to get it, however much the birds of prey screech and the powers of darkness gnash their teeth.

Mr. GOLDBERG, no doubt an innocent vehicle of Tammany inspiration, speaks in the best Hylanesque manner when he puts the opposition to his bill on that source of all evil, the Rockefeller Foundation and its "subsidiaries." That seems to be the sole or main argument for a measure which, it is safe to assume, will get no further than the Assembly committee's waste basket.

MILITANT SWEETNESS AND LIGHT.

In the old Greek myth the Maenads used to tear up fawns and kids, and even sacred Kings, and devour them in honor of their god, Dionysos, or Bacchus. Such fury is incomprehensible in these austere and dry-going times. The fury that possesses the militant sisters cannot be explained by a vinous or demoniac possession. It belongs to the psycho-therapeutic clinic. In no other way can the suffrage manifestation and riotlet on the night of Mr. WILSON's visit be accounted for. In no other way can we understand why women, normally or originally of education and good breeding, seek to disfigure a great public occasion, shriek, claw, cuff, belabor the police, strike about them wildly with the poles of their foolish banners, burn the President's speech, act like a cross between a wildcat and a Coney Island "tough" at his toughest on the last night of its Mardi-Gras.

Too often in Washington these unhappy daughters of obsession have done or sought to do such regrettable things as they treated New York to on Tuesday night. Our philosophic police were amiable, chivalrous, or cynical, as usual. They used no more violence than was necessary to save their skins, eyes, and lives. Some of our more ingenuous young soldiers and sailors, ill-read in the history of hallucination, hysteria, and mental delusion, were naturally indignant at the behavior of the gentle creatures and even disposed to be a little severe with them. "To understand all is to pardon all." In the old days a maniac was chained to a stanchion, like a beast. He slept on straw litter. He had to live on bread and water. He was flogged unmercifully to get the devil out of him. Medical science has taught us to take a humaner view, humaner measures. These militant suffragettes should be regarded not with anger but with pity. Their case is distressing. Still, involuntary as their actions must be deemed to be, the public must protect itself against them by some rational means. Surely, there must be some institution where they can be sure of skilled "observation," of seclusion, of rest, of such remedies as science has for nerves and minds a little off the track and out of kilter.

PERSONAL AND PARTISAN.

Mr. TAFT has fully and satisfactorily disposed of the objections urged against the League of Nations Constitution by the Republican Senators. That in itself will not compel them to change their plan. Mr. LODGE and Mr. KNOX will not feel that it is necessary to conjure up new objections or to recast their speeches. The ex-President destroyed their argument; he may have exposed it, but could not destroy the motive that prompts their opposition.

Their dissatisfaction is not with the League of Nations plan, but with its chief promoter. They are like guests at a banquet who decline to partake of what is put before them. It is explained that the roast is of the best, it has been prepared with great care and skill. That makes no difference. They dislike the cook and will persist in rejecting the products of his art, however tempting they may be to the appetites of the unprejudiced. They are hungry, but they will not be helped to a slice of his roast.

Senator LODGE has repeatedly advocated the creation of the League of Nations. The "round robin" resolution approves the league principle. But it must not be Mr. WILSON'S League, the Senators will have a Republican league or none. When Mr. CLEVELAND was President the Republican leaders were violently disturbed about him. They scolded, they railed, denounced; they attacked him and his works as they now attack Mr. WILSON and his works. To a good old-fashioned Republican like HENRY CABOT LODGE a Democrat in the White House is evidence that something has gone woefully wrong in the processes of nature. He resents the triumph of the Democratic Party as an intolerable affront put upon the divinely chosen guardians of the national destiny by a depraved electorate. If the draft of the League Constitution had been put forth and advocated by President MCKINLEY or President ROOSEVELT, these Republicans would have exhausted the language of adulation in praising it.

Some allowance must be made for the Republican leaders, we suppose, because of their desperate plight. The party is without a man and without an issue for the Presidential campaign of 1920. It is under a Democratic Administration that the United States has borne its noble part in the greatest war of history. That is a terrible handicap for the opposition; they are trying to overcome it. They must be blind, indeed, if they do not see by this time that their point of attack has been ill-chosen. President WILSON and Mr. TAFT have demonstrated to the satisfaction of reasonable men that the League and the Treaty of Peace are inseparable. The nations would be chargeable with gross neglect, with an inhuman shirking of duty, if they made a treaty giving the status of independence to all the new nations without at the same time providing for their protection and their welfare. The representatives of the nations in conference at Paris share Mr. WILSON'S conviction, that the Treaty and the League are inseparable.

In opposing the acceptance of the League plan, these thirty-nine Senators set themselves against the conclusion of peace. They prolong the state of war, and the dangerous conditions growing out of the present unsettlement. The American people want the war ended; they want peace; they want the League of Nations. The thirty-nine Senators are defying the will of the country; they have put themselves in a position of some peril, certainly not in a position which is going to commend their party, its principles and its candidate to popular favor next year.

OUR INTEREST IN GERMAN POLITICS.

The news that comes from Germany day by day is certainly no ground for overoptimism. Neither the purpose nor the capacity of the Ebert-Scheidemann Government inspires too much confidence; so long as it persistently refuses to publish the Government documents relating to the origin of the war and gives its benison to more forgeries about Belgium and to the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung's picture of the war as an attack by a group of surrounding bandits on peaceful and defenseless Germany, we are justified in regarding it with suspicion and in taking all needful precautions. Without doubt, the number of individuals in Germany who have attained the state of mind that the world can safely live with is much larger than it was a few months ago; but it would be premature to say that any political party can now be trusted.

As to the Government's ability to govern, the evidence is not too encouraging. That it can, or at least could, restore order promptly when at length it acts was shown by its repression of the Spartacus revolution in Berlin; but now that it is faced with a recurrence of similar risings it seems hesitant and irresolute. If there is the difference between Germans and Russians that we have always supposed, it should be all the more easy for the Government to take the decisive action that the example of KERENSKY would seem to recommend to any group that did not want to meet his fate. Yet there seems little doubt that in Germany as in Russia the Bolsheviki have most of the energy and determination, and it is a truism, unhappily often disregarded, that a minority which will work can usually overthrow a majority which lets things drift.

Nevertheless, whatever our suspicions and our lack of confidence, we ought to do what we can for the Ebert Government. The world has gone back to the period of religious wars. The war between democracy and socialism, like that between Catholicism and Protestantism three centuries ago, pays no attention to national boundaries. And the Ebert Government, whatever the nominal Socialist adherence of its leaders, is in essence a democratic Government, in which democratic parties have a strong influence and many nominally Majority Socialist representatives have been chosen by democratic votes.

The question, then, whether socialism or democracy is to prevail in Germany is important to the rest of the world. If Germany goes Bolshevist it will mean that the extreme Socialist elements in all the other countries of the world will become pro-German, supporters and adherents of a Germany whose principles will call for world conquest no less than did those of the Kaiser. Bolshevist Germany and Russia, with aid and comfort from the revolutionary faction in every democratic country, would make world peace impossible for many years, for Bolshevist principle makes peace with the infidel impossible, and a democratic world exhausted by beating the Kaiser would find it almost as hard to wage effective war against this new crusade as did the Roman Empire of the seventh century, exhausted by its victory over Persia, to combat the crusading religion that came out of Arabia. EBERT may be unsatisfactory, but he is the least unsatisfactory that we are likely to get.

A SEATTLE ELECTION.

Seattle has just elected three Councilmen. Of six candidates, three were responsible to the public, three to the radical section of organized labor. The three Laborites promised in the official organ of their party to follow the voice of that party, to take their opinions from and rest their official acts upon its decisions. The candidates responsible to the public were elected. As Mayor OLE HANSON puts it, "Seattle's citizens by their ballots re-"pudiated attempts to establish Soviet "authority in Seattle." He draws from the election the conclusion that "every true American citizen will "repudiate preaching of class hatred "if given the opportunity."

Without doubt. Moreover, organized labor has made itself powerful and respected in the United States by abstaining from class politics. The result of the Seattle election is more than a victory of loyalty and order. It is a victory for the intelligent and conservative majority of organized labor.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Small Farms Mean Hard Labor.

There is a good deal of talk just now in and out of the newspapers about the strong impression made on many American soldiers by the skill and efficiency with which the French peasants cultivate their land and the large and varied crops they raise on holdings which, in comparison with American farms, are very small. It is said that the men who have observed these things have come home determined to emulate French methods of agriculture in the hope of attaining its results.

The intention to make more of our land more productive is commendable, of course, and there is no doubt that many, perhaps a majority, of our farmers could profit from information available not only in France, but in several other parts of Europe. This, however, is not to preach the doctrine that small farms are necessarily better for a country than large ones, or that peasant methods, though admirable for peasants, should be imitated in a country that neither has a distinct peasant class nor wants it.

For one thing, the small farm precludes the use of machinery and compels the doing of everything by hand, and work done that way is invariably slow and expensive. It is true that the expense may be borne largely by the producer and escaped by the consumer, but that is far from wholly desirable. The European peasants, and not least those of France, lead hard and narrow lives—lives of a sort that would and should content only the very least ambitious and least typical of young Americans; and while it well may be that our soldiers have viewed with wonder and envy the results of intensive farming as they have seen it in France, if they are at all thoughtful they have not come back with the illusion that they are willing to pass their lives in the conditions, mental and physical, that are characteristic everywhere of small-scale farming.

Emulation, but Not Imitation.

Before praising too highly the sort of farming done by the small proprietors of France, attention should be paid to the fact that in spite of the product per acre there that seems, and indeed is, so large, France has long been an importer of food staples, while America has exported them in enormous quantities. That fact more than hints that our agricultural methods, wide open to criticism as many of them are, should not be condemned hastily as altogether wrong, and it also hints that what we need is improvement along our natural lines of development, not a going back to a stage of progress passed long ago. That many of our large farms are wastefully and inefficiently conducted is true, but it is also true that the possibilities of economy and efficiency are much greater on large than on small farms.

And even a market garden, if it is to produce good citizens as well as good vegetables, must be large—large for a market garden, that is.

Ready for Service at Once.

When the American public hears of the appointment to office of a man who, because of his character and education, reasonably can be expected within a time not too long to acquire such a knowledge of its duties as to perform them with efficiency, that public is accustomed to regard the appointment as a fairly good one and to be content with it. With regard to elected officials, also, the same test is commonly applied. In both cases, however, we have come of late years more and more to realize the possibility of appointing and electing to office men already trained for the special work they are to undertake—men who will not have to go through a course of instruction from their subordinates and attain high efficiency only in the latter half—or quarter—of their term.

In other words, we are slowly arriving at the point of utilizing professional officeholders in the sense which that term ought to have, instead of in the sense of professional salary-drawers, which is the one it had in the unlamented past. An instance of the new and better method of selecting officials is to be seen in the appointment of FRANCIS P. GARVAN as successor to A. MITCHELL PALMER in the highly important position of Alien Property Custodian. This is, in fact, a promotion rather than an appointment, and a promotion for the sufficient reason that Mr. GARVAN has worked with Mr. PALMER ever since the Alien Property Bureau was constituted, is familiar with many of its activities, and in all human probability will be able from the start to carry on a difficult and complicated task as well as did Mr. PALMER—and that is saying a good deal. For not only is Mr. GARVAN well fitted by his general training as a lawyer and prosecutor for the post of Alien Property Custodian, but he is experienced in that particular form of service. His selection, therefore, is calculated to grieve the old-style politician, but it will please everybody else.

Irregular, but Not Reprehensible.

That the reporters should have asked why the six militants arrested Tuesday evening for conduct tending to cause breaches of the public peace were released after a short detention by the Police Lieutenant before whom they were brought—that was natural enough, for the reporters could not understand by what authority he did it after formal charges had been made against the women. That the inquiry was not answered is also natural enough, or will seem so to anybody familiar with some Police Lieutenants. But presumably this particular Lieutenant did have authority for his action. More than presumably the authorization was wise in that it closed the incident with the purpose of the arrests fully attained and no basis for a claim of martyrdom was laid.

That basis, it is fair to assume, is what these women wanted, and all they expected to get. The assumption may be a little harsh, but it is fair, because the would-be hecklers of the President could not possibly have expected to accomplish anything in the way of advancing the suffrage cause or of changing the President's course with respect to it. They wanted to be arrested, and were, but they also wanted the excitements and glories of an appearance in court, and of these they were deprived by the Lieutenant's summary dismissal. So they were sufficiently punished by a cruel disappointment.

As these women have been repudiated again and again by the responsible leaders of the woman suffragists, nothing they do brings real reproach on the suffrage cause. They are as irrelevant as unreasonable.

Sewing Machines for St. Quentin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The War Relief Department of the Needlework Guild of America has decided to "adopt" St. Quentin in the sense of furnishing garments and household linen to the returning refugees. And now comes an urgent plea for sewing machines from Mme. J. Castell, the guild's able representative and Secretary of the Lyons (France) Branch of the Needlework Guild of America. "None are to be found in France," writes Mme. Castell. "All stoves were taken from the houses, and likewise the sewing machines, and have been for two years left in heaps in the streets to rust."

The guild appeals to the general public for contributions of either money for a "Sewing Machine Fund for St. Quentin" or gifts of partly used machines. The latter, it must be understood, should be certified as in good working condition.

The City of St. Quentin had a population of 55,000 before the war and is rurally surrounded by about 100 villages. The guild wishes it might get enough to give at least one machine to each of the 100 villages. This should not be an impossibility if some of the generous readers of this paper will allow their sympathetic impulses to have their way.

The War Relief Department of the Needlework Guild of America, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City, will welcome heartily contributions of any amount to the "Sewing Machine Fund for St. Quentin" or gifts of used machines. All shipping arrangements will be made by the War Relief office. All that is necessary is to announce your gift with the statement that the machine is in good working order, and the War Relief Department of the Needlework Guild will do the rest.

LAURA S. STEWART,
Chairman War Relief Dept., N. W. G. A.
New York, March 4, 1919.

SONG OF A TOY WINDMILL.

The wind blows wild, the wind blows free,
But what is the whirl o' the wind to me?
I move to the breath of butterflies,
To the glint of a song in children's eyes,
To the gleam of red in sunset skies—
To the kiss of fate,
Early and late—
To the sigh of the fool, and the laugh of the wise!

For he who made me and shaped my wings,
And painted my windows green and white,
Had heard the song that a swift shell sings,
In the bleak, black night.
He had lost an eye and a leg, but he knew
The secrets trusted to very few;
And soft in the dusk, as he fashioned me,
He sang this song, exultantly:

"Let the hurricane pass you by,
The whirlwind's scream and tornado's cry;
Move to the touch of the truer things—
The gentle plaint that the ring-dove sings
To the sun-bright edge of an airplane's wings.
For it matters not though the whole world die,
If a rainbow span the storm-swept sky!"

So—what is the whirl o' the wind to me?
I move to the dream of Eternity!

THEDA KENYON.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Opinions on Habits of the Senate and Views of Some Senators.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

By your admonitory editorial on the harm that may be done by Senators inclined to sabotage, or, let us say, capricious mischief, I was reminded of what John Hay was reported to have said in "The Education of Henry Adams," (page 374.)

"A treaty of peace, in any normal state of things, ought to be ratified with unanimity in twenty-four hours. They (the Senators) wasted six weeks in wrangling over this one, and ratified it with one vote to spare. We have five or six matters now demanding settlement. I can settle them all, honorably and advantageously to our own side; and I am assured by leading men in the Senate that not one of these treaties, if negotiated, will pass the Senate. I should have a majority in every case, but a malcontent third would certainly dish every one of them. * * * The recalcitrant third would be differently composed, but it would be on hand."

With you, I hope when the time comes the men, now searching microscopically for technical faults, will look afar, and remembering the splendid line, which evoked the tumultuous enthusiasm of a vast Coliseum audience, "I am a man, and deem nothing that pertains to mankind foreign to me!" shall not seek to withdraw us into an ignoble violation.

We have intervened in the affairs of the world, with the approval of every American, and we have spent billions of money and thousands of still more valuable lives, and the purpose of the League is to render unnecessary any such intervention in the future.

That it will do so seems probable, as after the misbehaving State was strangled by the economic garrote there would be small need to fire shots into the moribund.

C. WICKLIFFE YULEE.
St. Augustine, Fla., Feb. 19, 1919.

A Quotation from Webster.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Inasmuch as quotations from the expressions of thought from great Americans of past years are constantly brought to public attention against the proposed League of Nations, I submit the following from Daniel Webster's oration on laying the cornerstone of the Bunker Hill Monument, June 17, 1825, in support of such a League:

"A chief distinction of the present day is a community of opinions and knowledge amongst men in different nations, existing in a degree heretofore unknown. Knowledge has in our time triumphed, and is triumphing, over distance, over difference of languages, over diversity of habits, over prejudice, and over bigotry. The civilized and Christian world is fast learning the great lesson that difference of nation does not imply necessary hostility, and that all contact need not be war. The whole world is becoming a common field for intellect to act in. Energy of mind, genius, power, wheresoever it exists, may speak out in any tongue, and the world will hear it. A great chord of sentiment and feeling runs through two continents, and vibrates over both. Every breeze wafts intelligence from country to country; every wave rolls it; all give it forth and all in turn receive it. There is a vast commerce of ideas; there are marts and exchanges for intellectual discoveries, and a wonderful fellowship of those individual intelligences which make up the mind and opinion of the age. Mind is the great lever of all things; human thought is the process by which human ends are ultimately answered; and the diffusion of knowledge, so astonishing in the last half century, has rendered innumerable minds, variously gifted by nature, competent to be competitors or fellow-workers on the theatre of intellectual operation."

CHARLES EVERETT MOORE.
White Plains, March 3, 1919.

Senator Knox's Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator Knox holds up the ghost of what he terms "two great warring camps" if the League of Nations is indorsed.

As it is the intention of the Allies to disarm Germany, where is the other "armed camp"? Does it consist of Russia and the Turks? No. It simply is the plea of the lawyer whose client is guilty and he has to endeavor to sway his jury by eloquence, whether the evidence in the case warrants it or not.

He places much stress on the part we are to play, as he calls it, one part in nine, and would have you believe that the great body of peace delegates from the other leading countries are selfish and untrustworthy, and he, and not the eminent peace delegates, knows what best will benefit mankind.

Then, as he dramatically points out so-called pitfalls, he at last, as he grows more eloquent before a Republican Senate, draws up another form of league, thinking perhaps that the American people has already made up its mind to stand behind Woodrow Wilson, and now comes the "Knox League," which would admit graciously into the fold the Central Empire and all the cohorts of the Kaiser, who have been placed under the ban of civilization until such a time as they have been baptized in the fire of righteousness and have made good before the bar of humanity.

The "League of Nations" is the first need of the hour to bring order out of world chaos. FRED A. PETTIT.
New York, March 2, 1919.

One Solution for Two Problems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We might settle two great war problems at one stroke. Let us man the surrendered German warships with the noisiest and most irresponsible enemies of the League of Nations. Then let the original proposal as to the fleet take its course—tow it out to sea and sink it. This is the "Lodge-ical" solution.

DAVY JONES.
New York, March 4, 1919.

The Old Slogan?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is not the League of Nations that is objected to. It is simply the old slogan of 1916: "Anything to beat Woodrow Wilson." That's all!

T. RUTH.
New York, March 1, 1919.

Co-operation with Great Britain.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thomas Jefferson, the principal author of the Declaration of Independence, and the founder of the Democratic Party, wrote President Monroe in 1823 to accept Canning's proposal for joint action in regard to Spanish America:

"Great Britain," wrote the aged statesman, "is the nation which can do us the most harm of any one, or all, on earth; and with her on our side we need not fear the whole world. With her, then, we should the most seduliously nourish a cordial friendship; and nothing would tend more to knit our affections than to be fighting once more side by side in the same cause."

It seems to me, as a Canadian, that Thomas Jefferson's views are as applicable today as they were when he wrote them nearly one hundred years ago.

C. J. FRANCIS.
Montreal, March 4, 1919.

VICTORY POSTAGE STAMPS.

New Three-Cent Issue Will Soon Be on Sale.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Victory postage stamps, a new three-cent issue to commemorate the successful end of the war, will be on sale soon throughout the country. In announcing the issue today the Post Office Department said that the supply would not be sufficiently large to replace the regular three-cent stamp, and Postmasters would sell Victory stamps only on request.

The new stamp bears the figure of Liberty victorious, helmeted and with a sword in one hand and scales in the other. The whole design appears on a shaded panel, with American, British, French, Belgian, and Italian flags draped for the background. In size it compares with other special stamps, and is wider and shorter than the ordinary stamp. It probably will require several weeks to supply requisitions from all Postoffices.

PALMER IS SWORN IN.

New Attorney General Says He Aims to Enforce Laws Promptly.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—A. Mitchell Palmer was sworn in today as Attorney General of the United States, succeeding Thomas W. Gregory. The oath was administered by Chief Justice White.

In a brief speech Mr. Palmer said:

"The policy of the Department of Justice will be the same as heretofore. It will be a plain, simple attempt by strong American men working for their country to see that the duty laid upon the department is properly performed. That duty is to see that the laws are enforced on every man alike, without passion or prejudice, without fear or favor. It will be to enforce laws promptly and expeditiously."

Mr. Palmer's successor as Alien Property Custodian, Francis P. Garvan, assumed his new duties at once.

B. R. T. LOANS UP IN COURT.

Receiver Seeks to Recover $46,000,000 Bonds Held as Collateral.

Lindley M. Garrison, as receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, presented two petitions to Federal Judge Mayer yesterday asking for instructions whether suit should be instituted for the recovery of $46,000,000 of B. R. T. bonds held as collateral for loans by banks and for the revocation of an order directing that $40,000 in interest be paid on notes because it was learned that the amount due was $154,000, and it was not thought wise to withdraw such a large amount from the company's treasury at this time.

The order authorizing the payment of interest was revoked and the court set March 22 for hearing argument on the question of whether a suit should be filed for recovery of the bonds.

It has been the practice of the B. R. T. Company to pledge its bonds as collateral for loans, and $39,000,000 of them were pledged as part security for short-time notes for needed money in dual subway contracts. Mr. Garrison said those bonds were pledged without any restriction as to the price at which they might be sold in case of default, and that this was a violation of the law.

It also appeared that there had been a second deposit of collateral, so that in one case certain banks held more than $7,000,000 in bonds for loans aggregating $3,850,000. If the Court gives permission to sue for the recovery of the bonds and the suit is successful, it is understood that the conditions of the loan will be corrected so as to comply with the law.

T. Ellett Hodgson, counsel for bank creditors, objected to favorable consideration of the petition and expressed doubt as to the power of the courts to invalidate the terms of a contract. He said that if the receiver feared the bonds would be thrown on the market a good way to prevent this would be to pay the interest.

DENIES RECEIVING FAVOR.

Subway Contractor Defends Controller from Bullock's Charges.

Frederick L. C. Keating, counsel for the Intercontinental Construction Corporation, issued a statement yesterday as an answer to the attack of William Bullock of the Good Government Bureau, in which he denied that Controller Charles L. Craig had shown favoritism in the settlement of claims against the city made by the Intercontinental Company because of delay in completing the Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, section of the subway, which the company had undertaken. The company's claim for damages was based upon the charge that the Public Service Commission had failed to furnish plans and thereby delayed the work.

Mr. Keating branded as false the statement of Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney that the commission was not informed of the filing of the company's claims with the Controller or of the progress of the hearings on the matter. He said the company not only filed its claims with the commission, but that the commission sent auditors, who spent months going over the company's books. Copies of all the testimony taken, he said, were sent to the Public Service Commission, with the request from the Controller that the commission make any answer it might be able to regarding the claims.

TODD QUITS FEDERAL OFFICE

Resigns as Chief Assistant of Attorney General.

G. Carroll Todd has resigned as Assistant United States Attorney General, it became known here yesterday prior to the departure of President Wilson for Europe. Mr. Todd had charge of prosecutions under the Sherman anti-trust law, and had been mentioned as a successor to Attorney General Gregory.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Mr. Todd saw nearly seventeen years of service in the Department of Justice in connection with trust prosecution work. He will remain in office until his successor is appointed by the new Attorney General, A. Mitchell Palmer, and then probably will take up private law practice. He is a native of Virginia and has been chief assistant to the Attorney General since 1913.

John Lord O'Brian, Special Assistant Attorney General in charge of enforcement of war statutes, expects to retire soon to return to his law practice in Buffalo.

WILL HEAR CAR WOMEN.

War Labor Board to Take Up Protest from Cleveland.

The National War Labor Board at the Hotel McAlpin yesterday decided to grant a hearing to women formerly employed on the street cars in Cleveland, Ohio, whose employment was discontinued on March 1 on the demand of the Car Men's Union. The hearing will take place in Washington on March 14.

The board found that union employes had been discharged from the American Hide and Leather Company and the Badger State Tanning Company of Wisconsin after efforts by the workers to organize a union, and recommended the reinstatement of such employes and recognition of such committees as the workers elect.

Fifty cents an hour was declared by the board to be insufficient for mechanics working in twelve metal manufacturing concerns in Reading, Penn. It was recommended that the companies adjust the wage rates to conform to the prevailing rates.

The right of workers to organize and to bargain collectively was affirmed in the case of the Machinists vs. the Russell Motor Car Company of Buffalo.

MANN SUPPORTERS FOR NEW CHAIRMEN

Seniority Rule Adopted by Republican Committee on Committees.

OLD GUARD TO BE STRONG

Opponents of Clark as Democratic Floor Leader Gain Little Headway.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Headed by James R. Mann of Illinois, the recently defeated candidate for the Republican Speakership of the next House, the Committee on Committees began today to select the Chairmen of the committees that will handle the Congressional business. Republicans who composed the membership of this body insisted that the Representatives named as Chairmen were only "temporary" and might be switched, but the idea was strong about the Capitol that the occupants would continue in their posts.

The first thing the committee did after selecting Mr. Mann as its "temporary" Chairman was to agree that the old rule of selecting Chairmen of important committees by seniority should obtain. This means that all except two of the Chairmen to be named for the eleven most important committees were supporters of Mr. Mann. The members stated that the meeting was perfectly harmonious and that there were no jars, either over Mr. Mann's selection as "temporary" Chairman or the adoption of the seniority rule. Mr. Mann said tonight that the work of picking the committee slate would probably take a week and that the committee would continue work tomorrow.

Under the action of the committee, these Republicans, who now head their party in the important committees, would succeed to the Chairmanships:

Ways and Means, Joseph W. Fordney of Michigan.
Appropriations, James W. Good of Iowa.
Military Affairs, Julius Kahn of California.
Naval Affairs, Thomas S. Butler of Pennsylvania.
Interstate and Foreign Commerce, John J. Esch of Wisconsin.
Agriculture, Gilbert N. Haugen of Iowa.
Foreign Affairs, Stephen G. Porter of Pennsylvania.
Post Offices and Post Roads, Salvor Steenerson of Minnesota.
Rivers and Harbors, Charles A. Kennedy of Iowa.
Judiciary, Andrew J. Volstead of Minnesota.
Rules, Phil Campbell of Kansas.

All these are said to be Mann supporters except Good and Campbell.

Chairmen are yet to be selected for committees such as banking and currency, education, immigration, labor, mines, public lands, and so on, but it is considered certain that these also will be selected under the seniority rule and that the reactionary and Old Guard forces among the Republicans will thus be powerfully represented. It was said by members of the committee that "three-quarters" of the men whose names were suggested this afternoon for other chairmanships and for membership on the various committees will wish to switch later on.

The move by certain Democrats to defeat Speaker Clark for the floor leadership of his party did not appear to gain much momentum. There is no question that many Democrats resent what they term dictatorship by Claude Kitchin and Chairman Dent of the Military Affairs Committee, but it is understood that strong Democratic representation from all parts of the country will vote for Mr. Clark. Boston Democrats in Congress will support him, it was asserted today.

WASHINGTON, March 5. (Associated Press.)—The Republicans have decided on the apportionment of places on the committees between the two parties. Because of their margin of control the committee decided to increase the majority appointment by one member, with a similar reduction of Democratic or minority membership.

The principal committee, having twenty-one members, would, under the plan adopted, be divided between thirteen Republicans and eight Democrats, while practically the same ratio would obtain with the committee of smaller membership. A decision to make possible use of the Committee on Departmental Expenditures for proposed investigation of war expenditures and other inquiries of department activities led to the membership apportionment of this committee being agreed on as five Republicans and two Democrats, instead of the four to three ratio that obtained in the last House.

No consideration of the rank on the less important committees was given at today's meeting, the committee deferring action on the ground that Republicans on these committees might be transferred to the principal committees. New memberships of the committees would not be considered, but nominations made for the vacancies on half the committees showed that twice as many men were seeking assignments as there would be places available.

The decision as to the seniority on the principal committees was reached early in the meeting, Representative Fordney of Michigan first being being chosen to head the Ways and Means Committee, although lacking the support of committee members who voted for Representative Gillett of Massachusetts in the recent Speakership contest. After Fordney's election, Representative Good of Iowa, a Gillett supporter, was chosen without objection to head the Appropriations Committee. Seniority prevailed undisputed in the remainder of the selections, and later in the day it was again indorsed by the selection of Representative Greene of Massachusetts, another Gillett supporter, to head the Merchant Marine Committee, of which in the last House he was the ranking Republican member.

DROP IN EGG PRICES HERE.

City May Sell to Consumers If Retailers Hold Up Prices.

Thomas F. Byrd, Secretary of the Department of Public Markets, said yesterday that the price of eggs has dropped about 10 per cent. in the last two days in the wholesale markets, and that unless the retail dealers pass the reduction on to the consumers arrangements will be made by the department for the opening of several hundred distributing centres for eggs. This procedure was adopted last Spring, it was recalled, when eggs were retailing at 65 cents a dozen, and proved an immediate saving of 20 cents a dozen to the consumer.

Eggs were quoted yesterday in the Washington Market, in Commissioner Day's daily price list, at 55 cents a dozen, which has been the price at that market for the last two weeks. Many of the chain stores and some others in

JOHN W. KELLER DIES IN HOSPITAL

Ex-Charities Commissioner and Once Prominent Editor Had Long Been Ill.

BRILLIANT PUBLIC SPEAKER

Former President of National Democratic Club Was a One-Time Sachem of Tammany.

John W. Keller, chief clerk in the office of District Attorney Swann, former Charities Commissioner, and formerly for many years a prominent newspaper man, whose name was presented for Vice President by the New York delegation at the National Democratic Convention in 1900, died yesterday from pneumonia at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. He had been ill for several months.

Mr. Keller was born in Paris, Bourbon County, Ky., on July 5, 1856, and his great-grandfather, Jacob Keller, was a Captain in the American Revolutionary Army. Mr. Keller received his early education in Kentucky and at the Hopkins Grammar School. Later he entered Yale University and was graduated in the class of 1879. In the year of his graduation he rowed in the university crew. He was instrumental in placing the Yale News on a firm foundation.

Upon his graduation he came to New York City, where for eighteen years he worked on newspapers, first on THE TIMES and later on The Press, from which he went to The Recorder, being managing editor during its brief career. Joining the staff of The Journal, he wrote the "Cholly Knickerbocker" column. He was also an author and wrote several plays, as well as contributed to magazines and periodicals. One of his plays, "Tangled Lives," was acted successfully by Robert Mantell. During his early newspaper career he exposed and broke up the old Sixth Avenue dives, for which he was attacked one night by thugs and received injuries which caused the loss of the sight of one eye.

Mr. Keller took an active interest in politics in this city as a member of Tammany Hall, and, as he was a brilliant and witty speaker, he was much in demand in its campaigns. He was a member of the Tammany Society and for several years was a Sachem. In 1900 he was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention and his name was presented by the New York delegation for the Vice Presidency.

From 1898 to 1902 Mr. Keller was Commissioner of Public Charities in New York City, making many reforms in the department. He was for two terms President of the New York Press Club and in 1899 and 1900 was President of the National Democratic Club, succeeding Perry Belmont. He was a member of both organizations at the time of his death, and was also a member of the Southern Society of this city and of the Clover Club of Philadelphia. Mr. Keller for some time was connected with the Equitable Life Assurance Society and was appointed chief clerk of the District Attorney's office on Jan. 1, 1916. He lived at 20 East Thirty-first Street. He lived at 20 East Thirty-first Street. In 1887 Mr. Keller married a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus Ellis, who at the time was a popular actress in the Wallack stock company. Mrs. Keller died in 1898.

Funeral arrangements are in the hands of former Justice Robert L. Luce, who has telegraphed to the nieces and nephews of Mr. Keller, his only relatives, in Texas, and has also notified the surviving Yale classmates. Services will be held Saturday morning at 10 o'clock at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, on Forty-fifth Street, near Fifth Avenue. Burial will be in Beachwoods Cemetery, New Rochelle.

Major La Guardia Weds Saturday.

Major Fiorello H. La Guardia, U. S. A., a member of Congress, and Miss Thea Almerigotti of this city, whose engagement was announced in January, will be married on Saturday in St. Patrick's Cathedral. They obtained their marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. Major La Guardia is 36, and his bride-elect is 24 years old. She is a native of Trieste, and has lived in New York for the last seven years. Major La Guardia volunteered in the Aviation Corps at the beginning of the war, and was decorated by the King of Italy. He returned from Italy a few days before his re-election to Congress last November from the Fourteenth District, this city.

Miss Melville to Wed Lieut. Miner.

Mrs. Emily Melville of San Francisco, Cal., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Nina Melville, to Lieutenant Gould Thorp Miner, U. S. N. Miss Melville has been living in this city several years, studying music.

Lieutenant Miner was graduated from the first reserve officers' class at Annapolis in September, 1917. Since then he has served aboard the U. S. S. Utah in foreign waters. He was detached from the Utah in January, and is now attached to the receiving ship New York awaiting orders. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Belin to Wed in Paris May 15.

Miss Susanne Belin, daughter of General Emilie Eugene Belin, President of the Interallied Supreme War Council at Versailles, and Lieutenant Robert W. Neeser, U. S. A., of this city, whose engagement was announced some weeks ago, will be married on May 15 in Paris. Lieutenant Neeser is a son of Mrs. John G. Neeser of 247 Fifth Avenue.

Williams-Brannin Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Edington Williams of this city and Cleveland, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eleanor Hanna Williams, to Roy Harvard Brannin, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chapman Brannin of Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

What the President Did *and* Didn't

achieve in forming the covenant of the League of Nations is told by Lewis Gannett, formerly of the New York World, now special Survey correspondent in Paris.

A critical review of Wilsonian Diplomacy on European soil.

THE SURVEY, March 8

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END OF JONES SALE.

High Prices Mark Closing Session at Anderson Galleries.

The sale of the fine library of Herschel V. Jones of The Minneapolis Journal was concluded at the Anderson Galleries last evening. The highest price was $5,900, paid by Gabriel Wells for Lot 1,630, the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth editions of "The Complete Angler," by Izaac Walton, London, 1653-76. Other prices were as follows:

No. 1,380—"Antiquitatea Christianae," by Jeremy Taylor, London, 1675, in binding by Samuel Mearne; George D. Smith $1,550

No. 1,591—"Tewrdanncke," by Millchior Pfinzing, Nuremberg, 1517, in binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet; George D. Smith 1,000

No. 1,592—William M. Thackeray's "Vanity Fair," in the original parts, as issued, London, 1847-8; George D. Smith 2,000

No. 1,602—"The Three Lordes and Three Ladies of London," by Robert Wilson, 1590, one of the most famous plays of the age of Elizabeth; George D. Smith 1,625

No. 1,603—"The Three Ladies of London," by Robert Wilson, 1592, the source-play of the "Merchant of Venice"; George D. Smith 2,125

The session realized $27,453.50. The grand total for the entire library is $391,854.90.

HYLAN'S DESK REPAINTED.

Back to Work from Vacation, Mayor Finds Office Renovated.

Mayor Hylan returned to a newly varnished desk and a renovated room in the City Hall yesterday after a vacation of three weeks and two days, three weeks having been spent at Palm Beach, Fla., and two days in Washington. The Mayor arrived at the City Hall at 8:50 o'clock in the morning, ten minutes earlier than the time he set a year ago for all heads of departments to be at their desks. He left shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Most of the Mayor's time yesterday was spent in catching up on business which had been neglected during his absence.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE HENRY BECKER, 55 years old, a master plumber in business in Sheepshead Bay for the last nineteen years and active in Republican politics in his district, died from Bright's disease on Monday at his home, 2,148 East Twelfth Street, Sheepshead Bay.

Dr. THOMAS A. QUINLAN, for forty years a dentist at 468 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, the well-known in club and social life of the borough, died in the Flisher Sanitarium on Tuesday after an operation. He was born seventy-four years ago in Hartford County, Md., and was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania. Dr. Quinlan was a member of the Montauk and Crescent Athletic Clubs. He lived at the Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

JOHN WESLEY HENDRICKSON, 73 years old, a civil war veteran and a resident of Glen Cliff, L. I., for the last forty years, died there on Monday.

Mrs. GRACE DROMGOOL and her infant daughter, Florence, died of influenza and pneumonia at their residence, 2,809 Avenue D, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dromgool was the wife of Lieutenant Thomas Dromgool of the United States Navy, stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Mrs. MARY A. GILROY POWERS, a former resident of Brooklyn and wife of John J. Powers, a broker in Manhattan, died of influenza on Monday at her home in Passaic Park, N. J.

CORNELIUS HAFFEY, for more than fifty years a resident of the Red Hook section of Brooklyn and formerly in the employ of the J. L. Mott Iron Works, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 149 Luquer Street. He was the father of the Rev. James F. Haffey of Watertown, N. Y., who died last November.

STEPHEN D. COMBES, formerly for twenty-five years a clerk in the New York Produce Exchange Bank, died from heart disease on Monday at his home, 2,711 Avenue G, Flatbush, aged 72 years. He left a widow, a daughter, and a son, Frank G. Combes, Vice President of the Philadelphia Life Insurance Company.

PETER H. FISCHER, a clerk of the Concord Baptist Church in Brooklyn for more than thirty years and a member of Alpha Lodge, No. 881, I. O. O. F., died on Monday. He was born in Petersburg, Va., fifty-five years ago.

GEORGE EDGAR FRYE, editor of The Bronxville Review and Scarsdale Inquirer and a resident of Mount Vernon, died yesterday in the White Plains Hospital as the result of being run down by a Red Cross ambulance on Feb. 25 in front of the Scarsdale Town Hall. He was 39 years old.

FREDERICK THOMPSON of Livingston Park, N. J., a retired wholesale produce dealer, died there yesterday, at the age of 67 years.

WILLIAM A. PARKINSON, 70 years old, owner of an express and trucking business in South River, N. J., died yesterday at his home there.

PETER J. LOUGHLIN, for more than thirty years a stenographer in the New York County Supreme Court and its predecessor, the Court of Common Pleas, died yesterday at his home, 100 Morningside Drive, after one day's illness of pleuro-pneumonia. He was 53 years old. Mr. Loughlin was ex-President of the State Stenographers' Association, and a member of the New York Press Club.

Lieutenant HENRY MANCHESTER LADD, Jr., 21st Field Artillery, U. S. A., died in Luxemburg Feb. 18 of pneumonia, while serving with the American Expeditionary Forces. He was a son of the Rev. Henry M. and Martha Coit Ladd of Rutherford, N. J., and was in his 25th year.

Miss LYDIA HOTCHKISS, 72 years old, member of a famous old New England family, died yesterday at her home, 292 West Ninety-second Street.

JAMES TAYLOR, President of James Taylor & Sons, Inc., lumber dealers, 544 West Twenty-eighth Street, died yesterday at his home, 431 West 162d Street, in his eightieth year. Mr. Taylor came to this country from Ireland when a young man.

THOMAS M. FOOTE, Jr., died yesterday at his home, 252 West Eighty-fifth Street. He was a son of the late Thomas M. and Julia Jerome Foote. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Josephine Jarvis Foote.

WILLIAM HOOVER YAWKEY, investments broker, at 200 Fifth Avenue, died yesterday at Augusta, Ga., at the age of 44 years. Mr. Yawkey's home was at 12 East Eighty-seventh Street. His family was with him in Augusta.

Colonel EARL M. GALLUP, formerly chief clerk of the Transfer Tax Bureau in the State Controller's Office at Albany, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home at Ekonk Hill, Conn., at the age of 39 years. He was a direct descendant of Walter Palmer, of Mayflower fame.

Dr. HERMAN VEDDER MYNDERSE, for many years a practicing physician at Schenectady, N. Y., died yesterday at his home, near there. Dr. Mynderse was graduated from the Albany Medical College in 1887, and was attending physician of Ellis Hospital. He was a Fellow of the American Medical Association.

Card of Thanks.

PIMSTEIN.—The family of the late Joseph Pimstein wish to convey to their relatives and friends this expression of gratitude for their recent tender of sympathy.

Born.

PANKIN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Pankin, a son, March 3, at the Bedford Private Maternity, Brooklyn.

SOBEL.—To Mr. and Mrs. N. Sobel, a son, on March 3.

Married.

ISELIN—SIBLEY.—On Tuesday, March 4, 1919, at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, by the Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., Margaret Uring Sibley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram W. Sibley, of New York and Rochester, to Capt. O'Donnell Iselin, F. A., U. S. A.

LESLIE—SAYBOLT.—Mr. and Mrs. George M. Saybolt announce the marriage of their daughter, Jessie B., to Herbert Leslie, on Feb. 26, 1919. Rev. E. M. Duck, pastor of the Greenville Reformed Church, officiating.

Married.

McGUIRE—WATSON.—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Watson of Ridgewood, N. J., announce the marriage of their daughter, Pauline H., to Thomas B. McGuire of Paterson, N. J., on Nov. 24, 1918, at the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, by the Rev. Bernard Corcoran.

MARKS—UNGER.—Mr. Max Unger, 104 West 118th St, announces marriage of his daughter, Pauline, on Feb. 23, 1919, to Mr. Charles Marks, New York City.

PULLING—PULLING.—At Summit, N. J., March 3, by Rev. Walker Gwynne, D. D., Louise Hardenbergh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Pulling, to Mr. H. Edward Pulling, of New York.

SPRAGUE — CAUTHERS. — Mrs. William James Cauthers announces the marriage of her daughter, Jessie Cleveland, to Mr. Lee Albert Sprague, United States Navy, of Seattle, Wash., on Tuesday, March 4, 1919, at her home, 540 West 147th St., New York City.

Died.

ABBOTT.—At Passaic, N. J., on Tuesday, March 4, 1919, Josephine Savage, widow of William Abbott and only daughter of the late Andrew D. and Louisa Waterous Savage, aged 81 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 240 Paulison Av., Passaic, N. J., on Friday, March 7, at 10:30 A. M. Train leaves Jersey City, Erie R. R., 9:25 A. M.

ARGUIMBAU.—At Freeport, L. I., March 4, 1919, Emma J., wife of the late Daniel Vincent Arguimbau, in her 81st year. Funeral private.

BARTHELEMY.—Louis, at his residence, 28 Riverside Av., Red Bank, N. J., after a prolonged illness. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BERNHEIM.—On March 4, 1919, at his residence, 33 West 71st St., Charles L., in his 63d year, after a prolonged illness. Funeral from his late residence, Friday, 10 A. M.

BONTE.—Harriet, daughter of Charles Edgar and Mary E. Bonte, and sister of George Willard Bonte, at her home, 205 West 108th St., New York City, Wednesday, March 5, 1919. Funeral private. Cincinnati papers please copy.

BOTHWELL.—Suddenly on Tuesday, March 4, 1919, Catherine Clark, widow of Rev. Dr. George W. Bothwell. Funeral services will be conducted at her late home, 670 East 29th St., Paterson, N. J., on Friday, March 7, at 2 P. M.

CAMPS.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1919, Jeanie G., wife of the late Horatio Camps. Funeral services at her late residence, 397 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CONKLIN.—On March 5, suddenly, at Leavenworth, Kan., Mary, beloved wife of Roland B. Conklin. Services will be held at Rosemary Cottage, Huntington, L. I., Saturday, March 8, at 11 in the morning. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station at 9 o'clock.

DAY.—Tuesday, March 4, Elizabeth Y., daughter of the late John and Catherine Day, Plainfield, N. J. Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Charles Johnson, 434 Spooner Av., Plainfield, N. J., at 2 o'clock, Friday morning, solemn high mass at St. Mary's Church at 9 o'clock.

DUNPHY.—On March 4, John J., beloved husband of Dora Dunphy. Funeral from his late residence, 887 Forest Av., Bronx, on Friday, at 1 P. M. Funeral private.

DURYEA.—At Flushing, N. Y., on Monday, March 3, 1919, Benjamin K. Duryea, in the 96th year of his age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 172 Barclay St., Flushing, N. Y., on Thursday, March 6, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

EPHRAIM.—Isaac J., age 57, beloved husband of Fannie, (nee Tuck,) on March 4. Funeral from his late residence, 1,196 Fulton Av., Bronx, Thursday, March 6, 2 P. M.

FISCHER.—On March 4, 1919, at her home, 62 Essex Av., Orange, N. J., Ella A., wife of Mathias J. Fischer, in her 41st year. Services at Weatherhead's Funeral Parlor, 540 Main St., East Orange, N. J., on Thursday evening, March 6, at 6:30 o'clock.

FITCH.—On Tuesday evening, March 4, 1919, Amelia Masters, wife of the late Halsey Fitch and beloved mother of Walter S. Fitch. Funeral services at her late residence, 307 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

FOOTE.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1919, at his residence, 252 West 85th St., Thomas M. Foote, Jr., husband of Josephine Jarvis, and son of the late Julia Jerome and Thomas M. Foote. Funeral private.

FOWLER.—On Saturday, March 1, 1919, at her residence, Julia, wife of Robert Ludlow Fowler, and daughter of the late William S. Groesbeck, and the late Elisabeth Burnet Groesbeck. Funeral services private, Thursday morning, March 6. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

GIFFORD.—At 26 West 61st St., New York City, on March 5, 1919, Malcolm Gifford of Hudson, N. Y., in the sixty-third year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GOLDEN.—Harris, retired shoe merchant, 138 Van Buren St., Brooklyn, beloved husband of Gussie Golden and beloved father of Samuel L., Bernard, Abraham, Irving Golden, and Fannie Swartz. Funeral Thursday, 12 noon, from late residence, 138 Van Buren St., Brooklyn. Omit flowers.

GOODWIN.—On March 5, at Norwichtown, Conn., Annie M., wife of the late Landon R. Goodwin of Arlington, N. J. Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Walter S. Montgomery, 41 Midland Av., Arlington, N. J., on Friday, March 7, at 3 P. M. Interment at Arlington Cemetery.

HAFF.—At Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1919, William Penn Weeks Haff. Funeral services will be held Sunday, March 9 at 3:30 P. M. at his late residence, 268 Merrick Road, Freeport, L. I. Burial at convenience of family. Long Island papers please copy. Sunday trains leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 1:40 P. M.; Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, 1:38 P. M.

HECKMANN. — On Monday, March 3, 1919, Lulu Heckmann, (nee Steffens,) beloved wife of the late Henry F. Heckmann, in her 33d year. Funeral services at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. H. Asmussen, 11 Hanson Place, (near Atlantic Av. subway station,) Brooklyn. Funeral services postponed until Friday, March 8, at 8 P. M. Memphis papers please copy.

HERZBERG.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1919, at his residence, 181 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, Professor Constantin Herzberg, in his 80th year. Services Friday evening, March 7, at 9 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

HORTON.—Lieutenant Ellis Quereau, (J. G.), (T.) U. S. N., after a short illness, in New York City, on March 4, 1919, age 34. Funeral at Brick Presbyterian Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., Thursday, March 6, at 10:30 A. M. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery. Washington papers please copy.

HOTCHKISS.—Lydia. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St. (Frank E. Campbell's,) Thursday, 12 M.

HUTCHINSON.—Of pneumonia, Wednesday, March 5, 1919, at his home, 66 Hancock St., Henry Hutchinson. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

JENKINS.—Margaret. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Thursday, 11 A. M.

JONES.—At 2,517 Marion Av., Fordham, New York City, Lizzie R. Jones, age 56 years, beloved wife of James H. Jones. Funeral services will be held at Fordham M. E. Church, Marion Av., corner of Fordham Road, on Thursday evening, March 6, at 8:15 o'clock. Interment at Somerville, N. J.

KELLER.—John W., on March 5, 1919, aged 63. Funeral Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, 46th St., near 5th Av., Saturday, March 8, at 10 A. M. Members of National Democratic Club will assemble at clubhouse 9:30 Saturday morning. Members of the Class of Yale, '79, Psi Upsilon Fraternity, and members of the Tammany Society are invited to attend the funeral.

KOHLER.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on March 4, 1919, Joseph H. Kohler, beloved son of Marie Dufau and the late Charles L. Kohler. Funeral private. Interment Greenwood.

LADD.—While serving with the American Expeditionary Forces in Luxemburg, on Feb. 18, of pneumonia, in the twenty-seventh year of his age, First Lieutenant Henry Manchester Ladd, Jr., 21st Field Artillery, U. S. A., son of the Rev. Henry M. and Martha Coit Ladd of Rutherford, N. J.

LEWIS.—Samuel L., in the 80th year of his age, beloved husband of Deborah and devoted father of Estelle and the late Suzette Lewis Verrara. Funeral private. Flowers gratefully declined.

Died.

McCARTHY.—Frank J., beloved son of Catharine McCarthy and the late Thomas, and brother of Joseph A. and the late Thomas J., (Barry O'Neil,) on March 5, at his residence, 113 West 49th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MAHLER.—March 4, 1919, Eugenie, (nee Schlesinger,) beloved wife of Stephen Mahler and mother of Henry and Charlotte. Funeral from home, 810 West 184th St., Thursday, 10:30 A. M.

MALLORY.—Entered into peaceful rest at Winter Park, Fla., on Tuesday, March 4, Henry Rogers Mallory, beloved husband of Cora Pynchon Mallory and son of the late Charles H. and Eunice Clift Mallory, in the 71st year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Rye, N. Y., at 3:30 P. M., Saturday, March 8. Conveyances will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 2:18 P. M. Interment private. Returning, trains leave Rye for New York at 4:26 and 5:26.

MEYERS.—Abraham R., beloved son of Mayer and Carrie Meyers, and beloved husband of Hattie W. Meyers, on March 5, after long illness, in his 53d year. Funeral strictly private.

MILES.—On Feb. 14, 1919, in France, in the service of his country, of pneumonia, Corporal Joseph Emelie Miles, Military Police, 29th Division, youngest son of the late Robert M. Miles and Agnes Tiers Miles of South Orange, N. J. Memorial mass at the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, South Orange, N. J., Tuesday morning, March 11, at 10:30 o'clock.

MINDERMANN.—On Monday, March 3, 1919, after a long illness, at her residence, 201 East 52d St., Gesine Mindermann, in her 55th year. Relatives and friends, also the ladies' society of St. Peter's Lutheran Church, are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at St. Peter's Lutheran Church, corner 54th St. and Lexington Av., on Thursday, March 6, 1 P. M.

MORRISON.—Entered into rest March 5, 1919, Miss Dorothy Morrison. Funeral private.

MUSER.—Fritz, beloved husband of Heart Lee Muser, former member of Muser Brothers, aged 50, March 4, at 304 West 99th St. Services Thursday, 10 A. M., THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St. Interment private. Omit flowers.

MYNDERSE.—At Lake Hill, Scotia, Schenectady, N. Y., March 5, 1919, Herman Vedder Mynderse, M. D., beloved husband of Helen Louise Douw. Notice of funeral hereafter.

NATTER.—On Tuesday, March 4, 1919, William H. Natter.

NEILSON.—Monday, March 4, 1919, Hannah Neilson, aged 92 years. Funeral service at her late home, 64 Bank St., Thursday afternoon, March 6, at 1 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

O'REILLY.—Katherine, at the home of her niece, Mrs. Murray, (nee McFarland,) 166 West 106th St., March 3, 1919.

OSTERWELL.—David, at Atlantic City, March 4, beloved husband of Julia Osterwell, (nee Goldsmith,) father of Sidney, Leon, Viola, Irving Osterwell, Mrs. Abraham Kraus and brother of Mrs. Edward Jacoby and Morris Osterwell. Funeral from Temple B'nai Jeshurun, High St. and Waverly Av., Newark, N. J., Thursday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

PERRY.—Oliver A., at his residence, 16 West 81st St., on March 5. Funeral services at 14 East 39th St., on Thursday, 2 P. M. Interment at Williamantic Cemetery, Connecticut.

RAYMOND.—On March 5, 1919, Frances I., beloved wife of Howard A. Raymond. Services at her late residence, 851 West End Av., Friday evening, March 7, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Pittsfield, Mass.

REASS.—Ernestine, in her 71st year, widow of the late Abraham Reass. Funeral from her late residence, 1,310 Union Av., Bronx, on Friday, March 7, at 10 A. M.

REILLY.—On March 4, Thomas, beloved son of Catherine M. Reilly, (nee Boyle.) Funeral from his late residence, 557 West 183d St., on Friday, March 7, time later.

SAMUEL.—On March 4, 1919, Sophia M., beloved wife of Morris Samuel and sister of Mrs. R. Barnett, Mrs. P. Morse, Haron, Joseph, and Myer Michaels. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th, Thursday morning, 10 o'clock. Funeral private. Rochester (N. Y.) papers please copy.

SAVIDGE.—March 5, Charles D., beloved father of Nellie Wilson, Mabel Cross, Winifried Sheffield. Funeral service Friday, March 7, at 2:30 P. M., 340 West 47th St.

SCHIFF.—At Orange, N. J., March 5, 1919, Perra, Hammel Schiff, wife of David Schiff, in her 83d year. Funeral services from late residence, 50 Cleveland St., Orange, N. J., on Friday, March 7, 1919, at 2 P. M. Automobile cortege. Interment in cemetery of Congregation of Sharey Teffilo.

SCHLEICH.—Paul, aged 58, beloved husband of Margaret Schleich, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., and will be buried from his late residence, 213 East 202d St. Funeral services at the Church of St. Philip Neri, 202d St. and Concourse, 10 A. M. Friday.

SMYLIE.—On Tuesday, March 4, 1919, suddenly, from pneumonia, Marjorie Ely Smylie, daughter of Mrs. Edmund Le Roy Dow and the late Major Charles A. Smylie, U. S. A. Funeral services at 4 P. M. on Friday, March 7, 1919, at her late residence, 47 West 57th St. Interment at Elly Honestead, Livingston, N. J., at the convenience of the family.

SWICK.—Bertha, on Wednesday, March 5, at her residence, 414 West 145th St. Funeral Friday, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

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TAYLOR.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1919, James Taylor of James Taylor & Sons, Inc. Funeral services at his home, 431 West 162d St., on Friday, March 7, at 8:15 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

THORN.—On Monday, March 3, 1919, after a long continued illness, Leander Hanford Thorn, in his 71st year, beloved husband of Mary L. Thorn. Funeral services at the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., New York City, on Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

THORN.—Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Leander Hanford Thorn, 1st Company, from the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., New York City, on Thursday afternoon, March 6, 1919, at 3:30.

Col. WILLARD C. FISK, President.

VAN PEBORGH.—Louis Edward Hubert, beloved husband of Marguerite, H. C. Peborgh of Antwerp, Belgium, aged 30, March 4. Lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway at 66th St. Services Thursday, 10:30 A. M.

VAN WICKLE.—Emma Comstock, Sunday, March 2, at her home, in Seattle, Wash.

WARD.—At his residence, 822 West 149d St., on March 4, James, beloved husband of Rose Mary Ward, (nee Cahill,) and father of Mary, James, Edward, Katherine, Rose and Mrs. Edward J. Cahill, Jr. Requiem mass on Saturday, at 10 A. M., at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes. Kindly omit flowers.

WILLIAMS.—At his residence, 16 East 67th St., New York City, on Thursday, March 6, 1919, George Lombard Williams, in his 74th year. Interment at Buffalo, N. Y. Buffalo and Boston papers please copy.

WITHERS.—Suddenly, on the 6th instant, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York, in the 50th year of his age, George Bowyer Withers of British Guiana, son of the late Robert Jewell Withers of London, England. Funeral services at Holy Angels Church, West End Av. and 81st St., on Friday, March 7, at 1:30 P. M. English papers please copy.

YAWKEY.—William Hoover, at Augusta, Ga., March 5, 1919, aged 44. Notice of funeral hereafter.

YOUNG.—On Tuesday, March 4, 1919, Margaret A. Young, widow of John T. Young and daughter of Charles M. and Letitia Thomas. Funeral from her late residence, 32 Bayview Av., New Rochelle, on Thursday, March 6, at 4 P. M. Carriages will meet passengers arriving on train leaving Grand Central Depot at 2:57, and 125th St. at 3:06. (North Av. stairway, New Rochelle, N. Y.)

In Memoriam.

CLARK.—In constant and loving memory of our beloved son and brother, Elliott B. Clark, died March 6, 1918.

FOX.—In loving memory of Ella Dillingham Fox, March 6, 1914.

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LOCAL OPTION SUNDAY BASEBALL BILL IS ATTACKED AND DEFENDED AT ALBANY

SUNDAY BASEBALL STRONGLY URGED

Proponents of Measure Include Jurists, Political and Labor Leaders, and Soldiers.

OPPONENTS OUT IN FORCE

Clergymen Tell Albany Legislators That Such a Law Would Hamper Work of Churches.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 5.—Baseball enthusiasts, diamond stars back from battling the Hun, private citizens, male and female, played their annual game against clergymen, representatives of Sunday school associations and reform bureaus this afternoon before the Joint Codes Committee of the Legislature with the resumption of the legalized Sunday game under local option as the stake.

Similar tilts for and against the permissive Sunday Baseball bill has enlivened the legislative sessions in other years, but advocates, backed by the men wearing the uniform, batted harder today, and the Walker-Malone bill, it was said, will undoubtedly be reported out of committee.

Military men, including Major C. R. Hulsart, Major Gifford of the 11th Engineers, who saw service in France; Lieutenant Thomas Hazelton of the 112th Engineers, and John J. Evers of the Knights of Columbus, former star of the Chicago Cubs and the Boston Braves, united in declaring that the greatest influence for the high morale of the American Expeditionary Forces was American baseball.

"You are not giving the boys a square deal if you deny them the recreation that must be theirs and which they can best get by Sunday baseball," declared Lieutenant Charles Brice Muir, one of the survivors of the famous "Black Watch" of the Canadian Army. "If you deny this pastime, you should tear down the Statue of Liberty, for you take their liberty away. I ask you to pass the bill in memory of the men who will never get back to the diamond, the men who have made the great home run."

Robert F. Moran, President of the New York City Board of Aldermen, spoke for the bill. He declared that a majority of New Yorkers wanted Sunday baseball and that the up-State reformers who tell New York how to live are "infringing on our personal liberty." He declared that healthy recreation and Christianity go hand in hand, in answer to arguments of opponents of the measure that Sunday baseball means the Germanization of the United States because of the necessary adoption with it of the European Sunday. Judge Cornelius F. Collins of the Court of Special Sessions, New York City, followed Mr. Moran.

Labor of the State was placed on record for the bill by James P. Holland, President of the State Federation of Labor, and other labor representatives. William B. Fitzsimmons of Albany, representing the four brotherhoods of railroad men, declared that Billy Sunday was the "greatest clergyman in the United States and got his training on the diamond playing Sunday baseball."

Opponents of the measure were not treated kindly by its advocates. Mrs. May M. Gooderson of Brooklyn, referred to them as a "fanatical group of joykillers." Mayor John Fitzgibbon of Oswego said, "The opponents here are in my class, grey-headed, bald-headed, and have practically outlived their usefulness."

The Rev. Robert Watson of New York City, President of the Presbyterian Ministers' Association, led the attack on the bill. He declared that John McGraw of the New York Giants could have a winning team year after year "if he would give his men an opportunity to go to their places of worship, and to have no thought of baseball on Sunday."

Sunday baseball, according to Wilbur F. Crafts, Superintendent of the International Reform Bureau of Washington, D. C., would mean the breaking down of the Sabbath and inject the European holiday Sunday. He said that the demoralization of Germany was most directly attributable to the Sunday holiday.

Other speakers for the opposition, including Mrs. Charles M. Gilbert, the Rev. E. L. Jameson, President of the Protestant Ministers' Association and representing also the New York State Sunday School Association; Mrs. William Y. McNair of New York City, and Dr. Henry Ward of Buffalo, declared that church work would be hampered; that the bill was but a wedge for the opening of theatres, factories, shops, and stores on Sunday, and that the foundation of the Government would be weakened through the consequent assault on the home by the enactment of the measure.

PLAYERS OBJECT TO UNION.

C. C. N. Y. Basket Ball Players Refuse to Join and Are Barred.

The City College basket ball team was deprived of the services of four players yesterday when the C. C. N. Y. Union, through the Athletic Association, declared the players ineligible to represent the institution unless they joined the union. The union is an all-embracing organization to which the student pays semi-annual dues entitling him to privileges in all student activities. Non-membership bars a student from participation in any student activity.

The four players upon whom the ban has been placed are Frank Murray, centre; Irvin Lipton, forward, and Rothstein and Fishbein, substitutes. All are understood to have declared that nothing will cause them to alter their stand in refusing to join the union.

WANT RICE BACK TO COACH.

Columbia Daily Paper Demands Re-engagement of Rowing Mentor.

The problem of selecting a coach and outlining a policy for the Columbia 'Varsity crew this season will be discussed, and, it is believed solved, this afternoon at a meeting of the University Committee on Athletics, of which Charles Halsted Mapes is Chairman. The meeting of the committee today is timely, following as it does a demand made in The Spectator, the student's daily, yesterday that the committee re-engage Jim Rice as coach.

Rumor has connected the name of Eugene J. Giannini, formerly coach of the New York Athletic Club crews, with the position.

The students demand that a head coach be appointed without delay or that Fred Plaistead, for several years assistant to Jime Rice, be invested with full powers to act as head coach.

Difficulties with regard to the schedule will also be ironed out at today's meeting of the committee.

SPORTS CARNIVAL AT N. Y. U.

Athletes to Celebrate Opening of Military Building Next Week.

A carnival of sports and other amusements will be held next Wednesday at New York University to celebrate the opening of the new Military Building of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, it was announced yesterday by Captain Henry C. Hathaway.

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

AIRSHIP TRIP FOR GIANTS.

McGraw and Team Likely to Fly to Quaker City for Opening.

When the Giants go over to Philadelphia on April 23 to open the championship season against the Phillies they will probably make the trip by airplane. Manager McGraw yesterday received an invitation from J. P. Davies of the Curtiss Aeroplane Corporation asking the club to fly over in a squadron of the concern's machines. The Giants' manager thought so well of the invitation that he said he would gladly accept, and he thought that most of the players would join him in the air trip.

This invitation of the Curtis people solves a transportation problem which often troubles baseball clubs. If the Giants' trip goes through successfully baseball clubs may use this means of traveling for quick jumps in the future.

However, when the situation is put to some of the players there are some who will stay on earth. Unless the airplanes are fitted out with upholstered chairs and with a buffet compartment, many of the pampered athletes will not feel at home. They have become so accustomed to riding in Pullmans that a cramped seat in an airship would be regarded by them as an imposition.

The Giants yesterday announced their full schedule of exhibition games, which is as follows: March 29—Boston at Tampa; April 4 and 5—Boston at Tampa; April 7 and 8—Boston at Gainesville, Fla.; April 9—Boston at Columbia, S. C.; April 10—Boston at Spartanburg, S. C.; April 11—Boston at Winston-Salem, N. C.; April 12 and 13—Baltimore at Baltimore; April 14—Washington at Newport News; April 15—Washington at Petersburg, Va.; April 16 and 17—Washington at Norfolk; April 18—Washington at Richmond; April 19 and 20—Washington at Washington; April 21—Double header, Innerseals and Interborough against Giants at Polo Grounds; April 22—Yale at Polo Grounds.

Two more tardy Yankees signed their contracts yesterday, Pitchers Herbert Thormahlen and Jack Quinn both deciding that it was about time to climb on the band wagon.

John Paul Jones, a pitcher for the Giants, also signed his contract, and sent word to Manager McGraw that he was ready and anxious to get to the Florida training camp. Jones, like his famous namesake, has been in the navy.

TO PLAY OFF MEDAL TIE.

Armstrong and Styles Pushed for Final in Pinehurst Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 5.—Dwight L. Armstrong of the Oakmont Club and Edward Styles of the Washington Golf and Country Club, who tied for the medal in the qualifying round of the Spring tournament at Pinehurst with a total of 154 for the 36 holes, will play off the tie in two 18-hole rounds on Courses 2 and 3 on Friday and Saturday.

Both won their matches easily enough in the first match round of the tournament played on the No. 2 course today, Armstrong defeating W. H. Fuller of Worcester by 5 and 4 and Styles disposing of Joe Bydolek of Buffalo by 4 and 3.

Armstrong and Styles are playing in opposite brackets and it is a foregone conclusion that they will both come through to the final and provide the feature match of the tournament on Saturday.

The summaries:

First Sixteen—C. F. Watson, Jr., Baltusrol, beat W. A. Whitcomb, Worcester, 1 up; L. A. Hamilton, Garden City, beat Donald Parson, Chevy Chase, 2 and 1; L. G. Spindler, Fox Hills, beat F. H. Gates, Moore County, 3 and 1; Dwight L. Armstrong, Oakmont, beat W. H. Fuller, Worcester, 5 and 4; Edward Styles, Washington Golf, beat Joe Bydolek, Buffalo, 4 and 3; George A. Dixon, Jr., National, beat H. T. Cook, Trenton, 5 and 4; L. D. Pierce, Ekwanok, beat W. E. Truesdell, Garden City, 1 up; J. Moran, Rhode Island, beat R. A. Stranahan, Inverness, 1 up.

N. Y. A. C. POLO TEAM WINS.

Winged Foot Swimming Veterans Beat Yale, 20 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 5.—The New York A. C. water polo team tonight defeated Yale in the Carnegie pool, 20 points to 1, leading when the first half closed, 10 to 1.

The veteran Joe Ruddy threw two goals in the first half and Lou Handley two in the second period. Howard kept the Yale team from a whitewash by tossing a goal from foul late in the second half.

The play was the most spirited of the season at Yale, Carrol's stubborn goal defense turning back the Yale attack time and again. The lineup:

N. Y. A. C. (20.)	Position.	Yale. (1.)
Ruddy	C.	Vorys
Handley	F.	Howard
McConnell	F.	Scully
Vollman	B.	Hoffman
McCarthy	B.	Reinhardt
Cavicoll	G.	French

In a one-sided swimming meet Yale defeated the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 39 to 14. The Boston swimmers finished first in only one event, the 220-yard race. In this event Fish spurted past Hopkins of Yale ten yards from the finish and won by six inches. Leo Geibel defeated Herbert Volmer and Norman in an exhibition sprint race.

Muldaur Wins at Doyle's.

Mark Muldaur scored a victory for Osborne's Academy over John E. Lewis of Doyle's at the latter academy last night in the A. A. B. A. 18.2 balkline title tournament. The score was 200 to 96. Muldaur completed his string in thirty-nine innings and had high runs of 42 and 23. Lewis made a high run of 12.

CARHART REACHES SEMI-FINAL ROUND

Yale Club Squash Player Defeats J. W. Burden in Class B Tourney.

Harold W. Carhart of the Yale Club won his way to the semi-final round of the national Class B squash tennis tournament on the Harvard Club courts yesterday afternoon. Carhart, who was runner-up in the recent invitation tourney at the Yale Club, defeated J. W. Burden of the Harvard Club 18—17, 15—8.

After Burden gained an early lead, Carhart, with a swift attack, drew up on his rival, and during the last few hands of the match it was a nip-and-tuck struggle. The score went to 13—all and 14—all, after which Carhart's sharp driving game and his freedom from errors enabled him to pull out the opening game. The second game found Carhart's play even stronger and Burden was soon placed in a disadvantageous position, the Yale man taking the game at 15—8.

The play was fast from the very outset, both men making some remarkable "gets." Carhart's driving straight up and down the court giving him a number of aces, not alone because of speed but because of the placing. He had an uncanny ability in forcing his opponent out of position and then sending the ball into the deep corners on shots that all but defied a return. Carhart's around-the-court shots, were at times tantallizingly elusive.

In the first game Burden stood up decidedly well against the strategy of his opponent. He was not baffled as much as might have been expected by the Yale player's speed, but as the match wore on he seemed to show fatigue to a greater degree than his rival, and the game lost some of its dash.

In the first game, when the score was set at 13—all, Carhart was hit on the head by an accidental swing of Burden's racquet. The mishap, however, in no wise affected his play.

Two Yale Club players, Carhart and J. L. Tomlinson, Jr., and one Princeton Club player, H. D. Harvey, have now attained semi-final round brackets. The one remaining match in the round before semi-finals will bring together R. E. Wigham of the Columbia Club and S. Wainwright of the Yale Club. This match will be played this afternoon and the semi-finals will be contested tomorrow.

H. D. Harvey, the young Princeton Club player, showed to advantage against his more experienced rival, C. J. Maguire of the Yale Club. He earned his victory by a score of 15—13, 15—10, which was something of a surprise. Harvey displayed a change of pace which repeatedly puzzled his opponent and Maguire had costly misses at critical times. J. T. Tomlinson, Jr., of the Yale Club won from A. D. Mittendorf of the Princeton Club, 15—8, 15—9.

The summaries:

Annual Open Class B National Squash Tennis Association Championship Tournament. —Third Round—H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, defeated J. W. Burden, Harvard Club, 18—17, 15—8; J. T. Tomlinson, Jr., Yale Club, deefated A. D. Mittendorf, Princeton Club, 15—8, 15—9; H. D. Harvey, Princeton Club, defeated C. J. Maguire, Yale Club, 15—13, 15—10.

FIVE GOALS FOR HOPPING.

Leads Meadowlarks' Trio in Polo Victory Over Rovers.

In what was easily the most spectacular game of the indoor polo tournament at Durland's Riding Academy, the Foxhunters trio eliminated the White Owls last night as contenders for the Max Phillips Cup. The Foxhunters, with a one-goal handicap, defeated the White Owls by a count of 7 to 5.

This match gained for the victorious team the right to oppose the Meadowlarks in the game which will decide the owner of the cup, which will be played Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The Meadowlarks defeated the Rovers by 10 to 5, the Rovers, but easily discounted this handicap. Earl Hopping led the Meadowlarks in a brilliant attack which at times swept the Rovers before it. Hopping accounted for five of his team's goals.

NEW JOB FOR MATT WINN.

Will Become Manager of Race Tracks in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 5.—Matt J. Winn, one of the most widely known racetrack managers in the country, is preparing to sever his connection with Juarez, Empire City, and Laurel tracks.

According to apparently well founded reports in circulation here today, he is to become manager of Churchill Downs, Latonia, and Lexington courses, which will be operated by the recently formed Kentucky Jockey Club.

Billiard Victory for Klinger.

Jacob Klinger, playing for Daly's Academy in the A. A. B. A. metropolitan championship 18.2 balkline billiard tournament, defeated George P. R. Clarke of the Morningside Academy last night at Daly's by a score of 200 to 181 in thirty-nine innings. Klinger had a high run of 35, with an average of 5 5-39. Clarke's high run was 41, and he averaged 4 29-38.

MORTON WINS CUE MATCH.

Philadelphia Player Takes First Game in Title Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 5.—J. E. Cope Morton of Philadelphia scored his initial victory in the amateur balkline championship, defeating Percy P. Trump of the Pittsburgh A. C. 300 to 262 at the Chicago Athletic Association this afternoon. It was the longest struggle of the tournament, lasting fifty-eight innings, Morton having a high run of 29, while the Smoky City amateur reached 18 three times.

It was Trump's fifth straight defeat, and as in his previous games he showed no ability to nurse the ivories. Morton started by running 29 in jig time, and then missed a hurriedly played shot.

As the players were never far apart the game did not lack interest. At the twenty-seventh inning Trump led by 126 to 123, but Morton then began to show better ability and gradually drew ahead, and he turned the thirty-fifth inning leading 190 to 166.

Trump did little after this, except in the last few innings, while Morton gave several clever exhibitions, his run of 25 in the fiftieth inning being well made. At one stage he made six delicate ball carroms in succession.

Playing the most consistent billiards of the tournament, Robert M. Lord of Chicago helped put a dent in the championship aspiration of Percy Collins, defeating the Illinois A. C. star, 300 to 93. Lord went out in twenty-four innings, averaging 12 12-24, his high run being only forty-three, but in twelve of his innings he went into double figures.

EASY VICTORY FOR RICE.

Youthful Billiard Player Defeats Matthews in 18.2 Match.

Julian Rice, former Columbia student, displayed excellent form in his match against Charles P. Matthews last night in the invitation handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. Rice scored a victory by 180 to 93 in twenty-two innings. Both contestants were playing for 180 points.

In his twenty-first inning Rice registered a run of 25, and in the twenty-second inning Rice completed his string with an unfinished 25. Rice averaged 8 4-22. This evening Rice will oppose Sydney Brussel.

GREENLEAF INCREASES LEAD

Wins Both of Day's Blocks in Pool Match with Concannon.

Ralph Greenleaf increased his lead over Joseph Concannon in their pocket billiard match at Daly's Academy yesterday. Greenleaf took both afternoon and evening blocks in comparatively easy fashion, bringing his total up to 600 against 460 for Concannon.

Greenleaf's margin of victory in the afternoon was 100 to 41, and he had a high run of 26. In the evening Greenleaf led by 100 to 57, making a high run of 57. The match will be continued this evening.

ARMY-NAVY GAME NOV. 29.

West Point and Annapolis Football Game to be Played at Polo Grounds.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 5.—An agreement has been reached by the athletic authorities of the Military and Naval Academies that the football game between the elevens of the two institutions will take place on Nov. 29 next at the Polo Grounds, New York.

The Naval Academy has also consented to the playing by the Military Academy of those members of the team who graduated with the last class but who have returned to West Point for post-graduate work.

IS NOT TO PLAY HARVARD.

War Department Turns Down West Point Game on Oct. 25.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 5.—Refusal of the War Department to sanction a football game between Harvard and West Point here on Oct. 25 was made known tonight by Fred W. Moore, Graduate Manager of Harvard athletics. Terms had been agreed upon by the two managements and unfavorable action was taken when West Point sent its papers to Washington for approval.

GARY, IND., SEEKS BIG BOUT.

May Get Willard-Dempsey Fight—Rickard Coming Next Week.

Tex Rickard, Western promoter, who is conducting the heavyweight championship bout between Jess Willard, title holder, and Jack Dempsey, the Salt Lake City challenger, July 4, will not arrive in this city until next week, contrary to previous plans.

Gary, Ind., is the latest in the field of cities offering accommodations for the important ring bout. Autnorities of that place, upon hearing that Promoter Rickard was willing to conduct the bout near Chicago, announced that they would permit the contest in Gary.

OLYMPIC MEET IS BOOKED FOR ROME

International Games May Go to Italy, According to Baron de Coubertin.

The international Olympic meet will be revived next year and will probably be held in Rome. Baron Pierre de Coubertin, the prominent French advocate of amateur sport, who was responsible for the revival of this meet, and who for more than twenty-five years has been President of the International Olympic Committee, has written to the Italian Olympic Committee, suggesting that the 1920 Olympiad be held in Rome instead of Antwerp.

M. Montu, an Italian Deputy, has called a meeting of representatives of press sporting organizations to discuss the advisability of conducting the classic. An Italian committee has also been appointed to ask the Government for adequate financial support.

Baron de Coubertin's communication to the Italian athletic officials, while it is in the form of a suggestion, is accepted by athletic authorities of this country as a final decision in favor of reviving the classic and awarding it to Italy. This is really the first authoritative announcement concerning the great athletic classic since the signing of the armistice.

The suggestion that the Olympic competition be held in Rome in 1920 eliminates further talk of the classic coming to this country. Athletic authorities in the United States have been negotiating for the important meet since the clouds of war first started to disappear. In their efforts to bring the Olympic meet here, however, American officials have been balked by the depressing financial conditions existing in Europe. From the start of the American negotiations this drawback has been encountered, militating against a removal of the games to this country for the reason that European countries were not in a position to assume the expenses of sending representatives to such an important meet.

Baron de Coubertin's specific mention of Antwerp is accounted for by the fact that Belgium has been among the applicants for the classic. Immediately after the last meet, held in Stockholm in 1912, officials of Belgium put in a bid for the meet of 1920, inasmuch as the Olympiad scheduled for 1916 had been awarded to Berlin. The war halted the plans for Berlin, and caused an abandonment of the great meet. Belgium's application, however, remained as originally made. There never was any definite indication that the meet would go to Antwerp, although the application never was officially dismissed. It is thought now that Antwerp is in no condition to assume the responsibilities of such an important athletic attraction.

Baron de Coubertin is now in Lucerne, Switzerland, where he has lived for the greater part of the time during the war. The French nobleman is in close touch with the athletic conditions of the world. It is accepted, therefore, that in making his decision to award the games to Italy, the International Olympic Committee leader did so with a thorough knowledge of conditions there. Italy has been seeking the meet for many years. With their ambitions in this respect at last realized, it is predicted that the Italian authorities now will work unceasingly to make the 1920 classic equal to those of previous years. France, United States, England, and Sweden have held meets in the past.

No information concerning Baron de Coubertin's communication to Italy has been received in this country as yet. The American members of the International Olympic Committee are Justice Bartow S. Weeks, Allison V. Armour of Chicago, and Professor William M. Sloane of Columbia University. Justice Weeks declared last night that he had not been officially notified of Baron de Coubertin's suggestion, but, at the same time, stated he was not surprised.

"Baron de Coubertin has not made his suggestion without a thorough knowledge of conditions in Italy," said Justice Weeks last night. "I have not been informed of any official decision, and it is not likely I will be until the vote is taken. There is little likelihood of a change in plans, however, that if Baron de Coubertin has decided on Rome as the scene for the next Olympic meet. Baron de Coubertin, in making his suggestion, evidently has come to the conclusion that Italy is the only country where the games can be held next year.

"The decision to revive the Olympic meet quickly will be welcomed. It is the universal opinion that this great competition should be quickly restored for the double purpose of dispelling as far as is possible thoughts of what the allied countries have gone through in the late war, and to stimulate interest in athletic competitions."

ANNOUNCE DAVIS CUP DRAW IN AUSTRALIA

France Will Play Winner of England-Belgium Preliminary Match.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 5.—Officers of the Australian Tennis Association completed the draw for the Davis Cup International Tournament here today. The teams of Great Britain and Belgium will meet first, the winner, in turn, to play France for the right to challenge Australia, the present holder of the trophy, emblamatic of the world's team championship. No dates were fixed in the draw, it being understood that the nations represented in the preliminary rounds will select dates suitable for the matches, which will be played in Europe.

The challenge round for the Davis Cup, if precedents are followed, will be played in Melbourne late in November or during the first week of December. At present the Davis Cup is in this country, although held by Australia as result of the victory of Brookes and Wilding over the American team at Forest Hills, L. I., in 1914. The declaration of war, which preceded the final matches, made it advisable to hold the trophy in the United States for the period of hostilities. The cup will probably be forwarded to Australia during the next few months.

It is not improbable, under the circumstances, that the American Association will extend an invitation to the winning combination to travel to the Antipodes via the United States and to compete in the national championship tournaments while en route.

The English team, if it reached the challenge round, could appear at Forest Hills, L. I., during the last week of August and later, sailing from San Francisco, reach Australia about the middle of October in ample time to get acclimated before the championship round.

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Cross for Two Captains, Both of Whom Were Killed in Battle.

MANY SIMILAR AWARDS

Heinzmann, Cattus, and Jauss Are Among Those Decorated for Extraordinary Heroism.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following-named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Capt. JOHN C. ADAMS, deceased, 30th Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action at Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. Capt. Adams was gassed to such an extent that he vomited several times in his gas mask and had to lie on top of his dugout under heavy shell fire to get sufficient air. He refused to leave his post for medical treatment and remained to direct the movements of his company during the entire day. He was killed in action July 25, 1918. Next of kin, Mrs. K. R. Adams, mother, Crockett House, Nutley, N. J.

Capt. HARRY B. DOREMUS, deceased, 114th Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun Oct. 27, 1918. Having been ordered to establish liaison between his company and the support unit on the right, Capt. Doremus led his detail to its objective under heavy machine gun fire. The successful completion of his work saved a most serious situation, but in the performance of his duty he was killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Harry B. Doremus, wife, 114 State Street, Hackensack, N. J.

First Lieut. GROVER P. HEINZMANN, 114th Infantry—For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, Oct. 12, 1918. After having seen several of his men killed or wounded in an attempt to deliver a message through a heavily shelled area, Lieut. Heinzmann volunteered and carried the dispatch to its objective, then offering to return through the same barrage on any mission required by his battalion commander. Home address, Mrs. Bertha Heinzmann, wife, 180 Burgess Place, Passaic, N. J.

First Lieutenant JOHN C. CATTUS, 30th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Rois de Cunel, France, Oct. 10-11, 1918. Although severely wounded while advancing with his company and assisting in taking enemy trenches, Lieutenant Cattus returned to the post of command, through heavy machine gun and shell fire, with valuable information of the troops in the line. Home address, John V. A. Cattus, father, 508 West End Avenue, New York City.

First Lieutenant RAYMOND B. JAUSS, deceased, 30th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. After all means of liaison had failed, Lieutenant Jauss carried important messages to his observation posts. He was killed by shell fire while visiting one of his observation stations near Crezancy. Next of kin, H. L. Jauss, father, 151 West Eightieth Street, New York City.

Sergeant WILLIAM THOMAS, deceased, Company D, 302d Engineers. (A. S. No. 1717472.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Cheveriers, France, Oct. 13, 1918. Sergeant Thomas accompanied an officer on a reconnoissance, searching for possible locations for crossing the Aire River. They crossed open ground subject to shell fire and under direct observation of the enemy. On reaching the river they were exposed to machine gun and sniper's fire. Both he and the officer failed to return and their bodies were afterwards discovered in the Aire River, where they had fallen after being killed or wounded by enemy fire. Next of kin, Thomas Price, uncle, 232 Mile Square Road, Yonkers, N. Y.

Sergt. MICHAEL P. FITZPATRICK, Company L, 165th Infantry. (A. S. No. 91,548.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres et St. Georges, France, Oct. 14, 1918. After his platoon commander had been killed Sergt. Fitzpatrick took command of the platoon. Although painfully wounded in the arm early in the engagement and constantly exposed to intense machine-gun and artillery fire and gas, he remained at his post, directing and encouraging his men, until his platoon was relieved late that night, when he was evacuated. Home address, Cornelius Fitzpatrick, father, 80 Visitation Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private JAMES E. COLE, Company B, 6th Machine Gun Battalion, United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 108,555.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, Nov. 10, 1918. Private Cole was painfully wounded in the foot by a bursting shell, which killed or wounded all the members of his gun crew, but, as soon as he had obtained first-aid treatment, he immediately returned to his comrades and worked all night under heavy shell fire at carrying wounded to the dressing station. Home address, Mrs. Anna Cole, R. F. D., Port Jervis, N. Y.

Private AUGUST GALAWITCH, deceased, Company L, 9th Infantry, (A. S. No. 40569.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Solesmes, France, July 25, 1918. While endeavoring with his automatic rifle to silence the fire of an enemy machine-gun nest, which was holding up a portion of our line, Private Galawitch was killed by shell fire. Next of kin, Wiceria Galawitch, mother, 102 Gardner Avenue, Homestead, N. J.

Other awards are:

Major Tobe C. Cope, (deceased,) 371st Infantry, Fort Thomas, Ky.; Capt. Maurice W. Howe, 167th Infantry, Fitchburg, Mass.; Capt. Robert Y. Conrad, (deceased,) 116th Infantry, Winchester, Va.; Capt. Don R. McGill, Field Artillery, 308th Trench Mortar Battery, Nelsonville, Ohio; Capt. Frederick P. Moore, Jr., (deceased,) 80th Infantry, Bellevue, Penn.; Capt. Dennis C. Turner, 30th Infantry, Shelby, N. C.; First Lieut. Ralph M. Wilcox, 5th Regt., U. S. M. C., Portland, Ore.; First Lieut. George W. Sadler, Chaplain, 30th Infantry, Lane View, Va.; First Lieut. H. H. Marsh, (deceased,) 80th Infantry, Burnett's Creek, Ind.; First Lieut. George H. MacElligott, (deceased,) 30th Infantry, West Somerville, Mass.; First Lieut. Arthur V. Savage, (deceased,) 30th Infantry, Philadelphia, Penn.; First Lieut. Harry Holliday, 30th Infantry, Traverse City, Mich.; First Lieut. Douglas B. Baker, 30th Infantry, Melrose, Mass.; First Lieut. Thomas R. Royerson, Med. Corps, 30th Infantry, Virginia, Va.; First Lieut. Hubert O. Teer, Co. L, 371st Infantry, Durham, N. C.; First Lieut. John G. Schneider, 6th Regt., U. S. M. C., St. Joseph, Mo.; First Lieut. Carlisle R. Wilson, (deceased,) 139th Infantry, Bethany, Mo.; Second Lieut. Charles W. Parker, Co. L., 371st Infantry, Woodland, N. C.; Second Lieut. Calvin D. Richards, 26th Infantry, Morgenfield, Ky.; Second Lieut. S. A. Baxter, 26th Infantry, Canada; Second Lieut. Hugh D. Schallenberger, (deceased,) 56th Infantry, Vanderbilt, Penn.; Second Lieut. Lewis C. Beebe, 30th Infantry, Cottage Grove, Ore.; Second Lieut. William T. Hanley, 30th Infantry, Berlin, N. H.; Second Lieut. William Edward Levis, 30th Infantry, Alton, Ill.; Regt. Sergt. Major Raymond M. Dougherty, Headquarters Co., 30th Infantry, Lincoln, Neb.; Regt. Supply Sergt. Ralph P. Borst, 30th Infantry, Syracuse, N. Y.; Cook Michael A. Platten, (deceased,) Battery B, 121st Field Artillery, Green Bay, Wis.; Bugler Emil H. Petrach, Co. G, 56th Infantry, Johnson, Penn.; Gunnery Sergt. William Willmot, Co. M, 5th Regt., U. S. M. C., Portland, Ore.

First Sergt. Herman L. Bush, Co. B, 102d Machine Gun Battalion, Dorchester, Mass.; First Sergt. Edward G. Mason, (deceased,) Co. D, 55th Infantry, Milwaukee, Wis.; First Sergt. Robert Sproule, Co. A, 30th Infantry, Syracuse, N. Y.; First Sergt. David F. Jardine, Co. I, 30th Infantry, Malden, Mass.; Sergt. John Duly, Co. D, 55th Infantry, Bridgeport, Conn.; Sergt. Charles G. Elliot, Co. M, 56th Infantry, Elmira, N. Y.; Sergt. Ray E. Murphy, Battery A, 150th Field Artillery, Bedford, Ind.; Sergt. Theodore Keller, Co. M, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Lexington, Ky.; Sergt. John A. Dooley, Co. A, 30th Infantry, Forest Hill, Mass.; Sergt. Pleas Sanders, Co. F, 30th Infantry, Brownsville, Ky.; Sergt. Arthur Mitchell, (deceased,) Machine Gun Co., 30th Infantry, Sylacauga, Ala.; Sergt. Ray H. Mullin, Machine Gun Co., 30th Infantry, Peoples, Ky.; Sergt. Favian W. Wright, Headquarters Co. 30th Infantry, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Sergt. Harry E. Forrest, (deceased,) Co. I, 318th Infantry, Baltimore, Md.; Sergt. Daniel O'Connor, Co. C, 101st Infantry, Dorchester, Mass.; Sergt. Estra Higgins, Co. C, 101st Infantry, Dorchester, Mass.; Sergt. Charles Stafford, Co. D, 166th Infantry, Marion, Ohio; Sergt. Julius O. Yulli, Co. M, 361st Infantry, Soap Lake, Wash.; Sergt. Steve Kubacki, Co. D, 85th Infantry, Milwaukee, Wis.; Sergt. Henry G. Hensley, Co. H, 56th Infantry, Vixon, N. C.; Corporal Earl J. Martin, Co. I, 102d Infantry, New Britain, Conn.; Corporal Edward W. Blanchette, Co. A, 104th Infantry, Millbury, Mass.; Corporal Victor Du Bois, Headquarters Co., 101st Infantry, Wakefield, Mass.; Corporal Holger Jager, Co. A, 101st Infantry, Boston, Mass.; Corporal George J. Spinney, (deceased,) Co. C, 101st Infantry, Brighton, Mass.; Corporal Bernard McGuirl, (deceased,) Headquarters Co., 101st Infantry, Fitchburg, Mass.; Corporal William J. Ferguson, Co. A, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Cleveland, Ohio; Private First Class Harry E. Garber, Battery F, 21st Field Artillery, Beaver Falls, Penn.; Private First Class Clyde M. Boyd, Headquarters Co., 166th Infantry, Payne, Ohio; Private Bentamin Yahnovitz, Co. B, 101st Infantry, Chelsea, Mass.; Private Joseph J. Boughan, Co. C, 101st Infantry, Newton, Mass.; Private Roland W. Abrams, Co. K, 318th Infantry, Baltimore, Md.; Private Albert Seibel, Med. Det., 55th Infantry, Clayton, Ill.; Private John E. Dillon, Co. B, 6th Machine Gun Battalion, U. S. M. C., Middletown, Mo.; Private Hans M. Naegle, Co. A, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Toquerville, Utah; and Private George W. Budde, (deceased,) Co. A, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Cincinnati, Ohio.

TO TRADE IN COTTON UNDER NEW RULES

New York Exchange Will Continue Transactions Under the Modified Futures Contract.

The New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges did not open for business yesterday because of the belief of the Boards of Managers of the two institutions that the cotton trade could not adapt itself to the new style futures contract made necessary by the amendment to the Lever Cotton Futures act in time for active trading in the hours set for market operations. The Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange was in session practically all day yesterday, and it was announced that the Exchange would be opened for business today.

The new style contract is made necessary by the amendment to the Lever Cotton Futures act, which passed Congress late on Monday and was signed by the President at that time. The amendment was worked in as a rider to the Wheat Guarantee bill, and came as a distinct surprise to the cotton trade here and in the South. In effect, it rules out many of the low grades of cotton which in the past were deliverable under the New York and New Orleans cotton futures contracts, and to this extent tends to improve the contract. This, it was explained yesterday, is a benefit to the cotton mills, which have frequently complained that the cotton delivered to them on futures contracts was of so low grade they could do nothing with it. At the same time, the new law is expected to work to the disadvantage of many planters and cotton brokers who are loaded up with the low grades. A cotton man said yesterday that those who were now holding the low grades probably would have to dispose of their cotton in the spot market for what it would bring. In the case of low-grade cotton grown, the planter would have to take his chances in the spot market when the cotton was ready for delivery and could not use it to deliver against future contracts.

Under the rules of the Cotton Exchange, which, it was said, had been arranged after consultation with Government officials, those who have outstanding contracts, either to receive or deliver, need not liquidate such contracts at once, but can wait until the maturity of the options. There will be no new contracts made, however, under the old style contract, and from today on all business originating must be in new style contracts. Cotton brokers believe that it will be advisable for those who have outstanding contracts to close them out as soon as possible, because it is believed the market for old contracts will steadily narrow and execution of orders will become more difficult as time passes. Under Cotton Exchange regulations it is possible that some old style contracts will not be liquidated until February of next year as the Exchange started dealing in February, 1920, cotton several days ago.

Under the new regulations the following grades of white cotton may be delivered against future contracts: Middling fair, strict good middling, good middling, strict middling, middling, and low middling. In the so-called yellow tinger grades good middling and strict middling are deliverable and good middling blue stained cotton may be passed. The grades eliminated by the amended Lever act include strict low middling, strict good ordinary, and good ordinary among the white grades, and middling yellow stained, strict middling blue stained, and middling blue stained.

All spot cotton delivered under the new contracts is to be classified by Government inspectors, while spot cotton delivered under the old style contracts will still be classified by the Cotton Exchange inspectors.

WAR TRADE BOARD FREES EXPORT PORK

Food Administration Predicts Increase Over Stabilized Prices of Hogs and Products.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Removal of pork and pork products from the export conservation list was announced tonight by the War Trade Board, effective tomorrow. At the same time the board rescinded the regulations by which all applications for licenses to export these commodities to European destinations were required to bear a certificate from the Food Administration showing that the administration had approved the sale price.

The Food Administration in an announcement issued simultaneously said this action would destroy its ability further to stabilize the price of live hogs and that it probably would result in the price of hogs and pork increasing beyond the stabilized prices which the Administration had desired to continue to March 31.

The War Trade Board's announcement also said that it had been advised that the Allied Provisions Export Commission had been dissolved and that purchases of foodstuffs for shipment to Great Britain, France, and Italy would no longer be made by that commission. This commission was organized early in the war and all foodstuffs for the Allies bought in America were purchased through it.

Education Notes.

The Washington Heights Patriotic League, of which Thomas W. Churchill is President, will hold a "Patriotic Rally" tomorrow afternoon at P. S. 132, Wadsworth Avenue and 182d Street. The address will be delivered by Abbe Flynn, the celebrated French clergyman who was formerly rector of a church in the devastated region of France and who has had wonderful experiences as a Chaplain in the French Army along the battlefront. The address will commence at 4 o'clock. No tickets of admission are required.

The Commissioner of Parks, Brooklyn, has asked that permission be granted to his department to conduct recreational work on the Bushwick High School athletic field during the Summer vacation.

Mrs. Edna M. Bryant, President of the Professional Elementary Teachers' Association, said yesterday that there are men in the kindergarten to 6B grades on Schedule VI. with the maximum of $2,160. There are two in her own school. If every man on Schedule VI. could be removed the teachers on Schedule B would still profit by the passage of the Equal Pay bill, as the maximum of $2,160 and the remainder of Schedule VI. are established by law as proper salaries for these grades and are a part of the city charter. If the teachers want to be placed on the schedules $1,000 to $2,160, for the kindergarten to 6B; $1,500 to $2,400, for the seventh and eighth years, they should write to their Senator and Assemblymen and ask them to vote for the New York City Teachers' Equal Pay bill, introduced by Senator Lockwood and Assemblyman Fertig.

R. W. Rodman has been appointed by the Board of Education as Superintendent of the new plant operation.

Two continuation classes will be established on the premises of the Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, Manhattan, for the purpose of instructing in elementary school subjects disabled soldiers and sailors under the jurisdiction of the Rehabilitation Commission of the Federal Board of Vocational Education.

P. S. 11, Queens, has been added to the list of community and recreation centres.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that a leave of absence without pay be granted to J. H. Beekman, a teacher in the Boys' High School, Brooklyn, until Aug. 31, 1919, for the purpose of acting as physical director with the American forces in Archangel.

Wills for Probate.

ALLIN, ANN E. P., (June 1.) Value of estate is $13,000 in real and $50,000 in personal property. She bequeaths $1,000 to the Volunteers of America. The residue of her estate is left to Joshua H. Dyer of 139 Manhattan Avenue, which house is part of the estate of the deceased, but is left to him during his life, and at his death, with the remainder of the estate, goes to the Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, at 1,060 Amsterdam Avenue.

HEALY, JOHN, restaurateur, (Feb. 12.) The widow, Mrs. Jessie B. Healy, says her husband left $79,000 in personal property and $200,000 in realty.

MEEKS, MARY LOUISE, died in Florence, Italy. She leaves $20,000 each to her son-in-law, Henri Emetaz, and her grandson, Marvin Van Dyke Emetaz, both of Montclair, N. J., and the residue of the estate to her daughters, Florence A. Emetaz of Montclair and Hilda May Meeks of Florence, Italy.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Disturbances were centred Wednesday night over the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the southern Rocky Mountain region and Alberta, Canada, and high pressure prevailed over the great Central Valleys, the Lake region and on the Pacific Coast.

Warm weather continued during Wednesday in the Atlantic States and considerably warmer weather has developed in the Plains States and the Far Northwest.

The weather has become much colder in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, the Lake region, the Gulf States, and the interior of the Middle Atlantic States and New England. Freezing temperature prevailed Wednesday as far south as central Texas and Arkansas.

General precipitation occurred within the last twenty-four hours in the Mississippi Valley and all districts to the eastward, and in Texas and Louisiana, and scattered snows over the plateau and north Rocky Mountain regions and rains and snows in the north Pacific States.

In the Middle Atlantic States and New England, rain or snow Thursday will be followed by clearing by Thursday night, with much lower temperature and fair and cold weather on Friday.

In the South Atlantic States the weather will be fair and colder Thursday, preceded by rain on the Coast and fair Friday. In the East Gulf States, Tennessee, and Kentucky, fair weather Thursday will probably be followed by rain and warmer Friday. In the Upper Ohio Valley and the Lake region, fair weather Thursday will be followed by unsettled and warmer weather and probably snow on Friday.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast at and north of Cape Hatteras.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be strong north and northwest, rain, changing to snow and much colder weather; South Atlantic Coast, fresh southwest shifting to northwest, rain, followed by clearing.

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Rain, probably changing to snow Thursday, with much lower temperature. Friday fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain, probably changing to snow Thursday morning and followed by clearing Thursday afternoon; much colder. Friday probably fair.

Western New York—Clearing Thursday. Friday cloudy and continued cold.

Northern New England—Snow, followed by clearing and colder Thursday. Friday probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1918.	1919		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	36	46	4 P. M.	55	57
6 A. M.	34	45	6 P. M.	53	54
9 A. M.	38	47	10 P. M.	48	55
12 M.	48	52	11 P. M.	45	53

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 44; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 45; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 58 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 44 degrees at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 76 per cent. at 8 A. M., 93 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.77 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.61 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
3:30—11 Av. and 22 St.; U. S. mail auto	Not given	
4:15—109 W. 49 St.; Park & Tilford	Slight	
5:40—222 E. 100 St.; Joseph Friedman	Slight	
11:10—509 E. 16 St.	not given	Slight
11:45—404 E. 8 St.; not given	Slight	
P. M.		
12:30—822 Trinity Av.; Philip Susnek	Slight	
2:05—1401 E. 42 St.; Thomas Budden	Slight	
3:05—Pier 95, N. R.; Burns Brothers	Slight	
3:10—Intervale & S. B., (auto;) Knickerbocker Biscuit Co.	Not given	
6:35—550 E. 240 St.; August Weber	$1,000	
9:20—1,188 Longwood Av.; Frank Reynolds	$2,000	

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Bureau of Navigation today published the following orders:

Andrews, Rear Admiral P., from commander Baltic detachment and command naval forces operating in the Eastern Mediterranean.

Haggart, Lt. Cmdr. R. S., from the Maddox to the Bernado as exec. officer.

Hewlett, Lt. Cmdr. G. W., the Baltimore to Chief Naval Operations as Intelligence Officer.

Gates, Lt. Cmdr. J. W., from the Lea to Venice, to report to Admiral Niblack.

Stevenson, Lt. Cmdr. F. T., from the Idaho to R. S. at Philadelphia.

Farrell, Lt. S. A., to Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, as instructor.

Hierdahl, Lt. C., from R. S. at New York to Lake Denmark in charge of naval ammunition.

Robbins, Lt. J. H., from the Comfort to Chief Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

Wood, Lt. J. O., previous orders revoked, continue duty on the Cythera.

Wynkeep, Lt. N. O., from the Isabel to the Lea.

Casey, Lt. W. R., from the Woolsey to the Lea.

Gebhart, Lt. H. C., Venice to Radetzky.

Thomas, Lt. J. B., previous orders canceled.

Holley, Lt. W. W., from Base 25 to Venice, report to Admiral Niblack.

Thompson, Lt. J. D., from Base Hosp. 5 to Paullac Salvage Div.

Kittredge, Lt. R., from Venice to Naval Port Officer, Spalato.

Carlson, Lt. M. O., to duty as Naval Port Officer, Murmansk, Russia.

Schneider, Lt. A. P., to duty Naval Port Officer, Archangel, Russia.

Burrough, Lt. E. W., from the B-1 to the Monadnock.

Saunders, Lt. J. B., from the S.N.A.R., N. Y., to duty as executive officer the Canandaigua.

Graham, Lt. W. O., from Bureau of Steam Engrg., Wash., to New Orleans Yard.

Kercher, Lt. J. D., from duty as Flag Lieut. on staff of Cmdr. Division B, Battleship Force 1, Atlantic Fleet, relieved from all active duty.

O'Brien, Lt. R. H., from the Pelican to duty under S.N.A.R., N. Y.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. March 6: Patrolman R. Tatnell, 32d Precinct to 49th, assignment as Corporal discontinued. Assigned to bicycle duty in 63d: Patrolmen A. E. Johnson, T. M. O'Connor.

Temporary Assignment: Patrolman T. Brown, 89th, to Headquarters. 10 days from March 6.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Sergt. John Lenahan, 48d. 3:30 P. M. Feb. 12 to 12 P. M. Feb. 21; Patrolman S. J. Thompson, 14th, 12:15 P. M. Jan. 8 to 12 P. M. Jan. 26.

Fire Department.

Appointed uniformed firemen on three months' probation, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 6, assignments as indicated: John Pahl, H. & L. 21; James J. Lynch, Jr., Eng. 224.

Reinstated after release from the United States Navy, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 6, assignment as indicated: Fireman 3d grade Samuel E. Phelan, Eng. 18.

Trials and penalties: Lieut. Joseph W. Golden, Eng. 90; charge, disobedience of orders; charge dismissed. Engineer of Steamer Thomas Porter, Eng. 68; charge, neglect of duty; guilty; reprimanded. Fireman 1st grade W. F. Wolf, Eng. 90; charge, neglect of duty; charge dismissed. Fireman 1st grade J. T. Maguire, Eng. 44; charge, reckless driving; complaint dismissed. Fireman 1st grade John J. McNamee, Eng. 16; charge, disobedience of orders; guilty; dismissed from service, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 6. Fireman 1st grade W. Gerhardt, Eng. 292, fined $5 for loss of coat badge 1797.

Revocation of suspensions, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 7: Engineer of Steamer M. J. McCarthy, Eng. 230; Fireman 1st grade J. A. O'Brien, Eng. 275.

The Department Band is directed to report to Fireman Alexander J. Muir on ferryboat Queens, at the Battery, near Whitehall St., at 7:15 A. M. Thursday, March 6.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade W. J. Doyle, H. & L. 45, 12 hours, from 8 A. M. March 6.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination will be ordered for process server, men and women. The subjects and weights will be: Experience, 7; duties, 7. Process servers are needed in the law department and in various other departments. They are paid from $900 to, but not including, $1,200 a year, or a fee of $1.25 for each paper served. The minimum age is 21 years.

United States.

The commission announces that, owing to the present emergency and the urgent need for eligibles, the examination for bookkeeper, for both men and women, will be held on each Tuesday, until further notice. Vacancies in the Departmental Service, Washington, D. C., at $1,000 a year, or higher or lower salaries, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will be examined in spelling, 10; arithmetic, 15; penmanship, 10; letter writing, 15; copying and correcting manuscript, 10, and practice of bookkeeping, 40. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[*By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.*]

Sun rises.....6:24 | Sun sets.....5:52

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:34	11:06	4:37	4:49
Governors Island	10:48	11:15	5:02	5:13
Hell Gate	0:10	12:37	6:47	6:57

Arrived—Wednesday, March 5.

SS Sierra, Bordeaux, Feb. 19.
SS Powhatan, Verdon, Feb. 19.
SS Salen, Penarth, Feb. 11.
SS Penang Maru, La Rochelle, Feb. 6.
SS Santa Marta, Bordeaux, Feb. 17.
SS Lundria, Lisbon, Feb. 1.
SS Bia, Rotterdam, Feb. 13.
SS Sutherland, Lisbon, Feb. 20.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Caronia	Brest	Feb. 26
Mauretania	Brest	Feb. 28
Leviathan	Brest	Feb. 26
Mongolia	St. Nazaire	Feb. 23
Malden	St. Nazaire	Feb. 5
West Point	Brest	Feb. 12
Oriana	Glasgow	Feb. 19
Plattsburg	Liverpool	Feb. 22
Comfort	Bordeaux	Feb. 30
Mexican	St. Nazaire	Feb. 20
Cartago	St. Nazaire	Feb. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Chicago	Bordeaux	Feb. 24
Montclair	St. Nazaire	Feb. 16

DUE SATURDAY.

Feltore	St. Nazaire	Feb. 20
Aeolus	St. Nazaire	Feb. 23

DUE SUNDAY.

Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	Feb. 26
Ohioan	Bordeaux	Feb. 19
Rotti	Colon	Mar. 1

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Aquitania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mayaro, Trinidad	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Caserta, Genoa	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gen. H. F. Hodges, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Lake Maurepas, Barbados	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tungus, Bahia	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Glenaffric, Rio de Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Rochambeau, Havre	8:00 A.M.	
Ossabaw, Nassau	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Australic, Montevideo	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

America, Genoa	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lorraine, Havre	8:00 A.M.	
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Louisa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Uberrabu, Bahia	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Valdanus, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, Santo Domingo	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Imperator, Guiana	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Calabria, at Flushing, March 2.
SS Espatia, at Iberia, March 2.
SS Tiryns, at St. Nazaire, March 1.
SS Metapan, at St. Nazaire, March 3.
SS Reading, at Alexandria, March 3.

Sailed.

SS Patria, from Marseilles, March 1.
SS Espagne, from Havre, March 2.
SS Veerhaven, from La Pallice, March 2.
SS Western Queen, from Spezia, Feb. 28.
SS Italia, from Marseilles, March 3.

Passed.

SS Wieldrecht, New York for Brest, passed Dover.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. March 6, SS Aquitania, and at 7 A. M. March 8, SS Lapland.

France—Close at 7:30 A. M. March 7, SS Rochambeau.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M. March 6, SS Caserta, and at 7 A. M. March 8, SS America.

Belgium—Close at 7 A. M. March 15, SS Wynoochee.

Greece—Close at 9 A. M. March 6, SS Wellington.

Iceland—Close at 11 A. M. March 12, SS Gullfoss.

Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.

Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS China ..... Mar. 10

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco)—SS Paloona..... Mar. 13

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura ..... Mar. 26

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies, close at 5:30 P. M. daily. This mail is forwarded to Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that HENRY POWELL RAMSDELL, JAMES A. P. RAMSDELL and HOMER S. RAMSDELL, as executors and trustees under the last will and testament of Homer Ramsdell, deceased, owners of the ferryboat "Orange," have filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury caused by or resulting from the collision between the ferryboat "Orange" and the steamer "Rensselaer," on the night of June 15th, 1918. Value of vessel and freight, $99,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Marshall S. Hagar, Esq., at his office, at No. 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.

Dated, December 5th, 1918.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that the Cornell Steamboat Company, owner of the steam tug "Primrose," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of collision claimed to have occurred between the said steam tug "Primrose," the boat "Ontario & Western No. 21," and the barge "Driver"; value of the vessel and freight, $8,500. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

STEAMSHIPS.

Swedish American Line

S. S. STOCKHOLM 22,070 tons Displacem't

April 5 May 14.....NEW YORK

DIRECT TO GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN.

Short route to SCANDINAVIA. Superior accommodations, service and cuisine.

NIELSEN & LUNDBECK, Agts., 24 State St., N.Y.

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To Europe, South America, West Indies, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, etc. Official Agents for all Trans-Atlantic and Trans-Pacific S. S. Lines. Tours and Tickets by All Rail Routes. Complete arrangements for business or recreation travel, including Pullman reservations, rail tickets, &c.

THOS. COOK & SON,
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Norwegian America Line

Passenger Service to
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
STAVANGERFJORD.....MAR. 18

For rates, &c., apply to
Passenger Office, 6-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

HONOLULU

SUVA, NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA

CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE

Largest, Newest, best-equipped Steamers. For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry. 1231 Broadway, New York, or to Gen. Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

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Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York
Phone Bowling Green 7360.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

—LA VELOCE—
NEW YORK, GENOA.

America .....Mar. 8

ITALIA-AMERICA, INC., 1 State St., N. Y.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND
SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 25, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents,
398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts.,
39 Broadway, Phone Whitehall 600.

STEAMSHIPS.

WARD LINE

Direct service on fast twin-screw steamers from New York to
HAVANA / MEXICO } WEEKLY SAILINGS
To Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico.
Regular Sailings to Nassau, Bahamas.
Literature and full information on request.
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(a) South America
Regular Sailings
From ENGLAND to
Brazil AND THE Argentine
by large R. M. S. P. & Nelson Line Mail Steamers.
(b) CENTRAL AMERICA
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co
(a&b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co
(a) Nelson Lines

South Africa

BY
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agents,
26 Broadway, New York.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

T. T. S. ROTTERDAM
will sail MARCH 8
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA HAVRE (France)
PLYMOUTH (England)

Passengers for France will be landed at Havre. Passengers for Great Britain will be landed at Plymouth.
NEW AMSTERDAM.....March 29
NOORDAM.....April 9
For Rates and Further Information Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

AMERICAN
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford...Mar. 28 Northland..April 16

WHITE STAR

OLYMPIC N. Y.-Southampton March 29
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Lapland	Mar. 8	Lapland	April 14
Adriatic	Mar. 19	Megantic	April 17
Cretic	Mar. 29	Adriatic	April 27
Baltic	Mar. 29	Baltic	May 6

And Regularly Thereafter.
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

South America

ROYAL HOLLAND LLOYD
T. S. S. "HOLLANDIA"
Sailing latter part of March from NEW YORK for PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RI

7½% UNTIL 1926

These notes offered are of an issue by a corporation whose business was established nearly seventy years ago.

There are no other bonds, debentures or long time obligations outstanding.

The value behind the notes may be judged in that the preferred and common stock which follow the notes at current prices present a market equity of over $26,500,000.

Circular T-58 describes this issue.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Chicago
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Railroad Bonds

New York

PERSONAL INVESTMENT SERVICE

Offered to our clients, enabling them to command expert advice.

Special lists prepared on request by our Service Department.

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Members New York Stock Exchange.

To Yield 5¾%

St. Louis Bridge Company

1st Mtge. Gold 7s

DUE APRIL, 1929

Closed mortgage issued in 1879. Principal and interest guaranteed by the Terminal R. R. Association of St. Louis. Interest is charge on all the income of the Association prior to that of its First Consolidated 5s and General Refunding 4s.

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

International Paper

A discussion of this Company's condition and possibilities is presented in our circular E-41, which may be had upon request.

Hartshorne, Fales & Co.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
Successors to Hartshorne & Picabia
7 Wall Street Tel. 4590 Rector

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Harris, Forbes & Co.
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Members New York Stock Exchange
74 Wall St., Specialists, New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Retreat Gradually as Railroad Financial Problem Is Considered—Iron Output Falls

The stock market lost ground slowly yesterday, but pressure was persistent all the way along and the net result showed that constructive factors were largely ignored. The more active stocks, especially those which had been moving forward with considerable force for the last fortnight, left off with declines of about a point. While the railroad group quite naturally stood in the foreground of the early stages of the decline, selling was by no means limited to them and industrial stocks receded as far as the rails. The most prominent cause of railroad stock recessions was, of course, further consideration of the Senate's failure to provide for immediate and future financial needs of the roads. There was nothing in the way of real perturbation over the railroad future, as traders calculated that some sort of a scheme would be worked out to support them in the period before Congress meets again. Just the same there was enough uncertainty over the method to be followed in raising necessary funds to influence many speculative holders of stocks to lighten their commitments and a moderately fruitful field was laid open to the efforts of short sellers. The Street found in Director General Hines's statement on the situation something of comfort and also material to cause cautious operations in securities. Mr. Hines said that there was no necessity for considering at present the early return of the railroads to their stockholders, but the Director General so clearly indicated that the financial problem was a difficult one for which no comprehensive plan had yet been devised that his words had no appreciable effect in stabilizing the stocks. It is to be expected that the War Finance Corporation will at once take up the matter of supplying the roads' urgent needs and the machinery is available for raising a round amount of money. In this connection, however, sight is not lost of the fact that the banks will be called upon to absorb a large portion of the paper issued in behalf of the railroads through the War Finance Corporation and this has intimate connection with the general credit situation of the country. The banks would be able to rediscount much of their holdings at Federal Reserve Banks, but it remains to be seen whether they would be willing to indorse paper freely with the needs of the Victory Loan coming along.

It is logical to expect that the contemplated plans of the Railroad Administration for providing additions and betterments will need to be trimmed down somewhat and this probability had a place in the market for equipment company shares. They declined practically abreast of the railroad stocks. There is no question that the steel and equipment companies have been counting largely on renewed railroad buying to lift their mill and shop activities above current levels. The carriers will have to buy considerable rolling stock and their need for new rails in quantity is well known. For the good of the steel trade in general it is to be hoped that the Railroad Administration is able to find the means for carrying out at least a good-sized part of its program in the next six months. Quite likely the railroad factor in the steel market will receive a great deal of attention at today's meeting of leading steel producers in this city. They are to discuss Secretary Redfield's price stabilization proposal primarily, and when the Secretary first conceived his plan it is probable that he had in mind the beneficial effect to come from railroad purchases.

The fact that the stock market fell back in a rather reluctant fashion raised the question of whether or not the reaction had been caused in greatest part by the railroad development. In trading quarters it was thought that technical considerations had considerable to do with the setback, as the market had been advancing for three weeks or more without any noteworthy check. As far as could be discerned discussion of railroad finances was about the only subject that entertained traders. Iron and steel trade reports showed that plant operation had improved very little, if at all, over the preceding week, while a great deal of iron was going into stock. The February output of pig iron amounted to approximately 105,000 tons a day, according to The Iron Age and The Iron Trade Review, a figure somewhat less than in January and several preceding months. Call money yesterday loaned as low as 4¼ per cent. with the ruling rate at 4½ per cent.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLATERALS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 4½	High 5
Low 4¼	Low 4¾
Renewals 4¼	Renewals 5
Last 4¼	Last 4¾

Call Loans on Acceptances.
Prime eligible acceptances..... 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERALS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days..... 5½	Sixty days..... 5½@5¾
Ninety days..... 5½	Ninety days..... 5¾
Four months..... 5½	Four months..... 5¾
Five months..... 5½	Five months..... 5¾
Six months..... 5½	Six months..... 5¾

Bank Acceptances.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4½@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5½@5

Commercial Paper.
30 to 90 days..... 5¼
4 to 6 months..... 5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months..... 5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.7580	$4.75½	$4.7580	+.0003
Cables	4.76½	4.76½	4.76½	..
France—				
Demand	5.47½	5.47½	5.47½	—.00⅝
Cables	5.46¾	5.46¾	5.46¾	—.00⅝

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	$4.76⅞
5.1813	Paris	5.47½	5.46¾
5.1813	Belgium	5.76	5.74
	China—		
	Hongkong	74.00	74.10
	Peking	121.50	121.25
	Shanghai	112.50	112.75
40.29	Holland	41½	41¾
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36½	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.85	21.00
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.00	28.20
	Copenhagen	25.85	26.10
	Christiania	27.00	27.25
	South America—		
42.84	Buenos Aires	44.85	45.00
44.42	Rio	25.875	26.00
5.1813	Switzerland	4.85¾	4.85¾
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	14.00	14.15
	500 rubles	13.90	14.10

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71⅝	$4.73½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $628,130,219; balances, $58,723,826; Treasury credit balances, $253,374; Federal Reserve credit balances, $33,294,741.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $19.3750 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47¾d; in New York, $1.01¼, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	768,235	328,120	854,445
Year to date	26,400,902	26,788,365	33,889,315

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
22⅝	23¼	400	Advance Rumely	23½	23½	23	23	— ⅝
61	61½	200	Advance Rumely pf	61½	61½	61½	61½	— ⅜
73	74	9,300	Ajax Rubber	75	76¾	72⅝	73	—3½
3⅝	3½	1,300	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
1¾	2	600	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	..
33½	33⅝	1,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	34½	34½	33½	33⅝	—1
101	102	500	Am. Agricul. Chem.	102	102	101¼	101⅜	— ¼
98½	99¼	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	99	99	99	99	+ ⅞
72½	72⅝	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	73	74	72⅜	72⅝	— ⅞
46½	46⅝	1,900	Am. Can	46¾	47	46¼	46⅜	— ⅝
90	90¾	4,100	Am. Car & Fdry	90½	91	90	90	—1
43⅜	43⅝	200	Am. Cotton Oil	44⅜	44⅜	44¼	44¼	— ⅛
13⅜	13⅝	23,900	Am. Druggists	13⅛	14	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
19¼	19½	5,200	Am. H. & Leather	19⅝	20¼	19¼	19½	..
96	96½	15,200	Am. H. & L. pf	99⅞	101⅞	96	96½	—3½
44	44⅛	4,500	Am. Malting	42⅝	43½	42¼	44⅛	+1⅛
62⅜	63½	1,000	Am. Ice pf	62½	63⅝	62½	63⅜	+1⅛
59½	60	6,900	Am. International	60⅝	60⅞	59¼	59½	— ⅛
45½	46	3,900	Am. Linseed	46⅜	47¼	45½	45⅞	— ⅛
88	89½	1,100	Am. Linseed pf	87¾	90	87¾	89½	+1⅝
65	65¼	3,700	Am. Locomotive	66½	66⅝	65	65	—1⅝
103	105	100	Am. Locomotive pf	105	105	105	105	+ ⅝
..	1⅞	200	Am. Malting	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	..
66⅝	66⅝	3,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	67	67¼	66⅝	66⅝	— ⅛
103½	104	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅛
85	86	3,800	Am. Steel Fdries	85	86⅜	84½	85	— ⅛
117⅛	117½	1,200	Am. Sugar Ref	118	119½	117⅞	117⅞	—1⅛
110⅝	111	4,900	Am. Sumatra Tob	112½	112⅝	110¼	110½	—1⅝
104½	104¾	2,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	105	105¼	104⅝	104⅝	—1⅛
195	197	200	Am. Tobacco	195¼	195¼	195¼	195½	+ ½
100	101	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	100½	100½	100½	100½	— ⅜
62½	62¾	9,300	Am. Woolen	63½	63½	62½	62½	— ⅝
98	99	300	Am. Woolen pf	97⅝	98	97⅝	98	+1⅜
40½	41	5,000	Am. Writing P. pf	39½	41¾	39½	40½	+1½
12⅝	13¼	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	13	13	13	13	+ ⅛
59¼	59⅝	4,000	Anaconda Copper	60	60	59½	59½	— ⅜
..	1¼	100	Assets Realization	1	1	1	1	..
22½	23	3,300	Asso. Dry Goods	22	23¼	22	23	+1½
90½	91	400	Atch., Top. & S. F	91⅝	91⅝	91	91	— ⅝
102	103	2,900	At., Gulf & West I	103⅝	103	102	103	—1⅝
64	67	400	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	65½	66	65½	66	+ ¼
77⅜	78⅛	14,600	Baldwin Loco	79	79⅝	77⅞	78	—1⅝
46½	46⅝	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	47	47	46¼	46⅛	—1¼
55	55¼	200	Baltimore & O. pf	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	—1¼
116	117½	700	Barrett Co	118⅝	118⅝	117	117	—1⅞
64	65	100	Bethlehem Steel	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	..
65½	65⅝	28,900	Beth. Steel, class B	64⅛	66½	64⅞	65⅝	—1½
104½	104⅞	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	105	105	104⅞	104⅞	— ⅛
19⅝	20	300	Booth Fisheries	20	20	20	20	— ½
23	23⅛	1,100	Brklyn Rapid Tran	23⅞	23⅞	23	23	—1
23⅝	23⅝	500	Do. ctfs. of dep	23⅞	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅞
140	144	100	Burns Brothers	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾	—1⅝
5½	6	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6	6	6	6	..
18½	19	1,100	Butte & Superior	19	19	18¾	18⅞	— ⅛
19½	20	300	Butterick Co	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+ ½
53	53½	600	California Packing	53¾	53¾	53½	53½	— ⅜
26¼	26⅝	1,600	California Petrol	26⅝	27⅛	26½	26½	— ⅜
73	73½	1,100	California Pet. pf	73¼	74	73	73⅛	+ ⅛
57⅛	58⅜	100	Calumet & Arizona	57⅛	57¾	57¼	57¼	—1
159¼	160	900	Canadian Pacific	160	160	159¼	159⅝	—1⅜
65¼	65⅝	17,600	Central Leather Co	65½	66⅜	65¼	65⅜	+ ⅜
106⅞	108	100	Central Leather pf	107	107	107	107	..
31⅛	32	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	32	32	32	32	..
122½	123	500	Chandler Motor	124	124	122½	123	—2
56½	56⅝	2,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅛	57⅜	56½	56½	—1
7⅝	8	300	Chi. Great Western	8	8	8	8	— ⅜
25	26½	400	Chi. Great West. pf	25⅜	25⅜	25	25	—1
35½	35½	6,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	36	36	35	35¼	—1
68¼	68½	4,500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	69⅜	69⅜	68	68¼	—1⅝
95¾	96	300	Chi. & North West'n	95½	95¾	95½	95¾	— ⅛
23⅝	23⅞	2,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
65	65½	800	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	66⅛	66⅛	65¾	65¾	— ⅜
18⅛	18⅝	2,800	Chile Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅜
32¼	32⅝	3,100	Chino Copper	33⅛	33⅞	32¾	32¾	—1
25	26	800	Col. & Southern	25⅜	26	25	25	—1
43¾	44⅛	900	Columbia Gas & El	43⅝	44¼	43⅜	43⅝	— ⅛
78¾	79	11,100	Continental Can	80	80⅜	78½	78⅝	—1
47½	48	7,100	Corn Products Ref	48⅛	48½	47½	47½	— ⅜
60⅝	61	10,200	Crucible Steel	61⅝	62½	60⅞	60⅝	— ⅛
21⅝	21⅞	1,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	21½	22⅛	21½	21¾	..
72⅝	73	3,500	Cuba Cane S. pf	73	74¼	72½	72½	+ ¼
7	7⅜	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
58⅜	58⅝	15,400	Distillers' Secur	60	60⅛	58¾	58⅝	— ⅜
12½	12⅝	500	Dome Mines	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	..
16⅛	16½	1,000	Erie	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16½	— ⅛
27⅝	28	400	Erie 1st pf	28	28	28	28	—1
51	51½	600	Fisher Body	52½	52½	51½	51½	— ½
31⅝	32	1,800	Gaston, W. & W	31⅝	32⅜	31⅝	32	— ⅝
52	52¾	300	General Cigar	52¼	52¾	52	52	— ⅛
153½	154	200	General Electric	155	155	153⅜	153⅜	+2⅜
151½	151⅝	27,600	General Motors	155½	156⅛	151½	151½	—3½
85½	85⅜	100	General Motors pf	85⅞	85⅞	85⅜	85⅜	..
84	84½	700	General Motors deb	84⅞	84⅞	84	84	— ⅛
67⅜	68	5,600	Goodrich Co	69¼	69¾	67½	67⅝	—1⅛
67	68	100	Granby Consol	68	68	68	68	..
92½	92⅞	800	Great Northern pf	92⅜	92⅞	92½	92⅝	— ⅞
39	39¼	3,500	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	39⅛	39⅜	39	39	— ⅜
41¼	42⅜	500	Greene-Can. Cop	42¾	42¾	42	42	— ⅜
8	8½	100	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
96½	97	200	Illinois Central	97	97	96⅞	96⅞	— ⅛
43⅝	44	3,500	Inspiration Copper	44⅜	44⅝	43⅞	43⅞	—1⅛
5⅛	5¼	1,600	Interboro Consol	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
19⅛	19	500	Interboro Con. pf	19⅛	19¼	19	19	— ⅛
12⅝	13	200	Int. Agricultural	13¾	13⅝	13½	13½	— ½
57	58	300	Int. Agricultural pf	58	58	57	57	—1
114	116½	100	Int. Harvester new	116½	116½	116½	116½	— ½
23¼	23½	1,300	Int. Mer. Marine	24¼	24½	23½	23½	— ¼
101⅜	101¾	16,100	Int. Mer. Marine pf	101⅝	103¼	101⅛	101⅞	+ ⅛
25⅝	25⅞	7,660	Int. Nickel	25¼	26	25	25½	— ⅛
44⅜	45	3,700	Int. Paper	45½	46	44	44⅝	—1⅜
36⅜	37	800	Jewel Tea	39¼	39½	36⅞	36⅞	—2⅝
18½	19	900	Kansas City South	19	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
119½	119⅞	20,900	Kelly Springf. Tire	120½	120⅝	117⅛	119⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	29⅜	3,200	Kennecott Copper	30¼	30¼	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅜
66⅛	66⅜	200	Lackawanna Steel	67	67	66⅝	66⅝	— ⅛
7⅛	8	100	Lake Erie & West	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ⅛
25¼	25½	500	Lee Rubber & Tire	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
54⅞	55	600	Lehigh Valley	55	55	54⅞	55	— ⅛
47½	48⅜	500	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	49	49	48	49	+1
113	115	100	Louis. & Nash	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	— ⅛
33⅛	34½	400	Maxwell Motors	34½	34⅝	33½	33½	—1½
56½	58	400	Max. Motors 1st pf	58½	58½	58	58	—1½
24⅛	25¾	500	Max. Motors 2d pf	25¾	25¾	25	25	—1
67½	68½	100	May Dept. Stores	67½	68½	67½	67¾	+1¼
176½	176⅝	49,400	Mexican Petroleum	177¼	180⅝	175⅝	176½	— ½
22⅝	22⅞	100	Miami Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	..
41⅜	41⅝	8,800	Midvale Steel	41⅝	42¼	41⅝	41⅝	— ⅜
10	11	400	Minn. & St. L. new	11½	11½	10¾	10¾	—1⅛
6	6⅜	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6¼	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
11	11½	400	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
23½	23⅞	3,100	Missouri Pacific	24¼	24¼	23½	23½	— ⅛
51½	52½	300	Missouri Pacific pf	52½	52½	52½	52½	—1
74	75	200	Montana Power	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	— ⅛
30¾	30⅝	200	Nat. Acme	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	+ ½
114	116	100	Nat. Biscuit	115	115	115	115	—1
120	121	300	Nat. Biscuit pf	120	120	120	120	..
15⅜	15¾	500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	16⅝	16⅝	15⅞	16	— ⅝
50½	51	1,400	Nat. Enam. & St	50⅝	51⅜	50⅜	51	+1
66	67½	500	Nat. Lead	66½	66⅝	66½	66½	—1
8	9	500	N. Y. Rys of M. 2d pf	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅝
15⅞	16	400	Nevada Con. Cop	16	16	16	16	..
20	..	300	N. O., Tex. & Mex	30⅝	30⅝	29½	29½	—2½
72⅜	73	1,900	N. Y. Central	73½	73⅝	72⅞	72⅞	—1⅛
20¼	20⅝	100	N. Y. Dock	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅜
27⅞	28¼	2,900	N. Y. N. H. & H	28¼	28¼	28	28	— ⅛
100	105	100	Norfolk & Western	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	— ⅜
91	91½	2,000	Northern Pacific	91½	91⅝	91	91¼	—1
36½	36⅞	1,900	Ohio Cities Gas	36⅜	36⅜	36½	36½	..
6¾	7¼	300	Ontario Mining	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
8⅛	8⅝	2,500	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	..
..	..	2,900	Do., rights	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16	..
..	..	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	27	27	27	27	— ½
79½	79⅝	23,000	Pan-Am. P. & T	80⅝	81⅛	79⅝	79½	— ⅝
137	140	..	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	140	140	140	140	+2
44⅝	45	2,800	Penn. R. R	44⅝	44⅝	44½	44½	— ⅛
34½	35	200	Philadelphia Co	35	35	35	35	..
45¾	46	8,300	Pierce-Arrow	45¾	46⅞	44	44¼	—1½
17½	17⅝	500	Pierce Oil	17½	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
48	49	600	P., C., C. & St. L	48	49	48	48	+1
24	24	200	Pittsburgh Coal	24	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
85⅝	85⅞	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	85⅝	85⅝	85⅛	85⅛	—1
37⅛	37½	9,100	Pitts. & West Va	37⅛	37½	35	35⅜	—1½
81	81	500	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	81	81	80⅝	80⅝	— ⅜
67	67	1,900	Pressed Steel Car	67	67	65½	65½	—2½
113⅝	113⅞	100	Pullman Co	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	— ½
53½	53⅝	200	Punta Alegre Sugar	53½	53½	53½	53½	— ⅛
73⅛	74⅜	2,100	Railway Steel Sp	74⅜	75⅛	74⅜	74⅜	+ ⅛
104⅝	105	400	Ray Con. Copper	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅛
81⅞	82	14,000	Reading	81⅞	82½	81	81	—1⅛
38⅜	38⅝	100	Reading 1st pf	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝	+ ⅛
77	77⅛	1,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	77	77⅛	75⅞	75⅞	—1½
92½	94	6,300	Royal Dutch t r	92½	94⅜	92¼	92¼	+ ½
10¼	10⅝	1,600	Saxon Motor	10¼	10⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅞
8¼	8½	200	Seaboard Air Line	8¼	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
17⅞	18	200	Seab. Air Line pf	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17¼	—1
172	173	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	172	172	172	172	..
10¼	10½	700	Shattuck-Arizona	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
35⅝	35½	2,800	Sinclair Oil Refin	35⅝	35⅞	35⅜	35⅜	— ⅛
48⅜	49	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	48⅜	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝	— ⅛
100⅜	100⅝	16,800	Southern Pacific	100⅜	100⅝	99⅝	99⅝	— ⅛
28¼	28⅝	8,100	Southern Railway	28¼	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞	—1½
40	40	100	Strom. Carburetor	40	40	40	40	..
60⅜	60⅝	16,300	Studebaker Co	60⅜	60⅝	58	58¼	—1⅝
48⅛	48⅝	600	Stutz Motor	48⅛	49	48¼	48½	— ⅛
35¼	36	100	Superior Steel	35¼	35½	35½	35½	+ ⅛
12⅞	12⅞	800	Tenn. C. & C	12⅞	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
192⅝	192½	1,700	Texas & Pacific	192⅝	198⅝	192	192⅛	— ⅞
31	31½	2,500	Texas & Pacific	32¼	32½	30⅜	31	—1½
15	15	100	Third Avenue	15	15	15	15	—1
85⅜	86⅜	4,700	Tobacco Products	85⅜	86⅜	85¼	85¼	— ⅜
5¼	5⅝	13,483	Tobacco Prod. rgts	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5½	..
75¼	76⅛	200	Union B. & P. x d	75¼	75⅜	75¼	75⅜	— ⅜
130⅜	130⅝	3,500	Union Pacific	130⅜	130⅝	129⅝	129⅝	—1⅛
74¼	74¾	100	Union Pacific pf	74¼	74¾	74¼	74¼	+1
41¼	41¾	900	United Alloy Steel	41¼	41¾	41¼	41¼	— ⅜
131⅝	132⅛	13,700	United Cigar Stores	131⅝	133⅞	131½	132⅝	+ ⅝
53⅛	54⅜	100	United Drug 1st pf	53⅛	53½	53½	53¾	+ ⅛
164	165	100	United Fruit	164	164	164	164	— ½
11	11¼	200	United Rys. Invest	11	11	11	11	..
25½	25⅝	800	United Ry. Inv. pf	25½	25⅝	24¼	24¼	—1
18⅛	18⅝	300	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	18⅛	19¼	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
112¾	113	5,100	U. S. Indus. Alco	112¾	113	111⅜	111⅜	—1⅞
26⅜	26⅝	100	U. S. Ind. Imp	26⅜	26⅝	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
82½	83¼	12,600	U. S. Rubber	82½	83¼	80⅝	80⅝	—2
92⅞	93⅜	100,200	U. S. Steel	92⅞	93⅜	91⅝	92	—1½
114⅝	114⅞	200	U. S. Steel pf	114⅝	114⅞	114⅝	114⅝	..
69	69	15,700	Utah Copper	69	69	66⅞	67¼	—2½
13	13	100	Utah Securities	13	13	14	14	+ ⅝
54⅞	54⅞	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	54⅞	54⅞	54	54	+ ⅝
111	111	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	111	111	111	111	..
36⅛	36½	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	36½	36½	36½	36½	+ ½
15½	15⅝	100	Vulcan Detinning	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ½
8⅝	8¾	300	Wabash	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅜
33½	33⅝	1,500	Wabash pf. A	33½	33⅝	32⅞	32

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STEEL MEN TO ACT ON REDFIELD PLAN

Representatives of the Industry from All Parts of the Country Will Meet Here Today.

ACCEPTANCE NOT EXPECTED

Reports Indicate That the Trade Does Not Consider Reduction of Prices Necessary.

Representatives of steel manufacturers from all parts of the country will meet at the Waldorf today to discuss the proposed Redfield plan for stabilizing prices at lower levels. It is estimated that there will be between 125 and 150 steel men present, as well as a representative of the Government, who will discuss the Redfield proposals. This meeting is the outgrowth of one that was held a short time ago by the Directors of the American Iron and Steel Institute, at which the plan for lower price levels was first discussed by a representative of the Secretary of Commerce. The proposals were of such a nature that the Directors decided to call a general meeting of the steel manufacturers, or their representatives, to consider the questions involved. Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation, will preside at today's meeting.

The sentiment which has thus far been expressed in the steel industry has been opposed to any acceptance of the proposals of Secretary Redfield, which are to the effect that prices be lowered to a level which would prove attractive to the Government. By this means it has been asserted domestic buying on the part of consumers would be stimulated. The steel men have not been convinced that a reduction of prices is necessary. Only a few days ago Judge Gary said that prices were being well maintained. It is further known that some of the larger companies have been working at close to capacity production, some of this activity being on new business and some on old orders which were a holdover from the days preceding our entry into the war.

The talk of possible reductions in prices has tended to curtail the buying which was in evidence in trade circles and for this reason the steel men are desirous of disposing of the Redfield plan quickly one way or the other. It is considered unlikely however that a final decision will be reached at the meeting today. The belief prevailed yesterday that after a complete thrashing out of the subject in a general debate the Redfield proposals would be referred to the Directors of the American Iron and Steel Institute for a final decision. Whatever efficacy as a trade stimulant there may have been in the Redfield plan it is pointed out has been greatly weakened during the last two days by the failure of Congress to pass the railroad bill carrying an addition of $750,000,000 to the revolving fund. For this reason the Railroad Administration will not be in a position to make purchases of steel.

In discussing the steel situation, The Iron Trade Review says:

"Iron and steel shippers are agitated over the distribution by the United States Railroad Administration, through the Eastern Freight Traffic Committee and various district traffic committees in trunk line territory, of a new tentative mileage scale of class rates for trunk line territory. One of the proposed features in connection with this scale is a strong probability of an effort by carriers, if it is adopted, to cancel commodity rates on iron and steel products and place them on a classification basis."

The Iron Age says:

"February's production of pig iron was 2,940,168 tons, or 105,006 tons per day. This is 1,519 tons less than the daily output of January. On March 1 there were 306 furnaces in blast, making iron at a rate of 101,475 tons daily, against 323 furnaces on Feb. 1, operating at 104,405 tons. In the month improved furnace operation was obtained, due probably to better coke. One group made 4,000 tons more in the twenty-eight days of February than in the thirty-one days of January, notwithstanding there was a net loss of four furnaces in blast by March 1."

OLD EXCHANGE FIRM FAILS.

H. Amy & Co., Formed In 1889, Makes an Assignment.

The New York Stock Exchange firm of H. Amy & Co. of 44 Wall Street, made assignment to Edward J. McGuire, a lawyer of 51 Chambers Street, yesterday. The firm consisted of Louis H. Amy and Ernest J. H. Amy, and was one of the oldest in the financial district, the present partnership dating back to Jan. 1, 1889.

Louis H. Amy is the board member, having become a member of the Stock Exchange on July 19, 1886. The firm was not especially prominent, and of late years was rarely conspicuous in financial affairs. The announcement of its suspension, which was made yesterday afternoon shortly before the close of the Exchange, caused no excitement in financial circles.

To Report on Transit Situation.

The Committee on International Trade and Improvements will report on the local transit situation at the regular monthly meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce today. Other reports will be submitted on the illiteracy bill and on fundamental principles for railroad legislation. H. Y. Braddon, Australian Trade Commissioner, as guest of the Chamber, will deliver an address on the fostering of trade relations between the United States and Australia.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	5.30	5.40	5.25	5.40
Spelter	6.60	6.70	6.60	6.75
Antimony	7.00	7.25	7.00	7.25
Quicksilver	$80.00	..	$80.00	..
Aluminium	31.00	..	31.00	..
Iron, No. 2X foundry	..	36.15	..	36.15

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	74	0	0	74	0	0
Copper, futures	70	5	0	70	5	0
Tin, spot	230	0	0	227	0	0
Tin, futures	222	10	0	218	0	0
Spelter spot	38	0	0	38	0	0
Spelter, futures	35	0	0	35	0	0
Lead, spot	28	0	0	28	0	0
Lead, futures	23	10	0	23	10	0

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The syndicate of banks formed a few days ago to make available the $50,000,000 acceptance credit to industrial concerns in Belgium, through a group of Belgian banks, has closed its application list and letters of allotments have been forwarded to all members.

Stacy & Braun are offering a new issue of $304,000 Franklin County, Ohio, road improvement 5 per cent. bonds, maturing annually from March 1, 1920 to 1929, at prices to yield 4.70 per cent.

The Bankers Trust Company is receiving subscriptions for stock of Philip Morris & Co., Incorporated. The trust company has been appointed transfer agent for the Marlin-Rockwell Corporation.

Frank H. Morse, formerly with R. M. Grant & Co., has become connected with the municipal bond department of A. B. Leach & Co.

The period for depositing first preferred stock of the American Malting Company under the deposit agreement of July 8, 1918, has been extended to March 18.

The Equitable Trust Company has issued a digest and comparison of the various plans proposed before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce for solving the railroad problem.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.77	61.25	61.31	— .72
25 industrials	87.56	85.92	86.09	— .83
50 stocks	74.66	73.58	73.70	— .77

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Mar. 4	75.15	73.94	74.47	— .57
Mar. 3	75.51	74.64	75.04	+ .40
Mar. 1	74.83	74.19	74.55	+ .20
Feb. 28	75.06	74.13	74.35	— .59
Feb. 27	75.53	74.47	74.94	+ .34
Feb. 26	74.96	73.78	74.60	+ .69
Feb. 25	74.28	73.58	73.91	— .34

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

March.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	75.51	Mar. 3	73.58	Mar. 5	73.70
1918	69.78	Mar. 11	66.40	Mar. 23	67.40
1917	86.17	Mar. 21	79.42	Mar. 1	84.55
1916	90.73	Mar. 14	83.49	Mar. 1	87.52
1915	65.83	Mar. 31	59.86	Mar. 1	64.95

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	75.53	Feb. 27	69.73	Jan. 21	73.70
†1918	70.95	Feb. 19	64.12	Jan. 15	68.43
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.60	—.18	—.62	+1.25

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Mar. 4	77.60	—.18	Feb. 24	78.18	—.07
Mar. 3	77.93	..	Feb. 22	Holiday.	
Mar. 1	77.93	—.08	Feb. 21	78.25	+.03
Feb. 28	78.01	—.07	Feb. 20	78.22	—.01
Feb. 27	78.08	+.06	Feb. 19	78.23	+.14
Feb. 26	78.02	—.02	Feb. 18	78.09	+.02
Feb. 25	78.04	—.14	Feb. 17	78.07	+.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.60	Mar. 5	77.60
†1918	77.43	Jan. 31	76.35	Mar. 6	76.35
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅝	99¼	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.60
Gov. of N. F.	6	July, 1919	98½	99⅝	5.25
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99⅜	100½	5.75
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99½	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	64	68	...
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	126	131	...
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	57	59	...
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅝	100½	4.90

Company Issues.

A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'20	99½	100¾	6.70
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'21	99	100	7.00
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan. 15,'22	99	100	7.00
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sept., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	96	9.00
Am. Thread.	6	De., 1928	101½	102½	5.65
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99½	99⅝	6.15
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100⅝	101	5.15
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	100½	102	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.85
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103¼	6.15
Am. Tob. Co.		Nov., 1923	103½	103⅞	6.25
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99½	99⅝	5.70
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100½	100⅝	5.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101¼	6.10
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	101¼	101⅜	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	101½	101⅝	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101¼	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	89	90½	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98½	99½	6.20
Chi. Pn. Tool.		Oct., 1922	96	97	7.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.		Oct., 1923	95½	96½	6.90
Chi. B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	85⅜	85⅝	5.75
C., R.I. & P.	R.6	Feb., 1922	98¼	98⅜	6.45
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100½	5.45
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	...
Cud'hy P. Co.	7	July 15,'24	104¾	105¼	6.40
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	99	99¼	5.50
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅜	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	96	...
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98¼	99¼	5.75
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅜	100⅝	5.55
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98½	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sept., 1920	98⅜	99⅛	5.90
L. G. & E.	7	Sept., 1920	97	98¼	7.50
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	85½	87⅞	9.25
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sept., 1919	99⅜	99⅝	5.40
Ont. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	100	6.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97	97¼	5.75
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96¼	96⅝	7.25
P. S. C., N. J.	7	Mar., 1922	97⅞	98¼	7.60
Pit. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100⅜	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100¾	...
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅜	102	4.95
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102½	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103¾	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¼	104	6.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	...
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99¼	99½	6.25
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¾	100⅜	6.60
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95½	96⅛	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	7.25
U.L.& Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7¾
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sept.15,'22	89	91	10.20
West. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1920	99⅞	100½	5.90

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per. riod.	Pay. able.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Cigar pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Am. Snuff	3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Associated Oil.	$1.25	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 21
Cent. States E. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
G. W. Helme	2½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Guaranty Trust	5	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 20
Hercules Powder	2	Q	Mar. 28	Mar. 15
Do. pf.	2	Ex	Mar. 25	Mar. 15
Homestake Mining	50c.	M	Mar. 25	Mar. 20
L. Val. com. & pf.	2½	Q	Apr. 5	Mar. 15
M'tg'm'y Ward pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Nat. Bk. of Com.	2½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
P. Lorillard	3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Tonopah-Bel. Dev.	10	—	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
United L. & Rys.	1	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Weyman-Bruton	2½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 17
Dr. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 17

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Hale & Norcross	.06
Alta	.01	Jacket	.04
Andes	.68	Mexican	.15
Best & Belcher	.04	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.27
Caledonia	.06	Overman	.02
Challar	.05	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.06
Con. Virginia	.16	Union Con.	.15
Gould & Curry	.02	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.65
Brougher Divide	.75
Cash Boy	.06
Divide Ext.	.19
Gold Zone	.39
Halifax	.15
Jim Butler	.36
McNamara	.41
Midway	.33
Mizpah	.06
Monarch Pitts	.09
Montana	.16
North Star	.08
Rescue	.07
Rosetta	.09
Tonopah Divide	4.67½
Tonopah Ext.	2.20
West End	1.15
West Tonopah	.12

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.05
Booth	.15
Crackerjack	.07
Florence	.17
Goldfield Con.	.18
Goldfield Merger	.05
Great Bend	.04
Jumbo Ext.	.12
Kewanas	.05
Lone Star	.11
Silver Pick	.06
Spearhead	.13

OTHER DISTRICTS.

Manhattan Con.	.04
Mayflower	.12
Nevada Hills	.02
Packard	.15
Rochester	.20
Round Mountain	.42
United Eastern	5.60
White Caps	.12

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	5	Isabella	5¼	5½
Dr. Jackpot	4	6	McKinley	5	9
Elkton	6½	7¼	Portland	87	95
El Paso	15	30	U. Gold M.	13¼	14¼
Golden C.	176¼	178	Vindicator	42	50
Granite	14½	..	Rose Nicol.	14¾	15½

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

42 shares Bank of New York, $100 each, 441.

2 shares People's Trust Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. $100 each, 305.

50 shares Dunstan, Inc., common, $100 each; 100 shares Dunstan, Inc., preferred, $100 each, and 50 shares National Reserve Bank of New York, 139 per cent. paid in liquidation, $100 each, $20 lot.

500 shares Syndicate Mining and Milling Co. common, $10 each, $2 lot.

17 shares Tacoma Land and Improvement Co. common, par value reduced to $57, $10 lot.

$2,000 Uvalde Asphalt Co. 5 per cent. bonds, due Jan. 1, 1919, July, 1919, coupon on, 75 per cent. paid in liquidation, $8 lot.

$2,000 Uvalde Asphalt Co. 5 per cent. bonds, due Jan. 1, 1919, July, 1919, coupon on, 75 per cent. paid in liquidation, $18 lot.

16 shares Tacoma Land and Improvement Co. common, par value reduced to $57, $10 lot.

12 1-5 shares Corn Exchange Bank, $100 each, 310½.

30 shares E. W. Bliss Co. common, $50 each, 270 to 271.

24 shares Great American Insurance Co., $100 each, 375.

100 shares Orean Co., Inc., preferred, $100 each, 10.

6 shares United Gas and Electric Corporation (Conn.) first preferred, $100 each, 40.

50 shares Midland Construction Co., $100 each, $1 lot.

100 shares Merrill Manufacturing Co., $10 each, $1 lot.

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STATE OF LOUISIANA

Port Commission Serial 5% Gold Bonds

$6,000,000 CANAL GOLD BONDS PAYABLE JULY 1, 1930 TO 1959

$2,000,000 HARBOR IMPROVEMENT GOLD BONDS PAYABLE MARCH 1, 1927 TO 1959

Canal Bonds dated January 1, 1919, interest payable semi-annually January 1 and July 1; Harbor Improvement Bonds dated March 1, 1919, interest payable semi-annually March 1 and September 1; both principal and interest payable in gold coin at th office of the State Treasurer or at the fiscal agency of the State in the City of New York. Coupon Bonds, registerable as to principal or as to principal and interest with the Treasurer of the State of Louisiana.

All previous issues of the State of Louisiana Port Commission Bonds have been accepted by the Government to secure Postal Savings Deposits at 100% of the par value. Application will be made for the approval of the present issue.

TAX EXEMPT IN LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Estimated Actual Value Taxable Property, 1918	$1,452,158,957
Assessed Value Taxable Property, 1918, as estimated	726,079,478
Total Bonded Debt, including this issue	36,994,000

Population (1910 Census) 1,656,388

A GENERAL OBLIGATION OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, issued by the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans under and by direct authority of Act No. 244 of 1914 expressly ratified and approved as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, adopted by a vote of the people of the State for the purpose of constructing and operating a navigation canal between the Mississippi River and Lake Pontchartrain; and of Act No. 70 of 1896, Act No. 36 of 1900, expressly ratified and approved by amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana in 1908 and 1910, and by Provisions of the Constitution of 1913 adopted by a vote of the people of the State for the purpose of erecting and operating warehouses and other structures necessary to the commerce of the State.

SCHEDULE OF MATURITIES

Maturity	Amount	Maturity	Amount	Maturity	Amount
1927	$25,000	1938	$179,000	1949	$298,000
1928	25,000	1939	185,000	1950	315,000
1929	25,000	1940	197,000	1951	331,000
1930	121,000	1941	205,000	1952	350,000
1931	124,000	1942	217,000	1953	367,000
1932	130,000	1943	224,000	1954	386,000
1933	139,000	1944	240,000	1955	406,000
1934	150,000	1945	247,000	1956	423,000
1935	155,000	1946	259,000	1957	443,000
1936	161,000	1947	273,000	1958	462,000
1937	172,000	1948	285,000	1959	481,000

Denomination $1,000, except maturity 1939 which consists of $500 Bonds

Price 100 and Interest

Bonds are offered when, as, and if issued.

LEGALITY TO BE APPROVED BY OUR ATTORNEYS

All statements herein are official, or based on information which we regard as reliable, and, while we do not guarantee them they are the data upon which we have acted in the purchase of this security.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO
N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON DETROIT ST. LOUIS MILWAUKEE

WILLIAM R. COMPTON CO.
14 WALL STREET
NEW YORK

CHICAGO CINCINNATI ST. LOUIS NEW ORLEANS

Liberty Bonds

BOUGHT & SOLD

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Securities of well established and prosperous building material companies offer excellent opportunities for profitable investment.

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Specialists in Sugar Stocks

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Atlantic Holding
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Liggett & Myers 6s, 1921
Illinois Central 5½s, 1934
Peerless Truck & Motor 6s, 1925

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Boston Philadelphia Cleveland Pittsburgh

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YOU may throw most of the work of preparing a correct income tax return upon our tax experts and save yourself much laborious study. We employ a staff of men in our Tax Department trained by years of experience in this work.

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Experts will be found at our Fifth Avenue office as well as at the Main office in the National City Bank Building.

The National City Company

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Uptown Office—Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.

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Bonds *Short Term Notes* *Acceptances*

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A unique sinking fund provision of **thirty (30) cents per ton** should result, within a definite time, in the payment of extra dividends (in addition to regular dividends) aggregating several times the outstanding capital stock.

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The Transition of Submarine Boat

from a "war bride" to a most important factor in post-war shipping. Its present financial status and its future prospects discussed in Special Report No. 51-A. Also interesting data on the following:

Cities Service Bank Shares
Commonwealth Petroleum
Keystone Tire & Rubber
General Asphalt
Island Oil
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Reading Co. Equip. 4½s, 1919-27
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STANDARD OIL STOCKS

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REPORT OF DU PONTS TELLS WORK IN WAR

Supplied 40 Per Cent. of All Explosives Used by Allies, or 1,466,761,219 Pounds.

INCREASE IN STOCK VALUE

Many New Plants Constructed—1918 Earnings, However, Less Than in 1917.

The story of a company which did a billion-dollar business and supplied 40 per cent. of all the explosives for the Allies is told in the annual report of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., which was mailed to the shareholders yesterday. The du Pont Company, during the four years of the war, produced a total of 1,466,761,219 pounds of military explosives.

From 1915 to 1918, according to the report, the gross capital of the company was increased from $83,432,000 to $308,846,000, or 270 per cent. There was distributed to stockholders in this period $140,983,000. The gross business done by the organization in the war period totalled $1,049,000,000.

The financial result of the four years' campaign is given in these words:

"The stock of E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, the predecessor of the E. I du Pont de Nemours & Co., sold during the early months of the war at $125 per share. The share of debenture stock and two shares of common stock of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., which were exchanged for the former security, are worth in today's market (Dec. 31, 1918) $593, or an increase in value of 374 per cent. In the meantime (1915-1918) the total dividends on the common stock of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company and on the exchanged securities of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. have amounted to 458 per cent. on the par value of the original stock. It is difficult to imagine a more satisfactory financial result."

Government Securities Bought.

Commenting on the temporary employment of the large amounts of cash which the company's business has brought in from time to time, it is explained that a total of $297,000,000 was expended for the securities of the United States and allied Governments. Excepting Liberty bonds, none of these securities, it is asserted, was disposed of at a loss. At the end of the fiscal and calendar year there remained in the treasury only $1,705,000 of these securities, which included $112,000,000 of allied Government bonds and $121,700,000 of Liberty bonds.

Following the signing of the armistice, the report states that war contracts worth $260,000,000 were canceled, but, it adds, shareholders should feel no apprehension on this score because, after liquidation of the munitions business, the company will hold about $200,000,000 of assets, on which, it is claimed, earnings should average the 11½ per cent. of pre-war days.

The war work accomplished by the company is, perhaps, the most striking exhibit of the report. It is shown that construction work costing $220,000,000 was executed by an engineering department expanded from 800 men to 45,000 men. Some of the items in this construction work were a power house of 200,000 boiler horse power, pumping stations with gross capacity of 305,000,000 gallons daily, filtration plants of 175,000,000 gallons capacity daily, refrigeration apparatus with capacity of 9,350,000 pounds of ice a day; 100 miles of standard gauge railroad and 208 miles of narrow-gauge railroad, and a classification yard capable of handling 1,600 cars at one time.

Dwellings and Hotels Built.

Dwellings, hotels, and boarding houses designed to accommodate 65,000 persons were constructed. The houses, including Y. M. C. A., lodge halls, Post Offices, stores, &c, cost about $37,000,000. These buildings, together with those used for commercial purposes, covered an area of something more than fourteen square miles. These plants have an annual capacity of 893,000,000 pounds of explosives.

At the height of the work, the report says, the rate of yearly expenditure was three times that of the construction of the Panama Canal.

The report tells of the construction of the Old Hickory plant at Nashville, Tenn. This was constructed by the Government, and the profits on construction were to be $1. The contract for this plan was signed on Jan. 23, 1918. Ground was broken on March 6, and on June 1 the first sulphuric acid unit of 28,000 tons annual capacity began operations. Guncotton was first produced on June 23. The first finished powder was granulated on July 2, 151 days ahead of schedule, and by the time the armistice was signed the plant was 93 per cent. complete, and had a daily production of 501,000 pounds of explosive.

The cost of this plant was $75,000,000, and the du Pont Company, which was to be paid merely for operating the plant and producing powder, estimates that final profits on the whole operation, which involved an outlay of $125,358,500, will not exceed $1,300,000.

The annual report shows the company to have earned $329,121,607 gross, and $47,221,367 net, after providing for amortization. Profit and loss on sale of real estate, securities, &c., is placed at $4,123,292, thus leaving net receipts of $43,098,074, as compared with $40,258,661 in the previous year, and $62,107,692 in 1916. In 1915 the net was $57,840,757. The earnings for last year were equal to approximately $67 a share, as against $77.66 in 1917.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN—

	1918.	1918.	Increase.
Jan. gross....	$194,666	$171,631	$23,035
Def. aft. taxes	16,208	*22,476	38,685
Net oper. def.	15,149	†30,816	45,965

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS SYSTEM—

Jan. gross....	4,495,168	3,620,754	874,414
Def. aft. taxes	213,204	†131,457	344,661
Net oper. def.	110,436	*32,243	78,193

WESTERN PACIFIC—

Jan. gross....	870,857	858,292	12,566
Bal. aft. taxes	109,770	243,230	*133,460
Net oper. inc.	84,891	233,284	*148,374

*Decrease. †Income.

Public Utility.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT—

Jan. gross....	$3,813,648	$3,569,022	$244,626
Net aft. taxes.	1,152,992	1,804,701	*49,079
Total income..	1,198,661	1,646,528	*447,865
Sur. aft. chgs.	434,645	726,846	*291,701
7 mos. gross.	23,766,807	23,238,037	528,770
Net aft. taxes.	7,008,427	10,179,004	*3,080,577
Total income..	7,447,395	10,481,830	*3,034,435
†Sur. aft. chgs.	1,306,496	4,260,573	*2,954,082

*Decrease.
†Including accruals under Contract No. 3 and related certificates.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN SNUFF CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net income...	*1,533,892	1,504,645	1,509,686
Pfd. divs.....	237,168	237,168	237,168
Com. divs.....	1,210,000	1,210,000	1,320,000
Surplus	86,724	57,477	*42,518
Cap. surp.....	698,273	698,273	698,273
Prev. surp....	1,787,745	1,700,267	1,837,760
P. & L. sur...	2,542,742	2,456,017	2,498,541

*After all charges and Federal taxes.

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & CO., for the year ended Dec. 31.—

	1918	1917	1919
Gross rects.	$329,121,607	$269,812,455	$18,543,685
Net earngs.	47,221,367	49,112,953	82,913,019
Adjstmts. -	*4,123,293	145,708	94,673
Net rects...	43,098,074	49,258,661	82,107,692
Deb.stk.dvs.	3,648,822	3,648,822	3,648,222
Com.stk.dvs.	15,502,062	30,016,642	58,854,260
Sub.co.divs.	841	C.664	6,450
Yr's surp...	24,146,319	15,587,533	19,598,820
Total surp. to date...	68,500,890	44,154,571	28,567,038

*Loss

STANDARD OIL OF CALIFORNIA, for the year ended Dec. 31.—

Net earn.	44,276,521	30,377,078	21,263,520
Deprec.	9,017,985	8,252,784	3,678,216
Fed. taxes	19,406,462	8,474,858	....
Net prof.	14,953,074	18,649,630	17,605,304
Dividends	12,421,663	9,316,248	6,831,915
Surplus	2,531,411	9,333,382	10,773,389

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	$1.36⅛	$1.34⅛	$1.33⅝	$1.35	....
May	1.30⅝	1.28⅜	1.29⅛	1.29¾	$1.27¼
July	1.26⅛	1.24⅝	1.24⅞	1.25	....

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	58¼	58⅛	58⅝	58⅛	91⅝
May	61⅝	60	60⅝	60⅛	89⅝
July	60¼	59¼	59⅝	59⅛	....

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 70@71¼c; No. 2 white, 72c; No. 3 white 70@71c; No. 4 white, 69@70c; ordinary clipped, 60@72c.

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Yr.
Lard—					
May	25.35	25.00	25.12	25.25	26.22
July	24.70	24.45	24.47	24.60	26.37
Ribs—					
May	23.00	22.70	22.72	22.85	25.22
July	21.85	21.57	21.60	21.62	25.60

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97	98½	3s, Panama, '61, reg'd.	87	91
2s coupon, '30	97	98½	3s, Panama, '61, coup.	87	91
2s, Panama, '38, reg...	97	98	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38..	103	104
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97	98	4½s, Fed. Land Bank..	100	100⅝
3s, registered, 1946...	88	92	4s, registered, 1925..	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946.....	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925.....	104¼	105¼
3s, conversion, 1947 ...	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100⅜	101⅜	100⅞
4½s June, 1965	100⅜	101⅜	100⅞
4½s Mar., 1963	100⅝	101⅜	100⅞
4½s Nov., 1957	100⅝	101⅜	100⅞
4½s Mar., 1957	100⅜	101⅜	100⅞
4½s Mar., 1960-30	96	96⅜	96
4½s Mar., 1964	96	96⅜	96
4½s Mar., 1962	96	96⅜	96
4½s Apr., 1966	96	96⅜	96
4½s Sept., 1969	96	96⅜	96
4s May, 1959	90¾	91⅛	90⅝
4s Nov., 1958	90⅜	91⅛	90⅝
4s Nov., 1957	90⅜	91⅛	90⅝
4s Nov., 1956	90⅛	91⅛	90⅝
4s Nov., 1955	90⅛	91⅛	90⅝
4s Nov., 1936	92	94	92
4s May, 1919	99¼		99⅛

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
28 Mt Vernon..	17	19	17
40 Do pf..	71¼	71¾	71½
22 Md Casualty	94	94	94
50 Park Bank..	11¾	11¾	11¾
26 Penn Water.	80	80	80
50 Wayland	3¾	3¾	3¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3½s 1924-1931	4.60	..	4.60
3½s 1921-1923	4.60	..	4.60
4½s 1919-1920	4.60	..	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s 1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.50	4.65

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
4,447	Cities Service.....	354	344	350	353
3,090	Cities Service pf.....	79¾	79¼	79¼	79¾
15,080	Cities Ser. Bankers' shrs.	37½	36½	36½	37
$42,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s..	131	129	129	130
61,000	Cities Service deb. C 7s..	103	101¾	101¾	102¾
2,700	Com. L. & P. 6s, '47.....	95	95	87	95
3,600	Inter. Electric 6s.....	80	80	80	....

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power..	12	14	Miss River Power..	10	12
Adiron Elec Power pf..	72	74	Miss River Power pf..	40	44
Am Gas & Electric....	110	123	Northern Ohio Electric.	13	15
Am Gas & Electric pf..	41	44	Northern Ohio Elec pf..	55	60
Am Light & Traction..	237	240	Northern Ont L. & P....	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf....	98	100	Northern Ont L. & P. pf	55	60
Am Power & Light....	55	60	Northern States Power.	70	74
Am Power & Light pf..	77	80	Northern States Pow pf	90½	92½
Am Public Utilities....	10	15	Northern Texas Elec...	51	56
Am Public Utilities pf..	34	38	Northern Tex Elec pf..	68	73
Am W W & Elec.....	5	6	Pacific Gas & Electric	49½	50½
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	65	68	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	86¾	88
Am W W & E partic....	9	12	Puget Sd Trac, L & P.	14	17
Carolina Power & L....	30	32	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	56	59
Colorado Power.....	24	26½	Ry & Light Sec pf....	75	80
Colorado Power pf.....	95	100	Republic Ry & Light..	16½	18
Columbus Electric pf..	72	76	Republic Ry & Lt pf...	55	57
Com Power, Ry & Lt..	19	20	Southern Cal Edison...	85½	88
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	41	42¾	Southern Cal Edison pf	98¼	99½
Conn Power pf.....	73	78	Standard Gas & Elec...	23½	24½
Consumers' Power pf...	78	83	Standard Gas & Elec pf	38½	40
Eastern Texas Electric.	53	57	Tampa Electric	107	112
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	73	78	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power..	4	5
El Paso Electric	84	87	Tenn Ry, Lt & P pf....	16½	18
Electric B & S pf.....	94	95	United Light & Rys....	36	38
Empire Dist Elec pf...	70	75	United Light & Rys pf.	70	71
Federal Light & Trac..	9	11	Western Power.....	18	19
Federal Lt & Trac pf..	42	45	Western Power pf.....	65½	66½
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	West, Church & Kerr..	64	66
Galveston-Hous El pf..	60	63	West, Church & K pf..	81	86

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s..	69	70	Nor Ont L & P 6s.....	75	79
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	70	73	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	93½	95½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56.	91	93	Nor States Pow 5s, '41.	88	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s....	86	87
Conn Power 5s, '36....	91	93	Omaha & C B 5s, '28..	75	80
Consumers Pow 5s, '36.	87½	89	Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	97½	98¾
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88½	91½
East Tex Elec col 5s...	86	88	Twin S G & E 5s, '53..	80	86
East Tex Elec 7s, '21..	88	90	Un L & R 1st 5s, '52...	80	90
Ft Pass Elec col 5s....	90	93	Un L & R deb 6s, '26..	85	92
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84¾	86	Un Util cv 6s, '42.....	86	92
Gt West Power 6s, '25.	88	92	Utah Securities 6s.....	89	91
Miss Riv Power 1st 5s.	77½	80			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
435	Atlantic Pet.	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Balt Tube....	70	70	70
25	Con Power....	108	108	108
385	Cosden	8	7¾	8
22	Cons Com'l..	81¾	81	81
125	Davison Ch...	38	37	37

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
28	Mt Vernon..	17	17	17
40	Do pf....	71¾	71¼	71½
22	Md Casualty	94	94	94
50	Park Bank..	11¾	11¾	11¾
26	Penn Water.	80	80	80
50	Wayland	3¾	3¾	3¾

Bonds.

$1,000	Cy & R S 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	$3,000	Do pf.....	97½	97¼	97½
3,000	Cosden 6s A	92½	92¼	92½	6,000	Elk 6s.....	90	90¼	90
1,000	Do 6s B...	92½	92½	92½	2,000	Kirby Lbr 6s	99	99	99
16,000	Con Pwr 5s..	98	97½	97½	1,000	Nfk Sty 5s	95¼	95¼	95¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Zinc	12¾	12½	12½
110	Ahmeek	69	69	69
185	Alaska	3¼	3	3⅛
60	Allouez	41½	41	41
5	Anaconda ..	60	60	60
115	Ariz Com'l..	11¼	11¼	11¼
115	Cal & Ariz...	58	57¼	57¼
12	Cal & Hecla.	405	400	405
100	Chino	33	32½	32½
207	Cop Range..	40	39	39¾
160	Davis-Daly..	5	4¾	4¾
475	East Butte..	8½	8	8⅛
70	Hancock	55¼	55	55
41	Island Creek	44½	44¼	44½
80	Isle Royale..	24½	24½	24½
10	Kerr Lake..	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,598	Lake Cop....	3¾	3	3⅛
25	Mass Con	4	4	4
550	Mo Rower	3¼	3¼	3¼
25	Mohawk	52	52	52
10	Nevada	16¼	16¼	16¼
35	New Arc.....	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
270	New Cornelia.	18	17¾	18
125	North Butte..	9¾	9¾	9¾
95	Old Dom....	32	30¼	30½
125	Ojibway	1¾	1¾	1¾
50	Pond Creek..	13	13	13
20	Quincy	56	54¼	54½
225	Shannon	2¾	2¼	2½
200	South Utah.	13	13	13
95	St Mary's...	42¼	42¼	42¼
55	Superior	4¾	4¾	4¾
650	Tholumne ..	88c	85c	85c
15	U S Smelt..	47¼	47¼	47¼
78	Do pf.....	48	47¾	48
380	Utah Cons..	8	7¾	7¾
10	Utah Copper	69¾	69¾	69¾
100	Utah Metal..	1¾	1¾	1¾
10	Victoria	1¾	1¾	1¾
250	Wolverine ..	16	15	15

Railroads

14	Bos & Alb..	136¼	136	136	5	Nor & W pf.	95¼	95¼	95½
27	Bos Elev	68	67½	67½	135	NY, NH & H	28¾	28	28
16	Bos & Me....	50¾	50	50	10	Old Colony..	68	68	68
12	Me Central..	80	80	80	10	Rutland pf..	19	19	19
150	Mass Elec...	2¾	2¼	2¼	10	West End....	43¼	43¼	43½
885	Do pf.....	14½	14	14½					

Miscellaneous.

158	Am Agr	102¼	101¾	101¾	48	N E Tel.....	93¾	93	93
17	Do pf.....	99¼	99	99½	33	Nova S Steel	48¼	46	46
168	Am Boschm..	65½	65	65	10	Oneida Mills	151	151	151
85	Am Sug pf..	116¼	116¼	115½	10	Pullman	116¾	115¾	115¾
240	Am T & T...	105¾	105	105	55	Punta Sug...	53¼	53	53¼
812	Am Wool ...	68½	68	68	880	Stewart	39¼	38¾	38¾
118	Do pf.....	98½	97¾	98	488	Swift	127¼	126¼	126¾
5	Amoskeag....	80	80	80	50	Un Drug....	95	95	95
50	Booth	20	20	20	63	Do 1st pf..	54½	53¼	54
185	Cent Steel...	14¼	14	14¼	66	Do 2d pf...	94	94	94
50	Cuban Port..	12	12	12	203	Un Fruit....	165	163½	164
260	East Bos L..	5	4½	4½	764	Un Shoe	48	47¼	47½
100	Fairbanks ..	55¼	55	55¼	15	Do pf.....	28	27¾	27¾
55	Int Port	5¾	5¾	5¾	255	Ventura.....	10	9¾	9¾
420	Island Oil....	7¾	7¾	7¾	63	Walworth ..	17½	17¼	17¼
25	Mathieson ..	37	37	37	10	Warren Bros	18¼	18¼	18¼
130	Mass Gas ..	84½	84	84	102	W U	89	88¼	89
10	N E Cot Y..	92	92	92					

Bonds.

$3,000	A.G&W15s...	79	79	79	$5,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96
1,000	N E Tel 5s..	92	92	92	1,000	West Tel 5s.	90	90	90
3,000	U S Sm 6s..	99¾	99¼	99¾					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
56	Am Radia..	285	285	285
330	Armour pf..	101¾	101¾	101¾
570	Booth Fish..	20½	20	20
125	Cudahy	102½	102	102½
37	Com Edison.	118	115	118
60	Deere pf	95¼	95¼	95¼
2,181	Libby	24¾	24	24
1,334	Lindsay Lt..	13¾	13½	13½
10	M Ward pf.	111	111	111
40	Pub Serv pf.	90	90	90
15	People's Gas	50	50	50
25	Qua Oats pf.	102¼	102¼	102¼
17	Shaw	91	91	91
830	Stewart-W..	90¾	89¼	89¼
1,685	Swift Int'l..	47¼	47	47
976	Swift & Co..	127	126¼	126¾
1,985	Union Carb.	62	61¼	61¼
15	Un Paperb'd	20	20	20
50	Do pf	65	65	65
140	Wilson	73	71¼	73

Bonds.

$3,000	Armour deb 6s, 1924...	100¾	100¼	100⅜	$6,000	Pub Serv of Nor Ill 5s..	87¼	87¼	87½
11,000	ChiRy 1st 5s	78¾	78¾	78¾	9,000	Swift 1st 5s.	96	96	96
10,000	ComEd 1st 5s	93¼	93¼	93¾					

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am Gas, N J	63	63	63
25	Am Ry pf...	65	65	65
100	Buff Susq pf	53	52	53
3	Baldwin pf..	103	103	103
40	Camb Iron...	41	41	41
1,020	Cramp	90	87	88
290	Elec Stor...	59½	59	59
5	Ins of N A..	28½	28½	28½
77	Gen. Asphalt	66	65	65
50	Do pf.....	96¾	99½	96¼
275	Lake Sup....	20	19¾	19¾
21	Lehigh Nav.	71¼	71¼	71¼
111	Penna. Salt..	44¾	44¾	44¾
550	Phila Elec...	25¾	25¼	25¾
400	Phila R T...	25	24¾	24¾
2,550	Tono Belm't	3½	3¾	3¾
50	Tono Mining	3	3	3
75	Un Ga Imp..	71¼	71¼	71¾

Bonds.

$10,000	City 4s, '46	97	97	97	$5,000	Phil cons 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	El & P ctf 4s	69½	69½	69¼	2,000	PhilEl 1st 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾
2,000	L V cons r.	102	102	102	9,000	Un Ry 5s...	67½	67¼	67½
2,000	L Sup inc 5s	63¾	63	63¾					

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Cigar	119	122	119
Do pf.....	85	90	85
Conley Fdg....	195	210	195
Geo W Helme Co.	150	155	150
Do pf.....	105	110	105
J S Young.....	125	145	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes....	197	202	197
Do pf.....	90	100	90
P R-Am Tobacco...	130	138	130
R J Reynolds, A....	375	430	375
Do B	340	360	340
Do pf.....	108	110	108
Weyman-Bruton ..	170	175	170
Do pf.....	105	110	105

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Brass	206	209	206
Atlas Powder	145	*145	148
Do pf.....	89	92	89
Babcock & Wilcox.	106¼	106¼	106½
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf.....	80	80	80
Colt's Arms	37	42	37
Du Pont.....	350	*360	360
Du Pont debs pf...	92	94	91
Hercules	210	220	210
Do pf	106	100	106
Ingersoll-Rand Co.	164	170	164
Do pf.....	97	102	97
National Transit ..	21	21¼	21½
N Y Transit.....	185	195	185
Northern Pipe L...	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	324	328	324
Scovill Mfg.....	345	360	345
Standard Screw ..	370	375	375

*Ex dividend.

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Prev. Bid.	Close.
May	15.00	15.00	14.98	14.85
July	14.30	14.20	14.30	14.20
September	....	....	13.97	13.88
December	13.70	13.55	13.73	13.63

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
May	$1.50⅝	$1.50	$1.50

BUTTER AND EGG M

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 5.—Sixty-three new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $2,342,000, were chartered today. They include:

Premier and Potter Printing Press, Inc., Manhattan, $500,000; H. Church, B. Flenberg, M. T. Reis, 51 Chambers St.

Frontier Shoe Stores, Inc., Buffalo, $5,000; E. P. Widmer, E. T. Hunt, W. L. O'Loughlin, Buffalo.

Panuco-Tuxpam Co., Inc., Manhattan, buy and sell oil lands, $100,000; J. B. Hammond, A. F. Lesher, A. Gastro, 120 Broadway.

The Studner Corp., Manhattan, make celluloid novelties, $25,000; M. N. Joseph, P. W. Davidson, M. M. Studner, 1,815 7th Av.

St. Regis Provision Co., Inc., Manhattan, conduct restaurants, $10,000; M. and J. H. Rosenblatt, S. Davidson, 230 Clinton St.

Protexol Corp., Manhattan, fireproofing, chemical analysis, and tank car service, $10,000; T. H. Davis, J. N. Schlude, E. F. Hartmann, 34 Greene St.

Phono-Syllabic Corp., Rochester, teach shorthand and typewriting, $50,000; R. J. and T. H. Schmekechnie, A. J. O. Manning, Rochester.

Goldmyr Realty Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000; J. and S. Wacht, Jr., D. B. Kaminsky, 176 Broadway.

George R. Swart & Co., Manhattan, printing and bookbinding machinery, $50,000; H. C. Harrison, G. R. Swart, A. W. Robertson, Mount Vernon.

St. James Apartments, Inc., Manhattan, $15,000; C. Moore, E. Egan, C. Goldberg, 38 Park Row.

Hugh R. Jones Co., Inc., Utica, realty and construction, $75,000; H. L. Foster, C. B. Wynkoop, H. R. Jones, New Hartford.

Pulaski Motor Sales Corp., Pulaski, $15,000; Wm. U. D. Carnes, W. H. Enos, J. L. More, Pulaski.

W. R. Nicholson, Inc., Manhattan, merchant tailoring, $75,000; C. M. O'Keefe, J. R. Halsey, W. R. Nicholson, 225 Madison Av.

Kumlin & Martin, Inc., Manhattan, make underwear, $10,000; R. W. Quigley, S. H. and M. H. Kumin, 1,068 Simpson St., Bronx.

Johnstam Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, hardware, oils, and greases, $50,000; C. Grosshandler, I. Landau, H. Lowenstein, 80 West 169th St.

Bennett & Brooks, Inc., Manhattan, commission business in metals, cotton, and grain, $25,000; C. A. Rudermann, G. E. Bennett, R. E. Brooks, 409 West 145th St.

Hudson Carpet Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; L. Milstein, B. Levine, L. Epstein, 115 West 113th St.

Ocean Ship Chandler Co., Ltd., Manhattan, $200,000; H. P. Molloy, F. K. Hennessy, E. P. McLaughlin, 25 Broad St.

J. Maletsky & Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's and children's clothing, $5,000; R. Maletsky, G. Milch, D. H. Kirsch, 294 Rivington St.

Ajax Laundry and Linen Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; G. Teitelbaum, J. Dubl, E. B. Siegel, 309 Broadway.

Holland Farm Products Co., Inc., Holland, Erie County, $15,000; F. Goldberg, M. Losel, E. Butzer, Holland.

Auerbach & Cohn, Inc., Manhattan, make suitcases, $5,000; N. Cohn, C. and S. Auerbach, 63 Clinton St.

Canal Amusement Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; F. Savis, S. and P. Rosenberg, 1,646 Park Place, Brooklyn.

The J. A. Bort Mfg. Corp., Fulton, make machinery and mechanics' supplies, $100,000; O. Moore, E. M. and J. A. Bort, Fulton.

Benedict Products Corp., Manhattan, make mechanical toys, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 600 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $13,000; J. A. Nickerson, F. C. Smith, C. J. R. Davis, 1 West 103d St.

The Stork Furnisher, Inc., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; H. Resch, C. A. Fullerton, P. O. Lennon, 691 8th Av.

Multi-Products Corp., Manhattan, make textiles, $75,000; J. Danziger, A. A. Hoffmann, I. B. Louis, 474 West 148th St.

Bronx Gravity Railway Co., Inc., Manhattan, amusements, $45,000; C. A. Winslow, A. E. Turpin, J. Bertolf, 267 West 15th St.

Mercantile Manufacturers' Assn., Inc., Manhattan, dry goods and notions, $5,000; B. W. and L. Kapp, L. Barber, 1,319 Avenue L, Brooklyn.

Royal Lunch, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Watinsky, B. Schumer, M. Lopp, 401 8th Av.

Levit & Lindenauer Restaurant Co., Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; D. D. Deutsch, L. J. Lindenauer, H. Levit, 1,612 Lexington Av.

The Morris Herzog Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's wear, $100,000; M. Herzog, T. F. Thornton, M. Buchter, 634 Bergen Av.

Rednal Securities Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; S. S. Strasbourger, M. L. Shallek, J. R. Roth, 180 St. Nicholas Av.

Edgar Dudley-Al Lee, Inc., Manhattan, theatricals, $5,000; M. Rothstein, M. Oppenheim, H. S. Hochheimer, 220 West 42d St.

Circle Electric Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Hochman, L. Davis, D. Lang, 2,274 7th Av.

The Crude Drug Co. of New York, Inc., Manhattan, $250,000; H. J. Wellesli, C. S. Yawger, T. M. McGrath, 631 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Auto Light Hauling Co., Inc., Rochester, $5,000; E. J. Werp, A. A. and A. J. Kirchhoff, Rochester.

Dobland Costume Co., Inc., Manhattan, general clothing business, $10,000; L. J. Land, N. Dobkin, D. Freiberger, 32 Broadway.

Friedman & Bernstein, Inc., Manhattan, clothing, $20,000; M. Bernstein, S. and L. Friedman, 92 Haven Av.

Segelbaum & Eckstein, Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; H. Honigman, L. Eckstein, S. L. Segelbaum, 304 East 81st St.

L. M. & R. Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; R. L. Kearney, J. H. Londergan, A. Rosenthal, 439 West 123d St.

Mercer Cotton Goods Co., Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; R. and A. Serll, W. Weeden, 1,672 Union St., Brooklyn.

P. H. Webber & Co., Inc., Manhattan, make furs, $100,000; P. D. Pekmezaris, N. Mellan, P. H. Webber, 164 Waverley Place.

Olga, Inc., Bronx, women's wearing apparel, $15,000; M. H. Lehmaler, O. H. and J. C. Neumann, 2,553 Decatur Av., Bronx.

Robert Hatkey Estate, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; J. E. Schonberg, A. McGrath, M. Gaugel, 628 Columbus Av.

Satisfaction Shoe Shop, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; W. Silver, H. and S. Kramer, 1,425 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

Great Kills Theatre Corp., Great Kills, Richmond, 10,000; L. Beggs, A. H. Hardy, M. Bache, Great Kills.

The Cellular Inner Tire Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; W. A. Montross, F. C. McKinney, M. C. Durkee, 952 St. Nicholas Av.

The Horace Turner Corp., Manhattan, insurance and ship agency, $10,000; E. McBlair, G. W. F. Green, H. Turner, 11 Broadway.

National Hair Culturists and Manufacturers Association, Inc, Manhattan, $50,000; R. G. Beasley, A. Taylor, J. Goodwin, 271 West 134th St.

Raecio Realty Corp., Manhattan, $75,000; C. C. Lockwood, W. P. Rae, J. H. Eckhoff, Jr., 835 Union St., Brooklyn.

Naciare Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Green, N. L. Goldstein, C. L. Bieller, 586 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

C. A. B. Shoes Co., Brooklyn, $15,000 to $50,000.

Friedner & Ebsteln, Inc., Manhattan, $60,000 to $100,000.

Chester Novelty Co., Inc., Chester, Orange County, $15,000 to $60,000.

Harris, Magill & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Orient Sales Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

John B. Sheehan Service Corp., Manhattan, $2,000 to $50,000.

New York Architectural Terra Cotta Co., Long Island City, $500,000 to $800,000.

H. & K. Costume Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Watervliet Tool Co., Inc., Watervliet, $10,000 to $23,000.

Hospital Realty Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $15,000 to $65,000.

Success Waist Co., Manhattan, $9,000 to $48,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Haskins & Sells Co., Manhattan, $600,000 to $500.

MERGER.

Factory Products Export Corp., Manhattan, with Factory Products Corp., Virginia.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

American Pile Fabric Co., Inc., Pennsylvania, $50,000; representative, E. W. Goodman, 24 West 25d St.

Sudden & Christenson, Inc., Alabama, raw and manufactured lumber, $100,000; representative, K. E. Dawson, 44 Whitehall St.

Independent Wireless Telegraph Co., Inc., Delaware, $2,000; representative, T. R. Mallory, Port Chester.

Dwight P. Robinson & Co., Inc., Delaware, consulting and construction engineers, 15,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 6,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, 10 shares common stock; representative, D. P. Robinson, 61 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Underpinning and Foundation Co., Manhattan.

Williamson Holding Co., Inc., Brooklyn.

The Rapian Garment Co., Inc., Manhattan.

The Ragtime Publishing Corp., Manhattan.

Cloak and Skirt Makers' Union, Local 11, Inc., Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., March 5.—Charters filed: Economic Investment Corp., deal in and with securities, &c., $2,200,000; H. A. Bingham, Oradell, N. J.; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; Arthur Oakley, Pearl River, N. Y.

Savannah Dry Dock and Repair Co., general freighting business, &c., $1,200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. B. Drew, Wilmington, Del., parties.

Corona Oil and Refining Co., Inc., to acquire by purchase or otherwise petroleum and gas lands and develop same; $1,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, Wilmington parties.

The U. O. I. Contracting Co., business of construction and contracting, $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. B. Drew, Wilmington parties.

General Heating Co., Inc., install heating, lighting, and ventilating plants, $1,000,000; W. V. Kelly, New York; Frank T. Sergeant, New York; Albert E. Mayos, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Olen Contracting Corp., Chicago, Ill., contracting and construction business, $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., Inc.

Old Dutch Market of Maryland, Inc., marketing business, $600,000; Joshua Whitfield, Daniel B. Casey, Milton Alela, Daniel Callahan, John Dolph, Arthur D. Marks, Frank J. Hogan, all of Washington, D. C.

National Spring Power Co., manufacture machinery of all kinds, $500,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, Wilmington parties.

Louisiana Cadde Oil Co., purchase, transport, freight oil, natural gas, &c., $500,000; J. F. Cleveland, F. W. Dennis, E. G. Johnson, New York parties.

Union Music Co., manufacture and sell musical instruments of all kinds, $500,000; M. L. Rogers, B. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington parties.

Farm Creek Oil and Gas Co., obtain oil and gas lands and develop same, $500,000; N. G. Samuels, Fred C. Benglen, New Orleans, La.; Sam Singleton, Kenner, La.; F. E. Baudry, Convent, La.

Acid Proof Bailing Box Mfg. Co., manufacture, operate, and sell batteries, $250,000; Harold A. Dinn, P. Zak, M. McCool, Chicago, Ill.

Independent Theatre and Vaudeville Co., conduct theatres and vaudeville, $250,000; Meyer Harnberger, Edward M. Fay, Leon Daniels, Providence, R. I.; Michael R. Shind, New York.

Economic Management Corp., to audit the accounts for firms, corporations, &c., $100,000; H. W. Bingham, Oradell, N. J.; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; Arthur R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. Y.

Wilmington Salvage Co., to carry on a general salvage business, $100,000; Aaron Finger, C. C. Kilbus, E. C. Phillips, local Wilmington, Del., Inc.

Peltrol Fuel Co., to conduct lining operations of all kinds, $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., Inc.

Dempsey Corp., to acquire patents and to develop same, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. Macfarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Phila.

Service Plate Co., Inc., to manufacture iron, clay, &c., $50,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., Inc.

Snyder Contracting Co., to carry on a general contracting and construction business, $20,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, local Wilmington, Del., Inc.

Home Refrigeration Service Co., to manufacture, sell, and deal in and with refrigerators, &c., $50,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. Macfarland, J. Vernon Pimm, local Philadelphia Inc.

W. C. Jenkins & Co., Inc., to deal in and with securities of all kinds, $25,000; M. L. Rogers, Wilmington, Del.; M. C. Miller, E. M. Jenkins, Harrisburg, Penn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 5.—Charters filed:

Knapp & Baxter of Russia, Ltd., Jersey City, to act as financial and business agents, $25,000; C. A. Cole, H. T. Letts, and G. H. Hubbard, all of Jersey City.

High Auto Supply Co., Newark, to deal in auto supplies, $10,000; Guteave Poplk, Celia Colton, and Harry Colton, all of Newark.

Hauck Nut Butter Co., Newark, to manufacture oleomargarine, $1,000,000; Peter Hauck and William F. Hoffman of East Orange, and William T. Ashby of Chicago.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Forecast:

N. C.—Partly cloudy Thurs., preceded by rain in e.; colder Thurs. Fri. fair.

S. C. and Ga.—Cloudy and colder Thurs., preceded by rain on the coast. Fri. probably fair.

Fla.—Partly cloudy in northwest, probably rain in the peninsula Thurs.; colder. Fri. probably fair.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Thurs.; colder in s. Fri. cloudy and warmer; probably rain.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Thurs. Fri. probably rain and warmer.

Ind.—Increasing cloudiness Thurs., probably followed by rain or snow and warmer Thurs. night and Fri.

Ohio—Fair Thrus. Fri. rain or snow and warmer.

Mich.—Fair Thurs. Fri. probably snow, with rising temperature.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Roanoke, Virginia, on Thursday, the 10th day of April, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M., to elect Directors, to elect Independent auditors to audit the books and accounts of the Company at the close of the fiscal year, to consider the annual report of the Directors for the fiscal year which ended December 31st, 1918, to ratify and approve all acts of the Board of Directors set forth in such Annual Report and in the minutes of the Company, to vote upon a proposal to purchase, or lease and otherwise acquire the railroad, property and franchises of the Virginia-Carolina Railway Company and the railroad, property and franchises of the New River, Holston and Western Railroad Company upon such terms as the Board of Directors shall determine and to approve and ratify any such acquisition, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Board of Directors has called a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company to be held at the same time and place, to consider and act upon the following special proposals, viz.:

(1) A proposal to increase the Common Stock of the Company by One Hundred Million Dollars ($100,000,000,) so that the total Capital Stock shall be Two Hundred and Seventy-three Million Dollars ($273,000,000,) consisting of Two Hundred and Fifty Million Dollars ($250,000,000) of Common Stock and Twenty-three Million Dollars ($23,000,000) of Adjustment Preferred Stock, all divided into shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each; and

(2) A proposal to modify and limit the resolution adopted by the Stockholders at an Annual and Special Meeting held October 11th, 1906, authorizing an issue of $34,000,000 of Convertible 10-25 year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, so that such resolution shall not apply to the unissued remainder of $8,431,000 of such bonds and that the authority to issue such $8,431,000 of Convertible 10-25 year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds shall be revoked; and

(3) A proposal to authorize the creation and sale of an issue or issues of bonds of the Company to an aggregate amount not exceeding One Hundred and Eight Million Four Hundred and Thirty-one Thousand Dollars ($108,431,000) which bonds shall be convertible into the Common Stock of the Company at the option of the respective holders, during such periods and at such rates of conversion, and shall be payable at such dates and bear interest at such rates as shall be determined by the Board of Directors and specified therein, and shall contain such other terms and provisions as the Board of Directors may prescribe; and which bonds shall be sold from time to time on such terms and at such prices as the Board of Directors shall determine, but all such bonds that may be issued shall not exceed in the aggregate such amount as at the rate of conversion expressed in the bonds can be converted into the Common Stock reserved for that purpose.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Monday, March 24th, 1919, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, April 11th, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors,
E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1919.

Founded 1803

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the above Bank will be held at its offices, 42 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 31, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of acting upon propositions to alter the par value of the capital stock from $50 per share to $100 per share; to increase the capital stock from $2,000,000, represented by 40,000 shares each of the par value of $50, to $3,000,000, to be represented by 30,000 shares, each of the par value of $100; to elect three directors to fill vacancies in the Board; and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

O. E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1919.

United States Mortgage&TrustCo.

55 Cedar Street.

New York, February 27, 1919.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, March 13, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors whose terms of office expire, or to fill vacancies, and for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting. The transfer books of the Capital Stock will be closed on Saturday, March 8th, and reopened on Friday, March 14th.

HENRY L. SERVOSS, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF
LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK
BAKERS OF SUNSHINE BISCUITS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at its principal office in the State of New York, 2133 Equitable Building, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on the 10th day of March, 1919, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will not be closed.

R. L. HUPP, Secretary.

New York, February 20, 1919.

Illinois Central Railroad Company.

For the purpose of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, to be held at Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, April 16th, 1919, the Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, April 2nd, 1919, and will remain closed until the morning of Thursday, April 17th, 1919.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.

New York, March 5, 1919.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	1⅞	1¾	Iron Bloss...	43	48
Am. Oil.....	6½	7⅛	Iron Cap...	12¾	12¾
B. S. Gas.,.	7	9	Jerome V...	38	42
Boston Ariz. ..		1⅛	La Rose.....	32	25
Boston Ely..	98	1⅛	Majestic ...	18	20
Boston Mon.	49	50	Mex. Metals.	27	30
Begole	..	50	Mex. Tung...	4	6
Bohemia ...	75	90	New Baltic..	1	1¼
Butte London	11	13	Nat. Z. & L.	8	10
Calaveras ..	1	2	Nixon Nev..	38	40
Champ. old.	2	3	Nev. Doug...	20	23
Chief Con...	2½	3⅜	Oneco	25	50
Con. Ariz...	1	1⅛	Onondaga ...	12	14
Con. Copper.	4⅝	5⅛	Pilgrim	60	63
Cortez	13	15	Rainier	60	65
Crystal	20	21	Seven Metals	51	52
Crown Res..	48	52	S. W. Miami.		
Denbigh	25	30	full paid..	99	1⅛
Earl-Eagle...	..	2	Texana	22	24
Eagle B. B..	2¼	2⅜	Truro	50	1
Fortuna	2	4	U. V. Est...	32	33
Gold Lake...	3	5	Vic. Mines...	..	1½
Houghton ...	50	60	Yukon Gold.	75	1
Homa Oil...	50	51			

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND DEMANDS AGAINST

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, New York Municipal Railway Corporation

AND

New York Consolidated Railroad Company:

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 8th day of February, 1919, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York made an order in the equity suit pending in said Court, No. E 15-347, brought by Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, plaintiff, against Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and New York Consolidated Railroad Company, defendants, which order, among other things, provides that:—

(1) All claims and demands against the said Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the said New York Municipal Railway Corporation or the said New York Consolidated Railroad Company, shall be presented to Lindley M. Garrison, Receiver of said corporations, on or before the 1st day of April, 1919.

(2) If any persons having claims and demands against the said defendants or any of them shall fail to present such claims and demands to the said receiver on or before the said 1st day of April, 1919, as provided in said order, each of them so failing shall be barred from sharing in the benefit of the distribution of the moneys and proceeds of the properties of the said defendants that now are or hereafter shall be in the hands of the receiver in said suit, and from sharing or participating in the distribution of any of the proceeds arising from the sale of any of said properties if such sale shall thereafter be adjudged and decreed in said suit.

Nothing in said order requires claims and demands secured by mortgage or other lien to be presented to the receiver as above stated.

Forms for proofs of claims and demands required to be presented to the receiver as stated above may be obtained from the receiver at his office, No. 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, and claims and demands shall be presented to the receiver at his said office, No. 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 10, 1919.

LINDLEY M. GARRISON,
Receiver.

85 Clinton Street,
Borough of Brooklyn,
City and State of New York.

FOR SALE

$1,700,000

City of Bethlehem

WATER WORKS 4½% GOLD BONDS, SERIES OF 1919.

The City of Bethlehem offers for sale its bond issue designated "Water Works 4½% Gold Bonds, Series of 1919," in the sum of $1,700,000, consisting of coupon bonds of the denomination of $500 or $1000, as the purchaser may prefer, bearing interest at the rate of four and one-half per centum (4½%) per annum, free of taxes other than succession or inheritance taxes, dated February 1, 1919, and maturing at various dates not less than five (5) nor more than twenty-nine (29) years from the date thereof, the interest being payable semi-annually as evidenced by the interest coupons thereto attached.

Bids for the purchase of the whole or any portion of the issue will be received by the undersigned up to and including 7 o'clock P. M., March 10, 1919, at his office in the Municipal Building, 145 E. Broad Street, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, for presentation to the Council of said City. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check in a sum equivalent to two per centum (2%) thereof, payable to the order of the City of Bethlehem. No bid will be considered which has attached thereto any condition other than that it is subject to the legality of the issue.

The Council of the City of Bethlehem reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JAMES E. MATHEWS,
Superintendent of Accounts and Finance of the City of Bethlehem, Penna.

Attest: S. J. HUGHES,
City Clerk.

TO THE HOLDERS OF SPRINGFIELD RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY FIRST LIEN 15-YEAR 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS DUE MAY 1, 1928.

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article 4 of the Indenture dated May 1, 1911, securing the above bonds, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive at its office, No. 1 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, March 20, 1919, sealed offers of sale of sufficient of the above bonds at prices not exceeding 102½ of par and accrued interest, to exhaust the sum of Sixty-seven thousand two hundred thirty-nine dollars twenty-six cents ($67,239.26) now on deposit in the Sinking Fund. Offers should be sealed and addressed to the Trust Department. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

Dated, New York, March 3, 1919.

TO THE CREDITORS OF NEWARK BAY SMELTING & REFINING COMPANY—In pursuance of an order of the Court of Chancery of the State of New Jersey, made on the day of the date hereof, in a cause wherein Carl H. Pilgrim is complainant, and Newark Bay Smelting & Refining Company is defendant, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said company to present to Charles C. Pilgrim and Thomas C. Moffatt, the receivers of said company, at their office, 790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J., their several claims and demands against said company, duly verified (under oath or affirmation) within one month from the date hereof; or they will be excluded from the benefit of such dividends as may hereafter be made and declared by said court from the assets of said company.

CHARLES C. PILGRIM,
THOMAS C. MOFFATT,
Receivers.

790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

Dated Newark, N. J., February 11th, 1919.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK of Cordele, located at Cordele, in the State of Georgia, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

J. W. CANNON, Cashier,
Liquidating Agent.

Dated Jan. 27, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, located at Plant City, in the State of Florida, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

R. M. McKINNEY, Cashier.

Feb. 4th, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York Trap Rock Corporation.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of Stockholders of New York Trap Rock Corporation will be held at the office of the Company, No. 101 Park Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 13th day of March, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of electing nine (9) Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York City, N. Y., February 27, 1919. RAOUL E. DESVERNINE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY CO.

Allegheny Ave. & 19th Street,

Phila., March 5, 1919.

The Directors have declared a dividend of One dollar ($1.00) per share from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 17, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

THE WILLYS-OVERLAND COMPANY

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

Toledo, Ohio, March 4th, 1919.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this company, held March 3rd, 1919, a regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share was declared upon the outstanding preferred stock, payable April 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20th, 1919.

FLOYD G. HUTCHENS,
Assistant Secretary.

GEORGE W. HELME COMPANY.

111 Fifth Ave., New York, March 5, 1919.

Dividends of one and three-quarters per cent. on the Preferred Stock and two and one-half on the Common Stock of George W. Helme Company were this day declared, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

E. D. CHRISTIAN, Sec'y & Treas.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Philadelphia, Pa.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 noon, March 11, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in Delaware River, in Philadelphia Harbor and on New Castle, Reedy Island, Baker and Liston Lighthouse Ranges. Further information on application.

Plans Proposed for a Solution of the Railroad Problem

THE railroad situation forms one of the most difficult and intricate problems of the readjustment period.

The interests of owners, creditors, bankers, merchants, manufacturers and traveling public must be considered.

Plans have been submitted to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce by the Railway executives, the Association of Railway Security Owners, the Railroad Brotherhood, the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Director General of Railroads and a former railroad president.

To enable those interested to grasp the essential features of these various plans we have prepared a

Simple Digest and Comparison of the Features of Each Plan in Booklet Form.

A copy of the booklet will be forwarded to you upon request.

The EQUITABLE TRUST CO. *of* NEW YORK

Main Office: 37 WALL STREET, N. Y.

N. Y. Branches

MADISON AVE. *at 45th* ST. 222 BROADWAY

THE general partnership heretofore existing between Wm. Ross Proctor, Gordon W. Abbott, J. Ford Johnson, Jr., Alan L. Corey, and James R. Blake, under the firm name of Abbott, Johnson & Company, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and the undersigned beg to announce that they have formed a limited partnership under the firm name of

Abbott, Johnson & Co.

with offices at

120 Broadway, New York

Gordon W. Abbott
J. Ford Johnson, Jr.
Alan L. Corey
Bayard C. Hoppin
James R. Blake
General Partners
W. Ross Proctor
Special Partner

March 5th, 1919

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
NEW NETHERLAND BANK OF NEW YORK
at the close of business on the 21st day of February, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$1,112,203.53
Private securities		436,220.50
Real estate owned		5,152.56
Mortgages owned		57,736.95
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,197,063.41
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,557,927.48
Overdrafts		2,073.53
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets...	$143,873.24	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers, not included in preceding item...	16,383.08	
		160,256.32
Specie		58,412.81
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.....		158,035.61
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$202,589.62	
Other cash items....	4,706.18	
		207,365.75
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		933,178.20
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		36,503.27
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$5,900.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date.....	8,263.03	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date.....	4,252.82	
		18,415.85
Total.....		$6,941,147.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus		195,051.99
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks ..	$269.50	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions....	5,096.62	
Deposits by the State of New York.....	48,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets, United States	341,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	5,011,273.82	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within 30 days	68,000.00	
Demand certificates of deposit.....	71,741.90	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers.....	11,851.41	
Certified checks....	44,119.39	
Unpaid dividends ..	12.00	
Total deposits		5,601,364.64
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise..		415,000.00
Rediscounts		455,250.54
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit...		36,505.27
Subscriptions to capital stock		19,400.00
Income and surplus fund.....		5.60
Income tax withheld.....		
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c....	$9,416.56	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date....	5,652.97	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date....	3,500.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	20,000.00	
		38,569.53
Total.....		$6,941,147.57

DIVIDENDS.

STROMBERG CARBURETOR COMPANY OF AMERICA, INC.

37 Wall St., New York, February 26, 1919.

The regular quarterly dividend of 75c. per share and an extra dividend of 25c. per share have this day been declared upon the capital stock of this company, each dividend payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders who appear of record as such at the close of business on March 15, 1919.

GEORGE H. SAYLOR, Treasurer.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY,

1107 Broadway,

New York, N. Y., March 5, 1919.

Dividends of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock and 2½% on the Common Stock of Weyman-Bruton Company were this day declared, payable April 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 17, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

L. L. ELLIOTT, Sec'y & Treas.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
BANK OF EUROPE,
at the close of business on the 21st day of February, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities—		
U. S. Government bonds.....	$536,840.00	
New York State & City bonds	214,381.25	
Private securities.....	1,402,191.08	
Real estate owned.....	10,285.73	
Mortgages owned.....	377,700.00	
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral....	19,500.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral.....	322,172.91	
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral	680,126.97	
Overdrafts	46.80	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	233,249.12	
Specie	150,394.04	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States.....	300,700.00	
War Savings Stamps on hand...	272.80	
Other cash items.....	11.65	
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date.....	$19,938.07	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date.....	17,340.78	
		37,278.85
Total		$4,294,450.22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock.....		$150,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund.....	$75,000.00	
Undivided profits...	41,424.13	
		116,424.13
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions.....	$941.23	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of

TO EKE OUT ROADS' NEEDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the most cordial co-operation of the Secretary of the Treasury and the War Finance Corporation, to find every way we can to reimburse the Treasury and the Railroad Administration through getting the corporations to borrow the money to pay back advances which have been made and which it will be necessary to make to carry out our program. It would be unwise to create the impression that that is going to be an easy task. It is going to be very difficult, but we are approaching it with the determination that we will make it succeed to a very large extent and that we will get a large measure of patriotic co-operation from all the interests which are affected.

"The specific proposition which you gentlemen have had much in mind and which I, too, have been considering with care is the question as to what ought to be done by the Railroad Administration with reference to the rates on road-building materials. There has been a feeling that the advances made in rates effective last June to meet the increased cost growing out of the war had borne too heavily on road-building materials and that, in order to encourage a program of resumption of road building in the public interest, there ought to be a substantial reduction in those rates.

Alive to Its Importance.

"The matter is having the most careful and expeditious consideration in the Railroad Administration, and I am approaching it in the most sympathetic spirit and with a desire to do everything reasonably practicable to meet expectations in that regard. I hope very shortly, perhaps in the next week or ten days, to get a final report upon the basis of which I can take definite action. While it is impossible to forecast at the moment the action that I can take, I want to assure you that I am fully alive to the importance of the object which you gentlemen seek to accomplish and of the fact that not only do we want to help in general, but we have a distinct selfish interest in encouraging the resumption of this industry at the earliest possible moment.

"The only other matter that I wanted to mention to you is one which perhaps does not primarily concern the object of this meeting, but I am selfishly taking advantage of this opportunity to mention it to you; and that is to tell you my general feelings as to what my job is. I welcome an opportunity to try to make clear to you that an important factor in undertaking to administer this tremendous task which rests upon me is not to try to bring about one solution of the railroad question rather than another; not to impose my own notions upon the public in any respect in that regard, but to confine myself to the job of rendering the best possible public service. I am as fully appreciative as any one in this audience of the fact that during the war the railroad service of the country in many respects was cut down to a basis where a citizen did not get the same amount of service and consideration which he got before the war.

"I would like to impress upon you the thought that that was not due to this temporary Federal control of the railroads, but that we were driven to it now that the war is over, my own idea, during the remaining period of Federal control, is to do everything in my power to bring back the railroad service of the country to the more favorable conditions that existed prior to the war, and, whenever the opportunity appears to arise, to make the service even better than that.

"I do not say this in any idle spirit of promising. I know the difficulties in the way, and I want to ask you to give me the benefit of your sympathetic support.

Invites Suggestions.

"Not long ago I had a very satisfying conference with the representatives of the State Railroad Commissions, and I got the distinct impression that those highly important agencies were going to aid me in improving this public service by inspecting how the public service is being rendered in their respective states and giving me the benefit of their suggestions from time to time as to what ought to be done in order to get back to more favorable conditions.

"I want to carry the message throughout the United States of a desire on my part to have the hearty co-operation of my associates in this tremendously important short period of Government control to give the public the very best service possibe and of my earnest desire to get the benefit of the greatest possible measure of public support in making that policy a success.

"When you find things in the railroad service which are not comfortable, which are inconvenient, which fall short of what you think the service ought to be, I hope you will not form in your mind the impression that that is what the Railroad Administration is trying to do. I want you to realize that that is what the Railroad Administration is trying to avoid, and it is looking for all the help and suggestions it can get. I earnestly ask you to do what you can to help through making suggestions to me, to my associates in Washington, or to the Federal Managers or Regional Directors, bearing in mind that they all are direct representatives of the Government of the United States and that the watchword of the Railroad Administration is to render an adequate and convenient public service."

Mr. Hines supplemented his address with this statement:

"There has been no discussion of raising rates, either passenger or freight, because the money derived from rates goes into operating revenues, which, primarily, are not affected by the present situation.

"In connection with necessary financing which will have to be done by the railroad corporations it is the rule that no such corporate financing be undertaken except on certificate of the Railroad Administration, and therefore the Railroad Administration in a sense acts as a clearing house for such financing, thus minimizing the danger for financial confusion."

War Finance Resources.

WASHINGTON, March 5, (Associated Press.)—It develops that the War Finance Corporation has about $337,000,000 resources available, and much of this may go to railroads to supplement the sums they can borrow until Congress meets again and has opportunity to appropriate funds.

After protracted conferences between Secretary Glass and other officials of the Treasury and War Finance Corporation, it was stated that means probably would be developed to keep the railroads off the money market as much as possible, and minimize interference with the forthcoming Victory Liberty Loan.

Although officials appeared optimistic, they explained that much manipulating of financial machinery would be necessary and a definite program could not be developed for some time. Their somewhat cheerful attitude was in contrast to the rather pessimistic utterances of Secretary Glass and Director General Hines before the Senate Appropriations Committee in executive session last week, commenting on the possibility of the appropriation's failure. The testimony was made public today.

Bankers Take More Cheerful View.

New York bankers, having had time for consideration of the situation in which the Federal Railroad Administration finds itself since the failure of Congress to appropriate the $750,000,000 Director General Hines asked for, were inclined yesterday to take a much less pessimistic view than they were Tuesday. It was argued that the situation, while undoubtedly grave, was not nearly so alarming as many had seemed to believe.

In conservative circles it was generally believed that Congress would be in session by June 1, and that the railroad legislation would be put through at that time. So what the Railroad Administration, the individual railroads, and the bankers have to do is devise some stopgap.

Bankers were of the opinion that it might be possible to do virtually all of the railroad financing through the medium of the War Finance Corporation. Such an operation, however, would not be considered desirable, and unless the corporation were to make loans direct to the railroads there might be difficulty in securing the co-operation of banking institutions. The procedure of financing through the War Finance Corporation would be either to lend direct or discount the loans made by banking institutions to the railroads. If the latter were the method adopted, the obligations could be rediscounted at the Federal Reserve Banks.

A certain amount of railroad financing may be done by the banks, although it was contended that only a comparatively few railroads could do much of this at reasonable rates. One feature which may come out of the present situation is the re-establishing of relations between bankers and railroads. It was said that the authorities at Washington might decide to look with more favor on long-established alliances between bankers and railroads, now that the latter were so badly in need of assistance.

Among railroad executives optimism apparently had started to crystallize, following the receipt of the Director General's statement in Washington.

The railroad men did not take kindly to the suggestion that some of the necessary financing could be done by their own bankers, and asserted that the credit of the carriers had been so strained that substantial issues of new securities might receive a questionable reception in local investment markets.

The Standing Committee of the Association of Railway Executives, meeting today, will discuss the situation and, it is believed, make concrete suggestions for the immediate future.

GLASS AND HINES FEARED DISASTER

Told Senate Committee Failure of Deficiency Bill Would Unsettle Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In view of the problem of an early extra session of Congress, a pretty thorough review of the situation with which they held they would be confronted if the Deficiency bill should be defeated, is contained in testimony given before the Senate Committee on Appropriations by Secretary Glass and Director General Hines a few days ago. The testimony, made public today, showed that Mr. Glass stated that defeat of the bill would create a great menace to the next Victory Loan issue, and that Mr. Hines felt there was grave doubt of Government obligations being met.

The following statement was made by Mr. Hines in a letter to Chairman Martin of the committee:

"I am fully warranted in stating, as I do deliberately, after the most mature consideration, that, if the Senate should fail to make this appropriation at this session, the industrial and financial results would be disastrous. The reversal of policy which would be involved in not making this appropriation to meet obligations which are inseparably connected with the war action of the Government in taking over the railroads would have a disastrous effect upon the approaching Liberty Loan and upon the general prosperity of the country, and would constitute a tremendous 'shove' in the wrong direction when every interest of the public earnestly calls for the opposite course. These difficulties cannot be avoided on any theory that the matter can await action at an extra session. On the contrary, the difficulties will be immediately precipitated by indulgence in that theory, since the payments are due now in large part and must be met, or virtually defaulted, upon without delay."

Secretary Glass made these comments:

"The failure of Congress to make the appropriation will create a situation in railroad circles that will amount to practical suspension, largely, of activities; interfere with the purchasing activities of the Administration. It will very greatly impair the credit of the railroads, and to that extent will render the Treasury activities very difficult. The only alternative that I see will be to have the railroads go out into the open market and make loans aggregating nearly $1,000,000,000 from the banks, and that would cut the market up for the Liberty Loan and make it very difficult for our campaign. That condition would reflect itself upon the Liberty Loan and, I think, in a disastrous way.

"As Mr. Hines will doubtless tell you, many of these railroads cannot make loans through the banks. That would mean that they would go into the hands of a receiver, and that would create a state of demoralization that might be disastrous, just as the failure of two large banks in New York in 1907 created a panic that swept the country."

Here are statements made by Director General Hines before the committee:

"I have asked for an appropriation of $750,000,000. That divides, broadly, into one general item of $381,000,000 which is needed to settle with the railroad companies for 1918 and $369,000,000 which we need for the requirements for the calendar year 1919.

"The $381,000,000 is needed by the railroad companies to enable them to pay their interest and fixed dividends and to aid them in establishing a basis of credit on which they can borrow and pay their maturities. If we could not pay the $381,000,000 it would have the greatest variety of disturbing effects on the financial situation. We cannot pay without the appropriation. If we say 'We decline to pay' that means to that extent a suspension of payment on the part of the Government, and immediately translates itself into a suspension of payment on the part of the railroad companies. They will be unable to pay their dividends. In some cases unable to pay their interest, and in many instances unable to pay off bonds and notes that are maturing, so that it presents a situation that immediately runs through the whole fabric of the financial structure of the country.

"The contracts for equipment were made in 1918, and we must pay from time to time, in the early part of the calendar year, $286,000,000 on that equipment. Those bills are coming in at the ratio of about $1,000,000 a day. They will come in more rapidly than that as the Spring comes on, and without this appropriation we will have to suspend payment on these bills.

"If we fail to pay the equipment companies they will, in the first place, be greatly embarrassed in meeting their payrolls, and in the second place they cannot meet the demands of the people from whom they bought the materials, that is, the material companies throughout the country, the fabricators of various sorts of metal parts that go into the car. There, again, we will have the situation where a suspension of payments on our part will run through the whole industrial and financial situation, and have the most embarrassing results; and that will begin instantly, because those payments are coming along every day, and are to come along in increasing quantity, because of the increasing ease of obtaining materials and the increasing ease in obtaining labor.

"Undoubtedly, if we were unable to meet these payments to the equipment companies, they, in order to protect themselves as much as they could, would be forced to slow down on their operations. They would have difficulty in meeting their payrolls, and the obvious way to meet that would be to cut down their payrolls until they could get into another basis which would be much later; so that during this very critical period of industrial development which confronts the country right now and will be in its most critical stage during the months of March and April, the failure to pay these bills as they come due will have a most disastrous effect and will tend to slow down still further the industrial situation at the very time that we ought to do everything to encourage the speeding up of industrial movement.

"As to the item of $20,000,000 for the Boston & Maine, that organization is about ready for us to pay the $20,000,000, and if we cannot do it, it immediately throws into confusion a local situation there which has a most important bearing on the whole financial ability in New England, because the Boston & Maine securities are so widely held there by banks, and this settlement has been counted on."

Daniel Willard Hopeful.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 5.—Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, will leave tomorrow morning for New York to attend a meeting of railway executives.

Mr. Willard, speaking of the failure of Congress to provide the Railroad Administration with a working capital expressed confidence today that the railroad matter would be worked out satisfactorily. He said:

"I have no doubt important extensions and very necessary improvements will be carried out by the Administration, regardless of the fact that a revolving fund was not made an actuality."

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Madison 1567, all colors; also Columbia, all colors. Chelsea 9805.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany and F. H., all colors, for cash. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Copen, Pekin and reindeer. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Farragut 9644.

CAMBRICS Wanted.—Must be cheap; cash. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber will place stock orders on serge capes. 1,161 Broadway, Room 409.

CAPES Wanted.—Of the better kind only; will place orders. 1,333 Broadway, 36th St. entrance, 10th floor.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on dresses for immediate delivery. Call all week, 10th floor, 16 East 33d St.

CAPES Wanted.—Only better grade; will look all week; placing orders. 339 5th Av., Room 504.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on popular priced capes, dolmans, suits; call all week. Mayer, 10 W. 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber looking on pile fabric coats. Gilbert & Rosenblatt, 37 West 31st.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders fall coats; call with samples. 8th Floor, 38 West 27th St.

COATS, Dolmans, Suits Wanted.—Jobs for cash; pay good price. Madison Square 3561.

COATS Wanted.—Suits, Dolmans, capes, for cash. Hutner, 49 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Voile shirting, fancies, ginghams, percales, and all kinds of textiles desired by an export concern. Communicate, telling quantities of each item, prices, &c., Large Business, Box T. T., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—64 percale, blue, pink, lavender, stripe, Glen Roy, Ivanhoe, or similar fine gingham dress plaid, Otis checks, pattern 3. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for several hundred pieces of Burton's Hawaiian cloth for cash at a price. Box P. P., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Will pay cash for quantity; send samples. V 45 Times.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—3 and 4 thread; at a price. Dorothy Waist Co., 38 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open for quantity of four or five thread pearl gray, at a price. Tele. Madison Square 5464.

CRYSTAL CORDS Wanted.—In taupe, reindeer, tan, and Pekin; quantities; will pay cash. Call Mad. Sq. 2639, Ext. 15.

CRYSTAL BOLIVIA or Crystal Cord Wanted; also navy and rookie tricotine. Mad. Sq. 71.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on satins and taffetas; snappy styles; bring samples. Call, all week, 43 West 27th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for jobs silk dresses, values $9 to $12, that can be bought in jobs. Joseph Heilbron, 1,199 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on cottons and Summer georgette styles. Call, all week, 6 West 32d St., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—New styles in Georgettes and foulards; only those who manufacture for jobbers; bring samples, 15th floor, 8 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Spot cash, any quantity, taffetas, crepes, georgettes, satins. Ferragut 4754.

DRESSES Wanted.—Silks and georgette, will buy for cash in large quantities. Brill, 118 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers ready to place orders on cotton dresses. 38 W. 32d St., Room 1309, 13th Floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will look at dresses Friday. C. M. Williams-Belmont Co., 19 Hathush Av., Brooklyn.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber placing stock orders on silk and cotton dresses; 12th floor, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing big orders on wash dresses and Georgette; call with samples all day. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy quantity of silk dresserers for immediate delivery. 10th floor, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists Wanted.—In jobs for cash; highest grades. Phone Canal 1128.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring, midsummer dresses. 63 West 36th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders on net and wash dresses. 16 East 33d St., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber buying silk and cotton dresses. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Of every description. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DUVETYN Wanted.—F. & H. 4703, all shades; will pay best price for same. Madison Square 4451.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Good quality, desirable shades; quantity; cash. Madison Square 4180.

FLANNELS Wanted.—White, pink, and Copenhagen blue; 27 or 54 inch. Farragut 8880.

FOULARDS Wanted.—Silk. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

FURS Wanted.—Looking at new numbers for coming fall. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Navy and rookie, black and white velour checks, velours, navy and Spring shades. J. J. Ludwig & Co. Farragut 9850.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Garfield 4666, taupe 395; also tricotine 4718 navy. Madison Square 1969.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Garfield's, style 4666, all colors; will pay cash. A. Portfolio & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Gera 10764, Garfields 4668, navy, rookie. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Garfield 4666 rookie, navy. Phone Farragut 3170.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Good quality. Madison Square 9415.

GABARDINES Wanted.—All shades; any make; for cash. B. Mirkin, 19 West 24th.

GABARDINES AND TRICOTINES Wanted.—Phone Farragut 9805.

GARMENTS Wanted.—Cash for your sample garments; only high-grade merchandise considered. What have you to offer? Freneau Sweeny, 379 5th Av. Vanderbilt 5383.

GEORGETTES AND GEORGINES Wanted.—At a price; colors only. Dorothy Waist Co., 38 West 26th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Large quantity southern ginghams; price must be right. B. & S. Co., 9 West 24th, 12th floor.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—At once; roundfold or similar other kinds; must be cheap. Mad. Sq. 8670.

JAP SILKS Wanted.—Open for heavyweight habutais over 7 momme; will pay cash. Samuel Haggett, 17 Madison Av. Telephone Madison Square 4547.

LINING Wanted.—Open for lot of Paisley linings; spot cash. Call, in person, 59 West 19th St., 10th floor.

LININGS Wanted.—Taffetas, poplins, silks of every description. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

MELTONS Wanted.—¾ and 6-4 goods, all qualities, for export. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

MOHAIR OR SICILIAN Wanted.—Will buy quantity gray for cash, any width. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 7963.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Of every description; also plush; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

POIRET, TWILL Wanted.—4976, 4978 Garfield, navy; will exchange for black or buy; also Acmes 1971, oxford. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th St.

POIRET TWILLS; Tricotines Wanted.—All colors; spot cash; any make. Madison Square 8825.

POIRET Twills and Tricotines Wanted.—All colors. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 only; also high-shade velours; any quality; tricotine. Gramercy 1899-6726.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 navy, black, brown; cash. N. Y. Skirt, 12 West 22d. Gramercy 4284.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610 navy; ten pieces for cash. Chelsea 5906.

SERGES AND VELOURS Wanted.—American 0606; also Deering Millikens, Cascade velour, or similar; high shades. Printz. Farragut 5206.

SERGES Wnated.—7120, black and navy, or similar styles, at a price; spot cash. Farragut 8880.

SERGES, VELOURS Wanted.—09070, 0936, 0609, 7301, all colors; 032, 4281, Pekin, Copen, Hannat. Farragut 2570.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 100 pieces each 7301, 7614, 7120, 9, 3, 99, 94, 104. Spring 6311 or 6312.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 0906 and 7120; submit cash price. Harry Wadler, Inc., 11 East 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear, any mill, big quantities, highest cash prices paid. Farragut 5628.

SERGES Wanted.—Black and navy, 7120, 6120, any quantity, spot cash. Chelsea 5846.

SERGES Wanted.—0301, 9302, 9058, or similar men's wear serge; quantity. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, Clevelands 90610, will pay cash. Cohen & Flaks, Chelsea 590.

SERGES Wanted. — 1464, tricotines; all shades; for cash. Max Levine, 142 West 26th.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—Any kind like 09070, 838, 925, 787, 10280, or similar. G. B. G. Mfg. Co., 15 East 26th. Mad. Sq. 7060 Ext. 12.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, navy; quantity; Holden Leonard, crystal cloth, tricotine, and Bolivia; spot cash. Farragut 6210.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 0936, 1464, 11433, 538, 519, 09070, 3850, Broadhead 500 or similar. Spring 5372.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange 0698 navy for 0936, or 09070 for navy, black; will pay difference. Chelsea 8296.

SERGES Wanted.—Cheapest to best plush; all kinds; fur effect trimmings, all descriptions. Farragut 9386.

SERGES Wanted.—French and men's wear; quantity no object; 11435, 519, 528, 54289, 7120. Gramercy 1899-6726.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity 09070 or 838; cash for reasonable price. Chelsea 7864.

SERGES Wanted.—11432, 519, 809, 528, 54289, 7301. French Textile. 3342 Gramercy.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy, black, taupe, Pekin, rookie, $1.32½. Archie. Madison Square 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—519-11, 433 navy, or any make similar, like numbers. Phone Gramercy 4241.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 09070, 0936, 538; will pay cash for any quantity. Henlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 5653.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 11433, 54292, 54289, 519, 528, 0606, 1464, 7120. Gramercy 2460.

SERGES Wanted.—519, or similar. Louis Bauman Co., 12 East 32d.

SERGES Wanted. — 1464 navy and black. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

SERGES Wanted.—6120, 09609 or similar, cash. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 7122, 7008, 1464, for cash. Gramercy 4783.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity, 235, 8200, 2001, 2002. Mad. Sq. 5814.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 6120, 09070, 9302, 812, 54289. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4632.

SERGES Wanted.—Copen or Pekin 519 or similar. Joseph Durst. Greeley 3133.

SERGES Wanted.—American 0036 for spot cash. Gotlieb & Mind. Sq.

SERGES Wanted.—W. F. X., 54289, 7120, 11433; black and navy; cash. Chelsea 8376.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, black, navy, for cash. Well Made Skirt Co., 3 West 29th.

SERGES Wanted.—09 or similar; also velours. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—5,000 yards, open to buy, from $1.20-$1.45. Alex Kogut, 40 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted. — 54289, 7120, or similar, navy, black. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 7120, 6120, 11433, 99, 104. Gramercy 2744.

SERGES Wanted.—All makes; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—French, in quantity. Sheer & Meyer. Madison Square 2907.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitmans 2205 or 106, navy; quantity. Chelsea 9866.

SERGES Wanted.—09070 or 0936, navy; cash. Gotlieb & Lachind. 27 West 20th.

SERGES Wanted.—Dark green, good quality. Phone Greeley 1748.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 or similar, navy; spot cash. Stuyvesant 2491.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 34222, all colors. Phone Mad. Square 2740.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 3850, navy; must be cheap. M. W. Levine, Farragut 4072.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy Whitman 99. Leo F. Blum, 3 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted.—780, 519, all colors; spot cash. Chelsea 9423.

SERGES AND VELOURS Wanted.—Royal Coat, 44 West 28th.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for quantity WFX, navy and black. Gramercy 6552.

SERGE Wanted.—100 pieces 528 Garfield serge at $1.85 net. Phone Farragut 4444.

SERGES Wanted.—American, 09070, spot cash. Ginsburg & Co., 115 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 7301 94, 3, 87, 41, 103; cash. 2937.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All worsted and fifty-fifty; mail samples. Y 349 Times Annex.

SILKS Wanted.—Can use 500 pieces 12 momme pongee or Shantung, 50 yards pieces. La Rose, 25 West 32d. Madison Square 3036.

SILKS Wanted.—Crepe de chine, georgette, taffetas, wash satins, Jap silk, shirtings, at once; quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped crepe de chines or pussy willow shirtings; can use broken sets. La Rose, 25 West 32d. Madison Square 3036.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy stripes in taffeta, missaline, twills and satins up to $1.25 yard. Mad. Sq. 1682.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy Pilgrim and Meyers or other fancies at a reasonable price. Mayer, Square 7746.

SILKS Wanted.—Foulard and off color peau de cygne, at a price. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d.

SILK JERSEY Wanted.—All shades. Pritchard & Collins, 3 East 28th St.

SILK JERSEYS, Milanese and Tricot Wanted.—All colors. Dryfoos, 131 West 35th St.

SILVERTONE, Crystal Cord, Frost Glow Wanted.—Any quantity, cash; also Garfield tricotine and poiret twill. Greeley 4321.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pay cash, all colors, all makes. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONE Wanted. — Holden-Leonard, 602, color 99. Farragut 2616.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Arthur Joel pekin, copen, navy, tan; spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—All shades. Phone Farragut 9805.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at wash skirts; call with full line. Mark Perlman, 25 West 31st.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Of every description. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS, Coats, Dolmans Wanted.—Jobs for cash; pay good price. Madison Square 3561.

SUITS Wanted.—Any quantity; spot cash; jobs and sample lines; also capes, dolmans. Farragut 5154.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for large quantity, all colors; also serges, 09070 and 0936 American. S. L. Silver & Co., 6 East 32d St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—4718 Poiret twill, 4978 Garbardine, 4666 navy, rookie any quantity; cash. Greeley 4321.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, any make; will pay spot cash; market price. Chelsea 2570.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, black and rookie. Philip Moskowitz & Son, 3 East 28th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, or will exchange for tan. Sheer & Meyer. Madison Square 2967.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy 4718, U. S. Worsted Mills or any mill of good make; will pay cash. Mad. Sq. 1380.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Karp Bros., 45 West 27th St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—4718 Garfield or similar; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258; rush.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, for cash. Louis Kessler, 38 West 21st.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Navy, any make; cash. Ben Kramer. Madison Square 9656.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, for cash. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Good quality, desirable shades; quantity; cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, 25 pieces, for cash. Phone Madison Square 3313.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Pay cash, tan, rookie, navy. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Tan, Henna and Copenhagen. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, or similar; all shades. Madison Square 2698.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Good quality. Madison Square 9415.

VELOURS Wanted.—Buckley & Cohen, Bolton, Parker, Wilder or similar, copen and tan. Lawrence, 651, copen and tan, silvertone, alpine and deer. Farragut 2980.

VELOURS Wanted.—Quantity, all high shades; also Cox & Schriebers 216 range; also pop 90610 and 66077; will pay highest market price. Farragut 5886.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, burgundy, unsponged; must be cheap for export. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 6634.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens' 4281, all shades, Leventhal & Hurwitz. Gramercy 5206.

VELOURS Wanted.—American and Stevens, all all shades; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258; rush.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shades; Stevens or American. Levine & Soloff, 162 West 21st.

VELOURS Wanted.—Henna pekin, tan, 032 and 0360, or similar, cash, reasonable. Chelsea 9955.

VELOUR AND SILVERTONE Wanted.—High shades; will pay cash. Crown Cloak Co., 40 West 17th. Chelsea 5561.

VELOURS Wanted.—All shades; Stevens and American; spot cash. B. Miskim, 19 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens or similar, all shades; also silvertones. H. J. Schiffer, 10 East 33d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for Pekin and tan. Commercial Cloak and Suit Corp., 153 West 27th.

VELOUR Wanted.—Yalama is navy; also high shade Stevens. Phone Chelsea 9017.

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—In high shades, for shades. Farragut 4089.

VELOURS Wanted.—4281, 0360, 032, or similar; high shades. Haft, Farragut 9752.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, in high shades, spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

VELOURS Wanted.—Parker Wilder, Stirling, all colors, for cash. Farragut 3594.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring shades of all colors. Phone Gramercy 4241.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—We offer to buy for cash, in any colors. Spring 5460.

WAISTS Wanted.—Of every description. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WHIPCORD CLOTH Wanted.—Khaki color, 16-18 ounces; cheap; will pay cash. Phone Spring 8284.

WOOLENS, DRESS GOODS, AND SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds of jobs. Phone Gramercy 6281. 44 E. 23d, Room 301.

WOOD VELOUR Wanted.—Clark & Danna or Stevens' brown, taupe, reindeer. Greeley 3127.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Navy and colors. Chelsea 7385.

WORSTEDS Wanted.—Unfinished 9613, blue, brown, green. Stuyvesant 7879.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ANGORA cloth, 31 inches, best grade, 2.50, 18 inches, $1.25. Gramercy 1165.

APRONS. — Big job of full-length coverall aprons, percales and Buster chambrays, $4.75 dozen net. J. Shor, 15 West 17th.

BLANKET AND BATHROBE CLOTH.—Indian patterns, at a price. Phone Stuyvesant 2497.

BROADCLOTH AND KERSEYS.—Julliard's 118 and Julliard's kerseys 2002 in burgundy, navy, plum, green, and black. Henry Samson, 636 Broadway. Spring 2716.

CAPES, DOLMANS.—Suits at factory prices; immediate delivery. Feldman's, 54 East 13th.

CAPES AND SUITS on racks; variety of styles and cloths. F. T. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

CAPES, dolmans, suits, coats, new materials; latest styles; popular prices. Rubin, 12-14 West 32d.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats.—High grade; reasonable; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48-54 West 25th.

CAPES, Coats, Dolmans, Suits.—Variety of styles and materials; lowest prices. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

CASSIMERES.—Mixtures, men's and ladies', to be sold very cheap. Gram. 6048.

CHECKS.—Black and white worsted, all sizes; also fancy worsted checks, to close out. Madison Square 8698.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Silk only; wonderful value and models; sizes 6 to 14; price $3.75 up. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big values. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, sizes 6-14, $5 a dozen and up. Fazekas Son, 103 5th Av.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed coats, 300 coatees of beaver, mole and Baffin seal; 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th St.

COATS, Dolmans, and Capes in novelty smart styles; lowest prices. Charnay & Freed, 138 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stylish stouts, capes, dolmans, on the racks; immediate delivery. J. Dun, 127 W. 25th.

COATS, 8 to 14, all wool serge, navy, copen and tan, $3.75. Irvington Girl Coat Co., 30 West 33d.

COATS.—Our line of pile fabrics for Fall 1919-1920 is now ready. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Plush, stouts, regular, plain, fur trimmed, 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed, plain Winter garments, 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Solled children's Spring coats at a price. L. Jacobson's Sons, 134 West 37th St.

CREPE DE CHINE, powdered 3-thread, at a price. Altman & Grodin, 377 4th Av.

DRESSES. — Immediate delivery, beaded georgettes, taffetas, satins, $6.75-$16.50; newest models; Bahmeur's Jersey, $8.75-$13.75; all-wool French serge dresses to close, $5-$10.75; exceptional value. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—All perfect georgette dresses to close out; also at sacrifice 600 Jersey dresses that were cut two inches shorter; will fit medium height women. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES for immediate delivery, dainty, new models in beaded and plain georgette, taffetas, georgette and taffeta combinations, at unusually low prices. Kilf Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Crepe de chines, georgette, satins, silks, taffetas, serges, jerseys, poplins; today's delivery 50c on the dollar. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Closing out large, excellent selection; best offerings of season; tricotines, wool jerseys, and taffetas. 15 East 26th, 6th floor.

DRESSES.—Beaded georgette, wool jersey and taffeta, on rack, for immediate delivery; exceptional values. Salow & Kaufman, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES.—On the racks, smart, snappy styles; Georgettes and taffetas; call and see these wonderful values. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, satin, georgette, tricolette, serges; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges to close out; georgettes, taffetas on racks. Floranell Dress, 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—300 snappy taffeta and satins, big sacrifice, specially adapted for bargain basements. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Have on hand for immediate delivery snappy silk dresses; special numbers for misses. N. Y. Dress Co., 35 W. 35th St.

DRESSES, Serges, Jersey, and Silk.—Several thousand to close out for a price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Silks, serges, wool jerseys in stock for immediate delivery; low prices. Balsam & Schirmer, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES.—See our wonderful silk dresses, $6.75 to $8.50; wool serge, $5.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES.—150 beaded Georgettes, wool jerseys and serges at sacrifice. 116-118 West 29th, 9th floor.

DRESSES.—Georgette, Jersey, serges, silks; values speak themselves. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Job silk and serge, to close out; very reasonable. Lashin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Job all wool serges, and silks, $5. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Susquehanna silk poplin dresses, $3.75. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESS SILKS AND SERGES, $5.25 up; big values. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Serge, silk, to close out. Liberty Dress Skirt, 126 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Evening, dancing; to close out; reasonable. 142 West 29th, 5th floor.

GABARDINES.—Gera 10764 in high shades for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 636 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GEORGETTES.—Stehli quality, all shades, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3314.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—120 cases must be sold at once; Amoskeag, 18½ cents; Bloomfields, 14½ cents; many other makes; wonderful assortment; big sacrifice. N. Y.

F. F. Models
FULL FORM SUITS & COATS for stout Women.

A full-formed woman is just as much interested in the style of her clothes as is her smaller sister, if not more so.

F. F. Models have achieved real style distinction, embodying the newest features of the season's modes, besides being designed to give long lines.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,
38 W. 32ND ST., N. Y.
13th Floor,
22nd & Arch Sts., Phila.

Rosebud Offers You Real Values

Beautiful Cotton Dresses —$2.75 to $10
Stunning Wash Skirts— $12 to $60 a doz.

Rosebud Cotton Dresses Wash Skirts
See them soon!
ROSEBUD MFG. CO.
Quality Merchandise at Lowest Prices.
37 W. 26th St., N. Y.

COTTON GOODS
Selena Manufacturing Co.
Converters and Jobbers
9 West 20th Street
Chelsea 9727-9728

A large variety of cotton goods in

Satines	Ginghams
Percaline	Cotton Serges
Pongees	Lingeries
Fancy	Linings
Brocades	Voiles
Percales	Lawns

and a varied assortment of Cotton Linings for the Dry Goods and Manufacturing trades.

We also have a large line of staple merchandise for immediate delivery, which we offer at low prices.
COTTON GOODS

Denger-Nathan
specialize in Cotton Fabrics for
EXPORT
It will pay you to see us.
611-21 Broadway, New York

DIMITIES
An unusually attractive array of stripes and checks in several grades —36 inches wide.
THE PRICE IS RIGHT
POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

TipTop
Very Special Figured
Georgette Dresses
$11.75 to $15.00
29-35 W. 32nd St.—30-34 W. 33rd St.
Stock Always on Hand.

$9.00 Doz. BLACKS & NOVELTIES $10.50 Doz.
WAISTS
$12.00 $15.00
LARRY GOLDBERG, 1270 Broadway.

SOUTH AMERICA SALESMAN
DEPARTING JUNE, 1919.
A graduate engineer recently discharged Captain of Infantry, U. S. Army, desires one or more lines to introduce and sell in South America; ready to start study of line and active campaign immediately. H. A. CONRAD, 1 602 Locust St., St. Louis.

SEES $5,000,000,000 REVENUE TAX TOTAL

Dr. Klein Predicts More Victory Loans Will Be Needed to Finance Government.

URGES GREATER ECONOMY

Expects Close Scrutiny of Returns and Advises Taxpayers to Have Facts Ready for Federal Agents.

A prediction that the revenue law would fall short by $1,000,000,000 in its goal of $6,000,000,000 in taxes, was made last night by Dr. Joseph J. Klein, an expert accountant, who delivered his second lecture in the series of income tax talks under the auspices of the College of the City of New York. Dr. Klein spoke in the Commerce Building, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street, and was introduced by Frederick B. Robinson, director of the business courses of the college.

"The new law was intended to raise $6,000,000,000," said Dr. Klein, "and I venture the prophecy that it will not yield more than $5,000,000,000, and quite probably not more than $4,000,000,000 to $4,500,000,000 at most. This conclusion is based upon intimate contact with industry in all parts of the country, personal knowledge of the merchandise market in general, and conferences with bankers and economists.

"I might say that specifically the loss in estimated revenue is predicated upon three major factors. First, there was a decline in general merchandise and basic commodity values between the signing of the armistice and Dec. 31, 1918, and a steady drop in general market values since Jan. 1, 1919. Then there is the loss in revenue due to the provision of the law which permits deductions from gross income for losses incurred outside of the taxpayers' regular trade or business, real estate or stock market losses for example. And, finally, there is the elimination of the so-called war profits during the latter part of 1918.

"So far as I can see, additional Victory loans will undoubtedly be necessary in order to make up the prospective revenue deficit. I feel safe in asserting that the need for Governmental economy was never more patent than just now. If times were ever inopportune for socialistic experimentations those are the times. American industry may safely be relied upon to resume the normal activities of peace times if the shackles of Governmental interference, embargoes, and control will be eliminated and if assurances of economic freedom are evident.

"The new revenue bill was expected to raise $2,207,000,000 from income taxes. I estimate that the total amount which Title 2 will result in will not be more than $2,000,000,000. Title 2 of the war excess profits tax was expected to result in tax receipts of $2,400,000,000, and I doubt whether more than $1,500,000,000 will be received from this source.

Clears Treasury of Blame.

"Of course, the Treasury Department cannot be blamed for the failure of estimated revenue to result in actual revenue. It may be safely predicted, however, that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue will employ all the forces at his command to the end that all legitimately taxable income shall be properly reported. In this connection, inventories will, in all probability, receive close scrutiny and taxpayers are advised to have available for the revenue agent, when he calls, full details of the inventory, not alone with respect to the number of units and description, but also in relation to the factors which govern price fixing.

"Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue advised me last Friday that the Treasury Department was opposed to the so-called luxury taxes, because the cost of administering the law would be about as great as the estimated receipts from this source. One of the effects of the recent Congressional filibuster was to illustrate the need of revising Senatorial rules of procedure to the end that no handful of 'willful men' could inflict hardship upon industry on the one hand and grave inconvenience, and perhaps even worse, upon the Government and the entire nation. Incidentally, I am familiar with the survey recently conducted by a department store in connection with the prospective bookkeeping and auditing requirements predicated upon the failure of Congress to repeal Section 904A. The cost saddled upon this particular store was really astounding, but nothing can now be done until the next session of Congress."

Dr. Klein directed special attention to Section 220 of the law. This provides that if a corporation's undivided profits are deemed by the Commissioner to be "beyond the reasonable needs of the business," of if such profits are shown by a holding company, that fact shall constitute "prima facie evidence of a purpose to escape the surtax," to which stockholders would be subject upon a distribution of such profits in the form of dividends. The penalty provided is that the total net income of such corporations shall first be subject to excess and war profit taxes and that the balance shall be deemed to be distributed among the stockholders and that such stockholders shall be subject to the surtaxes upon the distribution.

ROPER SHOWS TAX TANGLES.

Revenue Commissioner Tells Publishers He Expects Co-operation.

Speaking at a luncheon at Delmonico's yesterday afternoon, United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue Daniel C. Roper said that it was his purpose so to administer the War Revenue bill that every one would have to pay his fair share of the tax without evasion or the appeal to any fancied privilege. The Commissioner was the guest of R. J. Cuddihy of The Literary Digest, and the guests were publishers and editors. After a brief introduction by Mr. Cuddihy, Mr. Roper went at once into his subject with the declaration that, because it would be impossible to levy a tax of about $100 on every adult citizen, Congress had to give consideration to the complex influences that affect the individual taxpayer, and the result was a law which in the nature of things was intricate and at the same time adaptable.

"My ideal in administering these large taxes has been and will continue to be to secure the co-operation of all citizens in the assessment and collection of income taxes by practicing an open-minded and impartial application of the law. Under this kind of administration one citizen cannot be permitted to evade the tax while another pays it. Nor can one citizen be allowed to pay less than the amount due under the law while another pays more than the fair amount of his tax liability. I am as anxious to return overpaid taxes as I am to collect underpaid taxes.

"Congress has gone so far in its desire to perfect the revenue legislation and to prevent the working of injustice to any taxpayer that it has included provisions giving wide discretion to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the relief of taxpayers in cases in which the enforcement of the law would be manifestly unfair and inequitable. Probably it is only natural that a large number of taxpayers has seized upon these relief provisions as according an opportunity for reducing their tax liability under the law, and that great pressure has been brought to bear upon me in the effort to bring a very large number of cases under these relief provisions."

Other speakers were A. J. Baldwin, Dr. Albert Shaw, Arthur Brisbane, and George McAneny.

FEEL OUR COMPETITION.

American Tonnage Making Inroads on British Coal Export Trade.

LONDON, March 5.—American tonnage was described today as undoubtedly a distinct menace to the British coal export trade in a statement made by Alexander Lee, Chief of the Coal Prices Department of the Board of Trade, before the local commission investigating this subject.

At present England is just beginning to feel the effects of American competition, he said, because until January it had been agreed that American coal should not be transported to Europe.

American competition, added Mr. Lee, was feared in the Mediterranean particularly, and the British would have to consider altering the export regulations to meet the situation. The Americans were already underselling the British in South America, and the British would have to cut their prices there if they wished to retain the market.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

PHOEBE SNOW LABORATORIES, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Phoebe Snow Laboratories, Inc., at 241 West Twenty-third Street by the following creditors: Aron L. Palmer, $107; A. J. Wolkenberg, $120; Whittak, Clark & Daniels, Inc., $147; George V. Gross & Co., $75, and Ungerer & Co., $75. An assignment was made on Dec. 24, 1918.

CHARLES HAUPTNER, merchant at 489 Fifth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,071 and assets of $2,741, main items of which are accounts due, $2,076, and stock, $643. Among the largest creditors are August Habress, $300; Horace S. Ely & Co., $280, and Fred F. Waters, $163.

JEANETTE ROSE DUNN, a boarding-house keeper at 218 West Seventy-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,437 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are Wilbert Garrison and William M. Bernard, $2,415; Harry S. Wallenstein, $1,000, and Cadamus Jones, $800.

H. AMY & CO., Louis H. Amy, and Ernest J. H. Amy, individually, and as the firm of H. Amy & Co., stock brokers at 44 Wall Street, have assigned to Edward J. McGuire.

EDWARD SOSIS, manufacturing neckwear at 123 Allen Street, has assigned to Frank Drucker.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 5.—Clarence J. Swartwood, builder and contractor of Ithaca, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $25,144.92 and assets of $12,450.41. Creditors are located in Ithaca, Williamsport, Penn., Buffalo, Elmira, and Rochester.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Allen, Elizabeth L.—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y. $169.25
Albert, Paul — Interborough Lighting Fixture Co., Inc. 487.48
Arensen, Andre—S. Zavelof 1,031.91
Atlantic Loading Co.—M. Pellegrine 899.27
Altman, Harry, and Benjamin Grodin, (Altman & Grodin)—H. Breslow et al. 3,765.81
Brandenberg, Walter N.—Lehn & Fink, Inc. 583.46
Bogisch, John, and Samuel Rudner—E. H. Sayre et al. 149.33
Bellessari, Hugo, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People &c. 500.00
Bangor Realty Corp.—P. G. Yots. 250.85
Baker, David M.—C. Raab, costs 147.17
Baumann, Emily G. K.—Preferred Accident Ins. Co. of N. Y., costs 178.74
Central Park Realty Co. and Ernst Sharp—Broadway Building Co. 1,246.28
Coppage, La Rue H.—W. Jones 934.10
Child, Frank W. — Gimbel Brothers, N. Y. 153.49
Coleman, John M.—First National Bank of Lakeland 6,230.91
Cagliestro, Antonio—W. Oldo, costs 108.95
Elder, John C.—W. Pepkin 241.94
Elliott, Adelaide E. — Gimbel Brothers, N. Y. 239.84
Electric Automobile Delivery Corp.—L. Romashkann 15,146.35
Eskies, Archibald C.—L. S. Downey .. 379.87
Fay, Gustav—American Feather and Down Co., Inc. 272.60
Fred Gross & Sons, Inc.—Lidgerwood Mfg. Co. 155.10
Gallagher, Joseph H. — Philip Ritter Co., Inc. 267.68
Garner, Dr. Wm. F.—Cleveland Dental Mfg. Co. 100.65
Gibbs, Geo. C.—Dentist Supply Co. 318.45
Gordon, Elias J.—W. J. Jaburg Bros. ... 143.60
Kahn, Theodore F.—E. Seidman 270.00
Interboro Brewing Co., Inc.—W. E. Schusner, Inc. 555.24
Kramer, Harry; John Kelly, and Charles Preyer — New Amsterdam Casualty Co. 1,397.13
Lagat, Nadina or Arensen—S. Zarolef 1,030.00
Leary, George—D. J. Leary, costs 109.34
McAvoy, James—Joseph Tine Co., Inc. 848.20
Montefur, Rapdael M.—E. M. Hogue et al. 112.51
Macdonald, Angus—M. Del[illegible]a 1,218.94
Montgomery, Joseph P.—C. Montgomery, costs 140.55
Marine, Paul—Quaker Oats Co. 111.87
McClure Publications, Inc.—Peerless Pattern Co., costs 133.70
Miller, Ray G.—J. J. Griffin 1,045.49
Masson, Harry J.—E. Hymes 244.41
Novelty Fabric Glove Co., Inc., and John Hoffmann—W. Halpert 266.41
Rice, Max—M. L. Weill, costs 106.45
Rosum, John K.—Sonn Bros. Co. 150.04
Riley, William D.—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y. 165.67
Roberts, Charles N.—C. E. Ensign 281.20
Roseman, Abraham—S. Treuman 344.83
Studley, Howard A.—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y. 117.49
Spero, Benjamin—O. McNally 540.20
Semken, Dorothy L.—Morris & Co. 456.89
Strasser, William—G. I. Skinner 15,762.88
Smith, Mae, and Charles D. Rossow—G. Durst 2,671.80
Senagas, Pierre—J. Senegas 2,322.00
Schuster, Rudolph—V. Loewers Gambrinus Brewing Co. 365.45
Stevens, K., (The Arma.)—J. Jaburg et al. 149.82
Shubert Theatrical Co.—Tootle Theatre Co. 8,920.19
Siegel, George—J. Jaburg et al. 126.87
Sisco, Francis, and Otella Marks—E. A. Miller 179.15
Selleck, Willet P.—Invader Oil Co. 174.48
Tiedemann, John W.—Evangelical Lutheran Church of Our Saviour 6,048.03
Tiso, Angelo — V. Loewer's Gambrinus Brewing Co. 677.98
Tobin, Joshua F.—Firemen's Fund Ins. Co. of San Francisco 201.42
Thomas, Sarah A., executrix — Mutual Life Ins. Co. of N. Y 5,424.68
Toole, Charles B.—J. H. Cohen 17,103.06
Terpennin, Effie—Girard Trust Co. et al. 284.42
Williams, Robert M.—G. Hoerner 841.30
Same—Same 659.04
Weisbecker, Arthur — Morewood Realty Holding Corp. 434.48
Watkins, Lucius M.—R. Robinson 224.90
Wright, Martin C.—J. H. Cohen, costs .. 124.20
Zedda, Pasquale — Johnston & Oswald Co. 106.26

IN Bronx County.

Capelle, William—M. Michels $324.12
Collins, Philip J., and Jerome Giardina —Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. .. 995.12
Dunn, Margaret—N. Lewis 377.22
Desmond, Marguerite—A. Schramm 189.83
Eichler, Philip—B. J. Colligan 15,162.54
Gleason, Cornelius J.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. 347.42
Lachowitz, Oscar—A. Frankel 65.72
Lewis, Sam—M. Levy 129.72
Romano, Salvatore—A. Romano 78.90
Selwitz, Lizzie—J. Krinsky 40.72
Levine, Philip—M. Gisnet 60.07

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Gladstone, Peter—M. Jasper; July 8, 1914 ..... $986.38
Illinois Surety Co.—Riviera Realty Co.; April 24, 1916 ..... 105.70
Same—Same; Nov. 23, 1915 ..... 16,101.14
N. Y. Railways Co.—H. Saducca; June 8, 1918, reversed 5,130.95
Van Dyke Auto Co., Inc.—F. Fischer et al.; Nov. 27, 1918 ..... 229.25
Conerty, Wm. J.—C. H. Shaffer; Dec. 16, 1918 ..... 840.20
Gladstone, Peter—Samuel Richter; March 14, 1916 ..... 525.23
Miller, Hugh G.—K. McGarry; Oct. 16, 1918 ..... 1,578.88
Roebling, George—G. Harjes et al.; March 14, 1901 ..... 406.91
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.—E. Holley; Jan. 25, 1910 ..... 1,145.83
McLean, Charles—I. L. Ernst et al.; March 19, 1912 ..... 5,042.62
Greenwald, Isaac—M. Kuehl; July 29, 1918 ..... 1,496.94
Interborough Rapid Transit Co. — J. Jones; May 23, 1918 ..... 5,097.79

In Bronx County.

Woodward, Frances J.—Echo Building Co.; July 5, 1918, vacated $557.72

90% Cash Advanced
ON ACCOUNTS.
As low as 1% charged.
Best Finance Co., 1133 Broadway

Accounts Financed
Acceptances and notes purchased. Non-notification. Lowest rates.
Commercial Acceptance & Discount Co.
Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & CO.
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuyv. 3360.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—A. S. Taylor, notions, furn. goods, millinery; McAlpin.
AUBURN, N. Y.—Foster-Ross Co.; C. F. Ross, trunks, bags, toys; 1,170 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Rouse, Hempstone Co.; J. G. Rouse, notions, furn. goods; Commodore.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, misses', infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; 53 W. 14th.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; N. D. Horning, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Miss M. Campbell, laces; Holland.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. L. Godfrey, furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BALTIMORE—H. Hamburger & Co.; F. Hamburger, dresses; 1,270 B'way.
BENNINGTON, Vt.—A. Drysdale & Son; Mrs. H. Williams, cloaks, suits, furs, waists, dresses; Park Avenue.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—The Globe Store; T. W. Parsons, dry goods, boys' clothing; Albert.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; M. Sommer, coats, suits, skirts; A. Rosner, house furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
BLUEFIELD, W. Va.—S. Turk, coats, suits; Wallick.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; J. A. Bailey, wash goods; J. F. McLaughlin, men's hosiery, underwear; D. E. Walsh, wash goods; W. A. Fuller, furs; A. G. Sanborn, silks; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; 452 4th Av.
BROCKTON, Mass.—James Dyce Co.; Mrs. Marston, notions, ribbons, jewelry, leather goods; C. A. Sabine, dry goods; Latham.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Peck, misses' undermuslins, petticoats; Mr. Hunting, misses' coats; Miss Andrews, Japanese kimonos, negligees; Miss Milliken, infants' wear, basement; Mr. Dutch, girls', children's coats, millinery; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON — Chandler & Co.; Miss Hyatt, misses' suits; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss K. Desmond, general ready-to-wear; Miss S. Blumenthal, costumes; 244 5th Av.
BOSTON — C. Baker Co.; C. Baker, mfrs. clothing; 7 Waverley Place.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss E. M. Murphy, women's bags, jewelry; 25 W. 33d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobhan, suits; 470 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; A. R. Whitcomb, misses' coats, suits; T. D. Buttler, men's clothing; C. H. Clark, house furnishing goods; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Dooley, waists, muslin underwear, negligees, corsets; Miss L. Hess, misses' coats, suits, dresses, infants' wear; 2 West 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; R. McCordock, linens, domestics; 2 W. 37th.
CANTON, N. Y.—E. A. Bennett, men's clothing; McAlpin.
CENTRAL CITY, Ky.—Rubinstein & Schindler; L. Rubenstein, ready-to-wear; Marlborough.
CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Bluestine Bros.; J. S. Bluestine, men's furn. goods, clothing, shoes, hats; Herald Square.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Purcell's; F. Purcell, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way; Holland.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; F. L. Millington, draperies; 44 East 23d.
CHICAGO—Sears-Roebuck & Co.; O. Dolling, Mr. Peck, men's ready-to-wear clothing, woolens; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. G. Burt, upholstery goods, draperies; I. N. Hinsee, Oriental rugs; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, furs, rubber clothing; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; A. R. Palmer, carpets; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Kirby & Kline; L. Kline, neckwear; Wallick.
CHICAGO—B. Goldberg & Co.; B. Goldberg, mfr. coats, suits; Aberdeen.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; F. E. Deubert, house furn. goods; 300 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Alfred Decker & Cohn; H. F. Spiesberger, representing; 200 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—J. M. Giddings & Co.; Miss M. Martin, gowns, costumes; 564 5th Av.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—McAlpin Co.; Mrs. H. L. Richardson, suits; 23 East 26th.
CINCINNATI—Irwin Cloak Co.; Miss M. Isaacs, dresses; 404 4th Av.
CLARKSVILLE, Tenn.—Rubenstein & Schindler; S. Rubenstein, M. Rubenstein, ready-to-wear; Mariborough.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; C. Mashek, general mdse; E. L. Gleves, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND—E. Epstein Co.; E. Joseph, clothing, furn. goods, hats; Pennsylvania.
CLEVELAND—W. H. Quinby Co.; B. F. Koch, millinery; Wallick.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. Williamson, coats, suits, waists, dresses, underwear, dressing sacques, petticoats; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Reed Bros. & Co.; Mr. Graham, braids, ornaments; 921 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; J. W. Mason, braids, ornaments; 37 West 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; W. L. Payne, L. F. Coyne, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway; Collingwood.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Bornheim & Cohen; C. Cohen, L. Bornheim, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse, Martens Co.; J. A. Grimes, mdse. manager, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d.
DALLAS, Tex.—Goldsmith D. G. Co.; I. Goldsmith, skirts; 1,133 Broadway.
DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Mrs. F. O. N. Kell, millinery; 225 5th Av.
DAYTON—Rike-Kumber Co.; Mrs. Kell, millinery; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—D. J. Healy; Miss L. Kaufman, corsets; 1,270 B'way.
DETROIT — Crowley, Milner Co.; E. G. Aruffo, rugs; J. W. Drake, representing; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Meyer, mdse. mgr.; Miss L. Shull, waists; Mrs. Wilcox, children's wear; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT — Crowley-Milner Co.; Miss B. Wood, corsets, brassieres; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Miss B. Krueck, art goods; 116 West 32d.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Friedman Spring D. G. Co.; M. Friedman, women's ready-to-wear; Penn.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; Miss M. Timmins, dresses, coats, suits; 1,170 B'way.
GREENSBURG, Penn.—A. E. Troutman & Co.; J. Becker, domestics, cotton goods; Miss Sturgen, leather goods, fancy goods, neckwear, yellings, art goods; 116 W. 32d.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Ladies' Bazaar; M. Schondorf, women's wear; Imperial.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; J. W. Power, house furn. goods; E. N. Allen, general mdse.; D. Krauss, silks; 404 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; J. J. Henry, rugs; 230 5th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss K. Zerwitz, misses' wear; 404 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise-Smith & Co.; A. Hutter, ladies' gloves; D. Olschefskie, toys; 404 4th Av.
HONESDALE, Penn.—L. W. Katz, dry goods; Broztell.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Rothschild Bros.; T. H. Greenway, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 44 E. 23d.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; J. C. Weinman, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 225 5th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; S. Fischgrund, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; R. Orr, housefurn. goods, toys, china, glassware; 404 4th Av.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Sardeson-Hovland Co.; P. J. Sardeson, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Bros.; C. W. Bilhelmer, women's furn. goods, misses', infants' wear; B. Strauss, basement ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
LOS ANGELES — W. C. McEvilly; Mrs. D. Henry, coats, suits, dresses; Waldorf-Astoria.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; E. M. Cohen, shoes; 23 E. 26th.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. M. Guggenheimer; W. W. Hare, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,150 B'way.
MANCHESTER, N. H.—Barton Co.; W. C. Hoyt, muslin underwear, corsets; Penn.
MARION, Ohio—Uhler & Phillips; J. E. Phillips, gen. mdse.; 44 E. 23d.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; N. Cohen, basement ready-to-wear; Miss Christie, children's wear; Miss Williams, ready-to-wear; Miss Chaeffer, veilings; 225 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; T. S. Mayer, coats, suits, waists; 225 5th Av.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Montgomery Fair; H. T. Miller, china, toys, hosiery; Mrs. S. S. Sims, china, toys; 23 E. 26th.
NEWARK, N. J.—L. S. Plaut & Co.; H. L. Cohen, general merchandise; 105 Grand.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; M. S. Mumma, ready-to-wear; F. J. McKenna, millinery; 404 4th Av.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—D. Loveman, Berger & Titlebaum; S. W. Berger, coats, waists, hosiery, ladies', infants' wear; 1,150 B'way.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble-Desmond Co.; S. J. Nealis, toys, housefurn. goods, china; 212 5th Av., Prince George.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—O'Brien Specialty Shop; Miss C. E. O'Brien, women's wear, novelties; Commodore.
NEW LONDON, Conn.—The S. A. Goldsmith Co.; N. Dreytus, domestics; 105 Grand.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neil, domestics; 105 Grand.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Haspel Bros.; J. Haspel, mfr.'s pants; 15 E. 26th.
NEW ORLEANS—Goldstein & Sons; L. F. Mayer, furnishing goods; S. C. Murphy, shirts, underwear; 43 Leonard.
NORTHFOLK, W. Va.—H. B. Haner & Co.; H. B. Haner, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; P. Aarons, jewelry, leather goods, novelties, basement; 1,261 Broadway.
ONEONTA, N. Y.—B. F. Sisson, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
PERU, Ind.—Peru Mercantile Co.; A. E. Graf, notions; York.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss R. M. Coll, millinery, ladies' hats; Miss M. McMahon, ladies' misses' coats, suits; B'way and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—J. G. Darlington & Co.; Mrs. C. L. Kimball, millinery; Miss L. D. Wheeler, fancy goods; 1,170 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; J. A. Rubin, dolmans, coats, capes; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Bloomingdale's; Miss Mahoney, skirts; H. Kamholz, Spring furs; Miss Criscolo, dresses; Miss Lowenthal, jobs dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss Rosenblatt, toys; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Penn Clothing Co.; S. Jaffe, trimmings, linings; Aberdeen.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; A. J. Seder, millinery, corsets, hosiery, underwear; Miss Duffy, Miss Schultz, corsets, underwear hosiery; Miss B. Meyers, dresses; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH — Kaufmann Dept. Store; L. Schwartz, muslin underwear; H. Heyman, misses' suits; Mrs. Wilder, children's dresses; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Phillip Ginsburg & Co.; P. Ginsburg, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; McAlpin.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman & Co.; B. Neiman, Miss Killen, Spring suits, capes, dolmans; 470 4th Av.
PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH — Rosenbaum Co.; Miss M. Folks, women's suits; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; T. Kaufmann, gen. mdse.; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—J. Samuels & Bro.; T. Loebenberg, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Mrs. G. M. Ridlon, coats, suits, dresses; 452 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore. — Miller-Calhoun-Johnson Co.; O. C. Calhoun, notions, laces, white goods; 43 Leonard.
PROVIDENCE—J. Samuels & Bro.; G. Moir, notions, toilet goods, buttons, dress trimmings; 116 W. 32d.
PUNXSUTAWNEY, Penn.—E. J. Murray & Co.; Miss E. Fullson, coats, suits; 101 Columbia Heights.
QUITMAN, Ga.—Lazarus Bros.; P. Lazarus, general merchandise; Grand.
ROANOKE, Va.—J. Spiegel, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; M. L. Adler, woolens; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; J. J. Bakrow, piece goods; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. A. Olson, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
ROME, N. Y.—H. A. Bennett; Mr. Shapiro, clothing; McAlpin.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Boston Store; J. H. Belfuss, ready-to-wear; 15 East 26th.
SAN FRANCISCO—D. Hamburger & Co.; A. Hamburger, coats, capes, skirts; Room 1707, 303 5th Av.
SAN ANTONIO—Joske Bros.; R. R. Erler, housefurn. goods, toys, crockery; 1,150 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Prague Co.; Mrs. P. S. Gardner, millinery; 1,133 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO—Kinael & Graham; W. N. Kindel, notions, toys, general merchandise; 225 4th Av.; Prince George.
SAN FRANCISCO—D. N. & E. Walter & Co.; F. Hoffman, draperies; 31 Union Sq.
SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber Co.; M. Von Densmore, notions, ribbions, handkerchiefs, laces, corsets, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.; Latham.
SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber Co.; R. E. Mansfield, silks, linings; 404 4th Av.; Broztell.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; H. B. Greenberg, silks, dress goods, domestic, linens; 37 West 20th.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Muller & Raas Co.; H. Fisher, millinery; 303 5th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Meekins, Packard & Wheat; G. P. Pierce, laces, trimmings, ribbons, gloves, hdkfs.; 6 West 32d.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—H. Hirschman Co.; H. Hirschman, white knit goods, laces, embroideries, curtain goods, children's wear; 17 Madison Av.
ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski, Mercantile Co.; Miss M. Schmaltz, millinery, laces, ornaments; 303 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; R. Reich, dresses, skirts; 377 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss J. Bishop, ribbons, neckwear; 37 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss Baron, gloves; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Kline's; Miss Hettering, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. & Co.; H. G. Robinson, hosiery, men's furn. goods, knit underwear, umbrellas; 220 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—L. A. Witherill; H. E. Claus, china; Aberdeen.
TOLEDO—Neuhausel Bros.; M. J. Gilsdorf, coats, suits; Wallick.
TOLEDO—Nathanson Bros.; I. R. Nathanson, jewelry, leather goods; Longacre.
TROY, N. Y.—R. C. Reynolds; J. K. Hoyt, rugs; Grand.
UTICA, N. Y.—R. Fraser; Mrs. A. E. Robbins, millinery; Ansonia.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. G. Daavid, waists; Latham.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; W. W. Everett, general mdse.; 334 4th Av.
WATERTOWN, N. Y.—H. A. Bennett, clothing; Miss Kosenseldt, muslin, silk underwear; McAlpin.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Duncan & Homer Co.; J. R. Homer, coats, suits, waists, furn. goods; Breslin.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—S. Hirsch & Sons; J. Hirsch, linens, blankets; Penn.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—MacWilliams's; W. F. Logan, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—MacWilliams; M. E. Smith, hosiery, ladies', children's knit underwear; Miss M. Krell, ruchings; Holland.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Lefkowitz Brothers; L. Lefkowitz, clothing, furnishing goods; Broadway Central.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Begin Bros., Inc.; T. Guerin, gen. mdse.; Imperial.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; J. J. Hoar, hosiery, women's, children's, infants' wear; 230 5th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss, Hirshberg Co.; Miss K. Hutzel, millinery; 141 Madison Av.; Park Av.

SERGE DRESSES
Half Wool To close out $3.00 NET.
POPLINS from $3.75 up.
TAFFETAS from $4.75 up.
WASH DRESSES $18 Per Doz. up.
QUICK DELIVERY.
ISAAC IPP, 118 W. 22d St.

BRAIDS
All Widths in Stock.
H. J. Levine & Bro.
167 Madison Ave. Vanderbilt 4140

S. STEINFELD & CO.

REPORT ON JOBS FOR UNEMPLOYED

New York Branches of Government Service Have Placed Men Civilians and Soldiers.

NEGROES PROVIDED FOR

Bureau Officials Declare That Soldiers Are Inclined to be Too Ambitious.

Within the last two months the United States Employment Service in this State has placed 56 per cent. of the male civilians who have applied for employment and 38 per cent. of the soldier and sailor applicants. The report of activities of the Service was made public yesterday by Director Dr. George W. Kirchwey, whose office has just finished compiling the reports from branch offices. At the same time the employment bureau of the Harvard unit of the New York War Camp Community Service announced that many of the colored veterans of Col. Hayward's 369th Regiment, the old 15th National Guard organization, have received jobs.

Figures for the last two months given out by Dr. Kirchwey show that 9,515 men from both branches of the service have been placed, and in addition 53,849 men and 19,037 women have been sent to jobs. The average number of soldiers placed weekly has been 1,002 and this figure is increasing as more men get home. Of 23,658 men interviewed by agents at Camp Mills to the end of February, 8,658 were sent back to their old jobs and 7,886 referred to other positions, most of them in their home States outside of New York. In January and February there were registered at the Camp Upton Bureau 6,400 men, of whom about 75 per cent. were from this State. All registered were either referred direct to positions or given cards to offices of the Service in their home towns. In both camps between 30 and 35 per cent. of discharged men were placed in positions.

Speaking of the discrepancy between the percentage of civilians placed and soldiers and sailors sent to positions Dr. Kirchwey said it was due to the fact that men discharged from the service are particular about the job in which they settle after their experiences abroad, a condition which, he thought, natural. To many the opportunity is now presented to look about for better work than that in which they were employed before the war. They now seek opportunity for advancement.

"Another thing," continued Dr. Kirchwey, "which is making the placement of soldiers difficult is their tendency to overestimate their own abilities. We have had men apply to our offices and rate themselves as expert machinists, on the ground that they had become highly skilled in one of the technical units of the army. After referring them to a machine shop we have found that they were unacquainted with even the simplest types of machinery. I have in mind one man who wanted a job as instructor of French in a school or college, whose only knowledge of the language was gained from six months' contact with the inhabitants of the villages where he was quartered.

"To overcome this tendency we are working on a system of simple questions which will enable our examiners to determine whether an applicant is really qualified for the position which he desires."

In connection with the announcement of the Harvard unit it is said that there are still many negro soldiers to be placed in positions and a call was issued yesterday to employers who might wish to give employment to these men. The employment bureau is at 2,388 Seventh Avenue. Recently 250 veterans were placed with one firm.

Officers of the Members' Association are urging the members of the association to adopt and to practice the slogan, "New York Jobs for New York Men," which has been adopted by the Executive Committee. It is expressly requested that returning soldiers be favored when a job awaits a man. Part of a statement issued by the association reads:

"The Merchants' Association has advocated the return of the soldiers to their homes for discharge from the army, in order that soldiers might not accumulate in centres of population such as New York city.

"The association appeals to all employers in New York City to keep in mind the fact that the men who went from the city will return within the next few months and will expect to find work."

IDLENESS GROWS IN EAST

But Ohio Figures Show Marked Decline in Unemployment There.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Unemployment figures made public today by the United States Employment Service showed a steady increase during the last week in the area of unemployment and in the number of persons without work.

The number of cities with large numbers of job seekers increased to 66 per cent., while the number of unemployed increased to 365,400, or 25,305 over last week. New England, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey reported increases.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 5.—Officials of the United States Employment Service in Ohio announced today that this week's report on unemployment in the State would show a very great improvement over last week. Figures received from community labor boards yesterday show 92,000 unemployed as against 110,000 for last week.

BOSTON, Mass., March 5.—A gradual increase in the number of unemployed persons in this city and vicinity was announced by G. Harry Dunderdale, Superintendent of the State Free Employment Bureau, in his monthly report made public today. A count of applicants for employment at the bureau one day in each week showed an average in February of 1,330; in January, 1,251, and in December, 936.

VETERANS TO GET OLD JOBS.

Daniels Orders Yards to Restore Men Who Left Noncombatant Posts.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Naval stations and yards were directed by Secretary Daniels today to restore to his former position upon discharge every man who left noncombatant work to enter a fighting branch of the service.

Every effort will be made, Mr. Daniels said, to take care of the returning veterans without leaving jobless other men who, on the call of the Government, entered the naval establishment's essential industries. He asked that any one who knew of a returning soldier or sailor failing to obtain his old position under the Navy Department report the fact to him personally.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26616.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH H. CRONIN, Bankrupt.

Joseph H. Cronin was duly adjudicated bankrupt on February 21, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on March 18, 1919, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STROEBE & POTTER, Bankrupt.

Orin Shingood, U. S. auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 13, 1919, by order of the Court at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cut leather, comfy kits, pocketbooks, oilcloths, velvets, adding machines, motors, typewriter, time clock, chairs, desks, safe, wall cases, fixtures, etc.

WILLIAM V. GOLDIE, Receiver.
JOFFE & JOFFE, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

LANE AGAIN TO URGE RECONSTRUCTION BILLS

Will Press Next Congress to Provide Lands for Soldiers and Aid Americanization.

WASHINGTON, March 5. — Secretary Lane announced today his intention of pressing for action in the next Congress on reconstruction legislation which, in spite of his efforts, failed in the jam that marked the adjournment yesterday. The Secretary said:

"Congress adjourned without passing any of these important national bills which I have been urging:

"1. The appropriation of $100,000,000 for providing farms for returned soldiers upon our unused lands. This measure was reported in both houses, but never came to a vote. I will press it at the next session of Congress. Twenty thousand soldiers and sailors have written to me supporting it.

"2. The Smith-Bankhead Americanization bill providing a method by which we can overcome illiteracy in the United States and give our 8,000,000 illiterates an opportunity to read the newspapers and the Constitution of the United States, so that they may not be dependent upon what they are told by those who may be hostile to the welfare of the country. This bill will be brought up for passage when Congress next meets.

"3. A measure providing for the survey of the power resources of the East as well as the West, that our railroads, industries, and cities may conserve fuel.

"4. The General Leasing bill under which withdrawn coal, oil, phosphate, and sodium lands would be opened for development under a leasing system, which has been before Congress for five years, and for which there is a strong majority in both houses, as shown by the fact that a similar bill has passed each house three times.

"5. The Water Power bill, which will permit the use of water now running to waste in our rivers and induce immediate investment in over twenty States in the construction of hydro-electric plants."

MEXICAN CONGRESS TO MEET

Extra Session, Opening May 1, Called to Adjust Foreign Claims.

MEXICO CITY, March 4.—An extraordinary session of the Mexican Congress will be called for May 1, it was learned from authoritative sources today, and presumably will act upon important international questions, including damage to foreign oil interests during the revolution and take some steps relative to adjusting the national debt. The British Chargé d'Affaires conferred with President Carranza today relative to the effect that proposed legislation would have on British interests.

The news regarding the extra session of Congress confirms the announcement made today to foreign correspondents in Mexico City by Roberto Pesqueira, financial agent of the Mexican Government at El Paso, who quoted informally from a conversation which Luis Cabrera, Minister of Finance, had with President Carranza recently. He said Cabrera informed him that it had been decided that legislation defining Article 27 of the Constitution, which nationalizes oil lands, would be framed in such a manner that damage done to foreign interests during the revolution would be settled on a just basis.

Bullowa's Estate Goes to Sister.

The will of Ferdinand Ezra M. Bullowa, lawyer, who died Feb. 20 at Cleveland, leaves his entire estate to his sister, Emilie M. Bullowa, who was his legal associate, with the following tribute: "My devoted friend, genial associate, and tireless partner of my professional labors. There is no one who has a right superior to my estate, since it was by my sister's wise counsel and our joint efforts that it was preserved and accumulated."

Sues Carnegie Steel for $2,000,000.

James F. MacEnulty of the Pressed Steel Car Company filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against the Carnegie Steel Company to recover $2,000,000 damages for breach of contract. Mr. MacEnulty alleges that he had a personal contract with the Carnegie company by which it agreed to deliver to him certain steel in 1916 at the Pressed Steel Car plant, and when the defendant failed to make the delivery he sustained the damage sued for.

Court Takes Over Simon Deposit.

Federal Judge Mayer yesterday permitted the American Exchange National Bank to pay over to the court $358,830.88 which it had received on deposit from John Simon. A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, had demanded the money on the ground that it belonged to Heinrich F. Albert, who was a German propaganda agent in this country. Mr. Palmer had demanded the money from the bank, but the bank was warned by Mr. Simon that it would be held responsible for it. In paying the money to the court the bank is released from all responsibility.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar.

Lawston ⟨Lawston. | Brand ⟨Silver.
Cherno ⟨Kalisky. | Massoth ⟨Westfield.
Thompson ⟨Jarchow.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J.
Johannsmeyer ⟨Meincke. | Pruschik ⟨Pruschik.
Nelson Tool Co, Inc ⟨Stokes Carb Co, Inc. | Daly ⟨Emerson Phonograph Co, Inc.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.
Gasdia ⟨Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital. | Stringle ⟨Crimmins Operating Co.
Gersgonowitz ⟨So Blvd RR. | Fanelli ⟨Ferguson, (2.)
Winkler ⟨Union Ry. | Weisgal ⟨N Y C Inter Ry Co.
Elsler ⟨So Blvd RR.

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.

PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case on.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS, Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Weiss ⟨Edel.

TRIAL TERM—Russell, J.—No day calendar.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Aspinall, J.—In Part I. at 10 A. M.—Criminal.

Indictment No 6064—People ⟨Mortimer.

Case on. No day calendar.

Remainder of calendar passed to March 7. Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M.
Nelson ⟨Nyberg.

Also for the hearing of motions.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Young, J.; Part II., no Justice; Part III., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Bee ⟨Strong. | Strumke ⟨N Y C RR.
Merian ⟨Castle. | Merante ⟨Hauch.
De Pasquale ⟨Burdick. | Rich ⟨Barlow & Co.
Skennion ⟨W U Tel. | Langevine ⟨Pretzfeld.
Phillips ⟨NY, NH & H RR. | Thompson ⟨Crandall Co.
Morril ⟨Erie RR. | McKay ⟨Nichols.
Eigel ⟨same. | Cooper ⟨Daly Bros.
Finch ⟨Rosenzweig. | Kolter ⟨same.
Ferguson ⟨Dannemiller. | Corrine ⟨Diehl Mfg. Mahoney ⟨Scott.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Delaney ⟨C of Yonkers. | Vogel ⟨same.
Warner ⟨Brundage. | Siemer ⟨Mesquita.
Hughes ⟨L V RR. | Bologna ⟨Starlight.
Angelovitch ⟨Colonial Taxi Serv Co. | Grosso ⟨Yonkers RR.
Laporta ⟨West El RR | Ford ⟨Spooner.
Tucker ⟨Heyson. | Holloway ⟨Cosman.
Kantrovitz ⟨Goldman. | Chisholm ⟨Union Ry.
Lutkert ⟨Stern. | Summerville ⟨Chevrolet Motor Co.
Scofield ⟨NY, NH & H RR. | Vena ⟨Pitman.
Fell ⟨Levine. | Sweeney ⟨Loew Amus.

Highest number reached on call, 890.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Louis E. Giles of New York and Fulton H. Breech of New York were admitted to practice.

161—Southern Pacific Co., plaintiff, v. John Newman.—Submitted.

206—The State of California, plaintiff, v. Mono County Irrigation Co.—Submitted for plain. No appearance for deft.

209—The State of Calif., plain., v. Pac. Power Co.—Submitted for the plain. No appearance for deft.

501—The United States of America, pet., v. Suda Reynolds.—Argument continued.

585—The United States of America, aplt., v. the Southern Pac. Co. et al.—Argument commenced.

Call for Thurs., March 6: Nos. 585, 622, 649, 441, 815, (and 816,) 828, 128, 213, 214, and 216.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Before Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, Circuit Judges.

Court opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Nesis ⟨Co ⟨Fredericks, Castle ⟨McAllister, Lohman ⟨same. Re scow Adah. Re Jarmulosky. | Norkus ⟨Pitts Coal Co. Cohn ⟨UB. Beussel ⟨same. Snare & Triest Co ⟨St. Paul Co. Anderson ⟨SS Orwen.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Woodrough, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Kesselman ⟨CNY. Comision Reguladora ⟨Mat Park Nat Bank. White Sulphur Supply Co ⟨Women's Wear Co. Same ⟨Daily Trade Record Co. | Willinghaus Warehouse ⟨Postal Tel. Co. Cot Oil Co. ⟨Lewis Corey & Co. Magnolia Prov Co ⟨Atl Coast Prod Co. Farrington ⟨Mandeville. Brown ⟨Penn RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 831 P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal. For trial. Pleading: Harry Krichman. Harry Saltzberg.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 11:30 A. M. Naturalizations. At 11 A. M.—Criminal. US ⟨S. P. Corn, (on trial.) Admiralty: Empire Water Co ⟨Edouard Alfred. | Gottesman and ano ⟨Canada Atlantic & Plant SS Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Gavegan, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. On trial: US ⟨Rosenwasser Bros et al. For call: US ⟨Rosenwasser Bros et al.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Venner ⟨N Y Cent et al.. Gilas ⟨Leh Val RR Co. | 1st Nat Bank of Ann Arbor, Mich ⟨Farson et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Page, Shearn, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.

Reune ⟨Holl. Logan ⟨Fidelity & Phenix F I Co. Nemelowsky ⟨Rykhloff. Merchant & Evans Co ⟨Mach & Mer B Co. Comision Reguladora, &c ⟨Bates, (2.) Rosenberg ⟨Halzman. | Mead ⟨Mcran Towing & Transp Co. Kerner ⟨Farmers' Loan & Trust Co. Hoyt ⟨Dollar Sav Bk. Devlin ⟨Union Ry, (2.) Nelson ⟨Walter. Fagan ⟨CNY. Leikert ⟨Met Trust Co. Kelly ⟨King. Long ⟨CNY.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.

Myers ⟨Ceasar. Silverman ⟨Cherey. Bolser ⟨Ziner. Gotham Nat Bank ⟨Lewis. Cahan ⟨Cahan. Am Ex Nat Bank ⟨Equit Office Bldg. Knauer ⟨NY Rys. Doyle ⟨same. Golding ⟨Golding. Lawrence ⟨New Amsterdam Gas Co. Godfrey ⟨Jackson Coal. Vogel ⟨Rusenberg. Nagy ⟨Lefkowitz. Tyler ⟨U S RR. Knick Fireproofing Co ⟨Gerry. Hacker ⟨Hirsch. Rabeau ⟨McAdoo. Lewis ⟨Cohn. Turkenek ⟨Olney & Warrin, Inc. Abend ⟨Evers Rehm Co, (2.) Zlotnick ⟨Zlotnick. Mutual Life Ins Co ⟨Sutherland. Re Voron & Chait, Inc. Meagher ⟨Meagher. Gineste ⟨Hudson Trad. Nash ⟨Baehm Paper Co, (2.) Kate ⟨Cohan. Yancey Waist Co ⟨Cornblum. Dixon ⟨Ludin Rty Co. Burnet ⟨Empress Mfg Co. Rose ⟨Rose. Hogstedt ⟨Hogstedt. Re Perine. Gilheny ⟨Johns. Domenyo ⟨Kaskel. Hartman ⟨Eager. Wilbraham ⟨Murphey. Starkman ⟨Brown. Bordeaux ⟨Stockburn. I E Gerlach Rty Co ⟨Placid Rty Co.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Montesano ⟨Block. Thompson ⟨Packard. Holmes ⟨Camp, (3.) Randolph ⟨Libinardo. Weintraub ⟨Weintraub. Lunt ⟨Lunt. Harris ⟨Harris. Grande ⟨Grande. Nierenberg ⟨Nierenberg. Gannett ⟨Gannett. Johnson ⟨Johnson. Jackson ⟨Jackson. Claude ⟨Caroline. Hartman ⟨Hartman. Carr ⟨Carr. Unger ⟨Unger.

PART IV.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Kings Co Lighting Co ⟨Lewis. | Preferred causes: Preston ⟨Preston. Ryder ⟨Marcus. General calendar: Ruston ⟨Parks & Co. River Pirate Comm Co ⟨Home Ins Co. Moore ⟨Aelter. Jordan ⟨Radio Dental X-Ray Society. Marquardt ⟨Wilkinson & Co. Freeman ⟨Rosenthal. Bucholz ⟨Alstadter. Goodrich ⟨Auerhahn. Tisch ⟨Dub. Lawson ⟨Lawson. Clear.

PART IV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bollerini ⟨Steinberg. Burnett ⟨Reynolds. Siminansky ⟨A Marks & Sons. Nisson Talking Mach Co ⟨Karanhea. Olvany ⟨Lunt. | East River Nat Bank ⟨Bauman. Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter ⟨Hechtkopf. Silberstein ⟨Mutual Life Ins. , Clear.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Kutler ⟨Juilliard. Silberberg ⟨Great Cent Palace Co. Schott ⟨Coopersmith. Gilligan ⟨Perlman. Gellin ⟨Taylor. Brand ⟨Kane & Friedheim. Blumencranz ⟨Empire Shipping Co. Bennett ⟨Int R T. Brown ⟨Diamond. Litofsky ⟨Dochtermann Van and Exp Co, (2.) Machacek ⟨Dzaha. Cohen ⟨Cohen. Hamburger ⟨Cohen, (3.) Vogel ⟨Spitzer, (2.) Karp ⟨Siminasky. Thompson ⟨N Y Rys. Northrop ⟨Black and White Cab Co. Stokes ⟨N Y Rys. Schacht ⟨Noble. Weber & Heilbroner ⟨U S Rty, &c, Co. McConnell ⟨N Y Rys, (2.) Hoffman ⟨Herman. Rappaport ⟨Williamson. Gorden ⟨8d Av RR. Von Maltzahn ⟨Burdan. Manderus ⟨N Y Rys. Lewis ⟨L I S Rty Co. Hermolin ⟨Renault Transp Co. Goskind ⟨Kalbach. Dennett ⟨Jensen. Shapiro ⟨Goldberg. Honig ⟨Isaac. De Blasio ⟨Gitsky. Kurzrok ⟨Rheimauer. Caswell ⟨Ehret. Horowitz ⟨L I RR. Berger ⟨same. Kelly ⟨Int R T Co. McQuillan ⟨42d St, &c, Ry. J. Scott ⟨Goetz. T. Scott ⟨same. Stoloya ⟨S B H RR. Siegel ⟨N Y Rys. Cohen ⟨N Y Rys. Zappier ⟨Union Ry. Falaugeri ⟨Morse Dry Dock & Repair Co. Tyler ⟨S H RR. C. Mark ⟨Middleboro Realty Co. S. Mark ⟨same. Frank ⟨Fifth Av Coach Co. Zuiely ⟨N Y Rys. Coniglio ⟨Greeley Sq Garage, Inc. Levy ⟨N Y Rys. Slavis ⟨Christianson. Morris ⟨Muldoon. Monash ⟨Horowitz. Wynne ⟨Litchfield Const Co. Oyonewski ⟨Int R T. Rebahan ⟨N Y Rys. | Bunin ⟨Levy. Jiffy-Lite Belt Mfg Co ⟨Van Gytenbeek. Passaic Bleachers & D Assn ⟨E & Z Van Raalte, Inc. Snyder ⟨Zechinsky. Neufield 81 Mfg Co ⟨Wooster. Case on.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Schlesinger ⟨Goodman ⟨Collar Co, Inc. Storm ⟨Rountree. Gray Eagle Marble Co ⟨J H Shipway & Bro Asbury Marble Co ⟨same. Spiritusfabriek Astra ⟨Sugar Products Co. Johnson ⟨Belling. Kern ⟨Washington. Guarnier ⟨Melophone Talking Mach Co. Stange ⟨Walker. Commonwealth Mort Co ⟨Le Roy Sargent & Co. Brannen ⟨Mason. Steneck ⟨Harris, Jr. Cons Alloyed Metals Co, Inc ⟨Earle. Bendo ⟨Bass. Vecchio ⟨Goldbergwy. Fagan ⟨Lee Jones, Inc. Fay et rel Allwell ⟨Achim V A Bris. Ele-Kem Co ⟨Peters, White & Co. Wells ⟨Bidell Co, Pittsburgh. A. B. C Litho Corp ⟨Petersen. Kohen ⟨Steinberg. Mars Palace Amus Co, Inc ⟨Cahill.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various Parts for trial. Rule Numbers (Trial) Term Rules.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Emerson, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Adjourned to March 10.

PART VIII.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART X.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XII.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XIII.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Gransault ⟨Burpean. | Same ⟨Woods.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XV.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XVI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Int Agric Corp ⟨Georgia Fertilizer Co. | Same ⟨Tennessee Fertilizer Co.

PART XVIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate: Sofia F V de Garcia Morales ⟨same. Mary L Downs, Odile H Holland, Charles W Bryden, Robert R Doll, Bebee ⟨Brooks, Jr. Rosetta L Hodgman. | Henry Koch, Julius H Saebt, Maria de Baulz, Henrietta Merrill, Le Roy Tennis, Dorothea K Crowell, Gladys L H Crowell, Josephine D Taylor.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Fiselitta, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.

Wood ⟨Lieus. Cosmopolitan Bk ⟨Newman. Meyer ⟨Shaw. Erdreich ⟨Zimmerman. Aronowitz ⟨Lamport. Miller ⟨Mach & Mot Sales Co. Cohen ⟨Moss. Maranville ⟨Riverdale Wine, &c, Co. Santimanco ⟨Reis. Breene ⟨NY Rys. Berger ⟨Int R T. | Erdreich ⟨Zimmerman. Adler ⟨Jaffe. Sametzki ⟨Edelman. Greenberg ⟨Rosenthal. Haister ⟨Cohen. Israelson ⟨Ismay. Ehenbaum ⟨Excel Mfg. Werner ⟨Comer. Schossberger ⟨Vecsey. Silver ⟨Kane. Kips Bay Brew, &c, Co ⟨J Tooker & Co. Pisapia ⟨Battistatos. Geiger ⟨Farkas.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—La Petra, J.—At 10:45 A. M.

Silverstein ⟨Meinhardt. Roman ⟨Star Fur Dyeing Co. Cammen ⟨Greenwich Bank. Int Woolen Co ⟨Schultz. Marcus ⟨L & S Const Co. Joyce ⟨Hochron. Ruderman ⟨N Y Rys. Wood ⟨same. Geller ⟨N Y Rys. Fein ⟨same, (3.) Brustein ⟨Daniels. Toole ⟨Peabody. Falasky ⟨2d Av Ry. Harris ⟨Palty. Graham ⟨Lemke. Schlan ⟨Kaufman, (3.) R. Saenger Co ⟨Giant Silk Co. Morey ⟨Ricciardelli. Chavinson ⟨Lewis. Glick ⟨Am Female Guardian Soc, &c. Dimuccio ⟨Sea-a-Cab Transit Co. Airey ⟨Heathman. Litwin ⟨B. Waldstein Co. Houghton ⟨Lewhenwil Co. Rascowsky ⟨Kass & Fagan, Inc. De Stefano ⟨Sclig, (2.) | Green ⟨Becker. Marshall ⟨Carter & Weeks Stevedoring. Myers ⟨Lipschitz. Rubenstein ⟨Taylor. Blumenthal ⟨Lefkowitz (2.) Tauber ⟨Beakes Dairy. Kobert ⟨A. Goodman Co. Loventhal ⟨Hockmeyer. Saltzman ⟨Everett Inv. Halpern ⟨Kurshan. Cohen ⟨Osterer. Silverman ⟨same. Rosenbluth ⟨N Y Rys. Prundluch ⟨Hasco Bldg. Co. Silverman ⟨N Y Rys. Choma ⟨Waterman. Le Roi ⟨Brunner. Burns ⟨N Y Rys. Rothenberg ⟨Dry Dock, &c, Ry. Schulman ⟨Rosenstein. Berezofsky ⟨Rubin. Herrman ⟨J. C. Brownstone & Co. Loftus ⟨Burling Eng. &c, Co. Same ⟨Cons Gas Co. Courtade ⟨N Y C RR. Muretsky ⟨N Y Rys.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. Case on.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Goldstein ⟨Goldstein. Harris ⟨Co ⟨Weintraub. Berkeley Arcade Corp ⟨Duell. Farmers' Bag, &c, Co ⟨Knick Bag Co. | Goldstein ⟨N J Fidelity Eichler ⟨Kahnweiler. Greenberg ⟨Fulton Bag, &c, Mills.

The following cases, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Rosen ⟨Blaunor. Stoddard ⟨Robinson-Roden Co, (2.) Matthes ⟨Benn. Gordon ⟨NY Mineral Flooring Co. Sherman Shoe ⟨Levinton. Algier Shoe Mfg Co ⟨Cohen.

PART II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART IV.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Erlanger, J.—Speirs ⟨Daly—Isaac F. Russell. Re D. Davis & Son—James A. Foley. Re Forfar & Berry Co.—Isidor Wasservogel.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Pratt ⟨Pratt—Thaddeus Terry.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J. — The Brooke Estate, Inc. ⟨Siskind et al.—Jacob Katz. Hugh H. Rainey ⟨E. Krautman Holding Co, Inc.—Henry Brady, John J. Guntzer ⟨Anna Straub—Thomas J. McManus. John J. Guntzer ⟨Rose Guntzer—Thomas J. McManus.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Clark, Kelby, and Manning, JJ.—At 1 P. M.

Castellano, &c ⟨Cantasano, et al. Avidon ⟨Bernstein & ano. Mikolajczak ⟨Elwood Rty Corp. Harman ⟨Cohen. Muller ⟨McCauley, &c. Finebloom ⟨Wolpov. Lippman & ano ⟨Kurpick. Kantrowitz ⟨Loewy. Hall ⟨CNY, (2.) Sable et al, &c ⟨Parker. Holtzman ⟨Rubenstein & ano, &c. Rickard, &c ⟨Navarra. Melman & ano ⟨Shawmut Woven Mills. | Nicholost ⟨Richmond Light & RR Co. Archbold ⟨North Am Life Ins Co. Century Fireproof Dr Eas Feather Co. Boedicker ⟨Heyman. Lamchick ⟨US Headwear Co. Reich & ano, &c ⟨Bauser Fleming, &c, Co. Kraus ⟨Kraus, (2.) Strauss ⟨Knorpp Candy Co. Salit ⟨Lipschitz & ano, &c. Ball ⟨Hilkowich. Mohr ⟨Maxwell Motor Sales Corp.

Re New Eng Ins Co ⟨Katlin.) Coughlin ⟨B H RR Co. Malone ⟨same. Loughlin ⟨C A & B RR Lembo ⟨Nas RR. Goldstein ⟨N Y Cons RR. Incampo ⟨J. B. King & Co. D'Auria ⟨Esposito. Prendergast ⟨Prendergast. Zieseniss ⟨Goodman. Horze ⟨Hotze. Chas. H. Finch & Co ⟨Paul J. Gallagher Co. Rakowski ⟨Mollenhauer. Rothang ⟨Miglio. O'Sullivan ⟨Radiger. Janower ⟨Janower. Goldstein ⟨N Y Cons R R Co. The C. J. Perry Co ⟨O'Connell, (2.) Biemann ⟨Biemann. Cohen ⟨Greenberg. W. Ulmer Brew ⟨Deubert. | Horowitz ⟨Freiman. Glusker ⟨Glusker. Sterhoff ⟨Kirwin. Pure Oil Co ⟨Fols. Nassau ⟨Beekman Inv Co ⟨Hurley. Deck ⟨Levin. Re Maxwell. Gussie Gottlieb Co ⟨Illions. Flanagan ⟨Flanagan. Schmidt ⟨Schmidt. Koster ⟨Koster. Sorensen ⟨Sorensen. Zwickel ⟨Swickel. People State N Y ⟨Abraltis. Avidon ⟨Avidon. Nestel ⟨Nestel. Myers ⟨Myers. Ghiuro ⟨M. P. Smith & Sons Co. Watson ⟨Lebaudy. Messina ⟨Kebler. Re Feinberg. (Angle Art Press.) Re Silverman, (Stanley Art Ptg Co.) Century Machine Co ⟨Rothenberg.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

Fermoglich ⟨Fermoglich. Reilly ⟨Eagle Sav & Ln Co. MacAdam ⟨MacAdam. Blumberg ⟨Eagle Sav & L Co. | Abrahams ⟨Abrahams. Goldstein ⟨Goldstein. Orinoco Realty Co ⟨Cantor, (2.) Wetner ⟨Weiner. Dumproff ⟨Harris.

Mackta ⟨Mackta. Marks ⟨Fletcher. Century Mach Co ⟨Rothenberg. Finck ⟨Finck. Rathbun ⟨Rathbun. | Moe ⟨Moe. Gottman ⟨Gottman. Bone ⟨Bone. Brower ⟨Langervin, executor.

Highest number reached on the regular call 1459.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J.; Part III., Fawcett, J.; Part IV., Platt, J.; Part V., Davis, J.; Part VIII., Callaghan, J.

Lesinno ⟨Nass RR & ano. Nicholson ⟨Nass RR. Albrecht ⟨Spafford & ano. Schwartz ⟨Rupprecht. Opler ⟨Babcock. Stenger & ano ⟨Stenger Kaskowitz ⟨Luna Amus Co & ano. Harlon ⟨Knapp. Finnegan ⟨Globe Title. Clark ⟨Baird. Kadian ⟨N Y Cons RR. McKeon ⟨Bristol Meyers Co. Buckley ⟨Beach-Russ Co. Osborn ⟨B H RR. Meckenberg ⟨Zinn. Gilroy ⟨Dunker. | Walsh ⟨McCarthy. Ford ⟨Young. Kantrowitz ⟨Stutz. Feeney ⟨Warman. Finnagan ⟨I R T Co. Hunter ⟨Hutchinson. Wiener ⟨Spier. Behar ⟨Weiss. Ruddell ⟨Alexander, (2.) Lillie ⟨H. C. Stowe Const Co. Davis ⟨N Y Rys. Birnbaum ⟨same. Bryant ⟨same. Edwards ⟨same, (2.) Elliott ⟨3d Av RR. Bernstein ⟨Greenwald. O'Hara ⟨Mackenwalz. Glassman ⟨Cons Tel & Elec Sub, &c. Rovner ⟨N Y Rys. Caplin ⟨Schwartz. Weisberg ⟨Lewis. Ochs ⟨Avilov. Mostkind ⟨Int R T Co. Harreys ⟨Marmur. Cooperstein ⟨Rachman. Buffum ⟨Hochdorf. Bilawski ⟨C I & B RR Goodkin ⟨Frantz. Mayer ⟨Fuchs. Kaufman ⟨N Y Rys. Jesensky ⟨Black and White Cab Co. Mach ⟨Greenberg. Kohn ⟨Levinson. Cohen ⟨Raymond. Levy ⟨Am Shoe Machinery & Tool Co. Jacobowitz ⟨Union Ry. Fried ⟨Schoenfeld. Berkowitz ⟨I R T Co. Neuman ⟨I R T Co. Friedman ⟨N Y Rys. Perbost ⟨Borchardt. B. Hausdorff ⟨U S Rty & Imp Co. L. H. Hausdorff ⟨same. J. Bulova ⟨East 10th St Corp. Cassidy ⟨Kalbach. J. P. McDonnel ⟨Atl Amuse Co. K. McDonnel ⟨same. Radigan ⟨CNY. Rogers ⟨Lindsay. F. Maldaker ⟨Jackson. J. Maldaker ⟨same. Tiarks ⟨N Y C & H R RR.

If marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Helen ⟨Seidler. Kirby ⟨Johnson. O'Reilly

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, Lot 5, map of Robert Benson, n s, 25x96; Angelo De Gandenzi to Maria Longo, 190 Bleecker St, mtg $22,000, Feb. 26; attorney, C. Bergioli, 63 Macdougal St.....$100

BOND ST, 49, s w s, 25.5x79.9x25.5x74.10, s e s; N. Y. Public Library to Aron Aaront, 96 2d Av, b. and s. and c. a. g., March 3; attorney, Charles Frankel, 150 Nassau St.....$100

CANAL ST, 81, n s, 28x50; Williamson Holding Co. to Morris Williamson, 4,701 15th Av, Brooklyn, mtg $24,000, all liens, March 1; attorney, H. I. Barnett, 132 Nassau St.....$100

COLUMBUS AV, s e corner of 97th St, 25.1x 100; Samuel E. Martin to Percie Realty Co., 1,974 Broadway, mtg $40,000, Jan. 8; attorney, A. C. Huggstrone, 1,974 Broadway.....$100

EAST BROADWAY, 46, n s, 379.6 ft e of Catharine St, 24.11x60.4; Williamson Holding Co. to Morris Williamson, 4,701 15th Av, Brooklyn, ½ part mtg $40,000 as whole; attorney, H. I. Barnett, 132 Nassau St.$100

LAFAYETTE ST, 206, w s, 21.3x100.4; Howard Conkling et al, to Thomas Harper, 32 Leggett Av., Woodhaven, Borough of Queens, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, Walter Fairchild, 1 Liberty St.....$300

HUDSON ST, 46, e s, 69.4x25x irregular; Emma D. Rodman, executrix, et al., to West Beach Realty Corporation, 46 Cedar St, Dec. 9, 1918; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY, West Beach Realty Corporation to Markham Realty Corporation, 31 Nassau St, mtg $17,875, b. and s., March 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

MADISON ST, 275½-277, n s, 29.4x100; Gussie Rodbell to Sophie Jacobowitz, 1,256 46th St., Brooklyn, mtg $28,750, Feb 27.....$1

MONTGOMERY ST, 29, e s, 20x75; Metropolitan Savings Bank to Max Schnur, 248 Henry St, all liens, March 4.....$1,000

RIVINGTON ST, n w corner of Ridge St, 25x89.11; Sol. H. Schlanger to Abraham Hamerman, 206 Rivington St, mtg $60,500, Aug. 16, 1918; address S. H. Schlanger, 196 Rivington St.....$100

RIVINGTON ST, n s, 25 ft w of Ridge St, 24.11x89.11; same to same, mtg $56,000, Aug. 16, 1918; address same.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 187th St, 15.10x80; John S. Crooks and Agnes A. Colby, executors of Caroline R. Colby, to Aaron and Jennie Kell, 229 East 12th St, as joint tenants, mtg $9,000, all liens, Feb. 24; attorney, Henry B. Ketcham, 2 Rector St.....$14,800

9TH AV, e s, 29.5 ft n of 15th St, 19.8x100; D. Lippmann to David H. Elder, 333 West 14th St, and Milo M. Wells, 2,336 University Av, Bronx, b. and s. all liens, Aug. 20, 1877; address Sarah O'Neil, Pomona, N. Y.....$1

9TH ST, 40-42 West, s s, 5x45.4½x irregular; Arrow Holding Corp. to Peter Cervenka, 220 East 72d St, mtg $235,000, all liens, Feb. 21; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

91ST ST, 24 West, s s, 800 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5; John D. Barrett to Mountford S. Orth, 24 West 71st St, all liens, March 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

91D ST, s s, 216.8 ft w of Columbus Av, 16.8x102.2; Mary E. McCallum to Chas. B. J. Muttelstaedt, Tenafly, N. J., all liens, Feb. 6; attorney, U. W. Tompkins, 256 Broadway.....$1

97TH ST, 342 East, s s, 20x102.2; Jacob Schnakrant to Hyman Greenfeld, 304 East 79th St, all liens, March 3; attorneys, Braun & Solomon, 200 5th Av.....$1

98TH ST, 164 West, s s, 20x102.2; James McClenahan to Ralph L. Crow, Rye, N. Y., mtg $20,000, Feb. 28; attorneys, King & Smith, 32 Liberty St.....$1

99D ST, 292-294 West, s s, 75.2x153.5; 270 West 56th St. Co. to Circle Concrete Co., 51 East 42d St, mtg $137,500, b. and s, Dec. 18; attorneys, Eisman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway.....$1

99D ST, 254 West, s s, 17x100.8; Elenson Realty Co. to Jennie Watkins, 136 East 76th St, mtg $18,000, all liens, Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

114TH ST, 221 East, n s, 25x100.11; foreclosure Feb. 26, 1919; John L. O'Brien, referee, to Isaac Bell of Newport, R. I., March 1; attorneys, Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St...$17,000

114TH ST, 47 West, n s, 620 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.11; An Association for the Relief of Respectable and Indigent Females in the City of New York to J. & A. Stone Realty Co., 42 West 114th St., b. and s., all liens, March 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$22,000

115TH ST, n s, 207 ft e of 7th Av, 18x100.11; J. Edgar Leaycraft to J. E. Leaycraft & Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $14,000, Nov. 1, 1909.....$1

122D ST, n s, 240 ft e of Park Av, 50x100.11; Clara Klingenstein to Sarah Fox, 689 Wales Av, Bronx, mtg $14,000, March 3; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St.....$100

122D ST, 412 East, s s, 187 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Nicola Carbone to Luigi and Louisa Frola, Fort Lee, N. J., all liens, March 1; attorney, A. Ruggiero, 225 East 115th St.....$1

123D ST, 127 East, n s, 15x100.11; Mary E. and Helen M. Fanning to Arthur S. and Robertha Halla, 127 East 123d St., March 4, mtg $5,200; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

136TH ST, n s, 90 ft e of Edgecombe Av, 25.6x99.11; Harry W. Bell to Margaret J. Saul, 321 West 136th St, subject to P. M. mtg of $600, all liens, Jan. 2; attorney, Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av..$100

141ST ST, 204-6 West, s s, 65x99.11; Ilwood Holding Corp. to Hampton Suffolk Corp., 3 West 101st St, mtg $60,706; correction of deed, b. and s. c. s., March 3; attorney, L. Josephson, 5 Beekman St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Hampton Suffolk Corp. to Ilwood Holding Corp., 47 West 34th St, mtg $61,500, all liens, Feb. 8; attorneys, same.....$100

158TH ST, 534-6 West, s s, 50x99.11; E. O. D. Gladner to Elsie B. Smith, 400 Convent Av, mtg $25,000, March 3; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway..$100

159TH ST, 520 West, s s, 24.9x99.11; Central Union Trust Co., exrs., to George Whiteside, 462 West 45th St., March 4; attorneys, Miller, K, L. & T., 80 Broadway.....$7,500

178TH ST, 835-37 West, n w corner of Northern Av, 75x105; Henry Van Arsdale to Public Square Realty Co., 320 Broadway, mtg $100,000, all liens, March 1; attorney, Jacob I. Berman, 346 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

ADAMS PL., 2,224, e s, 33.4x100; Adams Place Holding Co. to Denwood Realty Co., 510 Willis Av, mtg $22,500, March 4; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway.....$100

ALLEYWAY, 20 ft wide, between this land and land of Michael Tighe, n s, 191 ft e of Riverdale Av, runs s 45x n 90x e 47x n 52.6x w 100x s w 133; also alleyway, 175 ft e of Riverdale Av, w s, at s s of land of Thomas Grumon, runs s 28x w 72x n 28x e 72; Elizabeth Berne to George P. Berne, 2,878 Barley Av, March 4; attorneys, R. E. & A. J. Prime, Yonkers, N. Y.$1

BEACH ST, s e corner of Main St, —x—; Lula Booth to James H. Norris, 568 Minneford Av, City Island, Feb. 19; attorney, Theodore G. Price, 501 Tremont Av..$1

BOSTON ROAD, s e s, 701.10 ft n of Wilkins Av, runs s e 43x s 47.8x e 50x n 50x s w 70.2; Bronx Development Co. to Mary Kane, 213 Willis Av, mtg $40,000, March 1; attorneys, Clocke, K & R., 391 East 149th St.....$100

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,510, w s, 54x111.9; Markstone Realty Co. to Hilda Realty Co., 900 West 181st St, mtg $55,000, March 4; attorney, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway..$1

CLAY AV, e s, 1047.6 ft n of 169th St, 136.5x —, to Webster Av, x1125x180; Sikora Realty Corporation to 1,447-1,451 Boston Road Realty Co., 350 Broadway, mtg $220,000, March 1; attorneys, Goldfein & W., 350 Broadway.....$100

CROTONA PARK NORTH, 757, n s, 50x95; Brown Co. to Abr. Mallinson, 805 Crotona Park North, mtg $35,000, March 1; attorney Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

DALY AV, n e corner of 181st St, 83.6x 106.2x84x100; Louis E. Kleban Co. to Herman Hochstein, 115 2d Av, mtg $70,000, Feb. 27; attorney, L. I. Hochstein, 160 Broadway.....$1

EAGLE AV, e s, 250 ft n of Cedar Av, 50x 100; Robert W. Bergman, referee, to John Tryforos, 824 Eagle Av., Feb. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

GILBERT PLACE, n s, 25 ft w of Faile St, 25x100; also Gilbert Place, n s, 100 ft w of Faile St, 25x100; Henry Treyer to Crotona Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $6,000, March 4; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St.....$100

HALL PLACE, w s, at n s Lot 53, map part Fox estate, runs w 111.5x n 18.9x w 39.11x n 51x e 38.1x s 36.10x e 113.9x s 31; Augusta H. Peters to Pauline Kurtz, 757 Kelly St, Feb. 19; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

HOME ST, n s, 40.3 ft e of Hoe Av, 45.3x 104.8; D. H. Jackson Co. to Kopson Realties, Inc., 30 Church St, mtg $37,250, March 4; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

HUGHES AV, w s, 106.10 ft n of 189th St, 18.9x irregular; Ernest Hall to Antonio Gilionto, 2,486 Hughes Av, mtg $3,700, March 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

JEROME AV, s e corner of 184th St, 96x95; Hyman Smith to Abraham Simon, Riverside Drive, mtg $34,000, July 19, 1918; attorney, D. Steckler, 51 Chambers St..$1

LORING PLACE, e s, 268.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 27x118.1; West 188d Street Building Co. to Beckmann Realty and Construction Co., 2,295 University Av, mtg $6,000, Aug. 31, 1916; attorney, J. H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

LORING PLACE, w s, 167.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 87.6x irregular; West 188d Street Building Co. to Beckmann Realty and Construction Co., 2,295 University Av, mtg $4,000, Aug. 31, 1916; attorney, J. H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

LORING PLACE, e s, 320.6 ft s of Fordham Road, 20x114.10; also Lot 126, map of Cammann estate; West 188d Street Building Co. to Beckmann Realty and Construction Co., 2,295 University Av, mtg $4,000, Aug. 31, 1916; attorney, J. H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

LOTS 276 and 278, map of Hunts Point Realty Co.; Hunts Point Realty Co. to Henry Dreyer and another, 904 Leggett Av, March 1; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

LOT 19, map Hudson Park; Wm. Peters to Frank Di Niscia and another, 211 East 96th St, mtg $4,500; attorney, Wm. Peters & Co., 1,044 East Tremont Av.....$100

LOTS 128 and 129, amended map of Cammann estate; West 183d St. Bldg. Co. to Beckmann Realty and Constn. Co., 2,295 University Av, May 25, 1917; attorney, J. H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av.....$1

MANIDA ST, 812, n e side, 25x100; Manida Co. to Annie Epstein, 819 Manida St, mtg $7,500, Feb. 28; attorneys, Lind & P., 40 Cedar St.....$100

MARMION AV, s w corner of 176th St, 100 x62; Eberhardt Building Co. to Spear Construction Co., 1,714 Crotona Park East, mtg $60,500, March 4; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St.....$1

MINFORD PLACE, w s, 31.6 ft s of 172d St, 31x70; John Russ to Otto Lippmann, 1,465 Minford Place, mtg $12,500, March 3; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St.....$100

MOTT AV, n w corner of 138th St, runs n to Cheever Place x w to e s of Walton Av x s to 138th St x e — to beginning; also 138th St, n s, 25 ft e of Exterior St, 100x 100; also Walton Av, w s, 180.1 ft n of 138th St, 94.4x225; August Belmont to Forty-four East 34th St. Corporation, March 4; attorneys, Shattuck, G. H. & G., 26 Exchange Place.....$345,000

SHERMAN AV, e s, 270 ft n of 163d St, 43x 165; Edw. J. Byrne Construction Co. to Harry Reich, 1,835 Clinton Av, et al, mtg $30,000, March 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SUMMIT AV, 1,056, e s, 50x100; Samuel J. McCoy to Edwin A. Textor, 870 Gerard Av, March 3; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$100

TINTON AV, 1,206, e s, 19.6x100; Lillian Zimmer to David Kestonsky, 606 East 138th St, mtg $5,000, March 4; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

UNION AV, e s, 100 ft s of Jennings St, 50x 115.5x85.11x135.8; William Kemmer to Charlotte Hank, 125 Bruce Av, mtg $38,000, Feb. 13; attorney, J. T. Fenlon, 53 Liberty St.....$5,000

WEBSTER AV, e s, 247.1 ft n of 171st St, runs s e 107.10 to w s Mill Brook x s and s w 38.3x n w 113x n 87.6; Louis Bleier, individually and another as executors, to Tessie Karbin, 547 West 157th St, mtg $35,750, March 1; attorney, J. J. Weiss, 233 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Tessie Karbin to Abraham Hamel, 7th Av and 125th St, mtg $33,750, March 1; same attorney.....$100

WHITLOCK AV, 953, w s, 20x100; Wilhelmina E. Sailer to Joe Cohen, 104 East Houston St, March 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

163D ST, s w corner of Dawson St, 72.1x100 x.8x810.10; Arrow Holding Corporation to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Williams Av, mtg $70,000, March 3; attorney, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway.....$100

163D ST, s w corner Kelly St, 74.7x111.4x 60.9x131.3; also 163d St, s e corner Intervale Av, 75x100; E. R. A. Realty Co. to Kelvale Realty Corp., 320 Broadway, mtg $100,375, March 4; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100

176TH ST, n s, 45 ft w of Topping Av, 25x 90.9; Emma A. Nolting to Jos. Lapinn, 2,052 Ryer Av, mtg $3,000, March 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 126; Harry Wiener against Etta Greenberg et al, April 12, 1918....$162

7TH AV, s w corner of 42d St; J. B. McCoy & Son against John P. Windolph et al, May 18, 1917.....$165

Bronx.

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,390; William Weinraub against Morris Kushner et al, Feb. 28, 1912.....$75

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Altering Old Buildings
TO INCREASE INCOME
WE are expert in this work and will be glad to examine and give guarantee cost of alteration.
GILLIES, CAMPBELL CO.,
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Telephones 1788-9 Murray Hill.

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205 West 57th St.
TO SUBLET.
9 room, 3 bath, apartment; remainder of lease 17 months.

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32 East 65th St.
20x100. Four story and basement. Three baths. Butler's pantry extension. Hardwood floors and electric lights. Can be bought at a bargain.
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Town Dwellings and Country Estates
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23D ST. 5 STORY BUILDING. PRICE, $100,000. RENTED FOR $8,000 NET.
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First-class paying investment properties are offered for sale; quick action. Principals only. CHARLES KUNTZE, 370 East 149th.

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LOOK EVERYWHERE But don't buy until you have seen our California Comfort Homes; garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street; two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.
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10 rooms; open plumbing; console mirrors; hardwood finish, parquet floors; dining room on parlor floor; stylish finish throughout; beautiful home and block; artistic brown stone and brick; Bedford section. William P. Rae Co., 400 Nostrand Av., B'klyn.
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11,000 square feet — ground floor—Webster Ave. and 2nd Ave., Long Island City.
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Brokers protected.

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16 Minutes from Penn. Station.
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Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
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ALONG THE SOUND
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At 45th Street
Suitable for Any High Class Business.
We Will Divide to Suit Tenant.
For Terms Inquire of the
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BUILD NOW
FOR $5,000 CASH and a mortgage for $10,000, we will build for you a nine-room Dutch Colonial cottage and garage, on a plot 100 feet frontage, within a few minutes' walk of the Broadway station, Flushing.
The house will be thoroughly modern and first-class in every respect, with large reception hall, living room 15x24, dining room, pantry, kitchen, laundry, 6 bedrooms and 2 baths. Parquet or plain hardwood floors, hardwood trim throughout; electric light, gas, steam heat, glass enclosed steam-heated veranda 10x22, big open fireplace; basement under entire house; connection with city sewer system; cement walks and driveway.
House alone, if built singly, would cost nearly as much as the price of house and land, but we want to build 100 houses on our land in the Broadway section this year, and we will give purchasers the full benefit of wholesale buying and building for cash. Smaller houses, but with the same conveniences, will also be built for from $10,000 to $12,000, including the land. Write, call, or telephone for particulars.
Rickert-Brown Realty Co.
Tel. 1190 Murray Hill 52 VANDERBILT AVE.

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A RARE WATERFRONT PROPERTY FOR ONLY $8,750.

A 10-room, all-year home of rare beauty, comfort and convenience; 100 FEET OF REAL WATERFRONT; has huge living room, entrance hall, kitchen, butler's pantry and dining room on first floor; four large sleeping rooms en suite, with tiled baths, on 2d floor; three large rooms, bath, on 3d floor; hardwood trim throughout, electric light, steam heat, parquet floors, wide verandas with concrete floors and solid rails, a big open fireplace, especially built for wood fires, and a stone basement under entire house are noteworthy features; the best of city conveniences, combined with the advantages of a wonderful country, exist here.
This charming, practical, year-round home, only a few minutes' walk from D., L. & W. express station, 47 minutes out by train from New York City, can be purchased outright and title secured for $1,000 cash down, balance as the rent you now pay per month.
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BROADWAY 40th & 41st Streets 31,600 Square Feet
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New York will soon be in dire need of more high-class hotels, centrally situated.

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HOUSE and GARAGE
Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon
$11,000
8 rooms, fine lot, with Trees, Porch, Open fireplaces.
Photo Sent on Request.
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Will Sell My Country Home
Below Value. Particularly attractive large house, expensively decorated; 3 tiled bathrooms; piazzas of imported Welsh tile; solarium, sun parlor, Summer arbor; 3-horse barn, carriage house, 3-car garage, with chauffeur's living quarters; beautiful grounds; magnificent view; all improvements, including sewers and gas; 30 minutes from Grand Central. Photo, Particulars, L. H. Tasker, owner, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 4500.

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Have You Seen Colonial Heights?
One new 10 room House For Sale. If not your ideal, buy a plot and build in this beautiful home colony. High elevation; no mosquitoes; no malaria. All improvements including Sewers and Gas. Near depot; 30 minutes from Grand Central. Little cash required. We finance. Write for Booklet. Tasker-Halsted Realty Co., Tribune Bldg.

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Furnished 1 year, 4 master's, 2 servants' rooms, 3 baths, $225 month.
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Both houses nearly new.
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New English Home
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Exceptional demand for new, modern dwellings. We have a plot of 20 lots one block from ocean in this high-class Ocean Residence Park. Building opportunity. Ready for improvement.
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NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES
$500 CASH
Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful, new suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 5c. commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork, parquet floors, steam heat, beautifully decorated; up-to-date fixtures; large porch; streets paved, sewers, gas and electricity; plenty of space for garage and a garden; 70 trains daily.
PRICE $5,200
AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS,
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FIFTY MODERN HOMES
for year round living ready for occupancy now. $7,500 on easy terms buys a 9 room house with 2 baths and 1-3 acre. $11,000 a 12 room house with 3 baths, garage and 2-3 acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. Easy commutation to N. Y. C. 900 ft. elevation. A little cash and your rent buys it.
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250 ACRE ESTATE WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE.
Unique and charming property; only 33 miles from New York, via all-macadamized road; 1¼ miles Lackawanna express station; 66 minutes to Manhattan, 50 trains; 750 feet elevation; 50 acres tillable, balance charming parklike woodland; in centre one of finest lakes in State; clear spring water; well stocked; three houses, modern barn, hennery for 2,000, garage, &c.; $25,000; worth double. Absolutely matchless so near New York; fortune in development. ALLABOUGH & SON, 63 Wall St. Phone Hanover 6895.

"Seven Chimneys" for Sale.
Estate orders immediate sale. Most charming old Dutch Colonial house; on fine knoll; majestic shade; 18 acres high, rolling land; pretty brook; superabundance fine shrubbery. House, mainly cut brownstone, 13 rooms, 3 bathrooms, Mott fixtures; electricity, steam heat. Less than 15 miles New York via all automobile road. Short distance Arcola Country Club. Only $20,000. Rare opportunity. Allabough & Son, 63 Wall. Phone Hanover 6895.

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FURNISHED SUMMER HOMES, DEAL, ALLENHURST, SPRING LAKE.
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30 IRVING PLACE
Southeast Corner 16th St.
Most Accessible Location in N. Y. Close to Subway and L Stations at 14th and 18th Sts. and all surface cars.
LOFTS 80x103.
Modern Fireproof Loft Building. Contains four elevators, automatic sprinklers and every improvement. Unexcelled light.
Immediate possession.
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HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

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147th, 609 West.—Attractive house, well furnished, modern, fine neighborhood; near Drive.

Bronx.

$5,000 cash, mortgage $50,000, buys 5-story apartment house, 50-foot front, Bronx; rent $8,300; no vacancies; principals only. "Reliable," 276 Times Downtown.

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Fine twelve rooms, 20x100, all modern improvements; fine block, fine section, near Park and Plaza; price right, half first mortgage 5 per cent., balance terms. Telephone Owner, South 3844.

Very desirable one-family house, 7 rooms and bath; very modern; well located, near cars and elevated; reasonable. Inquire 315 East 5th St., Flatbush.

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Atractive Park Hill house, 8 rooms, large porch, garden, garage; lot 85x130; immediate sale; leaving State. Phone 2984 Yonkers; photograph, information; will meet customers. John G. James, 101 Rockland Av. Two stucco houses at Larchmont; large plots, near station, one with garage, five bedrooms, two baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity, shade; $11,500; quick sale; one for $8,000. Howell C. Perrin, 5 East 42d St.

A Summer camp within commuting distance; open fireplace, living room, kitchen, bath, two bedrooms, complete; quarter acre plot; water rights; $1,750. Lake Mahopac Bungalow Colony, 40 West 32d St. Mad. 9860.

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Long Island.

Broadway, Flushing—Owner moving to Pittsburgh, will sacrifice new 7-room house; breakfast room, tiled bath, parquet floors, hard wood, electricity, gas. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6896.

Broadway, Flushing—Owner moving to Pittsburgh, will sacrifice new 7-room house; fireplace. Dutch breakfast room, tiled bath, parquet floor, hard wood, electricity, gas. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6896.

Baldwin, L. I.—New 7-room house and 5-room bungalow; all improvements; on Thomas Av., 12 minutes' walk from station. Inquire Twinem, owner, 220 Ashford St., Brooklyn.

Kew Gardens House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces, every convenience; on beautiful corner plot; price, $27,500. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

For Sale.—No. 48 Markwood Road, Forest Hill Gardens; large 12-room house, 3 baths; land for 2-car garage. Tel. Forest Hill 6225.

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MADISON.—Lackawanna Railroad; 400 feet elevation; 6,000 population; best commuting residential town; ideal community; large terraced plot; 20-mile views; large corner bedrooms and tiled bathroom; maid's room and bath; every best improvement; all floors hardwood; superior neighborhood environment; only $7,500; a bargain. Allabough & Son, 63 Wall. Phone Hanover 6895.

MADISON.—Beautiful, modern brick semi-bungalow; plot 100x150; large superior environment; 75 ft. of wide Colonial porches; living room, library, dining room, all extra large, with superabundance of light; grand fireplace; parquet floors; 5 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, $10,500; should be $13,000, but owner means business. Allabough, 63 Wall. Phone Hanover 6895.

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Six and seven rooms; steam heat; tiled baths, open fireplaces, large living rooms, large kitchens, with pantry; plot 40x150; price $8,150; terms to suit; also desirable home sites for sale. Frank Miller, 13 Park Row, New York. Tel. Barclay 8685.

A $500 payment secures small village farm; balance like rent; apple trees in full bearing; 5-room model farmhouse in course of construction; village water; electricity; short walk station. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Mad.

Gentleman has several small farms on which he will build model farmhouses for families who will make permanent homes; plans sent to approved prospects. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Mad.

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Would like reliable real estate man to secure client for desirable water front property on the Eastern Shore, with fine facilities. Apply to A. E. Greacen, Hotel Norris, Easton, Md.

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Modern home, 8-10 rooms, in good commuting distance to Hudson Terminal Building; purchase, all cash. S 212 Times.

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Forty-five cents an agate line.

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Charming Colonial house, 10 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; double garage; man's room; garden; bathing, tennis and golf. Near Stamford station. F. L. FIELD, 18 East 41st St.

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SOME DESIRABLE OFFICES TO RENT IN THE
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Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
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122 Feet Sunlight—
5th Loft 4,500 Sq. Ft. $2,500
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NORTHEAST CORNER WASHINGTON
Carries 250 Lbs. Sq. Ft. Heavy Load Electric Elevators.
Apply at elevator on premises.

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
40x96; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators; immediate possession. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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987 MADISON AVE.
Southeast Corner 77th Street.
Sublet apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths. Rent $2,100; 3 years' lease; occupancy March 15th. Apply Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

FOR SALE One of the most handsomely and completely furnished 6-room apartments
In the city, containing Baby Grand piano; near 104th street and West End Avenue. Rent very moderate for location; long lease, which can be assigned to purchaser if desired. Offered For Sale by original owner in its entirety. All furniture like new, and of the best quality obtainable. Will sell at bargain for cash only. Address BUSINESS, 141 Times.

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Sacrifice—Act at once; corner lot of over 5,000 square feet; suitable factory, garage, or warehouse; owner 1,162 East 12th St., Brooklyn. 5014 Midwood.

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Rockaway Park.—3-story 2-family all year house for sale; 5 rooms, bath each apartment; near ocean and station; restricted block. Owner 48 Beach 119th St., Rockaway Park. Phone Hammels 1938.

Fort Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay. —Plot, 100x150, with all improvements, fine old trees; price $2,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING—BARGAIN.
Must be sold, ten lots, taken under foreclosure, near station; will divide. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

Douglas Manor.—Beautiful modern Colonial, 9 rooms, 2 baths; sacrifice. J. Withers, 40 West 32d St. Tel. 9860 Madison Square.

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Near Millington—Four acres, 8-room house; every improvement; heat, electricity; city water and spring water; garage; ice house; chicken coop; built 1917; all front land; abundance fruits; more acreage if desired. Owner, 68 Washington Ter., East Orange, N. J.

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SUMMER HOMES,
ALLENHURST, ASBURY PARK, DEAL,
NOW RENTING.
Also hotels and boarding houses. Send for booklet. Albert Robbins, Inc., Asbury Park, N. J., (opp. depots,) Allenhurst, N. J.

Attractive country home, eight rooms and bath; every modern improvement; half acre; beautifully wooded; convenient express commuting station; sacrifice. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, New York.

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Sacrifice over 200 acres excellent farm and timber land; rolling country; at foot of Berkshires; situated 17 miles east of Hudson, N. Y., on main road to Great Barrington, Mass.; one mile from Copock Lake; elegant location for Summer hotel; sanitarium, &c.; first-class offer of $5,000 takes it. Ladd Barton, 382 Wadsworth Av., N. Y. City.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE—BERKSHIRES.
8,000 acres; hills, dales, woodlands; excellent views; lake; hunting; large residence complete in every way; (music room); garage; lodge; superintendent's house; gardens; duck pond; law

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Nice room in pleasant apartment; kitchen privilege or breakfast, dinner; business woman; reasonable. Academy 3307.

LARGE ROOM, 3 windows, facing Riverside Drive, bath adjoining; gentleman. Schuyler 1548.

PRIVATE FAMILY have large front room; one, two young men who appreciate cleanliness and home atmosphere. Schuyler 1613.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Block From 157th Broadway Subway Station.)—Fully furnished, large parlor, and piano; bedroom connecting; suitable for two or three. Call Audubon 229 for my private phone.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 180, (Corner 119th, "The Vallamont," Apt. 31.)—Large, sunny front room; references. Telephone Morningside 5251.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,601.—Large front; southern exposure; private bath; no meals; in private Christian family; business couple preferred; references. Phone evenings, Tremont 5844.

WEST END AV., 613, (Between 80th and 90th Sts.)—Beautiful, clean, large, light rooms.

WEST END AV., 662, (92d.)—Beautiful large room; electricity; adjoining bath; moderate.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

81ST. 29 WEST, (facing park.)—Exceptional studio; electricity; steam; maid service; private house.

MADISON AV., 755, (corner 64th.) large back parlor, private bath; suitable residence or dressmaker; grand mirrors.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Young business man, (Hebrew,) wants neat, furnished room, private bath attached, breakfast, in modern apartment house with private cultured family having maid service; references exchanged; price no object. S 280 Times.

Young married Christian business couple, engaged during day, desire exquisitely furnished room in modern elevator apartment; west side, between 55th and 100th Sts.; permanent; references; about $15 weekly; willing to take meals also. S 253 Times.

Furnished room, kitchenette, and bath, by young Western couple; no typical rooming houses need answer; give location, price, and telephone number; convenient to financial district. L 474 Times Downtown.

Furnished room, without board, wanted by couple; preferably south of 125th St., and near Broadway subway; advise weekly or monthly rate. S 287 Times.

Young business woman (Christian) desires room and board in refined modern house; state terms. Box 384 Times, 2 Rector St.

Business girl desires room with private family, near subway station. B 496 Times Downtown.

Refined business woman would share large room with business girl. T 212 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

34TH, 14 EAST.—Large double room, private bath, 2d sleeping floor; reference.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; also small room.

50TH ST. (1,545 Lexington Av.)—Large, desirable room, excellent table; moderate, convenient location. 'Phone 3286 Lenox.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

34TH, 54 WEST.—Rooms and private baths.

37TH ST., 16 WEST.—Double room and bath, with board; gentlemen; references.

60TH, 105 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath, steam heat; references.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY, STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD; COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 248 WEST.—Single and double rooms, with board; one private bath; ladies only; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two large double front rooms, private bath; home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large room, all accommodations, good home cooking; table guests.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Sunny medium room, adjoining bath; excellent meals; references exchanged.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive double room, suitable two gentlemen; table a specialty.

96TH, 65 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; table board.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family, front room, 4 southern windows; owner's home.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Par. 3c.
80 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult. With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., FT. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 855, corner 102D.—Southwest corner room; 2 windows; running water; excellent board. Osborne, 8th floor.

WEST END AV., 531, (86th St.)—Attractive double front room; excellent table.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Business man, college graduate, wants home in cultured, congenial atmosphere, below 86th St.; describe accommodations, price, and personnel of household. U. S. N., 531 Newbury St., Boston, Mass.

Room, homelike, breakfast and dinner; private family; apartment preferred; below 100th St.; refined surroundings; $60 monthly; business woman. V 80 Times.

Neighborhood West 86th, first-class accommodations, by Jewish lady; sunny room; elevator apartment. Miss Leventhal, 23 West 70th St.

Young business lady wishes board with small private family; elevator necessary. S 263 Times.

Refined Jewish couple desire furnished room and board with a nice family in a clean neighborhood. S 283 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR FAMILY HOTEL, 124 Bruce Av. Tel. 3344 Yonkers.

New York State.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS
FOR HEALTH.
Right altitude, right air, right living. Invalids, convalescents, and nervous cases. Constant medical attention. For terms and full particulars Address Dr. L. J. Kiernan, Stamford, N. Y.

Hotel Osborn, New Rochelle, N. Y.—Fireproof residential hotel, six minutes from railroad station and bathing beach; double and single rooms, with or without bath. Tel. 3050 New Rochelle.

Lady wishes to share her beautiful country home with couple. Write or see Mrs. E. Engelman, Grandview-on-Hudson, N. Y.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $85 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel, filled with New Yorkers; 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1105 White Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female
Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and typist; 5 years' experience; salary $16. B 458 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typist, correspondent; 8 years' experience; capable rendering trial balance, financial statements, quick figurer, books opened, closed, balanced; $20. B 734 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONENT, long commercial experience, taking full charge double entry books, monthly trial balances; accurate, conscientious, ambitious; desires opportunity to prove efficiency. S 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — VERY HIGH GRADE, LONG EXPERIENCE; "ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING; FULL CHARGE. A 489 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typist, desires position with reliable concern; 3 years' experience; salary $20. B 446 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, seven years' experience; double entry; trial balance; controlling accounts; modern methods; salary $25. B 487 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT with knowledge of stenography and typewriting. Schaefer, 347 East 77th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge stenography and typewriting, 1½ years' experience; $14. B 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Ledger clerk, typist; 3 years' experience; accurate; $15. B 406 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—2½ years' experience trial balance, controlling accounts; $15. L 408 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST.—College graduate, experienced, desires inorganic analytical work in city. T 210 Times.

CLERK.—Accurate at figures, high school education, 2 years' experience. B 447 Times Downtown.

CONFIDENTIAL CLERK, SECRETARY, (woman,) thoroughly experienced; qualifications include stenography, accounting. V 79 Times.

DAY'S WORK, reliable white woman; $2.75 per day. Box 43, 1,039 3d Av.

DRESSMAKER, gowns, coats, stylish alterations specialty; $3 daily. Phone Hensley, 880 Morningside.

GOVERNESS.—Lady of refinement, specially trained normal school and college, to teach and care for children; wide experience, unusual references. Davila, 854 Lexington Av.

GOVERNESS, visiting, teacher; young lady, best education; five years with last family, desires position in city. T 195 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Mother's helper, American, refined graduate nurse; excellent housekeeper; thoroughly trained worker; responsible; permanent position; references. H 342 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, capable, experienced cook, where she can have her disciplined boy of 8; salary $45; references. B 934 Times Harlem.

HOUSEKEEPER, managing, intelligent, experienced, desires responsible position, hotel, private. 358 West 27th.

INSTRUCTOR.—Private pupils taught by Vassar graduate, experienced teacher and tutor; speediest advancement guaranteed; highest references. E 62 Times.

LADY, companionable, intelligent, American, refined personality, desires resident position, useful companion to lady; excellent needleswoman; capable. H. B., 1,042 Amsterdam Av.

LAUNDRESS, colored, half time or washing home; references. James, 130 West 143d.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 3 years, (Christian,) high school education, A1 at figures, filing, typewriting; exceptional references. R 588 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, thorough knowledge bookkeeping, purchasing, office routine; 10 years' experience; last 4 years large institution. T 172 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, thoroughly experienced, can operate switchboard, typewriter, office details. Morningside 2007.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—College graduate, efficient correspondent; knowledge French and German. T 209 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, TYPIST, cashier; young lady; 5 years' experience; $16. B 454 Times Downtown.

RECEPTION CLERK, TYPIST.
Switchboard operator; young lady; Christian; 5 years' experience. B 455 Times Downtown.

SALES CORRESPONDENT, Christian; experienced; can take entire charge of correspondence; office or department management, interviewing; &c. L 64 Times.

SEARCHES made, engineering, general subjects by experienced librarian. Ellefson, 70 Morningside Drive.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE
Possessing initiative, experience, tact, ability, take complete charge affairs busy man; personality; highest credentials; $30. R 380 Times.

SECRETARIAL position desired by young lady; trained in first-class secretarial school; willing to demonstrate ability; pleasing personality; $20 to start. Baberie, 37 East 58th St., Plaza 2993.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Eight years' experience; high school education; refined, conscientious, rapid, accurate; best credentials. B 483 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, experienced, efficient, reliable; references. Moed, 210 East 112th.

SECRETARY. — Experienced; stenography, bookkeeping; initiative; good correspondent; personality. Z 209 Times Annex.

STATISTICAL CLERK, also familiar general office work; accurate at figures; high school graduate; 2 years' reference; $15. Box 100, 2,121 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent; competent, brainy, wide awake, not afraid work; above average; five years' engineering, mechanical experience; excellent stenographer; good speller; thoroughly understands punctuation; businesslike; $25; references. B 499 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally neat; 6 years' technical experience; accustomed technical, general dictation; knowledge bookkeeping; legible penman; well grounded English; accurate, rapid transcriptions; can be depended upon; unquestionable references; $25. O 710 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY.—Expert, intelligent, accurate, above average, fast, comprehensive, rapid transcriptions, accustomed to technical dictation; 12 years' experience one firm only, engineering, contracting, architectural; $25. K 589 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; intelligent, conscientious, reliable; business school graduate; willing and capable. Celia Piolo, 37 West 58th. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school, business school graduate; three years' experience. M. Rubenoff, 428 East 58th. Phone Plaza 7859.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, business school graduate; neat, accurate, reliable, willing worker. Helen Hahne, 37 East 58th St., Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; high school graduate; 8 years' commercial and magazine experience; salary $23 per week. R 589 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 1 year's experience; salary $14; references. F. D., 216 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone Sterling 755.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, capable taking charge of office; $17. R 586 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, two years' experience; references; $15. B 489 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced, capable, knowledge office routine; references; $18-$20. R 587 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, capable handling correspondence; executive ability. Campbell, 57 West St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, two and a half years' experience; knowledge office work; accurate, rapid; $15. B 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Many years' varied experience; refined Christian. L., 2,110 Mapes Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in law, desires position; salary, $22 weekly. S 797 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, good appearance, desires permanent position; salary $16. B 478 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; competent, reliable; salary $20. B 469 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, SALARY $15. B 500 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; general office work preferred; reference; salary $15-$18. B 914 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of French and details of export trade. Miss Zolot, 229 West 115th St. Beckman 2977.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; reference former employer; American; $18. B 460 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; executive ability; thoroughly reliable; salary $23. L 472 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' commercial experience, familiar with office details. R 573 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; particular worker; experienced; common sense; $23. T 230 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Knowledge bookkeeping; long experience; refined; salary $22. S 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, neat conscientious reliable worker; 2 years' experience; best references. T 229 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office assistant desires position in business house; $15. Miss Eginton, 334 West 55th. Telephone 9541 Columbus.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Can operate busy board; considerable business experience; references. S 282 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, general office assistant, knowledge typewriting, simple bookkeeping, filing; high school graduate; 5 years' experience; good memory; unquestionable references; $14. O 728 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

TYPIST, two years' experience, wishes position; salary $15. Miss Gordon, 143 West 117th St.

TYPIST desires home work, copy scenarios and manuscripts. MacIntyre, 98 Morningside Av.

TYPIST.—Five years' experience general office work, wants position above 42d St. Clara T. Graham, 532 West 145th St.

TYPIST, 3 years' experience, knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $17. B 488 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, six years' experience, accurate, permanent position; $18. B 495 Times Downtown.

TYPIST; accurate, neat, rapid; 4 years' experience; salary $17. B 453 Times Downtown.

TYPIST. — 8 years' experience banking; Christian; competent. E 56 Times.

YOUNG LADY.—Refined, educated, living in the vicinity of the Plaza Hotel, desires to take care of several children afternoons. Phone Plaza 6106.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (80th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, county; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

400 skilled cooks, butlers; Japanese. American agent. Kurihara, 804 6th Av. Bryant 7931.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.—Thorough theoretical training; ten years' practical hotel experience; able to take full charge accounting department hotel or apartment houses. S 241 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, eight years' commercial and auditing experience, Face graduate, desires connection C. P. A.; capable semi-senior; conduct own audits; income tax. Meltzer, Gramercy 3856.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—Income Tax Specialist; established 1906; $5 upward; services guaranteed; references. Phone Beekman 998, Friedlander, 154 Nassau.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPR, 20 years' cost and general experience, controlling accounts and statements, desires position with advancement. B 463 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, desires temporary work; college graduate; 2 years' experience with public accountant; references; $6 day. S 279 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax expert; books opened, closed; bookkeeping arrangements $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, thorough bookkeeper, was accounting student, wants connection as junior or semi-senior; honorable army discharge. T 206 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.— Experienced junior, accountancy student, desires connection certified public accountants. B 462 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR.—Young man, two years' auditing experience, honorable U. S. Army discharge, desires permanent position with C. P. A. firm. R 581 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; ten years' practical experience; take full charge; highest reference; college graduate; $40. B 801 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, C. P. A. experience, university training, desires C. P. A. connection; references. L 465 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER.—Part time; statements, tax reports; will consider permanent position. S. Deixler, 147 Park Row.

ACCOUNTANT SYSTEM SPECIALIST desires part time engagements, reorganization systems, &c. T 39 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert cost and financial, construction and manufacturing, able executive. T 202 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, Government auditor, thorough, open for engagement; salary $3,000. E 52 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR.—University man, experienced typist, desires connection public accountant. B 485 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 25, experienced junior, wishes connection with certified concern. B 461 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, university graduate, desires position part time. R 566 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING SERVICE, by day, week or month. Samuel Feder, 520 East 156th.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, having had thorough business training past seven years with present employer, desires change, where his ability can be utilized; understands every branch the mercantile business; capable giving good results in all departments. B 464 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT CREDIT, COLLECTION MANAGER, 32, well versed in interviewing prospective customers; nine years' experience; salary reasonable. B 452 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILES.—Young man, 24, honorably discharged; willing worker; 5 years' connected with concern manufacturing special auto parts; office, factory experience; excellent references. H 341 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and accountant with analytical mind, thoroughly conversant in preparing reports and business statistics, with long, varied traveling and public experience; American; Christian; honorably discharged soldier; excellent references. W 548 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, office manager; married, thoroughly experienced, efficient, desires position; understands control accounts, trial balance, financial statements; can take entire charge. S 293 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 27; 7 years' experience, bookkeeping and factory cost accounting; executive ability; accurate; highest references; honorably discharged from army. King, 10 Danforth St., Bklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, 15 years' experience in manufacturing jobbing harmony, year's retail experience, trial balance, control, and mathematician, versed in all commercial matters. S 267 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — Executive experience, thoroughly efficient, knowledge stenography; discharged sailor. L 418 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; office man; 3 years' experience; excellent references; trial balances; college education; $17. Zitver, 123 Avenue C.

BOOKKEEPER, salesman wants work Sunday and evenings; 10 years' experience; college education; best references. T 214 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 27, married; thoroughly experienced, wholesale butter, eggs. Receiving, solicitor; open for opportunity; highest credentials. B 472 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced office manager, paymaster, cashier, general office detail; first-class credentials; bond; moderate salary. Moran, 103 West 104th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced, neat, accurate; good penman; business school graduate. Abraham Oscerfeld, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2994.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, thoroughly capable taking complete charge; accurate and reliable; good education and well recommended; $21. B 443 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, 2 years' experience, capable of taking full charge, at present attending N. Y. U., desires position. S 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, seeks permanent position; controlling accounts, trial balance, general ledger, opening and closing books. E 55 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 26, married; trial balance, double entry, controlling accounts, financial statements; Christian, American. B 939 Times, Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, discharged soldier, college student, specializing in accounting; experienced, controlling accounts, balances, financial statements, collections. T 223 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance, income, gain and loss sheet, student of accounting. Apply L 460 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 19, beginner, high school graduate, conscientious, desires permanent position. B 456 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with all modern methods of accounting; salary $30. T 220 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience sales, purchase ledger; also payroll; $25. K 707 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, modern methods; coats, suits, any other line. R 358 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, evenings; also correspondent, experienced; age 25; best references. B 916 Times Harlem.

BUYER OF FOODSTUFFS,
recently out of navy commissary, has ten years' experience as buyer and manager of stores, wishes position in same line; best references furnished. R 584 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Swedish, 32, married, wishes position, private family, city or country; eight years' driving experience on Packard, Pierce Arrow, Locomobile; own repairs; have also shop experience; can furnish best city references. Oscar Engstrom, Mineola, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; 15 years' experience; best references from private parties; married; prefers country position. 140 Vermilyea Av. Tel. 8856 St. Nicholas. Harvey.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires position; just leaving employ of family on Park Av. to allow former chauffeur returning from war service, to resume his position; good references. S 264 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, discharged First Sergeant, Tank Corps, seeks private position; good driver; competent mechanic; salary $25-$30 weekly. Otto Van Howe, 222 East 115th.

CHAUFFEUR, 25; experienced all cars; intelligent, educated; good appearance; city or country; salary no object. Tihanyi, 300 Manhattan Av. Cathedral 8554.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, married, desires position, private or commercial; 6 years' experience; best of references; own repairs. E 51 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (colored,) careful, expert mechanic; long experience; references. Witter, 28 W. 134th.

CHAUFFEUR, 28; 14 years' experience driving; city, country; references; private. 1,508 2d Av., Box 23.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 yrs.' expert on all high-grade cars; positively all repairs; married; neat, willing. T 194 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 5 years' experience, wishes private position. Kusch. Telephone Plaza 5789.

CHAUFFEUR, 28; shop mechanic; all cars; repairing; 14 years driving; references; city, country. R 385 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced; private; any car; best references. Nelson, 90 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires position; commercial; best references. 425 East 66th St. Cleianto.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; best references. J. J. Devers, 210 Riverside Drive, care Coburn.

CHEMIST, graduate, 28 years old, 8 years' experience in laboratory and plant on inorganic, organic metallurgical work and metallography, wishes position in plant or laboratory; not afraid of work; speaks Spanish and other modern languages; willing to work in office or as assistant if chances for advancement are bright. T 188 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, experienced in production useful artificial compounds, wants connection. B 475 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST, recent college graduate, completed thorough course, desires position. M. R., 240 Times Downtown.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 35 years old, married, 5½ years' railroad experience, 4½ building construction and surveys, 2 years' private practice; experienced covers, gradings, steam and shovel, concrete arches, pile and frame trestles, investigation, reports, estimates, analysis and costs; available March 15; location immaterial; salary commensurate with work, after proving ability; personal interview solicited. P. E. S., care 3,431 Broadway.

CIVIL ENGINEER, experienced construction, reinforced concrete designing, inspection, and testing of materials, wishes position. S 276 Times.

CLERICAL.—Young man, 20, high school education, four years' clerical experience, desires position. B 444 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.—Young man, (18,) high school graduate, one year's clerical experience, desires position. L 403 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man, 28, excellent education, wishes office position offering advancement; excellent figurer, correspondent. S 257 Times.

COLLECTOR, Etc.—Real estate; experienced; desires position with reliable firm. E 27 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 29, experienced cost accountant and civil engineer, desires employment; owing to broad qualifications, is also fitted for high-grade positions in addition to those stated. B 911 Times Harlem.

COOK, butler, houseman, (Japanese student,) excellent, wishes position mornings, nights. Hara, 100 West 53d, city.

CORRESPONDENT, expert stenographer, bookkeeper, secretarial-selling experience; exceptionally qualified; references. B 459 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, (Finnish,) man chauffeur, wife good cook; city, country experience; references. K. K., 77 East 127th St.

COUPLE (Swedish) wish position, cook and butler; good references. 649 Lexington Av.

CREDIT AND FINANCIAL MAN.
Eight years' experience in credit work, two years as bank credit manager; executive ability and capable of managing finances; Christian; age 30. A 817 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN, ASSISTANT, 23; EXPERIENCED; EDUCATED; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, CORRESPONDENCE, OFFICE ROUTINE; REFERENCES. E 45 TIMES.

DESIGNER, high and technical school education, shop and production control experience, eight years as designer mechanical and electro-mechanical, chief draftsman, employed, desires change. M., P. O. Box 153, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, GRADUATE M. E.,
15 years' experience, general construction elevators, conveying systems, power work, steel and concrete design, desires position. O 799 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, (mechanical,) graduate, long, practical experience designing special machines, dies, jigs, fixtures, &c., desires permanent position. D 1205 Times, Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical; layout, detail, special tools; 15 years' experience, shop and office; inventive. B 416 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, first class detailer, technical graduate, four years' experience. L 463 Times Downtown.

EDITOR.—Young man who has had wide experience on the New York newspapers wishes connection with magazine or trade paper; understands judging of copy and its preparation for compositor, proofreading, layouts, make-up, &c.; successful cartoonist, short-story and scenario writer; recently discharged from army, where he published one of the largest and best-known camp papers in the country; if you want a capable executive write today. S 259 Times.

EXECUTIVE, WESTERNER, (30,) TEN YEARS' MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE, ACCOUNTING, CREDITS, OFFICE MANAGER, SALESMAN, OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. H 338 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE.—Import and export position preferred; college graduate, 28, 4 years' business experience, purchasing, selling; ambitious and energetic; discharged. L 412 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MAN.—College graduate, 26, married, wishes position in export department of well established concern; perfect knowledge of Spanish and French and thorough export training; available March 15. E 53 Times.

EXPORTERS.—Man, 25, technical education, foreign travel, export experience, buying, selling, would make excellent foreign representative. R 343 Times.

FACTORY and foundry man, experienced in accounts, costs, estimates, payrolls, production, purchases and sales. R 399 Times.

FUR MAN.—Young man, 28, thoroughly experienced in fur manufacturing business; can direct factory, see buyers; references. T 211 Times.

GARDENER, head working, or superintendent of gentleman's estate; thoroughly competent; life experience in all branches of gardening, both outdoors and in greenhouses; also landscape and farming; Scotch, married, small family; state wages and particulars. Address Z 205 Times Annex.

GARDENER wishes a position on gentleman's country estate; ten years on last place; married, no children; just back from overseas; honorable discharge; age 28; state wages; also had a short course at Mass. College. Robert E. Stumpf, North St., Greenwich, Conn.

GENTLEMAN.—American, with intimate knowledge of economic and political conditions in Mexico, years of experience in Latin America as importer and exporter, understanding business methods, customs, laws, and Spanish, wishes position. Y 894 Times Annex.

JAPANESE, neat, sober, seeks permanent position; butler, valet, high-class family; country, city; references. Taito, 119 East 34th St.

PRODUCTION ENGINEER.—Age 36, university graduate, technical training, over 10 years' experience in efficiency engineering and scientific management; salary $5,000. E 31 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHER, expert, no retouching, would like to connect with Broadway theatrical concern. Write Box 80, 1,515 3d Av.

MANAGER.—Gentleman of extensive business experience, capable, sober, honest, earnest, efficient, seeks position where such qualifications would be appreciated; executive ability and good correspondent; remuneration nominal to start. A 816 Times Annex.

MANAGER, building construction, Superintendent, seeks connection responsible firm, field or office work; efficient constructor high-class commercial buildings and engineering work. E 61 Times.

MANAGER and buyer's assistant, 5 years' experience in cloak, suit specialty store; would travel to any part of the country. T 199 Times.

MANAGER, general office system, experienced sales promotion by mail; systematizer. T 225 Times.

MASSEUR.—Licensed; thorough, competent; private service; high references. Call Lenox 5146.

NIGHT WORK WANTED; YOUNG MAN, WHITE. B 497 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, 3 years' credit experience, age 20, clean cut, good penman, quick figurer, excellent education, seeks situation, any capacity, where competency, intelligence are mandatory; Christian. S 740 Times Downtown.

PSYCHOLOGIST.—College graduate in psychology; 10 months' experience testing and statistical work U. S. Army; Ph. D. B 940 Times Harlem.

PLUMBERS' SUPPLIES.—Young man desires position as price clerk. B 932 Times Harlem.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Young man, highly educated, possesses personality, wishes to represent reputable firm in foreign countries. P. O. Box 533, Annapolis, Md.

RUSSIAN.
Export or import preferred; graduate of a Russian high school, student New York University, desires position with a progressive, reliable concern. R 347 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Legitimate sales experience covers four years, age 25, prepossessing appearance, full of "pep." What is your proposition? Write, please, A. T. B. 96, 13th Av., Long Island City.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with first-class concern; experienced in hardware, groceries, bakers' and confectioners' supplies, and utensils. Box 816, 1,464 3d Av.

SALESMAN, (28,) overseas returned; energetic man, good sales record in textiles; positively a hustler; any line. L 470 Times Downtown.

SALES ASSISTANT.
College graduate, 21, desires position with progressive firm; honorable discharge. S 285 Times.

SALESMAN.—Toolmaker and all-around machinist, with 4 years' experience as specialty salesman, wants position as salesman. Box 128, 852 Columbus Av.

SALESMAN, covering Pacific Coast, desires line, sideline, selling druggists, sporting goods, department stores, &c. S 271 Times.

SALESROOM position desired by young man, 20; experienced; also correspondent. R 585 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, young college man, experienced on road; reliable; references. B 480 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN food products, selling to exporters, jobbers, retailers; excellent references. S 222 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 25, high school education, understands bookkeeping, good appearance, seven years' office experience, wants position with opportunity; $25 to start. L 468 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Competent, capable, executive secretary, expert stenographer, wishes position. B 490 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Young man (19), experienced, desires position. B 457 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—An intelligent, educated man, Swedish nationality, desires position with ladies' wear concern, shipping, packing department, where advancement is possible. Olsson, 216 East 61st St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean-cut, highly proficient; 6 years' advertising, mechanical experience; absolutely qualified; capable assuming responsibility; not afraid work; get up literature, circularize; excellent mathematician, grammarian; $25; good references. O 731 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate and rapid; six years' commercial experience; well educated; qualified to act as secretary and correspondent; Christian; $25. L 473 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Understands Spanish; business school graduate; accurate, willing, and capable. August Gandia, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, thoroughly capable; business and high school graduate; willing, reliable. Kay Gordon, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, TWO YEARS' PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE; NOT AFRAID HARD WORK; REFERENCES. T 178 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, 25, well educated, seven years' commercial experience; efficient; secretary and correspondent; army discharge. Wildstein, 546 Claremont Parkway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Experienced, rapid, accurate operator desires position; $20-$25. S 210 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, competent young man for progressive concern; long experience. B 445 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, desires position. Melton Wasserberger, 238 East 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, excellent correspondent; 5 years' secretarial experience; salary $30. K 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (24,) expert, knowledge of bookkeeping, thoroughly experienced and competent. L 414 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate; neat in personality; willing worker B 938 Times, Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, 19; good command of English; experienced automobile industry. V 51 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—English, Spanish, French translator; experienced; best references; $30 weekly. B 467 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Young man, high school graduate, college; experience; references. L 469 Times Downtown.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, 26, married, present employment assistant production superintendent, desires change; practical engineering, drafting experience; executive ability; present salary $2,200. B. H., P. O. Box 153, Brooklyn.

TRAFFIC MAN, 22, desires position as claim investigator and correspondent. L 462 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, English, five languages, wishes steady position; familiar with translating work. S 255 Amsterdam Av. Phone Columbus 5123.

VALET. — Any one requiring an excellent valet, a colored young man, whom I am only releasing because my former valet just returned from the war comes back into my service, can obtain a splendid, efficient man, one thoroughly reliable, honest, and conscientious. Louis Mann, 131 Riverside Drive.

VALET, masseur, Swedish; long experience; excellent references. T 198 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) business university graduate, at N. Y. U., 3 years' experience in managerial capacity as assistant to president and purchasing agent of concern manufacturing Government equipment; business suspended on signing of armistice. T 192 Times.

YOUNG MAN, South American, with a college education and broad knowledge of French, Spanish, and Portuguese, wants position as instructor in either a college or preparatory school; learned French in Belgium. Z 214

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, (American only;) experienced; must be first-class stenographer and accurate at figures; permanent position and good salary to the right person; state age, nationality, experience, and salary. M. C., 808 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Office Assistant.—Experienced; moderate salary; good opportunity; Brooklyn resident preferred. J. S. Mfg. Co., 133 Floyd St., near Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accurate, and rapid; write own handwriting, stating age and experience; will interview by telephone if possible. W 549 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, by large wholesale hardware and cutlery firm; must be rapid and accurate. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, Corbet, P. O. Box 851, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced, in leading import and export concern; splendid opportunity for competent party; address, stating salary and full particulars. L 448 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — General office experience, stock brokerage house experience preferred. Robert Lee Gray, Inc., 1,834 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHEA (French) for large export house; knowledge of English preferred but not essential; reply in French. A 463 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced typist and stenographer; must be thoroughly experienced in wholesale mercantile line. Write, stating full particulars, V 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Steady, reliable, experienced; $12 week; hours 9 to 6 every day; theatrical office; state references. V 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, live young beginner; must be quick and accurate; good salary to start; permanent; references. Apply Vaughan's, 48 Barclay St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady experienced cloak and suit line; one not afraid of hard work; good opportunity; no beginners need apply. L. & G. Dress, 136 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Good opportunity for bright beginner; salary $9. Box L 450 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist. — One with wholesale clothing experience, willing to work, preferred. Apply after 10 A. M. Fruhauf Bros. & Co., 53 West 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced, good appearance, for publishing house. Write, giving full details, V 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—To take shorthand and be experienced on Elliott-Fisher and Underwood. Neugass Bros., 71 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER in large wholesale house; state age, experience, religion, and salary. V 74 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant. N. Y. Steel and Copper Plate Co., 89 Morton St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing to operate phonograph; $14 to start. E 65 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR to assist in salesroom; must be capable of doing typewriting and willing to make herself useful; good opportunity for right party; to receive consideration give full particulars, references, and salary wanted. Engineers, 2 Columbus Circle, New York.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR in importing house for switchboard and generally useful; state experience, references, and salary expected. G 62 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and mail clerk; state age, references, and salary expected. V 62 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for small switchboard. Write, stating salary, L 459 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

Large progressive grocery firm is now prepared to develop dictaphone operators from capable typists; pleasant and lucrative work; correctly taught by an expert, assuring good pay at start, better when qualified; such opportunities rarely exist, so in reply give details concerning age, education, experience, salary expected. Address Typist, P. O. Box 289, City Hall Station, New York.

TYPIST, rapid, 18-23; some experience in general office work, switchboard; must be good speller; punctual; good salary; easy hours; sure advancement if willing and capable. Call Room 1140, 200 5th Av.

TYPIST and Stenographer. — Experienced. Address, stating experience and salary, A 496 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, 18 to 35 years, for copying work in office, large corporation. Mrs. Tillinghast, 346 Broadway, 2d floor.

TYPIST in large wholesale house; state age, experience, religion, and salary. V 78 Times.

TYPIST who can assist at bookkeeping. S. P., 231 Times.

UNDERGRADUATE NURSE TO CARE FOR BUSINESS WOMAN CONVALESCING FROM RECENT ILLNESS; PERMANENT POSITION. ADDRESS BY MAIL FOR INTERVIEW TO MRS. KRAMER, 161 MADISON AV.

WAITRESS, assist chamber work, (white,) experienced; personal references required; private house, 3 in family; $45. Apply Thursday, 565 West End Av., (87th St.)

WOMAN. — Wanted, business woman of American family, with intelligence and tact, to make herself useful in downtown law office; knowledge of stenography and typewriting necessary for advancement; salary $75 per month. A 498 Times Downtown.

WOMAN to take charge of toilet goods department, capable of handling department and assist in buying, for Southern department store. Apply 8:30-9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M., Kirby, Block & Fisher, 1,150 B'way.

WOMEN Wanted.—Three women fitters for department store, out of town, near N. Y. State; must understand the fitting of suits and dresses. Apply Perley Buying Association, 1,161 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY.

Clerical position; office large grocery firm; short hours, congenial surroundings, luncheon; state age, education, experience. Address "E.," P. O. Box 229, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG WOMAN as restaurant cashier; good salary, including room and board. Apply manager, HOTEL GOTHAM, 5TH AV. AT 55TH.

YOUNG LADY wanted in clerical capacity in leading mercantile concern; must be experienced and competent at figures. Address, stating full particulars, L 447 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, clerical capacity, typewriting, and some stenographic work; good opportunity; state salary and experience; Christian firm. L 477 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY as time clerk; Christian firm; good chance for advancement; must be good figurer; state age, salary and experience. V 44 Times.

YOUNG LADY for clerical position with large corporation; 18 to 21 years of age; state salary expected. Department of Statistics, P. O. Box 1148, City Hall Station.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work; good penman; accurate at figures; permanent; state age, religion, and salary desired. V 63 Times.

YOUNG GIRL to keep factory records, also assist forelady; splendid opportunity. New York Button, 143 West 19th.

YOUNG LADY as dental assistant; neat, pleasant personality; experience preferred. Apply Dr. B. Horn, 1,361 Madison Av.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 27 West 125th St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunities for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.

PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

A PROFITABLE PROFESSION FOR QUALIFIED WOMEN.

Eleven weeks' course in practical nursing. Call or write the BALLARD SCHOOL, Central Y. W. C. A., 610 Lexington Av., New York. Phone Plaza 10100.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.

CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

STENOGRAPHERS: Join our speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Telephone 3659 Vanderbilt; 40th Street.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO EARN $12 TO $30 A WEEK?

Then enroll at once for our inexpensive four-week course in filing and indexing. We secure positions for girls who complete the course. Employers want them because our training is equal to actual business practice. You can take the course without interfering with other work. New afternoon and evening classes now forming. Classes limited, so apply at once—write, phone, or call. It is your opportunity for a splendid position with some big concern. Phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.

Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House. The Shaw-Walker Company, 60 Franklin Street, Near Broadway

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 CHURCH STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1909.

CORRESPONDENT for sales work; position near Stamford, Connecticut; must be experienced in writing sales letters, making up catalogues, etc.; $1,800.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, capable taking charge of books; prefer one with legal experience; $1,500.

STENOGRAPHER-BILL CLERK—Must be experienced billing on Underwood machine; $1,800.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, take dictation both languages; $1,800.

STENOGRAPHERS:

We have numerous openings for experienced, well-educated stenographers which must be filled within the next few days; salaries range from $18 to $22 per week.

CALL 9 TO 1, Room 725.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 VESEY ST.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.

CALL—GET PLACED.

STENO.-SEC'Y, upto-date, $22.

STENOGRAPHER, Brooklyn, $25-$30.

STENO.-SEC'Y, bookkeeper, $25.

STENO., electrical, $25.

Numerous positions, small offices, for girls, with one or two years' experience, $18-$20. Beginners, $15.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, $25-$30.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, $18.

LEDGER CLERKS, $15.

BANK STENO.-BOOKKEEPER, $22.

BANK TYPIST-BOOKKEEPER, $18.

TYPIST-BILL CLERKS, $17.

COPYISTS, $15, $12, $10.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, good penmen, $15-$12. Beginners, $10.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, uptown, $60 month.

BRODY AGENCY, 289 Broadway, 1 Park Place. Immediately

bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, comptometer, Elliott-Fisher, dictaphone, and file clerks, $20-$30.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Established 1899; free registration; stenographers, expert, (8,) $20, $18, $22; numberless commercial; stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, best firms are our clientele.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU, ROOM 600.	Stenographers....$18 to $25 Typists, Clerks, Bookkeeper. Numerous other positions. Free Registration.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY.

Stenos (4) $25, (6) $20-$18. Stencil cutter and mimeographer, $20. Typists, $18-$15. Register free.

ATLAS AGENCY, Room 513, 132 Nassau.—Stenographers, $25; French-Italian, others; bookkeepers, $22-$18; export, stock; typists, $15.

FRENCH, 20 LESSONS $10; SPEAK FLUENTLY, GUARANTEED. 907 CARNEGIE HALL. CIRCLE 1350.

ROSE WEBBER, 1009 Tribune Building.—Stenographers, typists, dictaphone, Spanish stenographers, $10-$35.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 489 Fifth Av. 93 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS ..... $12-$25

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT AND EXECUTIVE.

The following qualifications are imperative: Ability to keep an absolute grip on controlling accounts and make them control; ability to make correct and rapid weekly financial analysis required in chain store organization; a natural analytical mind; a mind that can master office detail; executive ability of sufficiently high grade to direct the office help and keep the work going on schedule without friction; preference will be given to applicant who can report at once; no attention will be paid to communications that fail to state age, salary expected; at least three references and a complete statement of previous experience, with position held and exact length of employment in each position. V 71 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Large metal trade industry located within 25 miles of New York, has an opening for a competent bookkeeper; applicant must thoroughly understand accounting, controlling modern methods of cost and corporation accounting and be rapid and accurate; applications to receive attention must state age, experience in detail and salary expected. Z 216 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER.—Young man with experience in adjustments and correspondence, for work in large office; state in detail, age, experience, education, and salary expected. A 808 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MAN, capable handling copy; printer; understands type; able take care of circular matter in advertising department of trade association; state in detail previous experience, lowest salary expected at start; advancement rapid if capable. A 502 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WRITER AND DESIGNER, preferably experienced in advertising department of a manufacturer of engineering or mechanical products or in the service department of an engineering or trade paper; state experience, education, and salary. L 471 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING OFFICE MANAGER for publication office; competent publication man, accustomed to responsibility, familiar advertising office details; full particulars required, also salary. R 583 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, for monthly paper, who understands how to sell advertising personally and by mail; may later be made advertising manager of good line of products; applicant must be acquainted with trade and have had successful selling experience in territories mentioned; salary or commission. Box A 457 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN FOR GARAGE AND REPAIR SHOP.

Mechanic with experience on auto cars and Packards; able to handle men and shop of about 18 trucks; give experience and salary desired. V 30 Times.

FOREMAN, high-grade, capable of handling assembly department producing small six-volt motors and generators, with male and female help; state age, salary, and experience in detail. V 57 Times.

FOREMAN, experienced, for large vest shop; only first-class man need apply. L. Adler Bros. & Co., 200 5th Av.

FOREMAN.—Experienced, for clothing trimming room; only first-class man need apply. L. Adler Bros. & Co., 200 5th Av.

GARDENER or Working Superintendent.—First class; must be experienced, reliable, married, willing to board one man; gentleman's country place, Westchester County. Answer, stating experience, age, and salary wanted, (April 1,) A 819 Times Annex.

HELPERS.—House departments; also go errands; youths over 16. H 610 Times Downtown.

MAIL ORDER CORRESPONDENT.

We are looking for a man thoroughly experienced in mail order correspondence; a practical man with initiative who can handle a department and correspondence himself and at the same time have enough executive ability and know systems, &c., well enough so he can take full charge of the department; unless you are mail order trained we cannot use you, but a man having a year or two of genuine mail order experience can quickly develop this opportunity into a permanent well-paid position. Call or write immediately, telling us your mail order experience, age, and salary you expect. Knickerbocker Mail Order Co., Inc., 3 West 19th.

MAIL ORDER MAN, EXPERIENCED IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, WANTED; MUST HAVE FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. T 226 TIMES.

MAN wanted with thorough knowledge of architecture and decoration for position with Philadelphia technical engineering firm; must have proven sales ability; give full particulars. Address I. D., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

MAN and wife, (white,) man to cook, wait on table, and care for downstairs, furnace, &c.; wife to care for upstairs and assist with two boys, ages 9 and 5; location, Upper Montclair, N. J. Y 385 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

AUDITOR, experienced, for night work in hotel. Apply Hotel Employment Dept., 405 Lexington Av., Room 216.

BILL CLERK.

For large supply house; experienced in wholesale grocery line; good position to right party; state age, experience, reference, and salary expected in first letter. B. C., 271 Times.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK.—Wanted in office of large publisher, a capable entry clerk; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary to start $14; state experience and reference. S 209 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, American; only good penman, rapid and accurate at figures; familiar with manufacturing accounting preferred; good opportunity for the right man; state age and salary; growing business and good chance for advancement; best of references required. E. G., 305 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable taking complete charge of set of corporation books, controlling accounts; knowledge of stenography desirable; the right man with some executive ability will find this a real opportunity. B 492 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for posting and trial balance in banking house; good opportunity; apply by letter in own handwriting, stating experience and references. Address S. J. S., 16 William St., City.

BOOKKEEPER, in private banking house, downtown; young man with banking experience preferred; state age, references, and salary desired. B 481 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant; experienced, accurate; salary to start, $15. A S 375 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, executive ability; every other day; state experience, salary. B 1201 Times, Bronx.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines; $9 to start.

Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY for Office Wanted.—An export firm has opening for boy of unusual type; just from high school preferred; must be clean, cultivated, bright, and fairly good at arithmetic; Christian firm; advancement; $10 weekly. Export, A 492 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.

Bright, energetic boy, about 17, in law office; excellent opportunity for advancement and to learn business; salary $10 at start. Call 76 William St. See Mr. Watson, Room 408.

BOYS.—Several bright boys wanted for work in large downtown bank as office boys or messengers; excellent opportunities for advancement; educational facilities and lunches provided. Write for interview. A 503 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted by a large manufacturing concern for office work; two American boys, school graduates, of gentlemanly appearance; $9 weekly; good chance for advancement. A 490 Times Downtown.

BOY.—WE HAVE AN OPENING IN OUR STOCK ROOM FOR A BOY ABOUT 17 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY TO CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., 385 4TH AV.

BOY, bright, wanted to make himself generally useful in the charging department of a large wholesale house; write, giving references and salary expected. V 49 Times.

BOYS WANTED AS PAGES IN UPTOWN BANK. WRITE, STATING AGE, NATIONALITY, SALARY, &C., R 886 TIMES.

BOY wanted in large advertising agency. Call J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av.

BOY wanted in insurance office; must be neat and willing worker; state age, experience if any. B 466 Times Downtown.

BOYS for office; good pay; experience unnecessary. Apply 481 Washington St.

BOY wanted for newspaper office. Apply 245 Canal St.

BUYER.—Experienced men and boys' cheap clothing and furnishings, basement department; Southern department store; good proposition for live wire. Apply 8:30-9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M., Kirby, Block & Fisher, 1,150 Broadway.

BUYERS of automobile accessories; commission. A 476 Times Downtown.

CASHIER'S ASSISTANT to do clerical work; good writer, quick at figures, and able to use typewriter; about 20 years of age; must have best of references and able to obtain bond; salary $18. T 187 Times.

CASHIER, young man; high-class references; understand bookkeeping; bondable; $15 to $20. Address Wholesale Butter, R 582 Times Downtown.

CASHIER-BOOKKEEPER experienced wholesale market work; state age, references, and salary expected. V 54 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — One who has driven a Stearns-Knight; must have city reference from last employer and state by whom previously employed. Y 371 Times Annex.

CLERK, (Invoice.) — Knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting; export experience preferred; state age, nationality, experience, salary desired. A 491 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS.—Three active energetic men under 40 to collect for large insurance company; salary and commission. Call at Room 2, 963 Third Av., corner 57th St.

COMPOSITOR.—Two-thirder, for advertising agency, experienced on electrotypes and composition; state full references. A 409 Times Annex.

COUNTERMAN, plumbing and steam supplies; experienced; steady employment; chance for advancement; give references, salary expected. E 57 Times.

DECORATIVE SALESMEN.
DRAPERY SALESMEN.
FOREMAN AND DRAPERY CUTTER.
UPHOLSTERERS.
DRAPERY HANGERS.

BY A LARGE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN PITTSBURGH, OPENING UP A DRAPERY AND DECORATIVE DEPARTMENT. APPLY BY LETTER TO

F. R. ALDRICH,
452 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

DENTIST.—Registered assistant wanted or associate for high-class ethical practice. Address "Dentist," 508 Amsterdam Av.

ENTRY CLERK in large concern; must be able to take charges from call; apply in own handwriting, stating age, and salary expected. C. M., 806 Times Downtown.

EXPORT REPRESENTATIVE.

Man to travel Central, South America and the Islands, to sell representative lines automobiles and rubber products; applicant must be acquainted with trade and have had successful selling experience in territories mentioned; salary or commission. Box A 457 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN FOR GARAGE AND REPAIR SHOP.

Mechanic with experience on auto cars and Packards; able to handle men and shop of about 18 trucks; give experience and salary desired. V 30 Times.

FOREMAN, high-grade, capable of handling assembly department producing small six-volt motors and generators, with male and female help; state age, salary, and experience in detail. V 57 Times.

FOREMAN, experienced, for large vest shop; only first-class man need apply. L. Adler Bros. & Co., 200 5th Av.

FOREMAN.—Experienced, for clothing trimming room; only first-class man need apply. L. Adler Bros. & Co., 200 5th Av.

GARDENER or Working Superintendent.—First class; must be experienced, reliable, married, willing to board one man; gentleman's country place, Westchester County. Answer, stating experience, age, and salary wanted, (April 1,) A 819 Times Annex.

HELPERS.—House departments; also go errands; youths over 16. H 610 Times Downtown.

MAIL ORDER CORRESPONDENT.

We are looking for a man thoroughly experienced in mail order correspondence; a practical man with initiative who can handle a department and correspondence himself and at the same time have enough executive ability and know systems, &c., well enough so he can take full charge of the department; unless you are mail order trained we cannot use you, but a man having a year or two of genuine mail order experience can quickly develop this opportunity into a permanent well-paid position. Call or write immediately, telling us your mail order experience, age, and salary you expect. Knickerbocker Mail Order Co., Inc., 3 West 19th.

MAIL ORDER MAN, EXPERIENCED IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, WANTED; MUST HAVE FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. T 226 TIMES.

MAN wanted with thorough knowledge of architecture and decoration for position with Philadelphia technical engineering firm; must have proven sales ability; give full particulars. Address I. D., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

MAN and wife, (white,) man to cook, wait on table, and care for downstairs, furnace, &c.; wife to care for upstairs and assist with two boys, ages 9 and 5; location, Upper Montclair, N. J. Y 385 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MAN AND WIFE for country place, former as butler and valet and latter as cook or chambermaid; nothing but first-class will be considered. Y 376 Times Annex.

MAN wanted experienced in the preparation of personal property, damage, negligence cases; salary to start, $20. L 479 Times Downtown.

MAN, useful, honest, sober; references. 133 East 40th St.

MERCHANDISE MANAGER.

For the man who is thoroughly versed in department store merchandise we have an opportunity. Chandise, its sale and distribution, we have an opportunity.

But he must know how to handle a big situation. Broad experience is absolutely essential. Judgment, tact and vision are also necessary.

If you seek greater possibilities and can justify your claim to them let us hear from you in detail. We will hold your letter in strict confidence. Box S 288 Times.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown bank, young men as messengers, between the age of 18 and 19 years. A 796 Times Downtown.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown institution, boys as interior messengers. A 790 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY.

Young man interested in millinery for position in our workroom. Good opportunity for advancement. Apply Crocker, 375 5th Av.

OFFICE BOY for reliable concern; state age, nationality, religion, and salary desired; fine chance for advancement; reply own handwriting. Y 383 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY.—Good opportunity, must be bright and of neat appearance; Christian firm; state age and salary expected. A 478 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for export house; good opportunity; must be bright and willing. Address, stating age and salary, A 497 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, certified public accountant's office; bright and of good appearance; write, stating salary. L 458 Times Downtown.

PACKERS.

BEST & CO.
require

SKILLED, CAREFUL MEN WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE.

Apply daily, Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M.

PACKER AND SHIPPER.—Advancement; opportunity with high-class establishment for experienced, energetic, intelligent young man. Apply own handwriting; references. B. B., 286 Times.

PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y. requires

ENAMELER, first-class, to take charge of fender enamelling room. Apply L. I. Service Station, Richmond and Hill Sts., L. I. City.

PAYROLL AUDITOR BY LARGE CASUALTY CO. FOR TRAVELLING POSITION. L 404 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PRESSMAN WANTED.—First-class cylinder pressman to take charge of two presses on high-grade half-tone and commercial work; permanent; state age, experience, and salary. Queen City Printing Co., Charlotte, N.C.

PUNCH PRESS OPERATORS thoroughly experienced on foot single and double action punch presses. Apply Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken.

SALESMEN, local and out of town, to sell stock in established independent oil company; salary $50 a week to those who can qualify; also over commission. Phone for appointment between 10 and 4, Rector 5295, or write A 488 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, traveling, experienced, to sell a well-known auto accessory line; the line is varied, and each item is as staple and essential as gasoline; big income for hustler; give full particulars of experience, &c.; salary or commission. Address F. O. Box 592, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Large, successful trust company bank increasing capital, offers exceptional opportunity to high-grade men to place bank stock in New York and vicinity; large earnings and excellent business connection; commission; for appointment phone Cortlandt 7614.

SALESMAN.—To cover Staten Island retail grocery trade with advertised line of food products for well-known company; established trade; analysis required; state age, salary expected; state if willing to live on Staten Island. B 403 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Factory representatives wanted in New York; active men with cars to handle products to automobile trade; commission basis; give selling experience, age, &c.; confidential. Address Tri-Continental Corp., Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESMAN. — We require a high-grade sales and service man; one who has experience in carburetors and auto engines, who is acquainted with the automobile trade; salary. Apply Wagner Specialty Co., 1902 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted to carry popular-priced line of umbrellas to retail trade in New York State, New England, Middle West, or South; must have established trade; commission basis only, with small drawing account. Y 384 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Provision salesman wanted to take charge of agency, capable of handling city salesmen and specialty men; must have considerable experience in New York; must be wide awake; references A1; state age and salary expected. Z 208 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for prominent cloak and suit house specializing in popular-priced line; only men with established trade and strong following in Texas, Oklahoma, Arizona need answer; commission and drawing to right man. W. K., 236 Times.

SALESMAN for prominent cloak and suit house specializing in popular-priced line; only men with established trade and strong following in Michigan and Indiana need answer; commission and drawing to right man. B. H., 264 Times.

SALESMAN SILKS.

Experienced man who can do quantity business for large georgette and crepe de chine house; drawing account if satisfactory; rare opportunity for good man; replies strictly confidential. S 293 Times.

SALESMAN to sell a live wire line of silverware to the retail and jobbing trade on commission basis; state territory covered; must have established trade; reference required. Z 210 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to call on retail trade with manufacturer's line of leather goods and novelties; those having established trade preferred; salary or commission. A 499 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, preferably one acquainted with printing and lithographic trade in New York City and vicinity and other users of paper; state experience and salary expected. C 55 Times.

SALESMAN to introduce our new patent gas lamp; splendid opportunity for man with ambition; commission basis; reference. Public Appliance Co., 591½ Summit Av., Jersey City.

SALESMEN wanted to carry as a side line popular-priced men's and boys' trousers for retail trade on a commission basis; address in confidence, quoting territory and experience. O 778 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, competent, to be located in New York to handle output of mines in Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia producing highest grade steam and by-product coals. Address Z 211 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to look after the wholesale trade in New York State and New England on a high-grade silence household specialty; give particulars as to previous experience; salary and commission. V 33 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wanted by cotton converting firm, salesman to call on manufacturing trade; small drawing account, commission basis. A 487 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted; lithographic city salesman, by progressive and growing concern; state age, experience; salary or commission. Y 398 Times Annex.

SALESMAN who can sell a piston ring that gives results; a live wire can earn big money; commission basis. Tea-Tite Piston Ring Sales Co., 1,777 Broadway.

SALESMEN, city, experienced laundry trade; salary and commission; only clean-cut, dependable men need apply. Room 905, 110 West 34th.

SALESMAN wanted by a large oil company; a few high-class men to sell a nationally advertised motor oil on straight commission; references required. S 231 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced raincoat men, something absolutely new in the line; all territories open; commission basis. E 63 Times.

SALESMAN,

experienced on bags, wanted by manufacturer of cotton and jute bags; salary and commission. M M 801 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, side line of children's dresses; commission basis. Schwartz & Drittel, 154 Spring.

SALESMAN wanted by lace importing house for city cutting-up trade; commission. V 82 Times.

SALESMAN.—Lee Bros. have good opening for experienced, all around furniture salesman. Apply Manager, 210 East 125th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.

We have an unusual opportunity for a man who has been selling in any of the following lines: groceries, shoes, clothing, calendars, to retail for wholesale trade, or to doctors, dentists, or hardware trade.

To the man who has the confidence of the people he has been doing business with we can offer a permanent association; we will select one general manager and three sales managers from those who can make good.

We are underwriters and engaged in essential work; this position is positively worth $5,000 to $10,000 commission annually. Call for appointment after 9:30 A. M. Cortlandt 5826.

SALESMEN.—Two more specialty traveling salesmen wanted to complete our traveling organization; only men with road experience, willing to travel over Southern or Middle States, and able to finance themselves first week, need reply; references must also stand the acid test; our house is highly rated, manufacturing lubricants, practically without competition, and backed by thousands of testimonials; strictly commission basis, but good salesmen should make $600 monthly, and end of six months should establish repeat business paying $500 more monthly. Give outline business experience and address Specialty, A 812 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

Excellent opportunities this week to connect with national publishing organization; $40 to $75 a week; commission basis; according to salesman's efficiency; selling experience preferred, but not necessary, if you will follow suggestions and advise of our successful salesmen. Rapid advancement and a big future for all who make good. Apply 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., Room 1615, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMAN, MEN'S SHIRTS.

Well known shirt house desires the services of a first class salesman, with large following, to cover Pennsylvania and Middle West; only men capable earning $8,000 to $10,000 need apply; applications treated strictly confidential; commission basis; drawing account. S. S., 803 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — First-class city salesman wanted by wholesale house, to call on druggists exclusively to sell bottles; exceptional opportunity to one able to produce results; salary only; do not reply unless you are calling on local drug trade now or have done so recently; personal acquaintance with trade essential; state age, reference and salary expected to start. V 66 Times.

SALESMAN.

THE BURTON HOLMES TRAVELOGUE BUREAU DESIRES THE SERVICES OF A FEW HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN TO HANDLE THE SALE OF THE TRAVELOGUE ON A MEMBERSHIP PLAN WHICH REDUCES CANVASSING TO A MINIMUM; COMMISSION. CALL 1216 AEOLIAN HALL.

SALESMAN on commission basis, to sell woolens; Oscar Kirsch, 56 West 22d.

SECRETARY wanted for Catholic Society owning a building worth $100,000 in prosperous New England city of 40,000 population, having a membership of over 1,000 men, women, and boys. Educated, married man between the ages of 30 and 50 preferred. The position requires a man capable of earning $2,000 per year or more. He must possess executive ability, initiative, and tact, with special reference to supervising the educational, physical, social, and vocational improvement of the membership. Z 289 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK; good opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary expected. G. S., 805 Times Downtown.

SOLICITORS.—Advertising solicitors wanted for patriotic benefit program; commission basis. Call after 2 o'clock. See Monroe Franco-American, 270 Park Av., at 47th St.

SOLICITORS.—High-grade advertising, subscription; established publication; salary and commission. E 59 Times.

SPANISH TRANSLATOR ON TEXTILE PUBLICATION FOR EXPORT. WRITE FULL DETAILS, S 292 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position assured right person, familiar with office detail; order and consignment experience desired but not essential; applicants must be high school graduates and must positively write for appointment. Toledo Scale Company, 61 Chambers St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; young man, about 19, with good education and references; state experience, religion, and salary expected. B 491 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, not over 20; experienced in wholesale aluminum and enamelware preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement. S 278 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST IN REAL ESTATE OFFICE; ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING. V 75 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, reliable; good Spanish. Apply immediately tenth floor, 35 West 39th St., ask for Mr. Nau.

STOREKEEPER.

Our storeroom has 12 men, and is growing; we have a good and permanent position for you if you are a good executive, preferably familiar with hardware and mechanical parts; write or call. Cutler-Hammer Mfg. Co., 144th St. and Southern Boulevard.

STOCK SALESMAN

experienced selling rubber tires stock; advertised proposition; leads furnished; liberal commission. H. T., 807 Times Downtown.

SUPERVISORY CASHIER, with practical knowledge of accounting and executive experience; experience in insurance office—preferably life insurance—desired, though not absolutely essential; highest grade credentials and practical experience requisite; liberal compensation and opportunity for growth; applications strictly confidential. Address, with full particulars as to qualifications and experience, A 455 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT for large high-class east side apartment house; no janitors need apply. Park Av. Operating Co., 512 5th Av.

SURVEYOR, experienced, for 4 to 6 weeks on mine and railroad work; applicants must give full particulars as to age, experience, reference, and salary per week. Address I. H. Pishbone, Blair-Cambria Coal Co., Altoona, Penn.

S. & W. BAUMAN REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG MAN TO ACT AS FLOOR WALKER; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF MUSLIN WEAR OR INFANT WEAR; STEADY POSITION; LIBERAL SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. 118TH ST., 3D AV.

VALET-BUTLER to take charge of bachelor's apartment; must be able to do plain cooking; unmarried man desired; state qualifications, by whom last employed, and length of time; city references. Address Y 301 Times Annex.

VIOLIN PLAYER with ability to teach school children in class work; Connecticut town; steady work; good opportunity. Write details to Z 208 Times Annex.

WINDOW DRESSER, experienced, for high-grade men's shop. Gillette Bros., 1,511 Broadway.

WRITER.—Wanted, a well established writer to assist in writing a story book in the nature of foreign element. Apply to Mr. Young, 611 West 112th St., by phone or correspondence.

YOUNG MAN, competent, wanted as works accountant and cost clerk for a manufacturing company located in New York City; good opportunity for one who can qualify. Write, stating age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. C. W., Box 239 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—College or high school graduate, for position outside city in sales field, along school lines; $312 first four months; commissions, also advancement; permanency for right person. Write Department C, 303 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN in export department of manufacturing concern; must have some knowledge of bookkeeping and export detail and be willing to assist generally in busy office; state age, past experience, and salary wanted. A 479 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN. — Traffic department of a large Brooklyn manufacturing concern desires the services of a young man who has had some experience in traffic work; state full age, experience, references, and salary desired. Z 217 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN.—Cloak and suit jobber wants young man, experienced, handle contractors, assist in buying; wonderful opportunity; state age, reference, salary expected. R. B., 227 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) neat appearance, to work in manufacturing business; opportunity to learn a good business; salary to start $12; call with references, 10 to 11 A. M. Mells, 135 West 3d St.

YOUNG MAN wanted, bright, neat and accurate, with automobile accessory knowledge preferred but not essential. Advertising Department, Times Square Auto Supply Co., 56th and Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 18 or 19, clean cut, aggress

NEAR EAST RELIEF FUND IS GROWING

Director of Campaign Plans for Demonstration at Hippodrome Sunday Afternoon.

TO SEEK WALL STREET AID

Mrs. Harriman of Women's Section Reports Total Receipts of $2,304,272.

Announcement was made yesterday by Director Harry G. Hoak of the Near East Relief Campaign that arrangements had been completed for a big demonstration at the Hippodrome next Sunday afternoon at which ex-Justice Hughes will preside. The speakers will be former President William H. Taft, Abraham I. Elkus, and Henry Morgenthau, all members of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East. A meeting for the Greeks will be held Sunday afternoon at the Lexington Opera House, presided over by D. Tsamador, Greek Minister to the United States. Bishop Alexander Rodostolou and Frank W. Jackson will speak.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Chairman of the Women's Section, announced yesterday that the total receipts by mail for the day were $236,575.68, making a total of $2,304,272.73 as a result of the preliminary campaign in the effort to raise $6,000,000 for the starving Armenians, Syrians, Greeks, and Persians. William Sloane made the largest donation yesterday, a contribution of $5,000.

Director Noak made this statement at the end of the day:

"It is indeed gratifying the way New York responds to a call, and I have every reason to feel confident that the metropolitan district will not forsake the innocent victims in the Near East, who are at a point of extermination if food, clothing, and shelter are not sent to them as soon as possible. I believe the pulse of the people of New York has been felt and they will be a unit in bringing the necessary relief."

Friday collectors will go into Wall Street under the direction of Mrs. Julian Heath.

Contributions, in addition to those previously reported, were announced yesterday.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF $1,000.

Lord & Taylor,	Miss E. Wheeler,
William C. Osborne,	Mrs. E. F. Shepard,
A. F. Richter,	S. Thorne, Jr.,
Best & Co.,	Mrs. W. Sloane,
Baldwin & Baldwin,	John T. Pratt.
W. E. Hollaway.	

CONTRIBUTIONS OF $500.

Mrs. C. M. Hyde,	Dr. A. Shaw,
W. Whitman Co., Inc.,	J. S. Gantz,
Grosset & Dunlap,	Susquehanna Silk Mills,
L. F. Reed,	William Skinner,
Mrs. A. C. Phipps,	Hunter Mfg. and Com. Co.,
R. H. Montgomery,	Robert Mallory,
J. W. Ellsworth,	A. W. Erickson,
F. K. Curtis,	Louis Marshall,
Miss L. P. Bliss,	The Saits Textile Mfs. Co.,
R. J. F. Schwartzenbach,	E. S. Auchincloss, Jr.,
Mrs. J. P. Duncan,	C. H. Pratt,
H. M. Crane,	Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Ballard,
D. B. Douchian,	M. A. Karsian.
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Barnes,	
R. S. Brewster.	

CONTRIBUTIONS OF $300.

Zrike Brothers,	Mrs. James Talcott,
Charles Kondasian,	S. Matlouk,
Lehn & Fink,	Miss F. S. Sullivan,
The Misses Horn,	George I. Kemble.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF $250.

S. B. Chapin & Co.,	J. B. Morrell,
H. H. Pike,	Pray, Small & Day,
E. H. Outerbridge,	L. F. Dommerich & Co.,
S. Blumenthal & Co.,	Wright & Graham Co.,
W. M. Kingsley,	T. A. Buckner,
E. M. Townsend & Co.,	J. C. Leslie,
Mrs. O'Neill,	Mrs. A. F. Schauffler,
Mrs. Darlington,	R. McBratney & Co., Inc.,
Fleitmann & Co., Inc.,	W. H. Woodin,
Mrs. F. J. Shepard,	G. F. Baker,
H. W. O. Starr,	Mrs. J. H. Crane,
J. P. Stevens,	Clift & Goodrich,
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Towne,	M. C. D. Borden & Sons,
Columbia Bank,	R. S. Brewster,
C. E. Hughes,	Peleris, Buhler & Co.,
W. E. Speers,	Anton G. Hodenpyl,
Carl Schoen,	James Talcott.
Parker & Graff,	
J. C. Clark.	

Other contributions received were: Glen Ridge Congregational Church, $959.50; Charles E. Gremmels, $750; Bonwit, Teller & Co., $700; Madison Avenue M. E. Church, $686.50; West End Presbyterian Church, $485.60; Congregational Church of Christ, $400; Henry Wheeler, $400; First Presbyterian Church, $349.87.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Supplies valued at $1,553,982 have been donated by the American Red Cross to the American Committee for relief in the Near East for distribution in Armenia and Syria. In announcing the gift tonight, the Red Cross said this was in addition to cash donations of $4,500,000 previously made to the committee.

Can't Expedite 42d's Return.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The 42d (Rainbow) division cannot be brought home in time to participate in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. Secretary Baker wrote Secretary Glass today that it would not be possible to rearrange the schedule of returning troops so as to advance the sailing date of this division several weeks from April 26. Mr. Baker said he recognized the popularity of the Rainbow division "both because of its composition and because of its splendid achievements in France," but said "it would be a serious strain upon the transportation facilities in France to get this division to the ports in time for such sailing."

SIR H. B. SMITH SAILS.

Returning to England After Months of Important Service Here.

Sir Henry Babington Smith, who has been Acting High Commissioner for Great Britain here during the absence of the Earl of Reading, sails today on the Aquitania for England.

Sir Henry came here with Lord Reading as Assistant Commissioner. He already had a distinguished record in the British Civil Service as an administrator, and his task here was to co-ordinate and supervise, under Lord Reading, all the British war activities in this country. This was a wide responsibility, for there were sub-commissions which dealt with purchases of all kinds of war stores—ammunition, guns, airplanes and food, in addition to shipping. At one time more than 8,000 British experts in various lines were employed here in the various departments.

With the cessation of hostilities and the return of Lord Reading to this country Sir Henry is enabled to return home. He had the rank of a Minister, and, although his technical duties did not touch formal diplomacy, he has been in fact the most prominent British representative in this country during many months of stress, and has made many warm friends here.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Tuesday evening, March 4, 1919, in Manhattan at Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Cohan Theatre, Hotel Des Artistes or in transit between there and Vanderbilt Hotel, a ladies' platinum pin, design aviation wings, studded with diamonds, about 2½ inches long and ½ inch wide. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to William McInnes, 92 Liberty St., New York. Telephone Rector 100.

LOST—Large ornamented gold watch, diamond in back of case, on Sunday night at 64th St., near Central Park West; very liberal reward and no questions asked; name in back of watch. Call 9000 Lenox, or 820 Columbus.

LOST — Southern Pacific Company stock certificate No. F104306, for 5 shares in the name "C. Wilson Bates." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. C. Wilson Bates, Woodbrook, Maryland.

LOST—From auto, between Vesey and 37th St., along Greenwich, Hudson or 8th Av., a small straw suit case, containing records of day's business and some cash. Return to Straight Edge Kitchen, 8 West Broadway. Reward.

LOST—Stock: 10 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred certificate B-14624, registered in the name of Mrs. Edna Billings Gemmill. Finder please notify Babcock, Rushton & Co., 7 Wall St., New York.

LOST—On West End train Tuesday afternoon, a silver flute in small black leather case; finder please return and receive reward. 8,654 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn. Bath Beach 6015.

LOST—Black enameled bow-knot pin, diamond in centre; going from 72d and Broadway to 112th and Broadway; reward. Return to Schloss, Hotel Willard, 254, West 76th.

LOST—Diamond flexible bracelet, set in platinum, on March 5, from Vanderbilt Hotel to 33d St. to 5th Av. to 50th St.; liberal reward for return to Cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

LOST—Tuesday evening, lady's gold octagon ribbon bracelet watch, on bus; engraved edge, gold dial. R. I. Green, 2,512 University Av., New York City.

LOST—In vicinity of Madison Av. and 38th St., lady's gold wrist watch, link chain, Bessie McCardell, Bonwit Teller & Co., 5th Av. and 38th St.

LOST—On Tuesday, $50 Liberty Bond, (4th issue,) between 7th Av. and 43d St. and Times Annex; reward. Return to J. Witkowski, 4th floor, 229 West 43d St.

LOST—March 3, gold and platinum cigarette case, with inscription "to Dickie." &c. Finder will be well rewarded. Return to Vanderbilt Hotel, Room 108.

LOST.—Small diamond pendant, between Aeolian Hall-5th Av. and 47th St.; reward. Apply Hotel St. Regis.

LOST—March 1, beaten gold bracelet, five small diamonds; reward. T. B. Reed, 15 East 40th. Murray Hill 8210.

LOST—Sable neckpiece and nutria muff, in taxi, Thursday night. Return Miss Green, Hotel Webster, West 45th St. Reward.

LOST—At Rivoli, Saturday, P. M., leather bag; return key and vanity case; reward. Auto Brokerage Co., 33 West 42d St.

LOST—Diamond ring, 13 stones, on 5th Av., between Franklin Simon's and 42d St.; suitable reward. Phone 4280 Audubon, Apt. 66.

LOST—String of pearls, between Union and Times Square, subway; liberal reward. 14 East 16th St.

LOST—Memorandum book, size 4x6, red cover. Please return same to Baer & Lilienthal, 1,150 B'way. Reward $5.

LOST—Diamond octagon ring, sapphire centre, Sunday evening, Pennsylvania Hotel; reward. Rosenschein Bros., 11 East 26th.

LOST—Handbag, $32, key; return eyeglasses. Marie Bastone, 873 Whitlock Av.

LOST—Gold sorority ring, initials A. F., inside, Saturday; reward. Gramercy 1931.

MISSING.

Hudson super six, 7 passenger, light green body and wheels, black trimmings, open type car; reward for return or information. C. Sauer, 308 Franklin St., Elizabeth, N. J.

$25 REWARD

for return of a velvet bag, contents intact, consisting of money, cigarette case, &c., lost Tuesday in bus, between 58th and 69th Sts. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$300 REWARD.

no questions asked, return diamond brooch with large square emerald in centre, lost March 3, between 5th Av. and 45th St. and Madison Av. and 46th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$500 REWARD for return of the Liberty bonds and papers lost, with a blue enameled watch and silver purse, in apartment, 48th St. and Lexington Av., Friday night. Return to Lincoln Bank; no questions asked.

$200 REWARD

for lace pin, 4-karat diamond, set on a black enameled bar, lost Feb. 24, lost between 33d and 38th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$300 REWARD for return of Liberty Bonds and mortgage papers, lost between Greenville and New York, on Jersey Central train or boat, last Monday morning. B 479 Times Downtown.

$500 REWARD for necklace of 67 pearls, and diamond clasp, lost March 2, between East 69th St. and West 91st St. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

$100 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of diamond bow knot, lost between 62d St. and Colony Club. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

FOUND.—Necklace on Feb. 27, in Manhattan. Communicate by letter only. G. B. B., Room 1,527, Municipal Building.

Lost and Found Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Between Col. Av. and Broadway, on 70th, brown King Charles spaniel; female; reward. Hotel Walton.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A REAL SCOTCH BANNOCKBURN OVERCOAT $38

A "double and twist" fabric in the Bannockburn design, dominating color, grey with a thread of brown, quarter silk lined, an admirable and unusually good Spring Overcoat, $38. Again you may be interested in two English fabrics at $32 and $34. Made as above, one a brownish cheviot, the other a grey with a slight blue tinge. As to suits—the assortment is "apex" and the prices $25, $28, $30 to $45. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

SALTO NUTS

World's best and rarest—made wholesome by Hatch exclusive process. For health's sake eat 'em.

Hatch

Hatch he pays the Parcel Post

35th St., at Herald Sq. B'way at 36th B'way at 45th

IT INSURES the enjoyment of many a dish. To make a rump steak taste more like a tenderloin use

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

It has been the leading relish for generations.

Appropriate Apparel for Stout Women

The same smart, up-to-the-minute clothes as are offered elsewhere to the slender woman.

Sizes 39 to 56 Bust

Suits 39.75 to 110.00 — Dolmans 39.50 to 120.00

Coats 34.50 to 120.00 — Gowns 37.50 to 175.00

Blouses 2.95 to 19.75 — Skirts 10.50 to 39.75

Corsets, Underwear, Negligees

Prices moderate because we manufacture as well as design.

Lane Bryant 21-23 West 38th St. New York

Have you tried one lately?

ROBT. BURNS in the lobby of the Willard!

DOWN in Washington the affairs of the nation are settled in the lobby of the Hotel Willard.

Amid fragrant smoke-clouds from Robt. Burns cigars. For Robt. Burns' *full Havana filler* is as welcome to the joecannons as a sinecure to the office seeker.

They can't always give you a room at the Willard—but you can always get your favorite Robt. Burns cigar at the Willard cigar-stand.

In New York, of course, mild Robt. Burns can be had at many good hotels, clubs and cafes.

ROBT. BURNS *Bouquet* 10c

A new, convenient size. Has exactly the same quality as the larger sizes.

Robt. Burns

3 National Sizes—10c to 15c

GENERAL CIGAR CO., Inc. *Distributing Branch* 54th Street and 2nd Avenue

Period Furniture

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE (Direct from the Factory)

4 Post Colonial Bed Special at $19.50

Mahogany Height head board 52". Height foot board 47". Width, 3 ft. 3".

DISCONTINUED PATTERNS at 50% of Regular Prices.

Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Heppelwhite, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites, 10 pieces, $165 to $600, regularly $300 to $1,200, Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, Mahogany and Walnut, $90 to $650, regularly $150 to $1,300. Assortment of living room and upholstered furniture.

ODD PERIOD PIECES, $4 up.

Est. 1852 MANGES BROS. M'f'rs. 668 to 672 Sixth Ave., cor. 39th St.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

ROSSIE VELVET COMPANY

NEW YORK CITY

500 shares (being the entire issue) of the capital stock of Rossie Velvet Company, a New Jersey corporation.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale in one parcel to the highest bidder at public sale, at the office of the company, 95 Madison Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, at 11:30 o'clock, A. M., the 24th day of March, 1919, four hundred (400) shares of the capital stock of ROSSIE VELVET COMPANY, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey; and at the same time and place, and as one parcel with the foregoing mentioned shares, William Openhym & Sons will offer for sale and sell one hundred (100) shares of the capital stock of said company, being the remaining outstanding shares.

Description of, and information concerning, the property of said corporation, and the Terms and Conditions of Sale, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director of Sales for the Alien Property Custodian, at 110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER, *Alien Property Custodian.*

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4-Drawer Letter File. Each drawer holds 5,000 letters with guides and folders.

Adjustable Steel Storage Shelving.

One of nine different high cases for documents.

Modernize *your* office

Van Dorn Steel Equipment

FOR well over half a century (ever since 1861) we have been building steel products. The same expert knowledge of steel fabrication employed in the construction of "baby" tanks, war-truck bodies, structural work for large observatories and bank grills is employed in building Van Dorn Office Equipment. The results are shown in lasting service. Van Dorn Equipment bought for your company today will be in use "when the office boy is president."

Van Dorn Equipment is designed for beauty, planned for smooth-running efficiency and built to endure.

Costing but little more than wood, Van Dorn Steel is the logical choice for true economy—for appearance and for efficiency.

Immediate demonstration and prompt delivery from stock on hand.

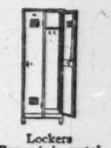
You can standardize throughout in Van Dorn Steel:

Letter Files, Cap Files, Card Files, Transfer Cases, Filing Safes (System-fitted), Desks and Chairs, Unit Sections, Wide Sections, Counter Height Sections, Lockers, Shelving, Stationery Cabinets, Waste Baskets, Bond Boxes

THE VAN DORN IRON WORKS CO.

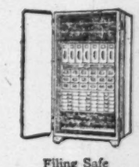
Permanent Office and Salesrooms

318 Broadway Phone Worth 5080



Lockers Expanded metal mesh or closed door types; single or double tier.

Omnibus made by assembling various filing sections.



Filing Safe Interior built up of filing sections selected by user.

STEEL OFFICE EQUIPMENT

"The Customer is Always Right"

WE believe that the customer is always right. We believe that the customer is entitled to know just what he or she is buying. We believe this is more important in food products than in anything else. And that is why we realize and accept the responsibility that rests upon us as producers of foods.

That is why we insist upon the Wilson label *always* carrying its full meaning and full worth to the customer. Our policy is that the Wilson label must never appear on any product which can in any way prove disappointing. This entails much care, constant thoughtfulness and unchanging loyalty to ideals. But it is a satisfactory policy.

Everything bearing the Wilson label is selected, handled and prepared with *respect*. Your own mother could not use more carefulness or thoughtfulness than we do—and because we are so exact and so careful the Wilson label means what it does.

Your dealer can now supply you with our Majestic Ham, Bacon and Lard; our Clearbrook Eggs and Dairy Products; our Certified Butterine, Canned Fruits, Vegetables, Catsup, Chili Sauce and Table Specialties. If he is not carrying them, we can stock him at once from any of our branches.

Supply your table with Wilson products, and remember that the Wilson label means that we believe "the customer is always right."

"This mark WILSON & CO. your guarantee"

A partial list of Wilson's Certified Brand Products sold under our "money-back" guarantee.

Sweet Corn, Green Peas, Tomatoes, String Beans, Beets, Pork and Beans, Leaf Spinach, Asparagus Tips, California Peaches, Hawaiian Pineapple, Cherries, Blue Berries, Raspberries, Strawberries

A partial list of Wilson's Certified Brand Products sold under our "money-back" guarantee.

Catsup, Chili Sauce, Jellies Jams, Preserves, Peanut Butter, Mince Meat, Olives, Sardines, Salmon, Corned Beef Hash, Ox Tongue, Veal Loaf, Vienna Style Sausage, Oleomargarine.

United States Food Administration License No. G-[illegible]49

Wilson & Co. Branches, carrying full line of products

Empire Mkt., N. Y. City	Phone Chelsea 676-281	48-50 Tenth Ave.	
W. Washington Mkt., N. Y. City	Phone Chelsea 37	6 Grace Ave.	
Manhattan Mkt., No. 1, N.Y. City	Phone Greely 5967	34th St. & 11th Ave.	
Manhattan Mkt., No. 2, N. Y. City	Phone Greely 5852-5853-1648	607 W. 31st St.	
Harlem Mkt., N. Y. City	Phone Morningside 2513-8532	132nd St. and 12th Ave.	
Westchester Mkt., N. Y. City	Phone Melrose 5088-2416-2417	647 Brook Ave.	
Barclay St N. Y. City	Phone Barclay 6545	125 Barclay St.	
Melrose Branch, N. Y. City	- - -	973 Brook Ave.	
45th St. Prov. Room, N. Y. City	Phone Murray Hill 4900	45th St. and 1st Ave.	
Pacific St., Brooklyn, N.Y.	Phone Prospect 2320-1	623 Pacific St.	
Wallabout Mkt., Brooklyn, N.Y.	Phone Williamsburg 5545-5547	202-214 Market Ave.	
No. Sixth St., Brooklyn, N.Y.	Phone Greenpoint 3600	108 No. Sixth St.	
Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.	Phone Jamaica 2-516	Division St. and R. R. Ave.	
Mineola, L. I., N. Y.	Phone Garden City 1314-1315	Mineola, L. I.	
Jersey City, N. J.	Phone Montgomery 3310-3311	671-673 Henderson St.	
Newark, N. J.	- - -	8 Lackawanna Ave.	
Paterson, N. J.	Phone 4868-4869	212 Van Houten St.	
Stamford, Conn.		Phone 174-175	

The Wilson Label Protects Your Table

LEAGUE OF NATIONS—The full text of the League Constitution, also official text of the speeches at the Peace Conference regarding it, with President Wilson's full presentation address, and detailed reports, 20,000 words, form one of forty features of March CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Co., on news stands, 25 cts.—Advt.

Wanted Two Competent Stenographers for our staff in South America, knowledge of Spanish desirable but not essential. Reply A 475 Times Downtown.

Authorized Exchange Dealers for NEW & USED BUICKS

Glidden Motor and Supply Co., 239 West 58th St. One door East of Broadway.

Removal Sale Big Bargains Office Furniture Clark & Gibby, Inc. 110 W. 40th St.